The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock ~EDITION.~

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1896, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXIX.

No. 75.

ILL TRY IT AGAIN.

Ex-Cashier to be Married to a Russian Prince.

WHO ARE DISTINGUISHED,

Not the Girls Sought to be so Happy in Social Position and Wealth as Luke H.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—The Herald Berlin dispatch says: The interesting news was concealed in this city that Luke H. Van Chamber, the well known society man, was about to be married to Princess Troubetzkoi, and that the ceremony would be celebrated in a very few days. It is believed Van Chamber, who escaped a divorce scandal in the latter part of last year, by the skillful use of his well known wealth and athletic circles in London and Paris, while she was being entertained in the latter capital. Mrs. Van Chamber, who had become the reigning belle in society in London, is said to have not been at a garden party late last week.

The Courier returned from Europe a few days ago. It is said by her intimate friends, who are also interested, that she knew well in her old home, Grand Rapids, of the engagement of Prince Troubetzkoi, which she announced on her arrival early a few days ago. Much gossip has been occasioned by the fact that Prince Troubetzkoi arrived early a few days ago, and went at once to Clement, Monroe county, Va., where upon leaving the train he was met by a carriage from Guide Hill and driven to the home of his betrothed. The marriage ceremony, it is said by people who know, will be celebrated with the Rivos family, in the place very soon. In fact it is said to be at any time and it is supposed will occur at Richmond.

Luke H. Van Chamber, who gets an Epworth, or an ex-student connecting to the end of his church because of the prejudice intensifying the second marriage of divorced persons and the fact seems that the ceremony will be performed by the Rev. Mendell of Richmond, who is a Lutheran clergyman. Mr. Mendell, when asked if the report was true, stated that he was about to marry Mr. Chamber to Miss Troubetzkoi, but he thought he was a young man, and he is not acquainted with the gentleman.

Prince Troubetzkoi is described as an athletic young man looking man, more than six feet in height, out of curiosity and about forty years of age. He achieved quite a reputation in London last year, being known as the friend of some correct games and as a member of the Rule and Regulation club, which in Marco, 1895, was presided in Moscow. Prince Troubetzkoi enjoyed considerable enthusiasm. Mr. Mendell, when asked if the Prince was the author of the report in said to have been politically told, not the Prince, who is a German school, to be in Germany and knows much in regard to the situation. Prince Troubetzkoi is said to be the component of the most startlingly mysterious songs, Mr. Chauncey has repeatedly sung for the entertainment of her friends and French friends.

Mr. Chauncey is widely known because he has belonged to many and because of social charms. Her first novel, "Ashes of the Dead, created widespread interest and the also followed by "Dancing in St. John, and "Ashes and Diggers." Her last novel, "Ashes and Diggers," was published in the Rosalie. Her husband was W. C. Rives, minister to the United States in the court of Louis Philippe and a confidant of Napoleon. Her father, Colonel Jacob Langton, Rives, was born in Saint Le Pavoux was the good friend of Mr. Chauncey's mother was Mr. Rousseau, grandmother of Mr. Rives of Virginia. Mrs. Chauncey was married to John Armstrong, senior at Belle Hill on June 14, 1865, and spent most of her time in Europe, South Africa and Mexico. Recently he has been a member of the lead firm of Armstrong, Stewart & Philips. He is highly wealthy and is closely connected to the Whitney and Vanderbilt families. The prince is said to be wealthy. Among those who spoke of the prince's the impression was that he was a Pole and a Russian. His family is ancient and distinguished.

Escaped from Cuba.

LAWRENCE, Kas., Feb. 17.—Charles Smith, of Wabaunsee, Kas., a young man who left Wabaunsee, has just arrived from Cuba, where he was a prisoner. He will shortly be joined by others who escaped in the same manner. All told he said fifteen other Americans have escaped and are now safe. Smith said he had been brought up the Ribbe question. The discussion was taken enough until he introduced resolutions calling on the city council to pass an ordinance which will provide titles for all reform organizations, "including the civic federation." He coupled the free text book proposition with the resolutions and left the hall a roaring speech in support of them.

James J. Linehan called the introduction of the resolutions a piece of trickery. J. J. Ryan said that a man who would couple the Bible question with the free text book agitation as Pomeroy had been doing had no right to be heard.

Matters grew worse, and at times there were three or four delegates on the floor at once, each claiming recognition from the chair. The Bible contested many friends, although the proposition is intimate it into the schools that not bring out many supporters. Delegate Ryan said that if the delegates to the assembly would read the Bible oftener they would be better men and women, and better trade unionists. Delegate Linehan said there was not a delegate in the hall who could not quote two passages of scripture.

Delegate Preis was not opposed to teaching children things that are good, saying that they would learn the bad themselves.

Delegate Nelson wanted the matter referred to the grievance committee; another delegate wanted it referred to a special committee, and still another thought it could be handled by the committee on public institutions. Motions fell thick and fast from chairman of the hall, until finally one moved that the entire question be laid on the table. There were but three dissenting voices.

The text books and the Bible as a text book were also discussed at the semi-monthly meeting of the labor congress at Cigar Makers' hall, but the organization did not commit itself on either question. The committee previously appointed to confer with the board of education regarding the text books was not ready to report, but a member, Victor Williams, of the Typographical union, said he had talked with members of the board and they appeared to think that it would not be wise to spend $100,000 for school books until buildings were furnished in which to educate the 25,000 children of the city who cannot now find room in the schools.

Insurgents Well Equipped.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—A dispatch to the World from Kingston, Jamaica, says:

Several invalid Cubans who have arrived here report that immense stores of ammunition of war have been received by the insurgents which have enabled them to take measures for the occupation of the City of Santiago the moment the United States recognizes them. General Weyler's arrival has compelled them to plan prompt and decisive action.

The School Question in Canada.

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—A dispatch from Winnipeg, Manitoba, says:

In the face of the remedial bill just introduced at Ottawa to restore Roman Catholic separate schools in this province, the Dominion government minister Sir Charles Tupper, will make a big effort to reach the support of Manitoba's members in the Dominion house. It has been arranged to hold a big conservative convention here within a fortnight and Sir Charles Tupper will then be will attend and fully explain the government's position on the school question.

FROM COREA.

Russia's Friends to a Protectorate Over that Kingdom.

LONDON, Feb. 18.—The Times will print a dispatch from Kobe, Japan, tomorrow which says:

News from Seoul, Corea, proves that Russia made a remarkable coup on the night of February 10th. On that night 200 Russian marines, with a fieldpiece, were landed at Chemulpo and marched to Seoul.

The king secretly left the palace for the Russian legation, whence he proclaimed his ministers guilty of treason. Two of the ministers were arrested and executed and the other fled.

The lai wan kun (the father of the king) is a prisoner at the legation.

A anti-Japanese ministry was then formed. A bitter feeling has been aroused in Japan. A cabinet council was held, attended by the military officials.

It is reported the Russian minister declares that Russia was not responsible, and that he merely afforded protection at the king's request. But it is believed this precludes a Russian protectorate over Corea.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Secretary Herbert today received a cablegram from Capt. McNair, commanding the Asiatic station, confirming the newspaper reports of the renewed disturbance in Corea.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—A dispatch to the World from Yokohama, Japan, says: There is great activity among all the naval forces. The Japanese government is confident that Russia is encouraging the revolt in Corea with a view to the early establishment of a Russian protectorate over the kingdom.

AFRICAN TRAVELER RETURNS.

Donaldson Smith Tells of a Race of Pigmies.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—Dr. Donaldson Smith, the young Philadelphia physician who has recently experienced some stirring adventures on his expedition to Lake Rudolph, Africa, arrived here today from England on board the St. Louis.

Perhaps of the greatest popular interest is Dr. Smith's discovery of many new tribes whose existence was previously unknown. Among these is a race of pigmies, the fact of whose discovery has caused something like a commotion in scientific circles. These people are of negro type and are coal black and absolutely naked. Although of great physical beauty, with well formed limbs, they are nearly removed from animals and their code of morality is very lax. Labor in life they settle down and marry. These remarkable people are all between four and five feet high and live in primitive wood huts. The only industry is cow-raising and the rearing of sheep and goats. They are born hunters. In warfare they use poisoned arrows, the wounds inflicted by which prove fatal within an hour.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

A Girl Kills Her Lover and Then Herself.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 16.—Barbara Koenel, a pretty German girl about 19 years old, tonight shot and killed John Rohlfing, her lover, and then, with the same weapon, fired a bullet into her own brain, dying instantly.

The tragedy occurred in a room adjoining H. F. Huermann's printing office at Olive and Third streets. John Rohlfing and his brother, Henry, both of whom worked in the printing office, lodged there. When Henry returned to their lodgings this evening he stumbled over the body of his brother, lying in the hallway. The body of the dead girl he found within the room.

John and Miss Koenel had lived together for two years, though unmarried, but recently they quarreled and broke up housekeeping. When Rohlfing began keeping company with another girl. Miss Koenel was in the habit of visiting her former lover at the room on Olive street, where he had gone to live with his brother, Henry. This morning Henry left John asleep and went out to spend the day. He says he knows nothing of what occurred after that, but it is supposed that Miss Koenel called on her former lover and tried to get him to return to her. Failing in do so she shot and killed him and then committed suicide.

TO AID DR. NANSEN.

A Chicago Syndicate Conceives the Idea of Sending a Party

TO THE SOUTH OF THE LENA RIVER

To Ascertain the Foundations of the Recent Reports and to Aid and the Explorer.

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—The recent reports concerning the return of Dr. Nansen from the North Pole have indeed a Chicago syndicate to consider the advisability of dispatching a party at once to the Lena River for the purpose of ascertaining the foundation for the accounts received, as well as could, if possible, the returning explorer in their probable march toward either Yakutsk or Irkutsk. The man selected to lead the party is Evelyn B. Baldwin, the meteorologist of Lieut. Peary's North Greenland expedition in 1893-94. Much information concerning the region to be traversed, as well as special facilities for expediting Baldwin on the journey to Siberia, has been offered by Monsieur A. S. Savine, Comte de Toulouse Lautrec, now in Chicago, who is connected with the Siberian railway.

In an interview, Baldwin said:

"Getting such information concerning Nansen's whereabouts, he would make the proposed trip independent at this time. I shall go direct from San Francisco to Vladivostok on the Pacific coast, more than eight thousand miles from St. Petersburg. From Vladivostok to Irkutsk, the first 600 miles will be by railway and the remaining distance by post. Twenty-two days will be occupied making the transit. The time to be consumed between Chicago and Irkutsk will be about fifty days."

Presidential Nominations.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The President has sent the Senate following nominations:

Elliot W. A. Woodward Baldwin, New York, third assistant secretary of state; Peter Victor Deuster, Wisconsin, consul at Crefeld, Germany; Postmaster—Louis Sonis, at Rawlins, Wyo.

JACKSON'S STORY.

His Story of the Byron Murder May Be an Invention.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Feb. 17.—Coburn George Jackson, connected with the Fort Thomas murder is wanted here for the embezzlement of $27 from the United Brethren Church of Friendship. Jackson claims he was robbed last September and assaulted here by William Melvin, but it was proven to police court that Melvin was two miles away at the time of the alleged assault. He is a sufferer from simple fits and is imaginative and likes public notice. Dr. Vance, here subscribing the story and says he don't believe Jackson drove the cab because he is too cowardly. The same belief prevails among the colored people here.

THE EVIDENCE COMPLETE.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 17.—Detectives today learned that Pearl Bryan was kept at the Herman hotel in Newport on the night before the murder. The detectives have complete chain of evidence against Jackson and Walling from the time Pearl Bryan came here from Greensville, Indiana, on Monday the 27th, to Friday night, January 31, when she was murdered in the secluded spot between Fort Thomas and Newport.

Governor Bushnell will hear the requisition case tomorrow, after which there is no doubt of the transfer of the two suspects to Sheriff Plummer of Campbell county, Ky., who will hold them in Newport jail. They will have a speedy trial.

Confessed to Murder.

CEDAR FALLS, Iowa, Feb. 17.—In the revival meetings which closed here last night, a young man named W. H. Truesdell, who works in a furniture store, arose to his feet and confessed to having murdered a man named William Shelton in a gambling row in Leadville, Colo., August 14, 1893. An investigation will be made.

Chicago's Hypnotic Clinic.

CHICAGO, Feb. 17.—A local paper says: Chicago's hypnotic study has died. It was to have begun today at the Illinois Medical college, and promised to furnish the greatest sensation which the professions of medicine and surgery in Chicago have known for years. But the great public attention it attracted even before the commencement was too much for the conservative physicians connected with the institution and the managers decided not to allow the clinic to begin.

This was to have been the first public hypnotic clinic in the United States conducted by a medical school. It was to have been free to the public and would have taken an equal footing with the other free clinics run by the Illinois medical school.

As an adjunct to the practice of medicine, hypnotism has been used for some time abroad. In France, Germany, Australia, Holland and Sweden special hospitals and institutions have been established which are devoted exclusively to the treatment of disease by hypnotic suggestion. In the United States the only public clinic where hypnotism has been used is the dental clinic of the university of Minnesota, which lasted only a couple of months before the opposition of the members of the medical faculty caused its withdrawal.

THE CRISIS IN FRANCE.

Considered the Most Serious Since the Troubles of 1870-71.

PARIS, Feb. 17.—The political crisis arising out of the demand of the senate for a vigorous inquiry into the Southern railroad scandals is practically a struggle between the members of deputies, which has supported the radical ministry and the senate, which seems bent upon overthrowing it, even at a cost of most serious disturbances. There is little excitement this morning outside the newspaper offices. It is thought the resignation of the ministry would not alter the matter to any great extent, as it appears to be no longer a question as confidence or of non-confidence in the cabinet. The character of deputies, it is asserted, has practically, by defying the senate, endangered the constitution, and the result is a condition of affairs about as threatening as any since the troublesome times of 1870-71. Conservatives and socialists demand the dissolution of parliament. The moderates and republicans agree that dissolution is advisable, but they claim it should take place under another cabinet.

A Steamer Disabled.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—The Morgan line steamship Gulfstream, which was aground on the coral in the upper bay, south of Liberty Island, has been floated and towed to the company's North River pier. When the Gulfstream has been unloaded she will be put in dry dock to have her propeller repaired.

Glass Works Incendiary Fire.

MARTINS FERRY, Ohio, Feb. 17.—The Hackett Glass Works were burned this morning. The works were to have started up today with non-union hands. The building was scantlings and no fire to prevent propagation. It was owned by A. D. Hennan, of Wheeling and worth $150,000.

Heavy Loss by Fire.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 17.—The big coal, ice and coffee warehouse manufactory of T. C. Thompson & Co., 977 Orange street, was burned this morning. Three hours scattering were gained and the Philadelphia Cotterage works badly damaged. The total loss is about $150,000. P. C. Thompson & Co.'s loss is about $80,000, nearly covered by insurance. The loss of the Philadelphia Cotterage Co. is $25,000, partially insured.

Passengers Not Injured.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 17.—An inquiry to the general manager's office regarding the wreck of the New Orleans passenger train on the Louisville and Nashville at Montgomery, Ala., last night, on which were Fanny Davenport and company, confirms the following:

At 10:45 p.m. last night train No. 2 ran over a cow eight miles north of Alabama river bridge. Frank Everett, colored, fireman, was badly injured. The engine rolled down the bank. Three baggage cars containing the Davenport baggage were derailed. No passengers were injured.

A Cold Wave.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—A cold wave of unusual severity has spread over this section. In this city the mercury indicated 6.8 degrees below zero at 8 o'clock this morning, the coldest recorded here since the establishment of a weather bureau. At Saratoga Lake the temperature was 48 below zero, the lowest ever recorded there. Boston and New England points report very cold weather.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Feb. 17.—The mercury dropped 22 degrees yesterday, registering two degrees below zero at daylight this morning. There is great suffering among the poor.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 17.—During twenty-four hours the temperature dropped 25 degrees, and at 7 o'clock this morning the thermometer registered 4 below. Reports from various points in northern Ohio show 2 to 8 below and much suffering exists.

Havana Enters Havana Province.

HAVANA, Feb. 17.—It is reported that Maceo has succeeded in crossing the military line drawn across the island to prevent his escape from the province of Pinar del Rio, passed between Neptuno and Waterloo on the south coast, and entered the province of Havana.

Killed His Wife and Niece.

ALTONA, Ky., Feb. 17.—Robert Loughlin, who Saturday morning reported his house was burned by murderers, was attacked him with knives, and whose wife and niece were burned in the building, last night confessed that he was the murderer. The general theory is that he first assaulted the niece and then killed her and his wife to hide his crime. He denies this and says he could not kill what put it in his mind to brain them with a poker while they were asleep.

The Venezuela Dispute.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—Ambassador Bayard had an interview this afternoon with Marquis Salisbury on the subject of the Venezuelan boundary dispute.

Gold and Bonds.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—Bullion brokers have withdrawn $1,004,000 from the sub-treasury today. An additional $2,000,000 government bonds arrived here today. Of the deposits of gold at the sub-treasury for the government loan, about $5,000,000 is in the form of gold certificates, thus making available to the government the gold held as security for certificates. Bullion brokers report a good volume of gold at a premium of ¼ per cent for buying and ¼ for selling. There is quite a lot doing in legal tenders at ¼ premium.

THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The House today passed a bill for the classification of mineral and non-mineral railroad land grants in California.

Was Short of Coal.

HALIFAX, N. S., Feb. 17.—The Anchor line steamer, Scotia, put in here this morning short of coal. The Scotia sailed from Naples on January 21 for New York and passed Gibraltar on the 26th. Up to this morning she had not been sighted and anxiety regarding her safety had been felt.

Caused by a Lamp Explosion.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Feb. 17.—The Honeycomb block was burned this morning. The losses aggregate $200,000, partially insured. Among the occupants of the building were the Grand Rapids Fire Insurance company, the Grand Rapids Democrat, Unions states and National express offices and several families.

The fire started from a lamp explosion. Many occupants had narrow escapes. E. L. Wedgwood and wife, painfully burned, were taken to the hospital. Mrs. Raymond and son were also injured.

The building owned by the Honeycomb estate was valued at $100,000, with an insurance of $44,000.

Strikers Return to Work.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 19.—The Elliott square building strike is ended. A thousand or more workmen returned to work this morning. The difference between the superintendent and men have been amicably adjusted.

Must not Occupy Armenia.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—Under Secretary of the Foreign Office George N. Curzon, replying in the House of Commons today to questions, said that the powers had not informed Russia that the occupation of Armenia would not be objected to. Such occupation, he added, without the consent of the powers, would be in violation of the treaties of Paris and Berlin. Curzon also read the statement of the Russian minister of foreign affairs, Prince Lobanoff-Rostovsky, that Russia was willing to undertake to maintain order in Armenia was spontaneous.

THE FIGHT DECLARED OFF.

Fitzsimmons Demands the Forfeit as a Condition.

And Connolly Refuses to Hand Over —Will Fight Again on Friday.

EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 17.—The fight is off. Fitzsimmons declares he will not fight unless he gets the forfeit, which Connolly refuses.

FITZ. ELUDED.

EL PASO, Texas, Feb. 17.—At a conference today, after Julian and Connolly had wrangled some minutes, Fitz came in with great heat, and declared that as long as he could not get the $1,000 forfeit money, he would not fight. Turning to Connolly he said:

"You are all a pack of curs, you are afraid to fight, and your man has not been able to get into condition because he has been afraid all along."

Waving his arms, he yelled to the newspaper men and spectators:

"Gentlemen, the whole thing is off. I refuse to fight Maher, unless I am paid my forfeit money. I am willing to fight Maher, Corbett, or any man in the world."

Julian made a proposition that Connolly name five men and he would accept their decision.

Connolly agreed. The committee named by Connolly was Silver, Housman, Fitzgerald, Naughton and O'Rourke, Stewart being requested to act as chairman. The committee decided that the articles of agreement of December 5 were abrogated on Friday, under the circumstances Julian could not justly claim the forfeit.

NO NEW ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT.

EL PASO, Texas, Feb. 18.—There is no truth in a report that new articles of agreement are being drawn up for a fight on Friday.

SET FOR FRIDAY.

EL PASO, Tex., Feb. 17.—The fight now is positively set for Friday. Connolly posting $1,000 to guarantee Maher's appearance in the ring.

CHIEF DEVINE'S CASE.

Question as to Whom It Will Come Up Very Correctly—Commissioner Noble Leaves.

The time of the hearing of the case of Chief Devine is very uncertain. The charges against him have not yet been filed by the Mayor. It is not known when they will be. The prosecutor for the matter being promptly pushed to as loose were more invisible some days ago than now. Commissioner Noble arrived home on Friday or Saturday but left for Wyoming again thus making a postponement necessary.

Supreme Court.

The Supreme court met at the usual hour with Chief Justice Zane presiding. On motion of Attorney Ira Kimball, Frank H. Wolf, of Nevada, was admitted to bar of Supreme court of this State.

The case of William A. Hall, appellant vs the Ogden City Street Railway company, came up for hearing and was argued by Attorney Maloney for appellant and by Attorney Dan Evans in reply, and was submitted and taken under advisement by the court.

Licensed to Wed.

John H. Monnier, aged 24, and Emily M. Clissold, aged 23, of this city, were granted a marriage license today by the county clerk.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

Miss Anna Eva Fay is still at the Theater with her puzzling performances in clairvoyance, or whatever it is. The price of admission for the remaining evenings has been reduced to 50 cents for all seats in the lower part of the house and 25 cents in the galleries. Mr. Lionfield with his clever impersonations amuses the audiences quite as much as Miss Fay mystifies them.

At the Grand, David Belasco's La Belle Russe is the bill this week with Mr. Ingersoll and Miss Warren in the leading roles.

A comedy entitled A Tragedy will be played at the Lyceum this week. Mr. Williams, it seems, has accepted the vacancy caused by the withdrawal of Mr. Clark. Mr. Hays and Miss Lyton remain at the Lyceum.

Miss Florence W. Rockwell, who plays Virginia, Ophelia and Mercedes in James O'Neill's company this season, is only eighteen years of age. She is spoken of as the coming tragic actress, the successor of Mary Anderson. The New York Sun is authority for the statement that she is the physically best developed actress before the public and appends measurements of her figure in support of the assertion.

MINES AND MINING.

Valuable Oregon Gold Properties at H. J. and Fred Grant.

GOOD RETURNS FROM THE MINE

A Big Strike in the Quebec to Grant County—Free Milling Vein Sixteen Feet Wide.

Grant Brothers, Heber J. and Fred, were appreciative recipients today, through Wells Fargo & Co., of $1,536, gold coin, from the government mint at San Francisco. This is the result of a twenty days' run on their Quebec property situated about forty miles from Baker City, Oregon. When it is understood that the number of men who mined the ore from which the gold is extracted is only eleven and that the mill with which the work was done is a little three and a half foot Huntington, the result is exceedingly satisfactory.

Mr. Fred Grant in speaking of the mine and its prospects said to a News man today that they had run a tunnel of 250 feet in the upper levels along a big fast ledge. The ore is free milling. In twelve days they took out $1,000 in gold. The little mill will only handle from five to six tons every twenty-four hours. A new tunnel has been driven in the mountain side four hundred feet below the old tunnel and were received by Mr. Grant today, to use his own language, caused him to walk in the air. It was to the effect that to a forty foot cross drift his men had just encountered a ledge of free milling ore sixteen feet wide. Mr. Grant says it is regarded by experts as being the best indeed of the kind in Oregon. The gentleman expects to leave for there about the 15th of next month. The prospects are that a large modern mill and reduction works will soon be erected by the Grant's at that place.

This is not the only promising property that these lucky Salt Lakers have in the "Wild Thyme" state. They are interested in large areas of placer lands on the North Fork of the John Day river on to which they are now distributing water by means of three ditches, four, five and seventeen miles long respectively. They have a steam shovel at work and the placers are yielding good returns.

TODAY'S MINING CALL.

Sheets and Lucy Save the Exchange from Scarlet a Virtual Whitewash.

"That tired feeling" was very much in evidence at today's mining call, in fact to such an extent that had it not been for the kindness of Broker Sheets in coming to the rescue, a veritable "whitewash" would have been the result. His saving act consisted in the selling of 1,000 shares of that popular stock, Little Pittsburg at 2½ cents—a figure at which he afterward offered to take 10,000 shares. De Witt H. Lowe was the buyer, and to these two gentlemen belong the distinction of saving the Exchange from scoring a day of nonentities. Last Monday was the best day since the present Exchange was organized—today can very properly be termed, the worst.

It was quite apparent at the opening of the call, that the day would not be a heavy one. Very few of the members were present, and spectators were scarce. The only stocks in which any particular interest was created were Mercur and Mammoth. For forty shares of the former Spencer offered $7.25, while holders of it demanded $7.40. Mammoth stock was given a second chance and while none of it was offered for sale the first time, the second attempt brought out offerings of it at $1.57½, while the old remained firm at $1.60.

The closing figures were as follows:

LISTED STOCKS.

MINES.	Asked	Bid.
Anchor		
Alliance	1 10	1 05
Alliance	15	10
Andes		07
Beck Tunnel		
Centennial-Eureka		41 00
Cliff	1 00	1 50
Daly-West	1 50	1 30
Eureka Hill		
Eureka Lake Tunnel	75	
Grover	1 45	
Green Mountain		
Horn Silver		1 10
Iron Silver		1 10
Mammoth	1 40	1 30
Mercur	1 57½	1 50
Ontario		
Ontario		15 50
Prince Consolidated		
Silver King	3 15	3 10
Uncle Sam	1 87½	1 75
Utah		1 10

UNLISTED STOCKS.

NAME.	Asked	Bid.
N. A. Natural Gas	14	10½
Bullion	6¾	4¾
Carbon Queen		
Tom Thumb	8	4¾
Gold Bar		
Little Pittsburg	3¾	3¾
Kings		
Parnum (Lead)	80	
Mercur		
Mercur (Park City)	85	
Hope		10
Mammoth	55	
Cleveland		
Carry Forest		
Golden Gate		
Iowa	3	
Kimberly		40
Little Jim	10	
Mint		
Morgan (Beaverdam)		
Old Ironsides		
Ontario (Park City)	85	
Silver King	3	
Tetro		

The Cyanide Incorporation.

Articles of incorporation were filed with the county clerk today by the Cyanide Gold Mining company, with a capital stock of $900,000 divided into shares of the par value of $2 each. Each of the following incorporators takes 25,000 shares: Warner A. Wright, Joseph W. Ellbridge, James Langton, A. C. Sadler, J. H. Griffin, Henry T. Ball, George L. H. Teasdale, and Jarvis