

BY TELEGRAPH.

FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, 27. — Randolph from the committee on military affairs, reported a bill already published for the relief of Fitzjohn Porter.

Edmunds offered a resolution which was agreed to, instructing the committee on judiciary to inquire whether in the settlement or adjustment between the United States and the railroad mentioned as provided for in the act of Feb. 22, 1875, to provide for settlement with certain railroad companies, any discrimination or difference of treatment has been made by United States officers in favor of one or more such companies as against others, and if so, what further legislation, if any, on the subject is expedient.

Bayard spoke in favor of the resolution.

Pendleton, Ingalls and Cameron presented a petition of ex-soldiers and sailors for the passage of the Weaver bill to pay such persons the difference in value between greenbacks and gold. Cameron desired to say in presenting the petition that he believed every one of the signatures was forged.

Teller (by request). — To regulate Indian affairs. Teller said the bill was drawn by a gentleman conversant with Indian affairs, but he (Teller) dissented from a considerable portion of it. Adjourned.

AMERICAN.

The Senate, during to-day's executive session, finally disposed of the long-standing subject of contest by confirming Norman Buck's nomination as one of the United States judges for Idaho, to succeed Associate Justice Park, who was nominated as his own successor nearly two years ago and then confirmed by the Senate, but whose commission was withheld by the President by reason of certain charges brought to light immediately after this date of his confirmation. The case was before the Senate in the last Congress and was discussed several times, but went over from one cause or another until to-day, when it was finally settled.

The Secretary of the Treasury has been invited by the Senate finance committee to give his views on the subject of funding.

A dispatch from Washington reports that the House committee on Territories has refused by a vote of 3 to 1, to change the political status of the Indian Territory.

The recent publication to the effect that Grant's nearest friends are authorized to announce that he is not a presidential candidate are known to have been impelled by the hope of eliciting contradictions of the fact from certain gentlemen. This expectation has failed, but it can be said on good authority that soon after the General reaches Mexico one of his friends will make a statement in his behalf which will definitely settle Grant's status as a factor in the coming presidential struggle.

The Consul General at Melbourne writes the State department, Dec. 1, that several companies have been formed to develop the production of petroleum found in large quantities of good quality, in various parts of the colony. The trade of the United States with Australia is only four per cent. of the total trade of the latter with all countries. With Great Britain it is over \$70,000,000; with the United States it is less than \$3,000,000.

BANGOR, 27. — The Supreme Court Justices to-day set forth their reasons in answer to the fusionists' questions for declining to recognize the fusionist legislature. They say, while not admitting even by implication that any legally organized body has submitted to them questions, yet they would be lacking in duty if they should fail to give the reasons which may guide citizens in pursuing their duty, as the Supreme Court must eventually in all cases like the present, pass upon the laws which so-called or actual legislative bodies pass. It is proper that that tribunal should consider it at once, with or without question, which is the one and only legislature of the two claimants. The court says a large portion of this question has been decided in its answers to Governor Garcelon's

questions. By these answers it appeared that Governor Garcelon and the Council in issuing certificates of election to certain men as Senators and Representatives, who did not appear to be elected, and declining to issue to certain others who did appear to be elected, were in violation of their legal and constitutional obligations and duties. They cannot ignore the fact that Garcelon disregarded the opinion of the court given in answer to his question. He omitted to revoke the summonses illegally issued to men not elected; nor did he issue summonses to men who were elected. The officers who presided in the fusion branches of the legislature recognized men as members who were unlawfully introduced into them by unconstitutional means, and refused to recognize certain men who were lawfully elected.

It cannot be claimed that the fusion House ever had a quorum without counting men whom this court had declared not elected, and therefore they cannot recognize the fusion House as a legal body. The same is true of the Senate.

They then considered whether there is in existence a legal legislature, and conclude that in the organizations made peaceably, on the 12th of January, the republican House and Senate were made by a majority of the members appearing to be elected. They traverse the point raised that the republican organization was illegal, because no notice of the intended action was given the minority so as to enable them to participate, and say the minority were not excluded. The organization was publicly made and the want of notice did not invalidate the organization. Although the manner was irregular, yet the voice of the people is not to be stifled on that account, nor the government fail to be maintained. Full quorums were present and the Houses were therefore legal bodies. The Justices concluded by saying they only performed their solemn duty in deciding that the Senate presided over by Joseph A. Locke, and the House presided over by Geo. E. Weeks, are the legal and constitutional legislature of the State.

All the Justices signed the decision.

The Sun says: The electric light in Menlo Park looked yellow in contrast with the light of the full moon last evening—as yellow as gaslights appear in contrast with electric lights. A number of globes that have been up 200, 300 and 400 hours have been found to be cracked where the wires pierce the glass, and have been taken down. Their places have been filled with new lamps, none of which have yet cracked. Edison said last evening that these new lamps gave him good reason to believe they would not crack at all. He has now 82 lights aglow on the circuit. This is the largest number yet used. Three new buildings are now in course of erection on the laboratory grounds. One is for the glass blowers, the second for 14 dynamo machines by which Edison proposes to start 700 lights, and the third is the machine shop.

CHICAGO, 27. — Murat Halstead telegraphs to his paper from Washington as follows respecting presidential prospects: There is every prospect that the Grant presidential boom will not last more than two weeks longer, it promises to end peremptorily and finally at the Pennsylvania State convention next week.

Halstead also quotes Jonas R. Young (a great man) as saying that Sherman has been doing stalwart work in his own campaign, and has alarmed Blaine's followers and supporters, and that it is expected Blaine will devote himself to getting the Grant vote should Grant be withdrawn from the canvass.

The Times New Orleans special says: The topic of conversation to-night at the hotels and public places is the forthcoming duel between State Treasurer Major E. H. Burke and Major H. J. Hearsay. Burke, besides being State Treasurer, is the editor of the New Orleans Democrat, the organ of the democratic party. Hearsay, was, a few months ago, editor of the Democrat. The difficulty arose from a newspaper discussion regarding the contract for city printing, which was awarded to the Democrat. Major Burke was challenged by Hearsay, and the challenge promptly accepted. Yesterday the seconds were engaged in arranging the details of the duel. The duel is arranged to take place to-morrow morning. A peaceable settlement

of the affair is regarded as impossible.

New Orleans, 27. — The duel was fought this afternoon at Metairie ridge, near the city, with pistols; distance 10 paces. After firing two shots each, the friends interfered and the difficulty was adjusted.

CHICAGO, 27. — The Journal's Washington special says: The action of the Senate finance committee to-day, in agreeing to report favorably upon the nomination of John M. Morton to be Collector of Internal Revenue at San Francisco, is a great surprise to the California delegation, which confidently expected an adverse report. The confirmation of Morton is now assured.

WASHINGTON, 28. — The Senate has confirmed E. H. Murray, of Kentucky, as Governor of Utah Territory, and Norman Buck as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of Idaho.

A telegram bearing date Santa Fe, January 25, was received by the Adjutant General to-day, stating that Major Morrow, who is pursuing Victoria's band of Apaches, was forced to go into Ojo Caliente from the San Mateo mountains for rations. The command had been in the mountains without rations for two days and were fighting daily. In the last two days' fight Major Morrow captured 100 horses and mules. The Indians abandoned large quantities of property in Mexico, bolts of calico, cotton, clothes, etc. Major Morrow is reported as having punished the Indians severely. It is thought, judging from the number, that the band is composed of all Indians who have been living in Mexico. The mountains are spoken of as being very rough. The loss of troops occasioned by the horses becoming disabled has proven quite severe. General Sherman has no official information regarding the alleged killing of Chief Victoria. He says, however, he has no doubt it is a fact.

The Western Union recently introduced here the method of applying mechanical forces for the generation of electricity discovered by Stephen D. Field, of San Francisco. It is claimed there would be a saving of fifty per cent. in the expenses.

During the absence of the keeper from the Lunatic Asylum on Blackwell's Island, one inmate killed another.

Antonio Giovanni Aucarolo, Padrone, convicted of inveighing seven boys from Italy, has been sentenced to five years imprisonment. This is the first conviction here under the Padrone act.

Edward Timon was arrested to-day on suspicion of being implicated in the murder of Annie Downey. He was fully identified by Mrs. Schmidt, a colored servant girl in the house where the murder was committed, and after a searching examination, was committed to await the inquest on Thursday. The prisoner at last says that he has something to tell about the murder. It is surmised he is the man who, on the evening before the murder, was with Annie Downey in her room, and attracted attention by speaking loudly about pistols. One other man now remains to be caught. He is believed to be the principal.

Bradford, Pa., 28. — In the case of Mrs. Cora B. Myers, who died from the effects of an abortion, on Saturday, the coroner's jury to-day returned a verdict implicating Chas. J. Myers, her husband, Mrs. C. S. Heath, her mother, Ella, her sister, and Dr. L. G. Reed, who has fled. Others are implicated.

The following press dispatch from New York, is a fair specimen of the lies told about the Latter-day Saints by the lecturers of the day who attempt to speak on the subject:

"J. J. Hawkin, until last year a High Priest among the Mormons, lectured here last night. He said if Utah is made a state, the plan will be to drive out all outsiders by means of overtaxation. This is the great desire of the Mormons, for then they will have a Mormon legislature, Mormon judges and Mormon rule generally. They favor a democrat for President, because they believe that more quickly through that party they can obtain control. They are rapidly getting the Indians under their control, for their belief is that the Indian is in the future to fight their battles for them. Already their influence is widely extended over several tribes. Besides this the Mormons are purchasing arms and ammunition continually. This is done through the instructions of their Bishops. They have

now plenty of firearms. The Mormons have a population of 130,000, and they can muster a force of 25,000 able-bodied men.

NEW ORLEANS, 28. — A dispatch from Captain Gager, of the stranded steamship Louisiana, says they have thrown overboard 250 tons of the cargo, and can only use lighters if the weather should be calm. The propeller is broken. The passengers were sent to Port Eads. The ship will be saved.

CHICAGO, 28. — The Inter-Ocean's Omaha special says: Hanlon, a detective of the Union Pacific R. R., has returned from San Francisco, bringing a prisoner, John H. Moor, formerly agent of the Vandavia line at San Francisco. A few weeks ago Moor went west to San Francisco on a pass issued to W. P. Mitchell, by Sidney Dillon, on the application of Congressman Ellis, of Louisiana. It was suspected at the time that the holder of the pass was not Mitchell, but Moor protested he was the right person, and signed Mitchell's name. Moor is an unmarried man, about 40 years old, and lived in fine style in San Francisco, with his aged mother, whose heart was nearly broken by the arrest of her son. The railroad will prosecute the case strongly, and Moor will probably be booked for a long penitentiary term.

BOSTON, 27. — Wm. H. Brewster, one of the proprietors of the Traveler, died at Newburyport last night. He has been in ill health for some time.

NEWARK, N. J., 28. — A republican convention is called for May 6th, to elect delegates to the Chicago convention.

SYRACUSE, 27. — Elias Gebhart, aged 16, clerk in a hardware store, was instantly killed by a customer while buying a pistol. The revolver contained three balls and was not known to be loaded.

NEWHAMPTON, Iowa, 28. — The boy who was believed to have been murdered by his father, Elder Buck, the Adventist, is alive in an adjoining county, whither he fled after the beating his father gave him.

NORFOLK, Va., 28. — Chief of Police Benson killed himself in his private room early this morning. Cause, domestic trouble.

RICHMOND, Va., 28. — Telegrams received here this morning state that intense excitement prevails in Shenandoah county, in consequence of an apprehended collision between white and black laborers at Columbia furnace, near Edinburgh, in that county. Governor Halladay received a telegram from the Sheriff of Shenandoah, asking the assistance of troops to aid in quelling the riot, also from Captain MacGruder, of Woodstock military company, stating that he has notice of a serious riot at the point mentioned, and asking for orders what to do. The Governor immediately replied, directing him to place his command at the disposal of the Sheriff for the preservation of the peace. Other telegrams received by members of the legislature from Shenandoah Valley confirm the above report.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, 28. — The Duchess of Marlborough's fund for the relief of the Irish distress, amounts to £29,000.

The bill for the purchase of the Roumanian railways by the state has been adopted in the chamber of deputies.

The Administrative Palace at Jassy, an ancient capital of Moldavia has been entirely destroyed by fire, believed incendiary.

TORONTO, 28. — Hanlon has a letter from the trustees of the Sportsman Challenge Cup, informing him that he was entitled to hold the cup till challenged by the best man in England, and that the £50 deposited on his behalf last fall for a match with Elliott has been withdrawn. Hanlon had written Soule asking him to agree to put up \$500 as a guarantee that he will have a man ready to row him (Hanlon) on the Potomac May 20, so that in the event of a walk over Hanlon will get \$1,000, Courtney's \$500 and Poole's \$500. Hanlon also rejects the last drafted articles and asks the substitution of those signed at Rochester.

OTTAWA, 28. — The Governor General and suite leave to-day for Halifax to meet the Princess Louise. The steamer Sarmatia will be met by the Bellerophon, Northampton and Bacchante under command of Sir Edward Englefield. Princes Albert Victor and George Frederick are on board. There will be a number of vessels of the West

Indian fleet present to take part in the reception which is expected to be grander than on the first arrival of the Princess.

B. Y. ACADEMY EXAMINATION.

CLOSE OF I. SEMESTER, II. TERM.
IV. ACADEMIC YEAR.—EXTRACT FROM PRINCIPAL'S REPORT.

The second term and first semester of this institution, for the fourth academic year, closed on Friday, Jan. 23, 1880, by a public examination, commencing at 9 a.m.

On the stand were chairman of Executive Committee — Bishop Tanner, and Mrs. M. J. Coray. As the exercises progressed the auditorium became well filled with visitors. Spread on the tables were specimens of ladies' work, penmanship, diagrams, charts, drawings, records of Academy, daily programme of studies etc.

Three separate sections of the hall had been arranged for recitations, two and frequently three classes reciting co-ordinately.

Head janitor, Daniel Harrington; conducting monitor, W. H. King; choir leader, Miss Nettie Southworth; presiding at organ, Miss Augusta Willis.

The examination consisted of three distinct parts, respectively devoted to the exercises of one department.

PART I.—PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

Singing. Opening prayer, J. M. Tanner.

Chart class, conducted by Miss H. Friel and First Readers, by Mrs. Z. Y. Williams.

Primers, Miss R. Stringham; Second Readers, Mrs. Williams.

Arithmetic A., Miss L. Nalle; Arithmetic B., Mrs. Williams.

Primary singing class, Miss Southworth.

Principal then offered a brief explanation of the proceedings; that the examination was not only to show the progress of the pupils, but to demonstrate the method of teaching employed by the teachers of the B. Y. Academy.

Primary Department dismissed by prayer by M. H. Dalley.

PART II.—INTERMEDIATE DEPARTMENT.

Singing by Academic choir.

Opening prayer by J. E. Talmage.

Third Reader reading, M. H. Hardy.

Fourth Reader, Geography, M. H. Hardy.

Grammar B, Kate Houtz, Grammar A, M. H. Hardy.

Fourth Reader Reading, M. H. Hardy.

Arithmetic B, J. E. Talmage, Arithmetic A, M. H. Hardy.

Intermediate singing Miss Southworth.

Intermediate Department dismissed and examination adjourned until 1.30 p.m.

Benediction offered by J. L. Robison.

1.30 p.m.

PART III.—ACADEMIC DEPARTMENT.

Singing. Prayer, J. E. Booth.

V. Readers Reading, J. M. Tanner.

Grammar B, J. E. Talmage; Geometry, J. E. Booth; Rhetoric, K. G. Maeser.

Grammar A, J. M. Tanner; Algebra, J. E. Booth; Composition, K. G. Maeser.

Physical Geography, J. M. Tanner; Adv. Arithmetic, J. E. Booth.

Arithmetic B, J. M. Tanner; Arithmetic A, K. G. Maeser.

Polyeopical choir.

Julius Caesar, K. G. Maeser.

Experimental Chemistry, Geo. Coray.

Prof. Maeser then announced that class exercises of the day were over, and read the list of pupils for promotion to higher grades.

Meeting placed in the hands of the Board.

Appropriate and earnest addresses then followed by Mrs. M. J. Coray and Chairman Tanner; each speaking in high approbation on the labors of the past term, and expressing the most sincere hopes for the continued success of the institution.

Academic choir.

Dismissal. Benediction by Mr. H. Coray.

EXTRACTS FROM PRINCIPAL'S REPORT.

The Principal's report to the