

BY TELEGRAPH.

PACIFIC COAST TELEGRAPH LINK.

AMERICAN.

WASHINGTON, 30.—The Treasury closed at noon, out of respect to the memory of the late Colonel Irish.

The general current of business in both chambers strengthens the impression that the consideration of the tariff is to proceed without cautious or obstructive opposition.

Dr. Cox, pension agent at San Francisco, will be removed. To your correspondent, Commissioner of Pensions Dudley said: "I am waiting to hear from special agent Morgan that he has got Hill's money in his possession. When this is accomplished, I will remove Cox immediately."

Rear Admiral Andrew Bryson is placed on the retired list of the navy under the operation of the retirement law.

The Indian office has received advice that Captain Payne is making preparations for another raid on Oklahoma lands, Indian Territory about Feb. 1st.

The Postmaster General today issued an order to-day forbidding the delivery of money orders and registered letters in Flemming & Merriam, R. E. Kendall & Co., Wentlett, Holtzman & Co., and Cudworth & Co., all of Chicago, and nominally engaged as grain and stock brokers, under which cover it is alleged they receive money for investment, making little or no return.

The prospects for the passage of the whisky and relief bill are poor. The quantity of whisky which must be withdrawn on which the tax must be paid under the present law before Feb. 6th, is 85,000 gallons, the tax amounting to over \$725,000. If the bill should fail to become a law at this season, nearly 13,000,000 gallons must be withdrawn before December 1st, next. The tax on this quantity will amount to \$11,000,000.

Secretary Teller writes a pensioner that soldiers are not entitled to land unless they go on a tract, settle, improve and cultivate it. The pensioner complained that he sent money to a firm in Washington that offered to locate and sell 160 acres of land for soldiers under the soldier's homestead law.

It was reported again at the Capitol to-day that the President had said he would call an extra session of Congress if the present Congress failed to pass the tariff bill.

Senator Miller to-day had the bill to incorporate the Nicaragua Canal Company re-committed to the committee on foreign relations.

The House committee on commerce is making rapid progress with the river and harbor bill which it is preparing without the usual estimates from the War Department.

Chairman Page of the committee said to-day that all the appropriations in the last bill had been gone over, except such as were in the list of items objected to by the Secretary as not in the interest of commerce and navigation. The bill, when completed, according to Page, would call for about \$70,000,000, including an appropriation of \$2,500,000 for the Mississippi River. The appropriation for the Pacific coast rivers would be this year, he said, about 30 per cent. less than in the last bill.

Several bills have been introduced in the House and Senate at the present session, having for their object the amendment and extension of the present law to suppress polygamy. One of these bills proposed to abolish woman suffrage in Utah, and another is to allow the first wife of an alleged polygamist to testify regarding the number of his wives. Judge Black, of Pennsylvania, ex-Delegate Cannon, and Delegate Caine are opposing, before the Judiciary committee, favorable action upon this to them hostile legislation. Judge Black will, on Thursday next, complete an exhaustive argument begun by him several days ago, against the power of Congress to enact the proposed laws. It is supposed that Pennsylvania's great jurist maintains that Congress has no right to regulate the internal affairs of a Territory where laws not in contravention of the Constitution are enacted for local self-government. A member of the committee is authority for the statement that "it will at an early day report an anti-polygamy bill as a substitute for those pending before it."

NEW YORK, 30.—Rev. Talmage does not relish being caricatured. The Brooklyn bill boards have been covered with flaming bills repre-

senting John Howson in the part of John Wellington Wells in "The Sorcerer," in which the actor "makes up" in imitation of Talmage. These were put up Saturday near the Brooklyn tabernacle, and many members of the church on Sunday tore them from the board. To-day Talmage sent to the district attorney's office to ask if anything could be done to have the posters removed as they were very annoying. Backus thought they constituted a criminal libel, and the matter will be brought before the grand jury on Tuesday. District Attorney Catlin informed manager McCoull if the personation of Talmage is allowed in the Academy, proceedings will be taken to suppress it. He also directed the directors of the Academy to remove the posters from the bill boards.

SAVANNAH, Ga., 30.—Five negroes were drowned crossing the Ogeechee river.

Kansas City, 30.—Sandy Hopkins, a wealthy young real estate dealer, undertook to clean his gun to-day; his wife was sitting near him, the weapon accidentally discharged, killing her instantly.

Havana, 30.—Ciepo & Co's saw mill burned. The head carpenter and clerk perished; two others seriously burned; thirty firemen injured.

Norfolk, Va., 30.—River steamers *Luray* and *Grace* came in collision in a fog to-day. The latter sunk. R. H. Wood, a passenger, who had been in Norfolk buying a wedding outfit, was drowned. Jas. W. Robinson, fireman, was badly injured.

Hallfax, 30.—About 100 vessels, potato-laden, are frozen in the bay, and are not expected to get out before spring.

Philadelphia, 30.—A fire in the commission and flour stores on Board and Vine streets to-night caused a loss of \$18,000; mostly insured.

Adrian, Mich., 30.—As a number of men employed in the car works were carrying a large tub of molten iron from one building to another, the handle broke, dropping the scorching metal on the wet snow, which at once was converted into steam and caused an explosion and scattered hot iron in every direction. Albert Smith and Jacob Ray were fatally injured, and several others hurt.

Troy, 30.—Matthew Gardner was fatally wounded and John Gannon and Joseph Martin severely injured at the Bessemer steel works.

Baltimore, 30.—The steamboat *Carolina*, off Cedar Point, ran into the British steamship *Riverdale* at anchor. The whole port bow and side of the *Carolina* back to the wheel was stove in, and her deck crushed, causing damage to the amount of several thousand dollars. There was a fog at the time. No loss of life. Two officers of the *Carolina* were slightly injured by splinters.

Elkhart, Ind., 30.—Conn's band instrument manufacturing establishment is burned; 100 men are out of employment; loss \$50,000, insured \$22,000.

Gunnison, 30.—Last night about 1 o'clock a snowslide started from the summit of Ruby Peak, near Irwin, and traveled with fearful velocity the distance of a mile to the bottom of the gulch, totally destroying and carrying with it all the shaft-houses and machinery connected with the Ruby Chief, Howard Extension, Durango and Oakes mines. Eight men unable to escape were carried to the bottom and buried in snow. A rescuing party started in search of the lost ones, and when found Frank Roland was dead, Tom Brown and William Coleman probably fatally injured. Last Saturday, I. W. Goodspeed, brother of the celebrated divine, Chicago, and Superintendent of the Paradise Mining Company, while crossing the mountain near Gothic, was caught in a snowslide, hurled to the gulch below and buried at least a hundred feet under the snow, where the body must remain until summer. He leaves a widow and two children in Gothic.

This morning an immense slide on Gothic Mountain, near Gothic, went down with such frightful force as to shake the whole town like an earthquake.

New York, 31.—Michael Denkel died yesterday from enlargement of the heart. He had been sick for a number of years, but it was only in the last three months that his illness has been considered serious. Denkel was born in Berlin in 1828; he went to San Francisco in 1871, and founded the jewelry firm of S. B. Denkel & Co.

San Francisco, 29.—Henry S.

Langley, veteran compiler of Pacific Coast statistics, and of various directories, died this evening aged 76 years. He was an old New York journalist, having started the *Morning News* in conjunction with James O'Sullivan and Samuel J. Tilden, was very prominently known on the coast. He came to California in 1849.

Montreal, 30.—Bishop Pensonier of Berthier, is dead.

New Orleans, 30.—Prof. Alex. Dimitry died to-day, age 79. He was at one time U. S. Minister to Central America.

WASHINGTON, 30.—The suit known as Adams and McConnell vs. The St. Louis & San Francisco railroad, to recover damages for excessive freight charges under a State law prescribing maximum rates, was decided in Circuit Court to-day in favor of the defendants.

Troy, N. Y., 30.—A statement is published here as coming from a prominent railroad man that Vanderbilt's special train to San Francisco, will be run on a new fast schedule, and before next summer a passenger express will run regularly from New York to San Francisco, with a reduction from the present time of from 39 to 36 hours. It is said Vanderbilt will give the matter close examination during his coming trip, and soon after his return a public announcement of the running time will be made, showing a shortening of time between New York and Chicago from 33 hours, the present time, to 24 hours; and from Chicago to Omaha by the Northwestern Railroad, from 22, the present time, to 15 hours, making a saving of 18 hours between New York and Omaha. From Omaha to Ogden by the Union Pacific by the present running time is 54 hours, and by the proposed schedule the time will be reduced to 42 hours; and from Ogden to San Francisco by the Central Pacific Railroad the time will be reduced from 41 to 35 hours, making a saving of 18 hours between Omaha and San Francisco and a total reduction of running time between New York and San Francisco of 34 hours. This entire journey can be made in about four and a half days instead of over six as at present.

Tyler, Texas, 30.—Three coaches on the north-bound train of the International and Great Northern Road jumped the track near Mineola. One man was instantly killed.

Vanderbilt's Nickel Plate directors to-day voted to issue ten million second mortgage bonds. It is understood only about \$3,000,000 will be placed on sale now.

Mauch Chunk, Pa., 30.—The engine Necopie blew up this afternoon on the Lehigh Valley Railway. John Miller, engineer, and Aug. Youngblood, brakeman, Lewis Gower and R. Nias, brakemen, injured.

St. Louis, 30.—The *Globe-Democrat* has it from good authority that the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy has obtained a controlling voice in the Denver & Rio Grande, and will shortly undertake the operation of the line, which will give the C. B. & Q. an opening to Pueblo, and a share of the Denver business of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe; also a share of the Union Pacific business between Omaha and Pueblo. The most important outcome of the change will be the securing to the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy of a line to Salt Lake. With that division of the Rio Rio Grande now approaching completion, from Salt Lake a connection with the Central Pacific will be easily formed.

FOREIGN.

PARIS, 30.—Prince Jerome's counsel addressed the Ministers of Justice a strong protest against the condemnation and imprisonment of the Prince.

The new Ministry is prepared to support Fabre's compromise measure.

Fallieres was seized with sickness while defending Fabre's bill proposing pretenders to the throne. The sitting was suspended. After the session Fallieres fainted. Congestion of the brain is feared. The debate was adjourned until Thursday.

Previous to the illness of Fallieres, Renault, republican, protested strongly against Fiequet's proposition; also against the Government's measure, declaring that such attacks on liberty would not be approved of by a vote of the whole people. A member of the Chamber shouted: "You are an Orleanist, an Orleanist!" Renault replied that since the Count de Paris had gone to Fohsdorf, the Orleanist party

had died. The excitement was increased by Renault pointing to the dilemma which would arise should the congress of the two houses, despite the proposed law, nominate the Prince for President of the Republic. Renault said he admitted the government's right of defense, but not of persecution.

Fallieres said if the web of intrigue which by silence was encouraged by the Prince, had not been woven around the government's representatives, the question of rendering the security of the country complete would still have risen, but as a matter of fact, advantage had been taken of the liberty enjoyed under the republic to attack the government, which was founded on national sovereignty, and must depend upon itself for its preservation.

Gen. Campero has accepted the ministry of war. Admiral Jaquerberry complying with the request of President Grevy, has agreed to conduct the ministry of marine, pending the appointment of his successor.

Vienna, 30.—An Imperial concession is granted to a firm of English contractors for a railway by which all the Vienna railways will be united by branch lines and a circular railway.

Rome, 30.—The publication of the letter of the Emperor of Germany to the Pope causes discontent at the Vatican. It was supposed its contents would have been kept secret for a while.

Berne, 30.—Switzerland has rejected the naturalization treaty proposed by the United States, according to which nationality is forfeited by residing for a certain period abroad, on the ground that this clause of the treaty is contrary to Swiss law.

Copenhagen, 30.—Norwegian radicals are preparing as a personal demonstration against King Oscar a proposal to reduce his allowance by 80,000.

The Prussia-Russian decree ordering youths born Danish subjects and now residing in Schleswig to enter the Prussian army or leave their homes causes intense indignation throughout the country. Denmark protests against this fresh breach of treaty obligations.

Cairo, 30.—The British sentries at all the palaces are removed. The Egyptian soldiers undertake the duty of guarding them.

Berlin, 30.—The plan for strengthening the fortifications of Kiel, devised by Gen. Von Moltke and approved by the Emperor, is for the construction of 16 forts, making the port dockyard one of the strongest in existence, and the completion of a strategic railway, establishing uninterrupted communication along the Baltic Sea.

Dublin, 30.—Two of the prisoners in Kilmainham jail are identified as the Phoenix Park murderers, and Kavanagh's car is recognized as that upon which the assassins drove off. The car driver was found in America and arrested.

Lima, Peru, 30.—Montinos to-day attacked Para, but was repulsed. Many were killed on both sides, including Juan Delamino and Chalcaco Garois.

Hamburg, 30.—U. S. Greenback & Co., have failed; liabilities 1,000,000 francs.

Odesa, 30.—Four steamers ice bound in the roads, were carried to sea in an ice floe; their fate is unknown.

Strasbourg, 30.—A congress of European astronomers is called for September.

St. Petersburg, 30.—Golos and Viedomasti admit, despite the Austro-German alliance, friendship between Russia and Austria is possible.

TOOLEE STAKE CONFERENCE.

Minutes of a Quarterly Conference of the Toolee Stake of Zion held in Gantsville, Jan. 27 and 28, 1883.

Saturday, 10 a. m.

Present on the stand, Apostle F. M. Lyman, President H. S. Gowans and Councillor, Bishops and other authorities of the Stake.

The morning was occupied in testimony and reports from several of the Bishops and Presidents of Quorums.

2 p. m.

Continued reports from the Bishops, denoting a marked improvement in the members and organizations of the several wards. President Gowans endorsed the reports given by the brethren having recently visited in all the wards of the

Stake. Instructed the Bishops and authorities in their respective positions in relation to their duties. Apostle F. M. Lyman occupying the remaining portion of time allotted for the afternoon meeting.

Sunday 10 a. m.

Bishop Moss and T. Howls reported the E. T. City and Lakeview Wards. Patriarch Jno. Rowberry, reported the High Priest Quorum of the Stake, when Apostle Lyman presented the General Authorities of the Church and the officers of the Toolee Stake, all of whom were unanimously sustained by the vote of the Conference.

Apostle Lyman again renewed his remarks on the fundamental principles of the Gospel, showing the necessity of each principle revealed, and the benefits to be obtained by obedience thereto.

2 p. m.

Apostle Lyman spoke for two hours on the subjects of the Sacrament, Words of Wisdom, Tithing and Celestial Marriage. His remarks were listened to attentively, and the effects and benefits will no doubt be made manifest in the future lives of the Latter-day Saints. When Conference adjourned.

H. S. GOWANS, presiding.

THOS. WILLIAMS, clerk.

WEBER STAKE CONFERENCE.

MONDAY, Jan. 22nd, 1882.

Editor Deseret News:

Saturday, January 20th, 1883, President John Taylor and daughter, President Joseph F. Smith, Apostles W. Woodruff and F. M. Lyman, Elders L. John Nuttall and Geo. F. Gibbs left this city by the 7 a. m. Utah Central train for Ogden to attend the Weber Stake Quarterly Conference, and arrived in due time; the weather very cold—thermometer indicating 23 degrees below zero.

At the morning meeting, at 10 o'clock, after singing by the choir and prayer by Elder Joseph Stafford, the Bishops of the four wards of Ogden, also of North Ogden, Harrisville, Hooper, Riverdale, Plain City and Slaterville reported the condition of their several wards. Benediction by Apostle Lyman.

2 p. m.

After singing, and prayer by President W. Woodruff, the Bishops of Lynne, West Weber, Wilson, Marriott, Pleasant View, Mound Fort, Huntsville and Uintah reported their wards.

Elder E. H. Anderson reported the condition of the Y. M. M. I. Associations, Prof. L. F. Mouch the day schools and President Richard Ballantyne the Sabbath schools of the Stake.

Apostle Lyman addressed the meeting.

Elder L. John Nuttall offered the benediction.

Sunday, Jan. 21st.

Weather moderated; snow falling.

Conference meeting at 10 a. m.

After singing Apostle Lyman offered prayer.

Elder E. H. Anderson read the totals of the Stake statistical report for the past three months.

President Joseph F. Smith addressed the meeting followed by President John Taylor.

Apostle F. D. Richards read the revelation given through President Taylor, October 23, 1882.

Choir sang an anthem and Apostle Richards closed.

Meeting at 2 p. m.

Singing, and prayer by Elder D. M. Stuart.

The Sacrament was administered. The clerk presented the general Church authorities.

Pastor Joseph F. Smith presented the authorities of Weber Stake, the following changes being inaugurated: Lewis Warren Shurtliff as President, Charles F. Middleton 1st Counselor, Nils Christian Flygare 2nd Counselor, Aaron W. Farr, Lorin Farr, John Hastings, John Barker, Thomas Hill and Allen Mo. Quarrie were presented for ordination as patriarchs. Elder Edwin Stratford as Bishop of the 4th Ward, Ogden, Winthrop Farley as his 1st Counselor and Thomas Jordan Stevens 2d Counselor, also George W. Bramwell, Jr., as Bishop of Plain City Ward John Spels as his 1st Counselor Peter C. Green, 2nd Counselor. All of whom, with the other Stake and Ward authorities were sustained.