To the Members of the Council, and House of Representatives, of the Legislature of Utah:

Through the manifold blessings of an indulgent God, we are met, to again consider of the public interest; and to adopt such rules, regulations, and measures, as shall best subserve the welfare of the

people, and promote the weal of the rising State. Our most profound acknowledgements are due, to the Giver of all good, who hath caused the earth to bring forth in its strength, the grain, and the rich fruits thereof; and crowned the efforts of the pass-

We are cheered, by the glad sounds of peace and prosperity, which reach us, from all parts of the Territory.

No sound of war has awakened the lonely dell, nor disturbed the un-broken quiet of the peaceful settlements; indicating a peaceful disposition on the part of our tawny neighbors, hitherto unknown.

Many hostile bands of the native tribes, have smoked the pipe of peace, and renewed friendly relations, which long before had coased to exist; which the exercise of a genial influence, by the rapidly extending settlements of the whites, it is believed, may be strengthened, and it is

mately acquainted with the wishes of the people, and possessed with every requisite qualification for logislators, are not well versed in the practice of courts of law and chancery; the settlements of estates of decedents; arrangement of a criminal or civil code, and many other decedents; arrangement of a criminal or civil code, and many other things, which form the rules of good, and wise government, and are essential to the peace, and good order of society. A proper consideration in the formation of laws, is calculated to prevent litigation. Laws suitable to the situation, and circumstances of the people, who are to be affected by them, and for the uniform rule of practice, or nffected by them, and for the uniform rule of practice, and decision of the courts throughout the Territory, are desirable, and necessary. It should moreover be the nim of the law-making department, to study simplicity in their enactments, that every person may approach the Temple of Justice, either in his own defence, or tu obtain that justice, which should without unnecessary delay, be impartially administered to all; whether rich or poor, bond or free, black or white. Let every man iff he chooses, he his own lawyer; and never invest your courts, with

been understood, their administration has been attended with the hap-

Owing to there being no funds in the Territory to defray the expense of proparing and publishing the Laws, that important duty, as well as the distribution of them, to the various officers of the Territory, was unavoidably delayed until a late day. To this cause may in part be attributed, the delay of the reports of many of the officers, entrusted with the collection of the public funds; but few of whom as yet have made any report, as also delay of various duties, devolved upon the goods. State Commissioner, who is now absent, engaged in their performance. But little can be said as yet, in relation to the pecuniary affairs of the Territory; yet sufficient is known to warrant the belief, that the present assessment, when collected, will pay all existing indebtedness. Pre-uming upon this favorable state of things, I have directed the erection of a bridge across the Sevier river, which, I understand, is now completed, and the expense of which, I feel assured will be promptly met by the necessary appropriation, upon the report of the State Commissioner

I would recommend, that a similar improvement, be made across Green and Bear rivers, and that the necessary measures for their croction be completed at an early day; as the winter, and early spring months, while the water is at its low stage, furnishes the only suitable upportunity.

Domestic manufactures, I am happy to state, are in a flourishing condition; considerable quantities of Leather, and Crockery having found their way into market, and a large amount of clothing has been made, principally by the hands of the "good housewife," who thereby adds dignity to her station, and reflects credit, and honor upon her household. Specimens of Iron have also been forwarded from the Works in Iron county, which, for the first run, was exceedingly flattering. It separates well, but owing to Sulphur in the coal, not being sufuccently extracted, was thereby injured; but a little experience in comvining material, and continued effort, it is believed, will soon produce that article in great abundance, and of good quality. A liberal hand should be extended unto the enterprising men who have nobly devoted their time, under circumstances of penury and waat, in producing an article of so much moment as Iron, to the argent necessities, and future wealth of the Territory. It will soon pay its own way, and become a source of profit to the producers; but until returns can be received, the enterprise exhausts the means of operators, and they should be relieved by the public funds

It is to be regretted, that the operator in the Woollen Factory, Mr. Gaunt, declined the appropriation of two thousand dollars, made to parther the enterprise; the terms, in his estimation, being too stringent; de has however, with that indomitable energy, which so strongly charactorizes the man, progressed in the work, slowly it is true; but he is

of that article from the Beet, have come together from the 'Old World,' wants of the people.

The work on the Cottonwood Canal, is progressing rapidly at present,

and will most probably soon be completed.

A contract has also been made, to finish the excavation around the point of the Utah mountain, which will involve an additional appropri-Various privileges of bridges, roads, and ferries, were granted o individuals by the last Legislature. During the height of the cinigration, some few complaints were made, of the abuse of the privileges so granted; but the courts, when appealed to, usually settled all such complaints in a summary manner; and so far as I could learn, giving concral satisfaction. Those privileges are generally a source of much wont to the grantees, and I will here suggest the propriety of turning hem to some account, by the way of permanent improvements, either by devoting the per centum arising therefrom, to assist the emigrating runds, creeting public buildings, or impose upon the grantees, the duty of creeting good and substantial bridges across the various streams. All such grants should be guarded in their provisions, so that a traveler may not be imposed upon, nor yet be permitted to impose upon a small company, who ofttimes at a distance from any settlement, afford that accomnodation, which the complaining emigrant would not be without, for

buildings, has been obviated by the purchase of the Council House in his city, which was made by the Legislature of last winter, and at present accommodates the public officers, and people, as well, and perhaps better, than any other place; yet it is desirable to accomplish the work at Fillmore, to meet the wishes and convenience of the people, who expoet a fair division of time and travel, by concentrating public business, at a more central point. That Fillmore City is destined to become hat point in population, as well as geographically, the direction which the almost entire emigration of the present season has taken, abun-

inntly proves. The University works, so far as building and making improvements upon the grounds selected for their operations are concerned, are suspended for the want of funds. Thus while every interest pertaining to he public welfare, is rapidly progressing, it would seem that that of education, the most important of all, is measurably neglected; yet this is not in reality so much the ease, as apparently would appear; in nearly all the different districts, good School Houses are, or being erected, and great attention is being paid to common schools. There are also many relect schools, in which are taught the Languages, and various accomplishments of music, &c. A Mathematical School is much needed, and it is most sincerely hoped, that such a course will be adopted in relation to it, that one will be established upon a permanent basis. I carnot too earnestly recommend to your favorable consideration, this subject; fraught as it is, with the deepest interest to the well being of the rising generation, which, will ere long be our representatives upon the

The Military, under the provisions of the law of the last Legislature. have an officient organization, numbering over two thousand, and are generally well furnished with ammunition and arms. It has been somewhat difficult, to induce men to retain a requisite amount of Powder on what difficult, to induce men to retain a requisite amount of Powder on hand, for such emergencies as might occur in a wild, Indian country, awing to the scarcity and consequent advanced price; yet upon a rigid exhalations of the morning, beneath the influence of the rising Sun. The conditions as may be agreed on. Having had fit considering to the forces by the Adjutant General, a sufficiency was found; inspection of the forces by the Adjutant General, a sufficiency was found; thus far, seem sufficient to guarantee safety, and repose; but not until and considering Toolee country the best place for the safety and considering Toolee country the best place for the safety and considering Toolee country the best place for which, in addition to the amount in Military Store, will, if retained on hand, prove sufficient for any exigency that will be likely to arise. The manufacture of Powder would be a salutary measure, if by encouragement by the Legislature it could be accomplished in the Territory, as the Indian trade in that article, is becoming extensive, causing a cerresponding advance in the price.

liberal encouragement from the Legislature. It is gratifying to witness cease to appropriate to an inordinate capidity, the souls of men; and the exertions and success of the people thus far, in supplying their own northern fanaticism learn to know that "Canaan" shall be servant of wants, and the consequent independence which it is gradually, but surely servants unto his brethren; and that there is but little merit, in subinspiring in their bosoms; but much remains to be done. Unquestional verting the decrees of Providence, or substituting their own kindled bly, in a sparsely peopled country, settled by those persons, who, having spirit and fiesh, to perform the offices allotted by superior wisdom to the exhausted all their means in accomplishing their journey to the Territo-descendants of Cain. If they wish to do them a kindness, and are ry, manufactures must spring up in the domicil of the citizen; the spin-actuated by the "higher law principle," let them purchase them into ning-wheel, and the hand-loom, must discourse their parlor music, and Fassbou, and place them in their own household, where they can parchant meludies at the fit eside of the thrifty artizan. A thousand miles take of their kindness, wisdom, and intelligence, and also participate and transportation, will long afford protection, and encouragement for in the sympathics of their "Soi disant" friends, thereby obviating the such productions. The Territory is fast filling up with the requisite necessity of white servants, who should tread the theatre of life and material, and a growing disposition on the part of the people, to furnish action, in a higher sphere: also obviating that hitter hatred, which the their own supplies—to rely upon their own exertions, and home productions for home consumption, will surely result in ample resources of the bosoms of those, who should (being of a common brotherbood,) wealth and independence to the people; and add dignity an linfluence to the State. The road to affluence, is not pursued by any surer metalth, session for the decision of her citizens, and the last than by a well directed industry and perseverance. Labor is wealth, and supplies the world with luxuries, comforts, and necessaries, which gold could never purchase. The former is productive of wealth, but the latter impoverishes. In the poverty of the State, but little if any direct assistance can be granted; but associations of labor and capital, arrived, and each seem willing and anxious to discharge the duties of the supplies the world with associations of labor and capital, arrived, and each seem willing and anxious to discharge the duties of their colline. may be sanctioned by law, and greatly tend to inspire enterprise.

1 do therefore most carnestly desire, that you will lend your aid,

tellectual faculties, in order that the Earth, and her subsequent inhabitants, may be benefitted by the best services of her citizens during their ed them for their homeward trip, which, under other circumstances temporary sojourn thereon, while passing the ordeal of life in time, all they might have been years in accomplishing. Thus was opened up that conspire, not only to the welfare of society, in beatting the earth for its flood of treasure, which has already caused many a heart to nehe in the reception; but also in expanding the mind; inciting its energies; its prolonged absence of dearest friends, too many of whom, alas! fill a

families, until they could be produced by Manufactories established as is still her ery, and though she may annually produce her \$100,000,000, mong themselves within the Territory: even, if it had to be done at the sacrifice of a few comforts in the first instance, and at the expense of propriations for every necessary public improvement, also defraying raising a little less grain, or cultivating a few less acres of land, they her expenses in the Indian department, amounting in all, to nearly would in my opinion find their own interest materially advanced, and four millions of dollars, she yet westers under a very heavy indebtedthe circulating medium would soon find its home in the Territory, in pess: while Utah produces none of the precious metal, and receives stead of traveling to Eastern cities, to defray the expense of imported comparatively nothing from the General Government : still she has her

and regulations, under which, they have flourished or declined, and will impatient and greedy seeker after gold, finds himself anable either to serve as Beacon Lights, to guide the path of others who shall follow, purchase or secure: thus demonstrating to the understanding of every that they may shan their follies, and imitate wherein their acts are observer, that labor, rightly directed, in producing from the native fraught in wisdom. But peculiar as we are in many respects in society, element, the indispensable supplies, as well as luxuries to the inhabiand the formation of our settlements unlike any other State or Territory, tunts of the carth, becomes the operating agent, the capital stock, the situated in the midst of savage Tribes, and surrounded on all sides by a helt of hundreds of miles in width; which is only inhabited by them, and happiness to the people.

It is gratifying to behold in the people of the Territory, an inflexiand the scarcely wilder, or more ferocions be st of the forest; and moreover, being thrown entirely upon our own resources, for every on- ble determination to progress in public enterprize and improvements; couragement for public improvement, you will find that in many instances, to make laws suitable to the circumstances of the people, you will have to pursue an unbeaten track, and bring forth from your own store of wisdom, and intelligence, and the inspiration that may be within rou, such measures as shall subserve the last unterest of the round, where representation to progress in public enterprize and improvement; so determination to progress in public enterprize and improvements; in affording them those facilities always accorded to other Territories. It will not prove detrimentation to progress in public enterprize and improvements; in affording them those facilities always accorded to other Territories. It will not prove detrimentation to progress in affording them those facilities always accorded to other Territories. It will not prove detrimentation to progress in affording them those facilities always accorded to other Territories. It will not prove detrimentation to progress in affording them those facilities always accorded to other Territories. It will not prove detrimentation to progress in affording them those facilities always accorded to other Territories. It will not prove detrimentation to progress in affording them those facilities always accorded to other Territories. It will not prove detrimentation to progress in affording them those facilities always accorded to other Territories. It will not prove detrimentation to progress in affording them those facilities always accorded to other Territories. It will not prove detrimentation to progress in affording them those facilities always accorded to other Territories. It will not prove detrimentation to progress in affording them those facilities always accorded to other Territories. It will not prove detrimentation to progress in affording them those facilities always accorded to other Territories. It will not prove the control of the control of the control of them those facilities always accorded to other Territories. It will not prove the cont

mon with all the rest, owing to an inadequate salary, has been compelled equal. to resort to other arocations than his office, to sustain himself and family. It is an undeniable fact, that however small may be their compensation, yet it is ample for the services which the exercise of their blessings, which will be sought, and surely obtained, through self-exoffice require; which owing to the peaceful disposition of the people, relieves them of many duties that otherwise might involve much more of their time. I speak more particularly of the Judges, one of whom source from whence it emanates. We have sufficient supplies of food as yet, has performed the duties of that office in all the districts, and and raiment; let us be thankful to that Omnipresent Being, whose has had time to spare towards procuring a living by other means than tender mercies are over all his works. So shall the true principles of his salary.

otherizes the man, progressed in the work, slowly it is true; but he is now weaving, and by another year, will be enabled to do an extensive business.

I am also happy to announce the arrival in our Territory, of the machinery for the manufacture of Sugar, from the Beet. The machinery, and operators, who have been accoustomed to the manufacture, of that article from the Beet, have come together from the fold World.

The law of last session, districting the Territory into Judicial Districts, and assigning the Judges thereto, being made in accordance with peculiar circumstances then existing; owing to the arrival of one more of the Judges, should be made conformable to the present existing; owing to the arrival of one more of the Judges, should be made conformable to the present existing; owing to the arrival of one freedom, consists in having constain to the duties which pertain to more of the Judges, should be made conformable to the present existing; owing to the arrival of one freedom, consists in having reachness and wisdom, in attending to the duties which pertain to the present existing; owing to the arrival of one of the Judges, should be made conformable to the present existing; owing to the arrival of one of the duties which pertain to districts, and assigning the Judges thereto, being made in accordance with peculiar circumstances then existing; owing to the arrival of one of the duties which pertain to the present existing to the duties which pertain to the present existing to the duties which pertain to the present existing the Judges thereto, being made in accordance with peculiar circumstances then existing; owing to the arrival of one of the duties which pertain to the duties therein assigned to the Ilon.

Z. Snow, who, by the provisions of that law, was required to perform the duty of bolding courts in all the districts, and accordance of the duties which pertain to districts, and defined in accordance of the duties therein assigned to the Ilon.

To you Gentlemen, Legislators, I appeal in behalf

believed, promoted the interest of the community:—yet in their effect, and operation, many are defective, requiring revision; in particularing the duties of Officers and modes of procedure in assessing property, and collecting the Revenue; as also in elections, and returns of in the strength of a free Government, arise steadily, but surely, being the same; and of the Accounting Officers in general, they might very essentially be improved. Existing laws, which have proven generally dence, and economy; to occupy her station among the nations of the satisfactory, and are applicable to the circumstances of the people, earth, and her sons and daughters, have the proud reflection of having should remain unmolested, as permanency in legislation, begets confilence in the bosoms of the people, in their acts; and the longer creign, and independent State. in practice being better understood: hence easier in their enforcement and execution: the more prempt and energetic their execution, the better is the government. More peace and safety, equity and confidence may be reposed in a Government, where the laws the defective, are well known and promptly administered; than when by too frequent interruptions, and changing, by the Legislature: neither the people, nor officers, fully understand them. Hence their often improper, and tardy officers, fully understand them. Hence their officer improper, and good order, and consequent derangement in the quiet, and good order, the will give one saddle tree for three good beef hides and too frequently prosperity of society.

It is better to have no law, and so understood by the people, than one, no matter how wise in its provisions, yet to remain as a dead letter upon the statute book.

The Public Buildings at Fillmore City, are slowly progressing in the hands of the Superintendent of Public Works. The foundation for the south wing is nearly up; but mechanical labor for the present exigency for those the winter is suspended. Although the present exigency for those publicity, which is the more formidable by no nearly annihilates time and space, his city, which was made by the Legislature of last winter, and at yet every American heart, can but sensibly for the vibration of her internal policy.

CALIFORNIA GOLD.

WE would intorm the citizens of Utah that we have effected an arrangement with the hank-need into her internal policy, and public cets; although situated at so great a distance from her councils, which is the more formidable by no nearly annihilates time and space, yet every American heart, can but sensibly for the vibration of her internal policy.

Persons baying friends in California for the would intorm the citizens of Utah that we have effected an arrangement with the hank-need into her internal policy, and public cets; although situated at so great a distance from her councils, which is the more formidable by no nearly annihilates time and space, yet every American heart, can but sensibly for the vibration of her internal policy.

Persons baying friends in California for the hank-need into her internal policy, and public cets; although situated at so great a distance from her councils, which is the more formidable by no nearly annihilates time and space, yet every American heart, can but sensibly for the vibration of her internal policy.

Persons baying friends in California for the hank-need into her internal policy, and public cets; although situated at so in house of Page, Bacon, & Co., by which they have effected an arrangement with the hank-need into her internal policy, and public cets; although situated at so are authorized to draw on us from citizens of the Council House in have effected an arrangement with the hank-need into her internal policy, and public cets; although s pulse, determining the state or condition of the Body Politic.

Although absorbed as she has recently been, in President making, the reassembling of Congress, will, most probably reunite old party issues; and party clamor, and party fights as usual, dispose of the people's money, and the people's rights! Humiliating indeed to every patriot heart, to every lover of peace & good order, is the reflection, that our country's revenues appear to be a greater inducement in com-manding the services of her sons, the talent of the Nation, than a patriotic sense of duty inspired by a live of her institutions, and devotion to her interests.

The scramble for office is such, that the more sensible, and reflecting man, becoming disgusted with the chieanery, and juggling of political left jaw; black speck on the upper lip; long home, tricksters, refrains from participating in the arona of politics; and standing a arly straight up; some white about the hence the ship of state, is left to be guided by the reckless adventurer, flanks and hip, and brailed like the other; one has from whose self sordid, and ambitious views, cmanate his political ear marks not recollected; the other has none.coonomy, and circumseribe his country's glory, by bartering her free Any internation respecting said oxen, given to J dom, and her excellence, for individual aggrandizement and party interest. Hence the sound of dissension, secession, and disunion; which fully received but a few years ago, no man dared utter aloud: have now become topics oct16-25tf of general conversation; and statesmen in the halls of Congress coolly and deliberately hold forth the merits, and demerits of measures, which shall rive asunder the Federal Compact and destroy the bond of Union, the ever glorious Constitution; that honored, sacred, and invaluable you to get it. Pension is due all who have in the bequest of Patrictic Fathers. Hence also the fanatical bigot with the least been disabled in the service or by the service spirit of northern supremacy, seeks to enwrap in sacrilegious flame, the cf the United States. altar of his country's liberties, offering an unholy sacrifice, which, . jy10-18tt arising in encircling wreaths of dark and turbid columns, emitting in fitful glare the burning lava, betokens 'ere while her consummation.

the subject of servitude and the relation existing between Master and that kind of stock he has seen in America, he flat-Servant shall be understood and acted upon, and carried out by all ers himself of giving general satisfaction to all parties on a rightcous principle, may we expect quiet in our Nation's toncerned. For further particulars, apply to councils. When southern Statesmen shall learn that Afric's sons and daughters are not goods and chattels, and will attach unto them, that Tooele City, Aug. 13 1852 21tf

Every species of Domestic manufacture, should meet with the most humanity and moral accountability to which they are entitled; and

their calling, irrespective of an inadequate renuncration which barely meets their expenses, without any compensation for services. While Congress has lavished her millions upon Culifornia, doubling the salsettlements of the whites, it is believed, may be strengthened, and it is hoped, will be enduring.

In accordance with the law of last session, authorizing a Code Commission, I appointed, with the approval of the Council, Elias Smith, Wm. Pickett, and Albert Carrington, Esqrs., to fill said commission, but nothing was done until after the adjournment of the Legislature, when Wm. Pickett, leaving the Territory, created a vacancy, which was filled by the appointment of William Snow, Esquire. Of their doings I am not advised, but understand that they are at work, and probably, will ere long, make a report to the Legislative Assembly. I am sanguine ere long, make a report to the Legislative Assembly. I am sanguine in the belief, that the Commission is better calculated to produce a consistent, and practicable code of laws, with Ic is expense, than any Legislative, when repairs are to be mide, or accidents by breakage, or otherwise, are to be reinedied: it would select the commission is better calculated to produce a consistent, and practicable code of laws, with Ic is expense, than any Legislative and produced to the renedied: it would select all the commission is better calculated to produce a consistent, and practicable code of laws, with Ic is expense, than any Legislative and produced the produce and the commission is better calculated to produce a consistent, and practicable code of laws, with Ic is expense, than any Legislative and produced the produced and the resources of the Territory, and therefore most carnestly desire, that you will lend your and, influence, and power, to promote the cause of the sail arished her millions upon California, doubling the sall and influence, and power, to promote the cause of the soil. In this connection it is proper to remark, that is proper to remark, that is proper to remark. The connection is proper to remark, that is proper to remark. The connection is proper to remark. The connection is proper to remark. The connection is proper to remark the connection it is proper t be suicidal to any enterprize, to be obliged to suspend operations, until such remedy could be procured from the Eastern manufactories. It therefore becomes necessary, to manufacture machinery itself, in order to be able to construct machinery for all useful purposes.

be suicidal to any enterprize, to be obliged to suspend operations, until two thousand miles from their families and friends, without means to fit out, or defray the expense of transportation back to the then uncertain location of the moving camps, which, when they left a year and a order to be able to construct machinery for all useful purposes.

enterprize; qualifies it for an expited existence, and contributes to the welfare, and happiness of buman beings.

I have dwelt more particularly upon this subject, feeling its imif he chooses, he his own lawyer; and never invest your courts, with mists and fogs, or mirage if you please, of by-gone ages; as we find to be too frequently the case, as though there had been made no advancement in the science of law, as well as the other learned professions.

Under the present enactments, so far as I can learn, where they have been understood, their administration has been attended with the hapgoods.

It well becomes those entrusted by the partiality of the people with public affairs, to advance by every possible means in their power, their peaceful relations with the Indians, at her own expense; and still is free interest, and promote by wise and judicious legislation, the well being of from debt. As with the Government, so with the people, scarcely an society. In all your deliberations, this object should be kept in view: the general well being of society, and the advancement of her general seek the glittering ore, but has declined in point of wealth, while those interests. In many of the older States and Territories have been enacted laws sides securing unto themselves a location and improvements, which the

best interest of the people, whose representatives you are.

Two and a half years ago, this Territory was organized by act of Congress; since when, until within the last two months, but one of the non-resident officers has performed any service therein; and he, in com-

self-government be taught, and carried out in the school of experience, The law of last session, districting the Territory into Judicial Dis- and the children of men be again admonished that true liberty and

The general effect of the laws, now in force in the Territory, so far as the privileges and blessings of free institutions, shall welcome the and being under the direction of energetic, enterprising, and able men, will doubtless seen furnish an abundant supply of that article, for the believed promoted the interest of the community—vet in their effect, habit where the wide spread vale, the darkling kanyon, and the tower-

G. S. L. City, December 13th, 1852.

STOP THAT HORSE

making, for want of bides to cover them with. well saved, delivered at Ames' tannery. sep18-23tf LEVI JACKMAN

CALIFORNIA GOLD.

they expect money, will do well to inform them of the fact, as they will find this a safe and speedy way to make remittances. LIVINGSTON & KINKEAD. aug7-20tf

STRAYED,

ROM Cottonwood range, one yoke of oxen.— The nigh ox a dark red, with white line across the side; terminates to a point near the back behind the shoulder; some white about the flanks and hips; smalt white spot in the face; branded slightly on the high shoulder with the letter J .other a red ox, white face, red spot on the left jaw; black speck on the upper lip; long hoins, Wright, South Cottonwood ward, win be thank MRS. JOHN BROWN.

S. M. BLAIR.

SHEEP! SHEEP!! SHEEP!! Huppily this "zeal without knowledge" may evaporate, like the thousand Sheep on the shares, or such other

**さらぞるま** a to give notice to he is prepared to taile of Utah Lake tunity. He will be this charge, should certs per head read reads. EEEEDING
the citizens generally, that keep a herd of calife, on the west and on the finest range in the west they be lost or stolen. Terms, 2 day.

d immediately bretliren who avor by saving re same to the Supt. HALE: HALE:
HELS HALE wanted is e Public Works. The brit hogs will confer a favo, brightes and bring the sir which they will be all lithing. DO BUSHE are killing their ho all the hair and br Public Whers for w price on their Tith feh7-7tf

> I B REWAITD.
>
> Stolen, from the subscriber, two is a pale red, white spotted, and the white on his face is a small the other is a light duri, on one of the a long claw, turned up. Both are y brand on the left shoulder.
>
> JOHN W. HESS,
> North Cottonwood, Davis Co. SIG STRAYED or S Oxen; one is white faced; in the black spot. The of hind feet he has a learned of with my b

r bushelfer per lb. fer al. O. H. 17th ward. D. HENE, FRER L good If mp teed, and twen good chan Hemp or Flax in ste Cogswells', or by the subscriber Bing all you can, whether in nov6.26if

of to his putcons on years' favors, and the leys of Ephraim y moderate, and in all operations in all operations nov15-tf A. NEIBAUR.
DEN'IST, grateful of ds for the last eleven y tinuance of their kindu lie citizens of the valley! His charges are strictly of warranted to be given in SURGEON DI solicits a continu patronage of the c in general. His e satisfiction is warn erformed by him.

OST in this City, Nov. 3d, Due Bill, from Liv-HAT has no saddle on. -- The subscriber is ob-liged to discontinue his business at saddle-tree \$70, abating a small endorsement. The finder will please leave it with Father John Smith.
WM. F. FOLLET.

Nov. 6th, 1852-3t.

BRIGHAM YOUNG.

BEAUTY AND ECONOMY.

WILLIAMS, L. O. T. O. J., Tailor and Renovator, respectfully informs the citizens of Great Salt Lake city and vicinity, that he is prepared to clean gentlemen's clothing. Mondays and Thursdays are the days for cleaning. Public hands can have their clothes cleaned

for church orders. Cutting and making done on the shortest notice SHOP-Up stairs, over the Tithing office.

BARBER SHOP & EATING HOUSE.

(HOT MEALS AT ALL HOURS.) customers and friends, that he has opened, connection with his Barber Shop, an Eating House, where he will endeavor to accommodate his patrons in the best possible manner, with every variety of refreshments the Valley can afford. an24-6tf WM. HENNEFER

WEAVING! WEAVING! THE subscriber is prepared to receive Yarn to weave into Jeans, Cloth. Flannels, Sattinetts, or Blankels from four quarters wide to twelve quarters wide if required; plain Cloth and Flannels 12 1-2 cents per yard for four quarters wide &c., OLD SOLDIERS.

OLD SOLDIERS.

VAR 1812, and 1813, and 1814, you are entitled to land or money; call and 1 will assist you to get it. Pension is due all who bave in the most of the width, Jeans and Sattinetts for Iron, done at the Woollen Factory. We expect our Folling Mill ready in five weeks.

nov6-26-if MATTHEW GAUNT

\$20 REWARD.

STRAYED or stolen, on the 19th inst., a large bay Horse, a white strip in his face, the tip of both ears cut off, and thin in flesh. Also, in August last a large voke of Oxen, nine years old, one a light red, white belly and white up both flanks nearly to his hip bones, the other a slate color. some white on his back, and belly mixed with the slate color. Any person who will return the horse shall have ten dollars. Also ten dollars for returning the Oxen. Any information can be left with Samuel Mulliner at the Deseret Tonnery, or the suscriber at the Willow Springs, Davis County, nov6-26-tf WM. BROWN.

NOTICE.

WE WISH to inform the citizens of Utah gen-VV erally, that we are going into the business of manufacturing nails, and wish to purchase all the old wrought and cast iron we can, for which we will pay a liberal price, either in nails, or apply the same on Tithing. feb7-7tf BURR FROST & CO.

Exchange on St. Louis.

HAVING entered into arrangements with the well known Bankers Messrs Page and Bacon of St. Louis Mo., we are now prepared to sell sights or time bills of exchange on them, in sums to suit purchasers, we are also prepared to pay on presentation the drafts of Messrs Page Bacon and Co. Bankers of San Francisco and Sacramento, we with also purchase certificates of deposits of money or bills of exchange, on the Eastern cities or any parts LIVINGSTON & KINKEAD.

sep4-22-tf.

A BOUT the 15th of July from the land ridge on the west side of Jordan, two yoke of cattle; one yoke are black, with line back; one of them has got a white face, both branded on the left hip with the church brand, t. The other yoke are a light brindle, a little white on his back, grey in the face; the right horn droops a little more than the left; the other a deep red, with a white spot in the face about the size of one's hand, and some white un-der the belly; T F cut on the left horn of both of

Any person finding the above oxen and giving me information at the P. O., where they may be obtained, or bring them to me, in the 15th ward, will be liberally rewarded. DR. D. BICHARDSON,

HYSICIAN and Surgeon, would respectfully inform the citizens of this place and vicinity.

that he keeps constantly on hand his celebrated Physical, Vegetable, Bitters and Pills, adapted to the cure of all diseases which arise from an impure state of the blood and stomach; which imparts lasting strength and vigor to the whole system.

See handbills for their utility.

Medical advice given, free of charge.

Also, I have on hand Trusses; spinal, abdominal, and uterine Supporters.
AGENTS-Jas Lewis, Parowan city; Isaac Mor ley, Manti city: Lorin Farr, Ogden city; Isaac

Highee, Provo city.
N. E. Corner of W. Temple and 2d south sts.

S. HOTCHKISS, M. D.,

ENTIST, Residence west side of 14th ward,
opposite sheriff Ferguson's.

nov15-1ti

HOLLIDAY & WARNER VILL receive and open for sale by Wednesday 25 inst., their stock of goods for the season, which consists of a general assortment of staple and domestic goods. BOOTS and SILOES, PAINTS and OILS, GLASS, HARDWARE and CUT. LERY, NAILS &c., which added to their present large stock will render their assortment complete.— Thankful for past patronage they solicit a continuance of the same.

HOLLADAY & WARNER. aug@1 1852-2116

TAKING A HERD. THE subscriber will take Cattle to herd on reasonable terms; also cows on shares.

JACOB HAMBLING,

P. S. I will be at the Council House every oth-Saturday, in the forenoon. sep12p3-if er Saturday, in the forenoon.

LIVINGSTON & KINKEAD. WOULD inform their triends and the citizens generally, of Utah Territory, that they have authentic information from their train of merchandize, which states that it will arrive in this city by the 15th day of August.
We will then be prepared to offer for inspection

and sale, our usual large stock;—consisting of every description of Staple Dry Goods.

Such as Sheetings, shirting, stripes, calicoes, cottonades, satinetts, &c. Also, Boots and Shoes, hats and caps, nails, gro-

ceries, &c. &c. All of which are of the first quality, and will be sold as low as they can be afforded in this market.

TERRITORY OF UTAH.
Great Salt Lake county.

THE County Count of Great Sait Lake County, on the petition of D. H. Wells for the exclusive control, and privilege of the wood, timber, lumber, poles, grass, stone, road and water, of the kanyon commonly known as emigration kanyon, including the entire country. entire control and privilege of said kanyon, and its tributaries to the summit of the outer-side ridge of the same from and above a certain point known at the point where the present emigration road terminates in said kanyon, and turns off to pass over the Be it ordered by this Court, That the said D. H.

Be it ordered by this Court, That the said D. R. Wells have the exclusive control of the aforcsaid kanyon, and that he make a good wagon road, and keep it in repair; also keep the same open to the public, for the purpose of bulling out wood and poles by paying him twenty five cents per load for each load of wood and poles banked out of said kanyon.

I hereby certify that the above is a correct transcript from the records of the County Court, Great Salt Lake County.

Salt Luke County.

Given under my hand the seal of the Elek of the County Court of G. S. L. County.

Given under my hand the seal of the County Court of G. S. L. County.

JAMES W. CUMMINGS.

Clerk of the County Court of G. S. L. Co.

In connection with the foregoing, I wish to observe that arrangements are now making, to construct good road into the aforesaid kanyon, and that all per sons are expected to desist from hauling out wood

poles or timber, unless previous arrangements are made with John Killman, who is living in the kanyon, or the subscriber in this city.

nov6-26-1852tf

D. H. WELLS. D. H. WELLS. LAT. 40° 45' 44" LON. 111° 26' 34" DESERET NEWS.

Published every other Suturday, at five dollar per annum, payable invariable in advance. Single copy, 25 cents. Papers delivered at the post office, which will be upen each Sabbath, from 12, to 1 o'clock, p. m.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING. For a square of 10 lines or less, 1st insertion, \$ 1.5 Each subsequent insertion, FOUND AND LOST.

Found and lost articles from 1 to 3 lines, inserted AGENTS.

City Bishops for their respective wards. North Weber-Lewis Hardy. Ogden City & Brownsville-ISAAC CLARK's Ogden's Hole-LEMURI MALORY. Kay's Ward-Wm. Kay. North Cottonwood-LYMAN HINMAN. Cherry Settlement-A. B. CHERRY. Sessions' Settlement-John Stoker. Tooele Valley-Jour Rowbergy. South Cottonwood-J. C WRIGHT. Big Cottonwood-Ezrniel Lee. Little Cottonwood-Silas RICHARDS. Mill Creck-REUBEN MILLER. West Jordan-Joseph Harker. Evansville, Utah Valley-BISHOP EVANS. American Fork-Bishop L. E. HARRINGTON. Battle Creek and Pleasant Grove-G. S. CLARS Provo City-ISAAC HIGBER. Springville and Spanish Fork-AARON JOHNSOI Payson-C. B. HANCOCK. Summitcreek—B. F. Johnson. Salt Creek—T. B. Foote.

Manti City, San Pete Co.—Nelson Higgins.
Fillmore City, Millard Co.—Anson Call.
Parowan City, Iron Co.—J. C. L. Shith. Coal Creek-HENRY LUNT. Santa Clara and Rio Virgin JOHN D. LEE Settlements, San Barnidino, California-R. R. Hopkins

St. Louis, Mo., and the States H. S. Eldredge New Orleans—Maj. 3. Brown.

Texas, and southern States—Preston Thomas.
All remittances in the States may be made to Ger
Eldredge, St. Louis, Mo.