

## BY TELEGRAPH.

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## AMERICAN.

NEW YORK, 29.—The *Herald* gives the following list of dead as far as known: Mamie Beach, two years of age, daughter of the late Judge Beach, of Glencove, Long Island; Martha Bolet, eight years of age, Fifty-third street, between Second and Third Avenues; Constantine Cherry, four years old, No. 232 Second Avenue; Mrs. G. W. Colton, No. 1,350 Pacific street, Brooklyn, drowned; Jones, colored child of Charity Jones, No. 109 West Twenty-sixth street; Mrs. Mary Reed, drowned.

Shaler, child of Mrs. Shaler, No. 405 West Fifty-third street, who was saved with her other child; Vanderwater, two years of age, of Glencove, L. I., body not recovered; unknown, dead, male child, eight months old, burned, female child, twelve months old, a woman forty years of age, burned to a crisp, a boy three years old, a German woman and a baby eighteen months old, drowned.

Wm. R. Grace, of 87 Wall street, reported lost, together with his wife and child by the burning steamer *Seawanhaka*, last evening, is among the saved. The three were rescued after being in the water half an hour. Henry Arthur, leather merchant, 84 Gold street, was also saved. The body of J. H. Skidmore, 284 Pearl street, was found at the foot of One Hundred and Fifteenth street. He jumped overboard after shaking hands with his brother who was saved. The body at the morgue, supposed to be that of Rev. S. W. Diller, D.D., former rector of St. Luke's Church, Brooklyn, has not yet been identified. Two more bodies were picked up off Ward's Island, one a man forty years old, light complexion, sandy hair and whiskers and dressed in a black coat, checked jumper and blue overalls, the other was a man about 48 years of age, sandy moustache, and dressed in dark pants and checked jumper. The bodies of Mrs. Eveline D. Bennett, and her husband, A. B. Bennett, 18 and 20 Liberty street, were identified at the morgue and removed to their late residence in Brooklyn. The bodies of Mrs. Barbara Bouscher and Miss Lizzie Shaler, 36 West 54th street, were also identified.

Among the missing reported late this afternoon are, Mrs. Mary Ann Flinn, of Hyde avenue and 46th street; H. Harbud, of Great Neck, L. I.; Israel Bloomingdale, East 49th street. Mr. Harbud was formerly comptroller of currency under Secretary Chase, and has a brother living in Cincinnati. Mr. Harbud went on board the steamer with Miss Brumfield, who was saved.

Some terrible sights confronted the reporters at the scene of the wreck this morning. On the starboard side, nearly level with the water's edge, was a bed of cinders and iron containing the remains of two human bodies. Who they were will probably never be known, for the remains bore no resemblance more closely than chunks of burnt meat. The heads and limbs were welded by the fierce heat into a very small compass. The bodies lay about eight feet apart. On a part of a horizontal boiler, the ordinary position of which was directly beneath the main forward deck, were the bones of a third. How the person got there is a mystery, unless, indeed, he or she fell through the burning deck and there met a death a thousand times more horrible than by drowning. Under the mass of ruins that spread out from the hulk it is thought other bodies will be found.

College Point, L. I., 29.—Among those missing who were on board the *Seawanhaka*, when she burned, were: W. Nichols, Sea Cliff; Mrs. D. Meissner, Glenwood; E. Wagstaff, Whitestone.

Among the lost from the *Seawanhaka* was Julius Frank, aged 42. He leaves a wife and seven children. His body was recovered this morning and removed.

Edward J. Booth, lawyer, of Liberty Street, was a passenger and has not been heard from since the disaster. Charles Appleby, 155 Broadway, reported lost with his wife, writes both are safe and uninjured. Constantine Sherry, a child brought to the morgue this morning was recognized and taken away by its father, of 2327 Second Avenue. D. H. De Bevoise, age 31, of 31 Bowery, was recognized by his father and the body taken away this morning. Susan E. Coleton, aged 45 years, wife of George W. Coleton, agent of the Red Star steamship line,

is among the dead. Mary A. Reed, a girl about 20 years old, was identified this morning by a woman who said with tears in her eyes that Miss Reed was engaged to be married next month. She had not a relative in the world. The body is yet at the morgue. The body of Barbara Rouscher, German, aged 34 years, was lying on the marble slab, her arms clasping to her breast the body of an infant child. The husband and father recognized the dead wife and child to-day and they were removed to their late home, No. 42 West Fifty-third street. Lizzie Shaley, of No. 406 West Fifty-third Street, was recognized among the dead in the Morgue. Theo. Gauthier, Grocer, Sheriff Street, Clarence Vandewater and an unknown negro were identified. Four bodies are still unclaimed.

The excursion steamer *Long Branch*, just after casting off from the dock this morning and crowded with a Sunday school party on the way to Long Branch, was run into by an oil boat and crushed in below the water line. The boat began to fill, causing great alarm on board among the children and teachers, and making frantic the friends on shore who witnessed the collision. The boat speedily returned to the dock and all landed in safety. The boat is fast sinking.

The receipts of grain at this port have been unprecedentedly large, both yesterday and for the past week. Yesterday, the arrivals were in round numbers 550,000 bushels of wheat and 740,000 bushels of corn. For the week ending the 26th; they aggregated 5,213,330 bushels. The exports since Saturday were also very large, being of wheat 230,000 bushels and of corn 550,000 bushels. The visible supply has increased during the week in wheat 200,000 bushels, and in corn 89,000.

The *Times'* Washington special says: John C. New, of Indianapolis, is how in this city. In response to inquiries he said, this evening, that Indiana would surely be carried by the republicans. He remarked that at times during the Cincinnati convention he had feared the democrats would select a ticket that would give the republicans considerable trouble in his State. Now his anxiety had all disappeared. "McDonald would have carried the State," said he, "by 20,000 majority and Hendricks by 10,000, but the treatment which Hendricks received and the selection of English have secured the State to us beyond a doubt."

One hundred and eighty-six deaths were reported by the bureau of vital statistics yesterday. Thirty persons are reported as having died from the effects of heat, and 12 are reported prostrated.

WASHINGTON, 29.—The full text of the inter-ocean canal concession, granted by Nicaragua to the American Provisional Society has been received here. It is signed by Don Adam Cardenas, Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Mr. F. A. T. Menocal, member and commissioner of the Provisional Society. The concession has been duly ratified by the Nicaragua Government, and published as a law by the Republic. The Provisional Society, under the terms of this concession, secures exclusive privilege to construct a ship canal across the territory of Nicaragua. The canal is to be of sufficient dimensions to accommodate steamers of the largest class used between Europe and America, and the locks are to be not less than 300 feet long and 23 feet deep. The concession is for 99 years from the date of the opening of the canal for general traffic, and at the expiration of that period, Nicaragua is to take possession of the canal in perpetual, with the right reserved to the company to lease for another 99 years. During the period of the concession the company is to have the privilege of constructing a railway along the whole or any part of the canal; also such telegraph lines as it deems necessary for the construction and working of the canal, and these lines shall transmit public messages free of charge. The Government of Nicaragua will declare the terminal points, and the canal itself throughout its length is to be neutral, and that the transit, in case of war between other powers and Nicaragua shall be uninterrupted. In general the canal shall be open to the free navigation of all vessels, provided they pay the dues and observe the regulations of the company. Troops of foreign nations and vessels of war will be allowed to pass through the canal under the regulations of the existing treaty. Vessels-of-war belonging to other nations engaged in hostilities with Nicaragua or any

other republic of Central America will be vigorously excluded. An effort will be made to procure a guaranty from all powers of neutrality of the canal and of the azure along it and on the sea in the vicinity of the terminal ports where the dimensions will be defined.

CHICAGO, 29.—Supervisor of Census Wright reports that the latest returns have so far exceeded the estimates that the actual figures on hand at the close of office hours tonight, add up within a few hundred of 490,000, as the population of Chicago. Other returns will increase this total, but to what extent is not known.

Emory Storrs, of Chicago, and B. H. Brewster, of Philadelphia, have volunteered their services as counsel for the cadet Whittaker in the case. He asks for court martial.

The Supreme Court, at Springfield, this morning affirmed the constitutionality of the State railroad law. The Illinois Central will appeal to the United States Supreme Court.

It is understood the various telephone systems in use in Chicago are to be consolidated under one management and a preliminary agreement has been signed.

CLEVELAND, 29.—The *Leader* publishes the following: Gen. Garfield is daily receiving large numbers of letters from friends in all parts of the country, and though he has several secretaries and stenographers at his service, he is unable to answer all promptly. He wishes his friends to understand that all letters requiring answers will receive attention as early as possible. He mailed 150 this afternoon.

ST. LOUIS, 29.—The *Republican's* special from Warsaw, Illinois, say: The levee which protects the bottom lands in this county, broke last night, and the water is flowing through a crevasse 200 feet wide. All the wheat, corn and other crops will be lost, and 18,000 acres of land will be flooded. The people are engaged in getting their live stock off the bottom lands.

HARRISBURG, 29.—Two freight trains came in collision early this morning at Petersburg, on the Pennsylvania railroad. Another freight train, with John B. Crawford, engineer and M. A. Shriver, fireman, ran into the wreck and both men were instantly killed.

DENVER, 29.—The *Tribune's* Santa Fe special says: Generals Pope and Hatch had a conference in regard to the distribution of troops in Southern New Mexico. They agreed to scatter the soldiers in small detachments over the entire exposed territory and give Gen. Buel 900 men for active service.

The Leadville extension of the Denver and Rio Grande railway was completed to Malta at noon to-day, three miles from Leadville. The cars will run to Leadville within 10 days.

CINCINNATI, 29.—Dr. W. D. Semple, of Dayton, Ohio, who tried to drown himself in the river a few days ago and was rescued and sent to the workhouse, suicided by hanging himself in his cell this morning. He was dead when found.

TOPEKA, 30.—At a meeting of the Republican State Central committee last night, it was agreed to call a State convention at Topeka for Sept. 1st.

Louisville, 30.—The democrats of New Albany, Ind., nominated S. W. Zeckslager for Congress. Geo. A. Bicknell, the present incumbent, and Jephtha D. New, were his opponents.

NEW YORK, 30.—The hot, sultry weather continues, with no appearance of abatement, but rather otherwise. The deaths yesterday were 232, including 111 children. In Brooklyn there were 414 deaths during the week, as against 227 the preceding week. Of these, 339 were infants.

The *World's* Washington says: There is much talk here to the effect that Senator Wallace should take Barnum's place as chairman of the National Democratic Committee. Wallace was one of the original Hancock men, and being a personal friend of the General, should be selected for the chairmanship of the committee.

The *Times'* Washington special says: The friends of Hancock are quietly working to secure the withdrawal of Senator Barnum from the head of the National Committee, and the substitution of Senator Wallace. Barnum is recognized as a devoted friend of Tilden, who should fall with the discarded element, while Wallace was one of the foremost Hancock organizers.

MACON, Ga., 30.—Near 12 o'clock last night a meteorological barrel starting from the zenith, plunged

down the northeastern sky, and exploded with a report which reverberated for 30 seconds, and shook the earth at this point. The meteor was about five seconds falling, during which time the city was lit up by electrical light. Much excitement prevailed in negro quarters, the inhabitants rushing into the houses, closing the doors, and filling the air with screams and prayers. The time between the disappearance of the meteor and the report was about three minutes.

Thos. S. Moore, of 102 Broadway, reported missing after the *Seawanhaka* disaster, is among the saved. He jumped overboard and reached Ward's Island.

An explosion of a 20 pound keg of powder pulverized the iron safe on which it stood, in the office of the Ditman Powder Co., Park Place, and did other damage; miraculously nobody was killed.

Among the visitors on Hancock yesterday were the delegates from California and Nevada and Dr. Hitchcock, of San Francisco. He is overrun with visitors.

## FOREIGN.

LONDON, 29.—In the House of Commons Labouchere withdrew his resolution relative to Bradlaugh, in consequence of Gladstone having given notice of the government resolution to be submitted for adoption on Tuesday, that the House shall allow all elected members to affirm who may claim to do so instead of taking the oath.

In the House of Commons Sir Stafford Northcote announced he would move a rejection of Premier Gladstone's resolution providing that all elected members shall be permitted to affirm who may claim to do so, instead of taking the Parliamentary oath.

In the House of Commons, A. M. Sullivan gave notice of an amendment to Gladstone's resolution allowing all elected members to affirm, etc., to exclude Bradlaugh from its operation.

Bradlaugh addressed a large meeting in Trafalgar Square, last night, and will also address meetings in various towns and provinces.

A consultation of leading conservatives in the House of Commons has been determined on to consider the course to be taken on Gladstone's resolution in regard to Bradlaugh, which will be introduced on Thursday.

O'Donnell has written a long letter fiercely attacking Parnell and other home rulers, for supporting Bradlaugh, whom he describes as a revolting atheist.

A Paris dispatch says: In the voting of the Bureau of State yesterday for the committing of the plenary amnesty bill, 98 pronounced for amnesty, 119 against it, and 4 for amendment to the bill, including murderers and incendiaries. There was seventeen blank votes and seventy absentees, so that the fate of the bill is uncertain. The Conservative Senators mostly voted for amnesty and the Moderate Republicans opposed it. Although these proceedings are not conclusive as to the ultimate result, the coincidence of anti-Jesuit decrees and the amnesty bill is favorable to the chances of the latter. Many Senators recoil from the triumphal entry of Communists at the very moment when the Jesuits are driven out.

A dispatch from Corfu says: Abden Pasha, Turkish minister of foreign affairs, has sent a confidential circular to the chiefs of the Albanian League, saying he has reason to believe that the decisions of the supplementary conference at Berlin will not be prejudicial to the Albanian interests. At the same time he counsels the chiefs not to remain inactive. He says the Porte will protect them against the covetous designs of their neighbors. The circular concludes as follows: "Remain united and firm. Such is the supreme will of the Sultan."

Dollymount, 29.—The weather early this morning was very threatening, but towards 11 a.m. the wind shifted to the west and it then became cloudy, but not threatening, the wind blowing straight on the targets, which was unfavorable for high scoring. The air is tolerably clear and soft. There is considerable display of American and Irish bunting on the way hither from Dublin, and the houses are decorated with evergreens, welcoming mottoes, etc.

The Irish team fire on the targets one and two in squads, thus: J. Rigby, W. Rigby and Milner on target No. 1; Fenton, Joynt and Young on target No. 2. The Americans fire on target Nos. 5 and 6, thus: Rath-

bone, Farrow and Brown on No. 5 and Clark, Cotton and Fisher on No. 6. A detachment of Royal Irish Constabulary preserve order. The Irish Rifle Association yesterday resolved that no member as such join Sir Henry Halford's team at Wimbledon.

Firing at the 800 yards' range began at 12.30. The wind had moderated, and the conditions for shooting became more favorable.

900 yards—Americans, 436; Irish, 428.

When the fifth round was fired, 900 yards range the betting became sixty-four against the Irish.

At 1,000 yards range the Americans made 420, the Irish 417.

Grand total: Americans, 1,180. The Irish score at 1,000 yards was 416.

There was much complaint at the manner in which the match was conducted, especially that it seemed more desire on the part of the managers, that more care be taken that nobody should pass front of the Lord Lieutenant so that the audience should be entertained.

The American and Irish teams attended a private banquet given in their honor by the Lord Lieutenant to-night. No toasts were given except the health of the Queen.

St. Petersburg, 29.—A dispatch from Kawensk reports the invasion of locusts along the Don, and wheat crop is regarded as lost. Complaints of ravages by the insects universal throughout the country. The Russian Minister of the Interior on a tour of inspection, telegram from Astokhan that owing to want of hands, the plague of locusts cannot be effectually eradicated, many other insects are injuring crops.

Berlin, 29.—Heinrich Kiepert, geographer, who drew up the reference map, estimates the territory added to Greece by 300 geographical square miles, containing 400,000 inhabitants.

Intelligence has reached the foreign office from Paris, that the French Government would be a party to the scheme for driving from the Turks by force what might not be inclined to give reason.

One or more Russian ships proceeding to Vladisostok by way of the Suez Canal, will if necessary participate in making a joint demonstration against Turkey.

The majority by which the bill passed the Prussian diet included the united conservatives 40 national liberals. The minority was composed of the party of centre, Poles, progressionists and national liberals.

Paris, 29.—The evening journal announce that the directors of the religious houses have made preparations in expectation of the action of the authorities to-morrow and all the doors of the religious houses will be closed. They will be obliged to effect a forcible entrance and break open each individual cell. Jesuits' houses only be dealt with to-morrow. Up to present time 30 magistrates resigned sooner than execute religious decrees. The minister justice filled their posts without delay. Jules Simon has refused as a reporter of the senatorial nesty committee.

Brussels, 29.—The *Journal de Bruxelles* announces that the director of foreign affairs informed Papal Nuncio in Brussels that the Belgian government would the 28th inst., cease diplomatic relations with the Vatican.

Foreign ambassadors reply note of the Porte on the Montenegrin question, regrets the should ask time for the execution of the convention, and proposes that the River Bojana, including the geno.

Cabul, 29.—Trustworthy have been received here that Russian troops were defeated Chinese at Terk Pass, and were again defeated at Nurghan, losing much ammunition and supplies. The Chinese reached Guscha.

Another telegram from Buenos Aires reports peace has been made at Buenos Ayres.

LONDON, 30.—A Cabul says the Ghilzais are harassing communications. They all convoy and killed six and two of the escort.

The Chinese army have been retreating upon Osh.

The rupture of the relations between Brussels and the Vatican brought about by the Bismarck-Tournaï, who is now in