TELEGRAPHIC.

A STORY OF THE WAR.

Told by Japan's New Representative to the United States.

THE CAUSE OF THE TROUBLE.

The Balance of Power a Factor in Oriental Politics as in European Affairs.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 20.—S. Kurino, the Japanese diplomat, who was recently appointed minister plenipotentiary to the United States is here on his way to Washington. He arrived on the China and told the story of the war up to the time of his departure. He is not one of those who consider the quarrel between the nations as a matter of days and weeks and from his position in the Japanese government—he was director of political affairs in the foreign office before he took his present position—his opinion is of weight.

"In regard to the Chinese forces," he said, "the north fleet is good and probably some of the scattering are fairly competent to make a fight, but so far as the training is concerned I consider the Japanese far superior. Our general facilities for fighting are far better.

"The Chinese government has no direct control of its navy. It is semi-private and the naval control is local. The north squadron has no discipline. The north squadron has some little training and discipline, but the whole navy is useless."

The minister's attention was called to a recent cablegram in which it was said that Chinese were offering large special prizes for the destruction of Japanese naval vessels, or the heads of prominent Japanese officers and were even offering bounties for the heads of Japanese soldiers.

"I have not seen this cablegram, said the minister Kurino, but it would be just like the Chinese. I am informed they place restrictions on the movements of some of our ambassadors in China. In Japan imperial decrees have been issued for the protection of the Chinese.

"The intention of the Japanese government is the peace of the East.

"Japan is practically fighting to preserve the peace of the East. The balance of power is as much a factor in Oriental politics as it is in European affairs and the autonomy of Corea is insisted upon by Japan to preserve that balance of power. We are not giving any advantage to Russia and that is why England is now neutral. Had Japan and Russia acted together, this would not be the case. I do not think that France, England or Russia will be brought into this controversy, but that it will be fought out by Japan and China alone.

"In regard to the need of Japan for supplies of different kinds from America, it is hard at present to tell just what usage it will take. At present Japan has an abundance of munitions and supplies, but if the war were to last a long time undoubtedly we must draw heavily on other countries."

Lord Randolph Goes to India.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 19.—The Examiner publishes an interview with Lord Randolph Churchill, in which he denies the story that he was a victim to morphine, and says that the report was maliciously circulated through spite.

Lord Randolph's visit to India is of a semi-official character. He has letters from her majesty, the queen, as well as from the prince of Wales, and his principal mission is to look into matter regarding the loyal rajahs. "Notably, I shall visit," said Lord Randolph, "the Maharajahs of Alwar, Jaipur, Udaipur and Jodhpur in Rajputana, in whose capitals are many celebrated Jain temples of great antiquity. This is not my first trip to India. I visited the empire some years ago and was pinched about by sir Lepel Griffin. But I did not see half of what I desired, and this time I shall proceed as far as British Burmah."

Those loyal rajahs whom Lord Randolph intends visiting are young men of the highest importance in the Indian empire. They have all been educated at Mayo college, which is near Ajmir. This is an experiment of the government intended to give the young rajahs of Rajputana an English training. It was founded by the Earl of Mayo and has had a most powerful effect upon the political aspect of India.

Governor Altgeld Will Find Out.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 19.—Governor Altgeld received a letter today from a committee of Pullman citizens asking assistance in feeding 1,500 families unable to get work. The Pullman company is alleged to be importing men from all over the country and turning many idle hands on the street. The governor left tonight for Chicago, and will personally investigate the situation at Pullman Monday.

British Stocks.

MANCHESTER, Eng., Aug. 19.—The market during the past week was as unsatisfactory as during the previous week. This was due to overwhelming effect which rendered futile every effort to raise prices. At the close, however, there was a somewhat more cheerful tone because the stringent rate of silver remains an important factor in the eastern countries possible, and also because of the fact that spinners are about to combine to reduce their production.

Leaving the Country.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 19.—As a result of the connection with the recent great strike, a number of railroad men to-day are making arrangements to leave this country, claiming they have been placed on the black list of all the roads and can secure no place, no matter whether there are vacancies or not.

Storm on the Volga.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 19.—A dispatch from Kyshinev, an important commercial center situated on the bank of the Volga river, states that a terrible storm passed over that city and the neighborhood on Friday last. The damage to property was immense. The steamer Cupkoi was caught by the storm in the Dniester river. There was a thousand passengers on the vessel, and they were thrown into a panic by the tremendous force of the wind, the furious cyclone of rain and almost impenetrable darkness. The captain headed the vessel for the beach, his intention being to run her ashore. Before this could be done the vessel swung a leak and began to founder. As she foundered her decks were blown up by the air in her hold. Everybody was thrown into the water. Despite the fury of storm, few the vessels managed to rescue everybody except the captain and five other persons.

Natives of Congo Cause Trouble.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—Advices received here from the Congo state show that further troubles have occurred with the natives arising from the impressment by Portuguese of Congo natives into military service by Congo state officials. The natives were highly incensed at the summary manner in which their relatives and friends had been dragged into a service that was repugnant to them and determined to avenge their wrongs. A strong native force was gathered and an attack made upon Lobo, a Congo state post. In the fighting that ensued, two of the soldiers defending the post were killed and three were taken prisoners.

A Bank to Reopen.

WICHITA, Kan., Aug. 19.—Arrangements have been completed with the depositors and creditors of the recently closed Wichita National bank whereby the bank will reopen its doors for business September 1st.

Elections in Norway.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—The Times' Bergen correspondent says advices have reached Bergen from Christiania, Norway, showing the election of delegates in the districts of Tronsoe and Finmarken indicate no change in the Norwegian political situation.

WOMEN PREACH ANARCHY.

Emma Goldman Makes a Rancorous Attack Upon Officials.

Judge Martine She Says, Cannot Hold a Candle to Snide and Hicks.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—A reception was given Emma Goldman tonight at the Thalia theater, which nearly 3,000 persons attended. The affair was generally lame and the special force of detectives had nothing to do. Charles Wilbred Mowbray, the English anarchist, was also present and presented Emma Goldman by a speech in which he eulogized her harmless and self-sacrifice. Speaking of the police, he remarked:

"The police exist for bonds. They are here to protect thieves of a complex society from plunder of the poor workers."

When Emma Goldman came on the platform there was a great burst of applause. Her speech was chiefly devoted to a rancorous attack upon all who were concerned in her prosecution, conviction and imprisonment.

"Imagine the prosecution of a woman for talking," she began. "Anarchy was prosecuted October 5, 1886, in the court of general sessions. It was really the right of free speech that was prosecuted. The country is today seeking aid of the old continent to help them get rid of anarchy. What do they get to help them? Those hateful Irish and the deceitful English."

She then launched forth into invective. She called Assistant District Attorney McIntyre a coward. In speaking of the judge before whom she was tried, she said:

"Judge Martine is not to be compared with Saint or Henri, who were all defenders of a cause they believed in. I am with you again and again under the old flag of anarchy and freedom," she concluded.

The speech was received with enthusiastic plaudits by the minority portion of the audience, and the meeting soon after was brought to a close. Marie Louise, a French woman and an ardent advocate of anarchy, presided at the meeting.

TOLD AGAIN.

The Sinking of the Kow Shing—Other Chinese Advices.

VICTORIA, B. C., Aug. 18.—A letter just received by a friend in this city from M. Gustav Lebon, one of the officers of the French cruiser Dupleix, writing of some time past on the China station, contains an interesting account of the story and incidents of the sinking of the Kow Shing. After relating how the Lion followed the Japanese warship in order to see what her intentions were, and giving the details of the destruction of the unfortunate transport, M. Lebon continues:

"We steamed to and lowered our boats, succeeding in picking up twenty-three men who were swimming, two Germans, one Englishman and twenty Chinese. The Japanese were shooting the swimmers in the water with rifles and gatlings when we came up, and suspended firing and lowered boats, too, though we did not see them pick anyone up. They and the transport was trying to escape and would be sunk. The Englishman we picked up told us she was carrying ammunition and guns, and that the officers of the Kow Shing had signaled the Naniwa that she was going to do so, whereupon the Naniwa fired on the Japanese and not distinguish themselves for bravery, as they could very easily have boarded the transport if she was so foolish as to stop and wait.

"The oddest part of the affair is that in the excitement the boat followed the Fast disappeared. Whether she, too, was sunk or whether she escaped we do not know. The Tu Shan was sent to rescue the drowning Chinese from the Kow Sing, although she was herself badly crippled. This drew on her the fire of the Naniwa and another torpedo quickly settled her. The ship of the Tu Shan, I think, was an Englishman or an American. What ever country he belonged to sunk he proved of him. He faced the music with not a quarter in a hundred, stood by the other Chinese as long as they lived and died game. It would thus appear that we were not in the engagement. Whatever the law really was, it was another but wholesale murder, and if the Japanese do not suffer in the long run it won't be because they do not deserve it."

Later on he adds in a letter M. Lebon writes:

"Altogether there are about fifty saved from the Kow Shing, including Captain Grant-Ing, the English commander. If he does, it will be purely for the pleasure through the British government of a deserter to come."

The Japanese warships are on their way back in swimming time should have been better is coined from Shanghai and a small navy is said to have taken possession of the gulf (the Gulf of Pecheli).

LOOKING FOR BOYS.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—A dispatch from Shanghai says the Chinese there are collecting from a spy mania. All the vessels arriving in the Hong river are boarded by Chinese naval officers and searched for spies and contraband munitions of war. Two prominent Japanese have been arrested within the French concession on an unfounded charge of spying.

SURGEOTT DID NOT SAY MUCH.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 18.—Admiral Skerrill, who arrived today from Yokohama, did not have much to say about the war. He says that the Japanese have about 9,000 soldiers at Seoul and that they have fortified the surrounding head to that they have complete command of the place. They have also seized all the Sampans and secured all the pilots of Corenuiju, so that the Chinese could effect a landing there. China's only way to get into Corea is to send troops down the peninsula from Manchuria. The admiral, while admitting that so far Japan had the best of the conflict, would not hazard an opinion as to the outcome of the war.

THE NEW TREATY.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 18.—Senator Davis, of Minnesota, member of the committee on foreign relations, expects great things from the new treaty with China. He says it will prove most beneficial to our commercial interests, which for years have been obstructed by the contentions over the question of immigration. Chinese immigration is now made subservient by both countries. Owing to this and other disputes, other countries have disadvantage in the race for China's trade, which they considered valuable enough to fight for, as shown by the action of England and France. This country has the best geographical position for securing this trade. Our Pacific ports face those of China, and our transcontinental railways facilitate the moving of freight in that direction. Chinese exclusiveness is breaking down. China has granted concessions for an immense iron and steel plant, and for a railway from Hankow to Peking. Another railway from the northerly coast to the Russian frontier is under consideration, and the telegraph is being put up all over the Empire. This indicates commerce with an Empire whose people constitute one-fifth of the human race. China uses silver in trade, but produces little of it. This should give our silver mines a market.

THE CHEROKEE STRIP CASE.

Major Worth Acquitted by the Court Martial.

OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 18.—Major William M. Worth, second infantry, who was ordered court-martialed by President Cleveland for ordering Private Casteropul to participate in large practice on Sunday, was acquitted today and released from custody. The findings of the court were that the orders to Casteropul were warranted by the exigencies of the occasion, and that the proclamation of the President was not in force at present, not being part of the army regulations.

The exigencies of the case to which the finding refers were the disturbance on the railroads and commonwealth movement, which led army officers to believe that the troops would shortly be called out. In reviewing the finding of the court, General Brooke said the board evidently based its findings on the ground that President Lincoln's order was not in force. He then criticises the board for not eliminating in its findings all reference to the charge of disobedience of orders and for failing to convict Major Worth on "the remaining allegations of conduct to the prejudice of good order and military discipline."

General Brooke also said: "The reviewing authority desires that the results reached shall not be understood as sanctioning in any degree unnecessary Sunday labor in the army, but rather as the announcement of the principle that where an officer of the army is visited by the law in orders with a discretion in the performance of an unofficial duty, and he honestly and with reason exercises that discretion, he is not to be held criminally responsible for any errors of judgment he may have committed."

The River and Harbor Bill.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The river and harbor bill, carrying $11,375,100, became a law at midnight tonight without President Cleveland's signature, the legal limit of ten days having expired in which he could sign it or veto. It is the third time during Mr. Cleveland's two terms that a river and harbor bill has become a law with out his approval.

The Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The treasury department today mailed to the house 130 pale copies of the new tariff bill. The first copies were sent to the western points. The copies sent to San Francisco and Portland, Or., will reach there about next Friday, and it is expected the tariff bill will become a law very much thereafter.

Blunder in the Tariff Bill.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 19.—Importers and merchants here claim that a serious blunder has been made in the tariff bill. Under the proposed law, coconut oil is classified free of duty, but copra, which is the raw material from which coconut oil is manufactured, is subjected to a duty of 20 per cent.

Twelve leading firms here have united in telegraphing a protest to Washington urging a correction of what they believe to be an error.

The Doctors' Mistake.

MARSHALLVILLE, Tex., Aug. 18.—A Midway, this county, Mrs. Alice Leland with value, Physicians, after six hours of attention, pronounced her dead. She was placed in her coffin, and just as the cortege was about to start to the graveyard a neighbor asked for a last look. The neighbor thought she discovered signs of life. Tonic applied curse was taken from the coffin, placed in a tub of water and soon revived.

This Bill Signed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—A telegram received at the White House this afternoon announced that the President had signed the Bundy-Cordle claim-election bill.

$2.50 ONLY $2.50
To Echo and return.
To Coalville and return.
To Wasatch and return.
To Park City and return.
To Bush Valley and return.
To Moua and return.
Wednesday, August 22nd. Tickets good for 15 days.

All Curable Diseases

ARE TREATED AND CURED BY ONE SHORES & SHORES FOR $5 A MONTH. MEDICINES FURNISHED FREE.

No Catchpenny Scheme, but Honest Treatment.—You will Notice the Many Specialists Have Quit.

No Frauds can Live Under Drs. Shores & Shores' Mighty Exposure.

Mrs. Otsey has resided here for the past sixteen years and her many friends will be glad to learn of her little daughter's rapid recovery.

LITTLE ISA OSEES

Are you afflicted with Deafness, partial or complete? Are you worried by the ringing in your ears of the extension of the cavities process to the hearing?

Do you suffer from Dyspepsia, loss of appetite, bloating in the stomach, or any of the forms of catarrhal disorders with the digestive organs?

Have you severe Bronchial trouble, hacking cough, pains in the chest, loss of flesh? Have you been warned of approaching consumption?

Are you a sufferer from Asthma, and have you been led to believe that your disease is incurable?

Do you suffer from Rheumatism, for which remedies and prescriptions have proved unavailing?

Is your heart affected? Do you suffer from an oppressed feeling, choking sensations, smothering spells, an irregular pulse, shortness of breath and fluttering or palpitation?

Do you suffer from Liver complaint? Are you constantly troublesome, unhappy and miserable, without knowing a good reason why?

Do you suffer from Nervous trouble, which affects so many at this time, when cures are taken heavily?

If You Cannot Come to Salt Lake

Write for the mail treatment. One of the physicians in personal charge conscientiously the mail department and by a system of close correspondence controls those out of the city quite as well as those who come to the office. Send for symptom blank. Medicines shipped carefully. Try this treatment.

Drs. Shores & Shores.

Specialists,

Zion Medical and Surgical Institute

24 E. Second South Street.

Particular: All diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, Female Ailments and private diseases. Our treatment for Piles is our specialty, safe and certain. Our own remedies.

Office hours—10 to 4 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m. Sundays, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

Office Rooms, 24 South 2d St. Opposite Deseret News. Medicines furnished free from our laboratories.

SPORTING GOODS.

WE

Have the Largest Stock and Finest Assortment of Fishing Tackle, Lawn Tennis, Base Ball and Cricket Supplies, Tents, Hammocks, Pocket Cutlery, Sporting Guns, Rifles, Ammunition, Bicycles and General Sporting Goods.

Ride a Copper Bun Hambler, if you want the Best Wheel Made. Send for Catalogue of Sporting Goods.

Browning Bros.,

155 Main St., Salt Lake City.

2461 Washington Ave., Ogden.

THE WAGENER BREWING CO.

Manufacturers of and Wholesale Dealers in

BREWERY AND PARK, AT EMIGRATION or PIONEER CANYON

Family Trade Solicited.

Principal Office, No. 44 East First South St. Telephone 418.

HARVEST EXCURSION

To all Points in Utah on Rio Grande Western Railway.

Lowest rate ever given from Salt Lake City. Tickets on sale August 22nd, limited to August 31st. Tickets good on all regular trains of August 22nd. Rates as follows:

Ogden	$1 50
Hooper	1 50
Layton	1 50
Kaysville	1 50
Farmington	1 50
Woods Cross	1 50
Mercur	1 50
Stockton Junction	1 50
Stockton	1 50
Tooele	1 50
Grantsville	1 50
Erda	1 50
Mill Fork	1 50
Silver Creek	1 50
Hayes	1 50
Lake Creek	1 50
Coalville	1 50
Peoa	1 50
Wanship	1 50
Kamas	1 50
Oakley	1 50
Park City	1 50
Jeremie	1 50
Silver City	1 50
Gunnison	1 50
Clear Creek	1 50
Leamington	1 50
Lynndyl	1 50
Delta	1 50
Hinckley	1 50
Oasis	1 50
Sutherland	1 50
Milford	1 50
Fairview	1 50
Mount Pleasant	1 50
Spring City	1 50
Ephraim	1 50
Manti	1 50
Salina	1 50
Fremont Valley Junction	1 50
Castle Dale	1 50
Emery	1 50
Castle Gate	1 50
Price	1 50

Very Little Money

IS AS a rule of very little service. That is a rule that don't hold good with our Summer Clothing. Little money will make you look well dressed, and will make you feel comfortable these warm days. We are selling these suits for $10.00, $15 and $20 a suit. Nothing that they contained be bought for that money anywhere else. You are positively guaranteed to get more of the following facts: The best Goods, the best Trimmings, the best Tailoring, Nobbiest Patterns and the Very Lowest.

J. P. GARDNER,

141 Main Street.

SUNOL!

ROBERT BONNER

Superintending the shoeing of Sunol with the Putnam Nail.

Fairview Farm Stock Farm, MILTON & SUGLY, Proprietors Vacaville, Cal., Feb. 11, 1891. PUTNAM NAIL CO., Boston, Mass.

GENTLEMEN—Anything I can do for the Putnam nail, you know that I have used it for years and shall continue to do so. Sunol has worn it in the past with success and I will use it on any other one I may have. Yours truly, ROBERT BONNER

Sunol's shoes are made from Putnam Nails. Why not use them? Because they are the best. Sunol's shoes are made experimentally. Very respectfully yours.

The Putnam nail is the only exclusively Hot-Forged and Hammer-Pointed nail.

Look in your smith's chewing box, if the nails have smooth edges for the whole length they are the PUTNAM, for they are Hammer-Pointed and are not sheared.

PUTNAM NAIL CO.,

Neponset, Boston, Mass.

For Sale by J. C. M. I. and Branch Houses.

To infuse Life and Magnetism into Business in these dull times it is necessary to have a Magnet of Powerful Attraction, in order to Draw Trade. The Magnet of

The . . .

Siegel Clothing Co

For the next TWO WEEKS

SUMMER SUITS 7.50 TRADE

For the next TWO WEEKS

Will be an Immense Clearance Sale of

Summer Suits, at $7.50

A Suit. These Suits have been Selling for $12.50, $15.00, $18.00 and $20.00. To purchase without seeing these Bargains is like Buying a Ticket in a Bogus Lottery—you get no return for your Investment.

The Siegel Clothing Co.

Guarantee Honest Goods, Fair Dealing and Lowest Prices.

SALT LAKE. OGDEN. BUTTE.

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OUR

UNPARALLELED OFFERINGS

Of the past week attracted the Largest Throng of Buyers ever attending any previous sale. Our aisles were Crowded and Jammed the entire week. We had to employ extra help, and then could not wait on all. This week we will continue the line of Unheard-of Bargains with still more added. This is truly the most Important and Largest Sale ever known in Salt Lake.

Everybody astonished at the Great Values we are offering the Public. Continuation of our

Muslin Underwear Sale!

With new lines added.

Greatest of Bargains in

Ladies' Jackets and Capes

That you ever heard of. Call and see them.

Ladies' Jackets that sold for $2.50, for - 75c.
Ladies' Jackets that sold for $3. and $3.50, $1.00.
Ladies' Capes at Half Price and less, for $1, $1.25 and $1.50.
All qualities and grades reduced.
Ladies' Chemisettes and Cuffs to match, in Blue and White Stripes, worth 75c Set, for 25c Set.
All our Duck Suits going at Lowest of Prices.
Still a few of those Suits left, for $1.95, worth $3.50 and $4.00.

JUST ARRIVED.

In Inch Tubed Cloths, in all new colorings and designs, worth 12c, at 7c. Silverdale Cretons, in Inch in light shades, worth 12c 10c for yard. In Inch Percales, absolutely fast colors, worth 12c, at 7c yd.

New arrivals in all Dress Goods. Some opening bargains for the week—only remnants of 20 Inch Black Engines, imported, in lovely designs, worth 75c, opening price, 25c yd. 24 inch all wool Cashmeres, in 20 yds, worth $1.25. Remnants Satins, most rich coloring, silken designs, worth 75c, at 50c yd.

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