## IT IS M'KINLEY AND ROOSEVELT.

Republican Standard Bearers Named by Acclamation, for President and Vice President.

(Early Dispatches.)

Philadelphia, June 21.-A bright and cloudless sky with a cool and bracing portheasterly breeze gave ideal conditions for the third and what promised to be the closing day of the Republican national convention. After all the smoke of the skirmish of the last few days, the convention hosts awoke today with a common belief-that McKinley and Roosevelt would be the ticket of

The exciting scenes shortly before midnight last night, the conference of the managers in Senator Hanna's rooms, the withdrawal of Long, Dolliver and the disappearance of every other obstacle in the path of Roosevelt's triumphant nomination, and finally the ormal, measured announcement of lengtor Hanna that in his judgment, after a complete review of the condi-tions. Gov. Roosevelt would be nom-inated by acclamation—this series of events dispelled the very last vestige of

doubt as to the ticket.

As delegates and leaders appeared in he hotel lobbies this morning, they hook hands and congratulated each ther like gladiators after a hard ought battle, and all agreed that nothing remained but for the convention formally to carry out what had already been registered as its unmistakable will. At their breakfasts the delegates read from the morning papers the various interpretations of how the end had

forced slowly and surely to complete surrender after finding that neith-er the name of Long or Dolliver had the magnetism to counteract the Roosevelt wave, while the other view, equally wave, while the other view, equally positive throughout, that as a sort of arbitrator he finally had consoled all conflicting influences and brought accord out of chaos. But while men differed on who did it, they all agreed that it was done, and when the inner history is written it probably will show that it was not leaders, but the irresistible force of events, the voice of the multitude which worked these results.

tude which worked these results.

The program today is the most attractive one of the session with the nominating speeches and the two nominations by acclamation. The early start put the convention crowds in mo-

tion at an early hour, and there was a renewal of the bustle and excitement of the last few days in and about the convention hall. Gov. Roosevelt appeared at his headquarters at an earlier hour this morning than usual. He was brighter and looked less worried than for many days,

and he had lost the air of petulance that has marked his demeanor for the past 48 hours.

He was kept busy for a while making preparations for his departure to his home and then he saw the newspaper-

Although he had undoubtedly made up his mind that nothing could stop his nomination, he still asserted that he had not declared his final judgment on the matter of acceptance. He came to the convention hall with Senator Depew

## 90 DAYS FOR ALL TO COME IN.

Rebel Filipinos Who Vield Within that Time Will be Forgiven-Magnanimous Offer .of the President of the United States to Aguinaldo's Followers.

partment has made public the following notice of amnesty, which was, issued by Gen. MacArthur today at Ma-

"NOTICE OF AMNESTY.

Manila, June 21, 1906.-By declaration of the President of the United States, the undersigned announces amnesty with complete immunity for the the future to all persons who are now, or at any time since February 4, 1899, have been in insurfection against the United States in either a military or civil capacity, and who shall within a of ninety days from the date sereof formally renounce all connection with such insurrection and subscribe to a declaration acknowledging and acepting the sovereignty and authority the United States in and over the bilippine Islands. The privilege here-

Washington, June 21 .- The war de- | of the terms herewith set forth are requested to present themselves to the commanding officers of American troops at the most convenient station, who will receive them with due consideration according to rank, make pro-vision for their immediate wants, prepare the necessary records, and there-after permit each individual to proceed to any part of the archipelago ac cording to his own wishes, for purpose the United States will furnish such transportation as may be availdesire to confer with the military governor or with the board of American com-Manila, and will, as far as possible, be provided with transportation for that purpose. In order to mitigate as much as possible consequences resulting from the various disturbances which, since 1890, have spaceded each other so rapidly, and to provide in some measure for destitute soldiers during the transitory period which must inevitably succeed peace, the military authorities of the United States will pay thirty pesos

#### with published is extended to all conerned, without any reservation whatto each man who presents a rifle in good ever, excepting that persons who have violated the rules of war during the "Signed period of active hostilities are not em-braced within the scope of this am-nesty. All who desire to take advantage "ARTHUR MAC ARTHUR, "Major General U. S. V., Military Governor." SUDDEN DEATH

Russia's Foreign Minister, Who Has Wielded Great Power in International Affairs for Years, Yields Suddenly

to Apoplexy.

dled suddenly this morning.

St. Petersburg, June 21.—The minister | morning cup of coffee and had ordered of foreign affairs, Count Muravieff, his lunch when he fell in an apopletic fit and expired in a few minutes, be-Count Muravieff had just finished his | twen 9 and 10 o'clock.

Prest, Kruger Said to Have Escaped -Five Days Truce.

London, June 21, 4 a. m.—The British have penetrated the Transvaal territory as far as Machadodorp. Passengers who atrived yesterday at Lourenzo Marques from the Transvaal assert

BOERS TAKE MORE PRISONERS , that the heavy artillery was engaged, and that the Boers abandoned Macha-dodorp, retiring northward,

President Kruger is still at Alkaamar. Boer bulletins regarding Gen. Dewet's operations along Lord Rob-erts' communications assert that two convoys were captured and 300 work-

It is rumored from Lourenzo Marques that a resident of Komatineort has been arrested and shot by the Boers for complicity in the break-down of the

Malana bridge. President Kruger's unstamped sov ereigns have been offered for sale in Lourenzo Marques at 20 shillings.

A member of the British house of commons, who has had an important connection with South Africa, is telling a story of a telegram alleged to have been received from Capetown, which been received from Capetown, which says that Mr. Kruger has really escaped and is already on the seas bound for Europe, and that the person occupying the executive chair is not Mr. Kruger, but is a substitute.

Advices from Pretoria, dated June 17th, say that an official warning has been issued to the effect that any further weaking of compusioning will

ther wrecking of communications will be followed by the demolition of the farms for five miles on both sides.

The Pretoria correspondent of the Dally Telegraph, in a dispatch dated Sunday, says: "An informal truce for five days is in operation between Lord Roberts and Commandant-General Rober." Roberts and Botha."

SEND THEM BACK.

Irish Convicts Not Permitted to Come to America.

Washington, June 20 .- Assistant Secretary Taylor today rendered a decision adverse to the appeal of James Fitzharris and Joseph Mullet from decision of immigration officials at New York who held them for deportation on the ground that having been con-victed of felony in connection with the murder of Lord Cavendish and Thomas Henry Burke, in Phoenix Park, Dublin, in 1882, they cannot be permitted to land in this country, under our immigration laws. In concluding his opinion on which the decisions is based, the solicitor of the treasury says:

"I do not think the crime in which Fitzharris and Mullet participated, and for which they were found guilty can be justly dignified as a political offense and therefore discriminated from ordinary crime of assassination and murder, and I must advise you that after a careful consideration of this case, my opinion is: First, that the crime for which Fitzharris and Mulle; were con-victed and sentenced was murder in the ordinary sense and cannot be classed as political offense; second that Fitzharris, having only a conditional par-don, could not have been admitted even under the acts of 1875 or 1882; third, that Mullet, even if his pardon is full and unconditional, is excluded by the act of 1891; and fourth, that the action of the board of inspectors denying a landing to these immigrants on the ground that they had been convicted of felony, should be sustained."

The men will be deported on a ves-sel sailing next Saturday,

LOUBET'S OFFICIAL VISIT.

No Official Present to Receive the French President.

Paris, June 21.—The official visit of President Loubet to the United States Pavilion in the Rue des Nations took place today. By some unfortunate circumstance neither the United States commissioner, Ferdinand W. Peck, nor the assistant commissioner, Benjamin D. Woodward, were there to receive him at the appointed hour, 9:30 a. m. The secretary of the commission, Major Fred Brackett, and a few members of the national committee were in the building, but they had not been pre-sented, and President Loubet could not take any action. The United States ambassader, Gen. Horace Porter, being present, however, came forward and received the president and escorted him over the building, explaining the various festures.

President Loubet ascended to the secthe building fifteen minutes altogether. Commissioner Peck arrived just after the president had gone.

Quay Will Withdraw.

Convention Hall, Philadelphia, June 21, 19:26 a.m.-Quay will withdraw the resolution he offered yesterday for new basis representation in national convention

Senator Platt is Ill.

New York, June 21.-Senator Thomas . Platt is still a sick man and is quietly submitting to the strict orders of his physician. Dr. Daniel P. Pease visited the senator early today and advised him to remain in bed for the time being. Mr. Platt passed a very uneasy night, sleeping for only short in-

"I find nothing alarming in Senator Platt's condition this morning." said Dr. Pease after the examination, and subsequent bandaging. "An athlete who had gone through the strain and pain which the senator has experienced during the last few days would be knocked out too. It is imperative that he remain quiet for some time yet."

Buller is Going Ahead.

Volksrust, June 21.—General Buller has arrived at Sands Spruit station, and camped two miles further on the west-ern side of the railway.

Many Boers met General Buller on the road and surrendered their arms

This German is Dull.

Berlin, June 20 .- The National Zeitung, commenting upon the proceedings of the Republican national convention at Philadelphia, refers to Mr. Wolcott's expression of sympathy for the Boers in his speech at the opening of the con-vention as "singular, after the Repub-lican administration had refused American support to the Boers." It adds:
"Presumably this was a political
maneuver designed to take the wind
out of the sails of the Democrats."

SITUATION WORSE THAN GIVEN OUT

Senator Davis Expects Serious Results of the Chinese Trouble.

VAGUE RUMORS FROM PEKIN

Admiral Seymour Reported Dead-Chinese Rebellion Spreading-Nations Going to Step In.

[Early Dispatches.] Philadelphia, Pa., June 21.-In the opinion of Senator Davis, of Minnesota, chairman of the Senare committee on fereign affairs, the situation in China is even more grave than published dispatches would indicate, and may develop into an international problem such as the powers have not had to deal

with in many years. "No man can tell what will come out of the present situation in China," said Senator Davis. "I shall be agreeably disappointed if the immediate consequence does not result in complications which it will take years to straighten out. Moreover, generations to come may find that in awakening China the western world has brought into existence a giant which will insist upon taking part in affairs at inopportune mo

POWERS IN A DILEMMA.

"That the powers are in a dilemma, which they would have been glad to avoid, may be taken for granted. It seems inevitable that China will be partitioned. Certainly the acting empress would be dethroned. This cannot be

done without a war.
"It must be remembered, too, that in China lives fully one-fourth of the world's population. The people there have a civilization of a certain sort that was in existence when the wolf was suckling floraulus. Until now the newer civilization has made no impression upon China. If we force upon the yellow race our methods, and in China they are accepted as readily as they have been in Japan, we will create a force which will be sure to work a great influence upon the future history of the world. I look upon the present crisis as more important than any that has arisen since ur own civil war.

SEYMOUR REPORTED DEAD.

Yokohama, June 21 .- The reports of the murder of foreign ministers at Pe-kin and of the death of Admiral Sey-mour, although viewed with suspicion, have created a profound sensation. The press expresses the opinion that Japan must, with or without the consent of the powers, adopt active measures. The naval and military officers are very busy. Probably the whole Hiero-soma division, under command of Gen. Fukashima, will be affoat within a few

The Russian cruiser Burik has arrived here with the new Russian minister to Japan, and will leave for Taku today. ITALIAN CONSUL'S STATEMENT.

ports of Admiral Seymour's arrival a Pekin and of the safety of the for-eign legations, originating from Chinese sources and cabled to this city from Shanghai, are still unverified. However, the Italian consul at Shang-hai has wired to the Italian foreign minister, Marquis Viscount Venosta, that the legations are safe.

The rebellion is spreading far and

There is an impression in diplomatic circles here and on the con-tinent that the allies have not grap-pled with the situation effectively and even 50,000 foreign troops would be powerless to do much to control 4,000,-000 square miles.

RUMORS ARE WILD.

The latest story sent out by the Shanghal gossips is that Prince Tuan, president of the Tsun-li-Yamen, has burned the imperial palace at Pekin and murdered the emperor and that the empress dowager has committed

The effect of the bombardment of the Taku forts as described by the Shang-hai correspondents was gor; in the extreme, nothing less than "rivers of blood" and "mutilated corpses piled up inside the forts."

The Russians guarding Tien Tsin, according to another report, fired artillery and rifles, June 15th, at a range of fifty yards into the dense crowds of attack-ing Boxers and killed 300.

Japan, according to a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Yokohama, intends to land an expedition at Foo Chow. land an expedition at Foo Chow.

A Shanghai dispatch says telegrams from Tion Tsin, dated June 15th, and forwarded by post, say that the foreign missionaries at Pao-Ting-Fu are safe, being guarded by the troops of Gen, Nieh. Twenty-five Americans, with a Gatling gun, have arrived.

In the foreign settlement the chapels have burned and the mission stations

are burned and the mission stations of the American board of foreign missions of the Methodist Episcopal church and of the London Missionary society are practically in the hands of the Boxers.

The local authorities are paralyzed. Shanghai, June 21.—The British de-Sympathetic mandarins are ordered stroyer Whiting at Che Foo reports

"kotowo" to the Boxers in the streets. All the native servants are deserting their masters,

PREPARED FOR WAR.

The United States gunboat Monocacy, the Russian battleship Navarin, and the French cruiser Fascal have arrived. The German protected cruiser Kalserin Augusta has departed for Taku.

A dispatch from Shanghal says: "Pekin news wired yesterday to Shanghal emanated from the administrator of the Chinese telegraph. Meritator of the Chinese telegraph. Meritator of the Chinese telegraph.

trator of the Chinese telegraph. Merchant steamers are not allowed to proceed to Tien Tsin, and vessels on their way there have returned to Che Foo. Correspondence with Tien Tsin is diffi-calt. The Chinese Mershants' company has ceased sending vessels northward. "It is learned authentically that an understanding exists between Great Britain and the viceroys of Nan Chung and Wa Chang, which accounts for the quietness in the Yang Tse Klang val-ley. It is reported that Siu is executing

large bodies of suspects daily.

"The British armored cruiser Undaunted arrived at Woo Sung yesterday and cleared for action, while passing the forts, as a precautionary measure. Wire communication between Tien Tain and Pekin is impossible. The fereign officials here are totally ig-

norant of the state of affairs in the

EARL LI STAYS. Hongkong, June 21.-Reports have been received here from Canton, that owing to the representations of the for-vign consuls Li Hung Chang has con-sented to remain in Canton.

SITUATION OF MISSIONARIES. New York, June 21.-Rev. William Christie, a missionary recently returned from the far-interior of China, has this

to say on the situation: "The revolution reported to have broken out near Szece-Chan leaves little chance for missionaries in the north-west of China to escape to the coast. west of China to escape to the coast. My station, at Tao-Chow, on the borders of Thibet, is in the vicinity of the seat of the trouble, and I am familiar with the ground. Chenk Tu, the capital of See Chuan, is about fifteen hundred miles from Pekin. The Methodists are very gtrong there, have a church, parsonage, hospital, school and other build-ings. The Canadian Presbyterian have a church, parsonage, school and hospital. The China Inland mission has a church, and preaching chapel. The Roman Catholics are also very strong

CAUSE OF THE STRIFE.

In interviews with travelers and business men who have recently come to New York from China, missionaries have often been blamed for causing, perhaps, unconsciously, strife between the natives and Christian Chinese, Ernest de Bovier of Shanghal has spoken on this subject in this way:

When a local mandarin imposes taxes, even if they are excessive, the

heather Chinese pay them. The native Christians, however, whenever they imagine themselves ground down by unjust taxation, run with their troubles to the nearest missionary. These mis-sionaries, instead of going to the local mandarin, as they should do, talk the matter over with him, and make a satisfactory arrangement and that way, al-most invariably write to their national ministers at Pekin, and ask that redress be obtained for the members of their flock. Complaint is made by the min-isters at the Tsung-Li-Yamen, which, to avoid friction, ends matters by re-ducing the Christian taxes. This practice cannot fall to cause envy and jeal-ousy against the native Christians, who are thus let off from much of the duties the empire which the Chinese have

CLAIM FOR PRESBYTERIANS. G. S. Garrison, of the secretary's office the Presbyterian foreign mission ard, said in regard to such charges; Catholics of any other denomination, but our own. Still, I do know that the Presbyterian missionaries do not interfere between a native and his govern ment. Here is the action of our board, taken February 3, 1896, that covers the case, and I do not believe the Methodists, Congregationalists or the Baptists are a bit behind us in this policy: "Relations of missions to govern-

ments. "Care in securing indemnity and in-"Care in securing indemnity and interfering in legal matters.

"That, while believing firmly that the missionary, in the unselfish efforts to give to the people of mission fields the Gospel and its blessings, does not forfeit rights accorded to the trader, however harmful his traffic, the board would still urge upon its missionaries the wisdom of reliance rather upon the conciliatory message with which they are charged and upon Him in whose name they are sent forth than upon the arm of government, (meaning their own government.) While having confidence in their prudence and judgment, dence in their prudence and judgment, it would emphasize its fear of the efit would emphasize its fear of the effects of demands for indemnity which, either to our own government officials or the people, shall seem extremes. And it would express its hope that, while encouraging justice and discouraging injustice, they will carefully avoid interference with the proper legal processes of the lands in which they reside. No demand for indemnity should ever be made by an individual missionary on his own responsibility, but should be advanced only after most careful consideration by the mission or its ex-ecutive committee, and when possible.

not until after correspondence with the board." NO WORD FOR RUSSIA.

Berlin, June 21.-The admiralty is still without news of the death of Captain Lans, commander of the Itils, or the wounding of Lieut Kuehn. There is no officer of his name, but there is a Lieutenant Kleuhn.

SIX DAYS WITHOUT NEWS.

out in sedan chairs and compelled to I that nothing has been heard from Admiral Seymour's force for six days.

The French consul wires that the British mission at Tsan Chow has been looted and the missionaries conveyed to an unknown place by a Chin-

Illinois Prohibitionists.

Chicago, June 21.—Preparations for the National Prohibition convention to be held in this city Wednesday and Thursday next week are nearly com-plete. The convention will be held in plete. The convention will be held in the First Regiment armory. It is said the national platform will contain planks favoring woman suffrage, civil service the establishment of postal savings banks and probably one favoring the amendment to the inter-state commerce law asked 1. e National Millers' association. No plank will be adopted by less than a two-thirds vote, and the advisability of a necessary three-fourths yets is being considered. three-fourths vote is being considered

Kansas Prohibitionists.

Topeka, Kan., June 20.-The State Prohibition convention today named the following candidates for State offices. Governor, Frank Holsinger, Rosedale; ileutenant governor, W. L. Coreyell, Medicine Lodge; attorney general, M. Nedicine Longe; attorney general, M. V. Bennett, Columbus; secretary of state. Rev. B. H. Moore, Arkansas City; treasurer. H. C. Zink, McPherson; auditor, W. M. Howie, Garnett; State superintendent, G. I. Winans, Ciay Center; superintedent of Insurance, A. P. Griesa, Lawrence; Congressman-atlarge, B. C. Hoyt, Goodrich.

Advice to the Women.

New York, June 21,-"Never think of marriage until you are able to support a husband."

This was the advice of Thomas G. Shearman to the members of the New York Council of the Business National Women's National association last night. The commodious club rooms on Fulton street held 200 guests. Mr. Shearman was one of the two men speakers.

"I am glad you call yourselves women," said he. "I have the greatest respect for the saleswoman, but I do not not think anything of the sales-

"I am the father of the feminine type-writer," he continued, and then he told how he had been the first to employ and train a woman to operate a type-writer in a business office.

"As a cold business proposition," he concluded, "I prefer a woman type-writer. She never sells information on Wall street. Women have the faculty of immediately forgetting every-thing they do in the office and carry no uncomfortable secrets about with

Miss Matae B. Cleveland of Chicago, president of the Retail association, said:

Business women need midday rest and social relaxation as a relief from the intensity of life. That is what they will find in these rooms." President McKinley sent a congratu-

latory telegram.
Dr. John Balcom Shaw put in a warning against the growing infidelity among women. He spoke especially of college women, and attributed it to a growing tendency to pedantry. The club quarters including dining,

reception and dressing rooms, kitchen and serving room and offices. Table d'hote and a la carte luncheons will be served daily. An employment ex-change will be conducted to assist busi-ness women in getting positions. The rooms for the first month will be open to all business women; after that to club members only,

Lady Churchill to Marry.

London, June 21.-Lady Randolph Churchill has announced that her mar-riage to Lieut, George Cornwallis West, of the Scots guards, will take place in Lady Churchill is a daughter of the late Leonard Jerome, of New York

REFRESHING SLEEP. Horsford's Acid Phosphate

Taken just before retiring quiets the nerves, nourishes the tired and confused brain and induces refreshing sleep Genuine bears name Horsford's on wrapper

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RHEUMATISM and all Diseases of the KIDNEYS & BLADDER QUICKLY YIELD TO THEM,

The Druggist will refund Your money if SAN CURO fails to benefit You.



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CLEANSES THE SYSTEM DISPELS EFFECTUALLY,
DISPELS EFFECTUALLY,
OVERCOMES HEADACHES
OVERCOMES HEADACHES
OVERCOMES HABITUAL CONSTIPATION ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS.

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THE ANNUAL

# RED TAG SALE

TOMORROW AND SATURDAY, TWO LAST DAYS.

## WALKER'S STORE.

THE RED TAG SALE is something you can't afford to miss, for here are the most remarkable price concessions of the whole summer time. Not everything in the house, of course, is reduced, but so nearly that no matter what the merchandise need you will likely find it attached to a

### RED BARGAIN TICKET.

Seasonable, best of Merchandise has been marked down from one price to another until now, for the great culminating sale of the season this immense Dry Goods House from top to bottom is one great Bargain Mart-every department fairly teeming with interesting inducements. The least discount on any article in the Sale is

12 1=2 PER CENT FROM THAT UP TO 50 PER CENT OFF.

COME THESE LAST TWO DAYS.

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