

ELMIRA, N. Y., 4.—A committee was formed here, to-day, to make arrangements for the erection of a monument to the Confederate dead, 3,000 of whom were buried in Woodlake Cemetery here.

SAN FRANCISCO, 4.—The old penitentiary building at Salem, Ogn., with several adjoining shops, was burned this afternoon; loss \$20,000.

Treadwell & Co., agricultural implement dealers, have suspended payment; their liabilities are over half a million. It is thought in business circles that they may pull through if granted an extension.

CINCINNATI, 5.—By the explosion of an engine boiler, last night, on the Cincinnati, Sandusky and Cleveland railroad, Thomas Larkins, an engineer, was killed, and Joseph Lees, fireman, was mortally wounded.

MACHIAS, Me., 5.—An incendiary fire, this morning, destroyed the Catholic church and Parsonage, the residences of Nathan Longfellow and Dr. Peabody, with several adjoining buildings, and a hundred and fifty thousand feet of lumber; loss \$25,000.

NEW YORK, 5.—Captain W. H. Brown, of the U. S. Cavalry, committed suicide yesterday, at his residence in this city.

On petition of Hugh J. Jewett, receiver of the Erie Railway Co., Judge Donohoe has granted an order empowering the receiver to pay taxes and charges upon, and to work, the coal mines referred to in his petition, to perform any lawful contracts, to sell the securities referred to, where, in his judgment, interests of all parties will be promoted thereby.

WASHINGTON, 5.—The Indians called at the Interior Department this morning, to say good bye to the commissioners, when a short interview took place. They expected to start home to-night. Red Cloud said to the commissioner—"We are going home to-day, and the young men you see here want to say good bye, and we also want to ask about the pay for those who came with me, the interpreters and all the Indians." The commissioner said that there was something about the men who came along that he would rather not say; they had come on their own account, and had been a source of mischief ever since they had been here. They have led you into bad practices, insisted on your leaving the quarters assigned you, and now have the impudence to ask me to pay them for that kind of service. You told your agent to speak for you in getting presents, and that you want twenty-five dollars apiece. I am not able to do more, because I have not the money to make purchases. Little Wound said he was not influenced by these men. He said they came here on the invitation of the President and expected to go home with horses, equipments and guns, so that their people would receive them gladly. He said his people would laugh at them if they returned without them. The commissioner said that he would not give them guns if he could, and he had no power to give them other things.

GALVESTON, 5.—City of Mexico advices state that efforts are being made to establish a line of steamers between Vera Cruz and Galveston, making the run in sixty hours.

Advices from Neuces County, Texas, report that Adjutant Gen. Steel is on a tour of observation through the country, making an examination of the past troubles, with a view of reporting to the State authorities. It is stated that an enrollment will be made of all males liable to military duty between Gaudulope and the Rio Grande, in the southern counties.

A Brownsville special says that General Tuero, recently at Monterey, is now on his way to this frontier, of which he is to have command. His forces include two regiments of cavalry, with orders to check the raids on Texas. General Cortina refuses to obey the order directing him to report in person to the city of Mexico. His friends are circulating a petition to the government to let him remain in authority on the Rio Grande. The appearance of the Texas State troops on the Rio Grande produced great excitement among the people on the Mexican side, and the residents of the ranches above Matamoros have organized to resist an invasion.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., 5.—Mark Brown, convicted of the murder of Gloester Carrin, in Sullivan county, in October last, has been sen-

tenced to be hanged July 31, at Monticello.

CHESTER, Pa., 5.—The new steamer *City of New York*, belonging to the Pacific Mail Co., was launched to-day.

CHICAGO, 5.—In the U. S. district court in this city, before Judge Blodgett, the question of the right of the government to seize the books and papers of persons whose distilleries have been seized on a charge of defrauding the revenue, is being argued to-day. The government claims that the books and papers are part of the personal property of the distillers and therefore liable to seizure and forfeiture; the defense claims that the books and papers are private property, and exempt under the law, they not being compelled to furnish evidence for their own conviction. The decision will be given in a few days.

NEW YORK, 5.—The American rifle team, who are to contend with the Irish team, at Dolly Mount, and who took their passage by the Inman steamer *City of Chester*, leaving this port to-day, embarked on board the tug *Battery* this p.m., attended by a large crowd, and were followed on board by a howitzer and band of music. The *City of Chester* left the pier at 3 o'clock, and took the riflemen on board in the lower bay. The riflemen were all in the best of health, and full of confidence in their ability to bring back additional laurels to those already won in the contest with the Irish team.

W. H. Talcott, buyer for the silk department of H. B. Clafin & Co., to-day, was arrested on a warrant, issued by a U. S. Commissioner, based on an affidavit made by U. S. District Attorney Bliss, setting forth that Talcott did knowingly buy, and aid in bringing and selling, silk goods, which had been smuggled. Talcott was held in bail of \$10,000. Bliss says that Talcott purchased four hundred thousand dollars worth of silk from the alleged smuggler, Lafayette Groff.

Valentine Gleason and Chas. Ralston, two of the alleged accomplices of the notorious Pettis, in his extensive bond forgeries, have been arrested at the suit of the New York Guaranty and Indemnity Co.; the action is for the recovery of \$75,000 advanced to Ralston for the gang on forged bonds of the Buffalo, New York and Erie Railway Company.

The Park Bank acknowledges the receipt of forty-seven thousand dollars from the Treasury Department at Washington, in due course of business; whether the package is the one reported lost, or whether the original has been replaced is not known.

WASHINGTON, 5.—The package of forty-seven thousand dollars, received by the Park Bank, New York, was sent by the treasury to replace the one lost.

The Cheyennes called on commissioner Smith this afternoon, and complained about the government failing to do anything since they arrived, saying that the Indians who did the best were treated the worst by the government. Tall Man Dan said that if he had learned to lie like Spotted Tail and Red Cloud he would have fared better. After handshaking the Indians left, and they will return home via N. Y. The President presented Sitting Bull with a fine rifle, nicely mounted and enclosed in a leather case. On the mountings surrounding the lock is engraved—"Sitting Bull, from the President, for bravery and friendship." The Cheyenne Indians requested the commissioner to appoint the Rev. S. D. Hinman and the Rev. J. P. Newman commissioners to aid in negotiating the Black Hill matter.

BOSTON, 6.—The twenty-third annual session of the International Typographical Union begins here to-morrow.

WASHINGTON, 6.—A post office has been established at Charleston, Wasatch Co., Utah, Joseph McRae, P. M.

As the visit of the Sioux here, to negotiate for the relinquishment of their possessions in the Black Hills has proved a failure, and the Indians have left here much dissatisfied, difficulties are apprehended with the whites seeking gold in their territory. It is estimated by the agents that the Sioux can muster from 3,000 to 5,000 warriors, about half armed with rifles and the remainder with bows and arrows. The government in the meantime will endeavor to prevent adventurers from going to that country, still having some hope, through the medium of com-

missioners, to effect a treaty with the Sioux.

The Treasury Department has instructed the surveyor of customs at St. Louis that the proper rate of duty on wool guipure lace is 50 cents per pound, and 50 per cent. *ad valorem*.

There is a report, unofficially confirmed, that Quartermaster General Meigs, having been assigned to special duty with brevet rank of Major General, will be placed in command of the department of the South, with his headquarters at Louisville, and that Gen. McDowell will go to Europe on leave, and upon his return will be placed upon the retired list.

CHICAGO, 6.—The *Tribune's* Sioux City special says that Winget and Chapman's pony express brought in, yesterday, some of the finest specimens of gold quartz ever seen in that country. The pieces of rock found contain from one eighth to one half gold. Miners from Colorado and California say they never saw specimens of equal value in that country. The quartz was obtained from a party of five who had been in the Hills since March last, but were obliged to come out, as the Indians were so troublesome they could not safely remain. They say there are miles of ledges like the specimens they brought.

CHICAGO, 7.—Twenty-two Aldermen who have been before Judge Williams, for contempt of court, in having violated an injunction restraining them from counting the votes cast at the last election were, this morning, fined one hundred dollars each, and their counsel was fined three hundred dollars.

LOUISVILLE, 7.—The *Courier Journal's* letter from Fort Sill, Indian Territory, says the Quahadatribe of the wild Comanches are expected at Fort Sill, to surrender, agreeing to turn over to the military authorities all their arms and about 600 horses and mules; this band has been raiding on the Texas frontier for the last five years, and the authorities always failed to induce them to come on the reservation.

NEW YORK, 7.—James M. Sweeney, brother of Peter B. Sweeney, died in Paris yesterday; deceased was recently indicted with his brother, in suits growing out of the affidavit made by Ingersoll, the pardoned ring convict.

The members of the deputation of Cheyenne River Sioux, who have been to Washington consulting with the authorities in regard to the sale of a part of their reservation, arrived in this city, and were taken to the Grand Central Hotel, last evening; they visited Gilmore's Garden in company with Mr. Wilder, their interpreter, and Buffalo Bill. White Swan wore at his belt, during the day, a long string of scalps taken in his various excursions.

The failure is reported of the Metropolitan Collar Co. The failure is also announced of Pettit and Man, in the iron trade; Strong and Holand Bros., in the wool trade, suspended payment; a large failure in the tea trade is reported from London, supposed to be a firm lately doing a pretty rash business in shipping and pushing their teas on this market through auction rooms.

WASHINGTON, 7.—The Secretary of the Treasury, to-day, inspected the cash room of the Treasury department, and other rooms where money is handled, with a view to the construction of desks, altered &c., for the better protection of government funds. Hereafter visitors will not be admitted to the bureau of engraving and printing, the vaults of the treasury or any rooms in which money is kept and handled.

SAN FRANCISCO, 6.—The A. S. N. Co's steamer *City of Melbourne* arrived this evening, from Sydney May 8th. The news is meagre.

Victoria.—The gold export this year is one hundred and ninety-eight thousand two hundred and seventy-eight ounces, against three hundred and sixteen thousand, five hundred and fifty-seven last year.

Madame Rastou, wife of a French communist, writes to the *Argus* that her husband and companions escaped from New Caledonia to startle the world with the manner in which the communist prisoners are doomed to death and starvation in New Caledonia.

Carroll, member of parliament from Ararat, was committed on several charges of forgery, as agent of Goldsberg & Co., wool brokers; the forgeries aggregate many thousand pounds.

QUEENSLAND.—The Governor

opened parliament on the 27th of April. A test of the coal from the Clifton mine shows it to be superior to Newcastle coal. During the present year the mine will be connected by rail with deepwater at Brisbane. The government is about to take measures to check Chinese immigration; the means is not yet decided upon.

South Australia.—In the face of the impending deficit in the revenue increased taxation is rendered necessary. The expenditures during the last quarter were £83,000 in excess of the revenue, about two hundred and forty thousand in excess for the year. A tidal wave at Port Pirie damaged the town to a serious extent. The Vignerons' Club will take steps to represent Adelaide wines at the Philadelphia Centennial. At Lifu, Loyalty Islands, night of March 28th, a sharp shock of earthquake was followed by others the next day, and on the evening of the 30th there was a fearful shock, doing much damage to buildings; this was followed by a great tidal wave, sweeping away three villages, inflicting immense destruction on life and property.

A letter from Sydney dated May 8th, by the steamer *City of Melbourne*, states that the next mail will convey the news by whom the mail service will be carried on; it is thought that the Pacific and Oriental Co. will take the contract at any cost, to employ their idle steamers. Stubbs and Co., auctioneers, Sydney, failed this morning, five hundred thousand dollars liabilities. The British naval authorities have sent a vessel to inquire into the massacre of the crew of the brig *James Birnie* at Howe's Islands. Panicky rumors are prevalent in commercial circles owing to mining speculations in 1873 and 1874, and a crash is expected in many mercantile houses within a week.

FOREIGN.

PARIS, 3.—*La Republique Francaise* reports that the Count Von Perponcher, the German ambassador at Brussels, has made fresh representations to the Belgian government in regard to the Catholic processions.

BRUSSELS, 3.—Forty persons have been arrested at St. Nicholas, near this city, for taking part in the affray growing out of the interference with a religious procession.

LISBON, 3.—Sixty persons have been drowned by the capsizing of a lighter in the Tagus, near this city.

LONDON, 4.—The *Telegraph's* Berlin dispatch says the German government possesses proofs that the charges of conspiracy made against Durin were unfounded. Durin's arrest was due to the excessive zeal of a Prussian police agent. The prisoner will be released.

BERLIN, 4.—The Emperor has conferred the order of civil merit on the Hon. Geo. Bancroft, historian, and Henry W. Longfellow, poet, of America.

MADRID, 4.—The Carlist General Seballas, with 2,000 men, attacked Blanco, and was repulsed with a loss of 60 killed.

LONDON, 5.—The Earl of Home and Dalhousie, and Viscount Grey, of Scotland, have been raised to the peerage of the United Kingdom.

MADRID, 6.—General Jovellar, formerly Captain General of Cuba, has been appointed to command the army of the Centre.

PARIS, 6.—The prize of Paris was won easily by Salvator, with Nugget second and Perlepe third. None of the English horses at Claremont, Cambo, or Seymour were anywhere near at the finish.

OTTAWA, Ont., 6.—A fire this evening at Hull destroyed Gilman's large steam saw mill, throwing 400 men out of employment; the loss is put at \$200,000.

HAMILTON, Ont., 6.—A fire to-day destroyed Hill's cabinet factory, Heald Bro's piano factory, and several adjoining buildings; loss about \$50,000.

LONDON, 6.—The corporation of London has resolved to invite the Mayor of New York to the international municipal banquet next month.

The representatives at Liverpool of the Trans-Atlantic S. S. Companies have come to an agreement as to the rates of freight and passage fares.

LONDON, 7.—The Liverpool Trans-Atlantic steamship companies have provisionally agreed that the rates for steerage passage by fast lines shall be five guineas, and by slow lines five per cent. less, a meeting

will be held to-day to consider the freight rates.

Adgar & Wicks, appointed by the Federal Union of Agricultural Laborers to make an examination of the Mississippi Valley for the purpose of ascertaining its suitability for settlement by immigrants, will leave for the U. S. in two weeks.

The three mutineers of the schooner *Jefferson Borden* will be returned to the United States in fifteen days.

CORRESPONDENCE.

The Mails.

SPRING CITY, Sanpete Co., June 5th, 1875.

Editor Deseret News:

I notice, in your issue of June 2nd, that your Monroe correspondent on the tardiness of mails is at fault, in unde standing that a daily mail runs to Gunnison. It is a six times a week and not a daily as he asserts, and consequently the contractor, Mr. L. I. Smith, is not required to run on Sunday. As I am informed, the mail arrives at Manti on Saturday night, instead of Gunnison, and runs to Richfield on Monday, the terminus of the six times a week, where the tri-weekly leaves on Tuesday morning for Monroe and other settlements South of that point.

With regard to carrying the mails in Sanpete Co., they have never at any time been carried more regularly than by Mr. L. J. Smith through the past winter, notwithstanding the many predictions that Sanpete would have no regular mails during the four years from July 1, 1874, the time the contract was awarded to him.

Respectfully,
FAIRPLAY.

SOWING TREE SEEDS.—The Rutland Herald says:

"There is a maple grove in St. Johnsbury, Vermont, which has been twice thinned out and is now held at \$200 per acre, and seventy years ago the same field was covered with growing corn. The fine sugar orchard has come up as a natural growth, and the opinion is quite prevalent among those familiar with the subject that the best way is to grow trees from the seed."

All our forest trees yield annually millions of seed. The maple and elm are very prolific. These and some other of our fine shade trees are of slow growth, but they attain a good size in fifteen or twenty years, and a large size in seventy years. We have seen elms and maples sixty and seventy years old which have attained a diameter of twelve and eighteen inches, and a height of fifty and sixty feet. The locust and chestnut will grow much faster.—*Ex.*

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession the following described animals, which, if not previously claimed, will be sold at public auction at the district estray pound, at 10 a.m., on Monday, June 14th, 1875:

One roan MARE with yearling mare colt, four years old, small star in forehead, illegible brand on left thigh.

One bay MARE, three years old, few white hairs in forehead, left hind foot white, no brands visible.

One bay MARE, three years old, branded G on left thigh, scar on back.

One sorrel yearling HORSE COLT, little white in forehead, small crop off left ear, no brands visible.

One three-year old BULL, spotted, star in forehead, white under belly, all four feet white, no marks or brands.

One red yearling BULL, no marks or brands.

One red yearling HEIFER, no marks or brands.

JONATHAN LFAMASTER,

District Poundkeeper.

Scipio, Millard County, Utah,
June 1st, 1875. ds&w

ESTRAY NOTICE.

I HAVE in my possession the following described animals:

One large bay HORSE, six or seven years old, star in forehead, blind in right eye, left fore foot white, branded on left thigh P, and something like P on left shoulder, piece of rope around neck.

One dark sorrel HORSE, eight or nine years old, bald face, left hind foot white, branded on left shoulder something like L, and on right hind foot white.

If said animals are not claimed before the 18th of June, 1875, they will be sold at public auction to the highest responsible bidder, sale at 10 o'clock a.m.

SAMUEL BATEMAN,

District Poundkeeper.

West Jordan, Gardner's mill.