

Pioneer Reminiscences by Bishop Hiram B. Clawson.

The regular monthly meeting of the Daughters of the Pioneers was held last Wednesday at the Lion House and after the opening exercises, Bishop Hiram B. Clawson continued his talk of pioneer days. He spoke of the value of pioneer reminiscences and urged the pioneers to relate incidents in early Church history to the society and also to their children. As complete a record as possible should be kept of this history, he said, for it is not only very interesting, but is of great educational value.

Bishop Clawson gave a strong testimony of the divine mission of the Prophet Joseph Smith, President Brigham Young and others and of their faithfulness.

In speaking of life in Winter Quarters, he said, "Food was scarce and we lacked many of the necessities. My brother went with the battalion to Mexico, I could not go as I was just recovering from chills and fever. The following spring my mother suggested that I go to Missouri and buy corn. I did so. My team consisted of an ox and a cow."

A FRIEND IN NEED.
"After traveling for some distance, I came to a rough looking place; stopped at the log cabin and asked for accommodation. I was welcomed, invited inside while a negro attended to my horse. The owner was a wealthy bachelor, who had brought a number of negro slaves from the south. That night for supper we had bacon, corn and sugar. He informed me that I was with sugar but no cream, although he had a large herd of cows. Our three meals a day consisted of this same food. On the morning of the 10th of May, I proposed to continue my journey, but was urged to stay longer. I remained three weeks, when I informed him that I must go on and trade for the corn, as my mother and others needed it badly for food."

"He asked me 'What have you to trade?' I told him a fine rifle, silver watch and our cow, and that I would like an ox and some corn. He told me he would trade with me. He offered his negroes to fit me out. He gave me a fine ox and load of corn. After my wagon was loaded I prepared for my journey home. Before starting out he ordered our cow hitched on the back, telling me he did not want her—he had enough without her. We considered this a very kind offer, and it was great help to my mother and others with whom she shared the corn."

CONDUCTOR SCALED.

"In the summer of '53 I went to New York to buy goods. I purchased my supplies and started out with the train. The Indians attacked us, destroyed the goods and scalped the conductor. He lived, but was forced to wear a wig. Before starting out he ordered our cow hitched on the back, telling me he did not want her—he had enough without her. We considered this a very kind offer, and it was great help to my mother and others with whom she shared the corn."

"On one of my early trips to New York I nearly lost my life. President Young had sent me Joseph Young and myself with \$50,000 in gold to purchase goods. This was very heavy and we had to guard it night and day. At Missouri I sent it by express. On arriving in New York I deposited it in a bank. Having business in Philadelphia I drew out \$5,000 in \$1,000 bills and placed it in my pocket. As I started for the home of my uncle, I noticed that a man was following me. I feared for the purpose of robbing me. I appealed for protection to a policeman, but he refused to arrest the man. On reaching the house I hurried up the steps, followed by the holdup. When the door was opened I told my uncle that the man intended to rob me. He rushed out for assistance and the man alone in the hall. I protected myself until the arrival of a policeman. Noticing the holdup kept his hand in his pocket the policeman gave him a sudden jerk and in doing so the contents of the man's hand were severed. He had concealed a long dirk knife. I still have that knife."

RAILROADS AND TELEGRAPHS.

Bishop Clawson next graphically described the explosion of the powder magazine on Arsenal hill. In referring to the building of the railroad, he stated that he had been made that President Young opposed it. This is not true, for assistance was cordially given, the people building 500 miles, 250 east and 250 west.

This is also true of the assistance given to the Union Pacific railroad. Gov. Stanford of California, president of this road, always spoke in highest terms of the Mormons and the favors granted by the authorities of Utah, which ever since has had a representative on the board of directors. Bishop Clawson related many interesting things about visits to Washington and his meeting with many of the leading senators and representatives.

LIFE IN THE "PEN."

He also spoke of life in the penitentiary at the time of prosecutions for plural marriage and told of Christmas dinner prepared and sent out by citizens, at which all the prisoners were their guests.

In closing, he said, "I have just time in my three quarters of an hour to tell you one more incident. The prisoners told me that it was customary for a new prisoner to be initiated by entertaining the rest of them with singing songs, etc. I told them I always sang for the hotels and even for the city more than to advertise abroad that the hotels are crowded and there is no more room for guests, those papers are passed by prospective visitors to our city, who become frightened that they can not secure accommodations in the city because of the report that the hotels are crowded, and they stay away. I have seen it happen many a time, and it is a wrong policy to pursue. Every tourist who visits our town means that much more for the town, not only in the money spent in seeing the city, but in the advertising that a well treated guest invariably gives to his friends. Up-to-date and growing city like Salt Lake. I have in mind now an eastern capitalist who came to Salt Lake to see the town and leaving the next day. Well, he received good hotel accommodations. He visited the surrounding country and finally became interested in mining property, and now he has investments amounting to \$100,000 in the mining district. Now if this man had read in the papers that the hotels were crowded he would probably never have come to Salt Lake."

Mrs. Georgia C. Pote sang a song which was sung by the brethren who went to the penitentiary for their faith some years ago.

On April 13, we will open a first class grill room in connection with the Royal Cafe and will serve the best steaks and chops the eastern market affords. Open from 4 to 12 p. m.

HOTEL GOSSIP.

W. A. Dunlap and wife, are registered at the Knutsford. Mr. Dunlap is heir to the millions made by the maker of the hats bearing his name. Mr. and Mrs. Dunlap came here from Milwaukee, Wisconsin, where they were married April 2nd. A story was sent out in the dispatches that Mrs. Dunlap was a "beautiful manicurist" who had "married into millions," which made beautiful alliteration but seems to have been directed at the straight line of fact. The real story is that while on a visit to New York Mr. Dunlap and wife, then Miss Lavender A. Byers with some friends entered a manicure parlor, and in a spirit of jest Miss Byers manicured the nails of two of the party. From this slim foundation the story sprang. Mr. and Mrs. Dunlap expect to make Salt Lake their home. He is interested in mining properties in this vicinity and Nevada, and will hereafter conduct his affairs and look after his interests from this city.

James H. Brady of Poestello is at the Knutsford. Mr. Brady is prominent politically and commercially in the Gate City, being state chairman of the Republican central committee of Idaho, and president of the American Falls Light & Power company, which furnishes power and light for Pocatello and Nevada, and will hereafter conduct his affairs and look after his interests from this city.

Isaac Jorgensen and George Cole, two prominent business men of Logan, are registered at the Wilson. Mr. Jorgensen is in the grist mill business

A Skin of Beauty is a Joy Forever.
DR. T. Felix Goussard's Oriental Cream or Magical Beautifier.



"Goussard's Cream" is the best beauty skin preparation for sale by all druggists and is made in France.

FEED. T. HOPKINS, Prop., 37 Great Street, New York.

and Mr. Cole has a large cash and door factory and lumber yard in the fair town of Logan.

When is an Ad Not an Ad?—Your house is enjoying a good run today, says a reporter to Don R. Porter, proprietor of the Knutsford hotel today. "Yes, every hotel in town is having a good run," said the smiling host. "But don't you know that there is nothing but business houses for the hotels and even for the city more than to advertise abroad that the hotels are crowded and there is no more room for guests, those papers are passed by prospective visitors to our city, who become frightened that they can not secure accommodations in the city because of the report that the hotels are crowded, and they stay away. I have seen it happen many a time, and it is a wrong policy to pursue. Every tourist who visits our town means that much more for the town, not only in the money spent in seeing the city, but in the advertising that a well treated guest invariably gives to his friends. Up-to-date and growing city like Salt Lake. I have in mind now an eastern capitalist who came to Salt Lake to see the town and leaving the next day. Well, he received good hotel accommodations. He visited the surrounding country and finally became interested in mining property, and now he has investments amounting to \$100,000 in the mining district. Now if this man had read in the papers that the hotels were crowded he would probably never have come to Salt Lake."

COST OF MATERIAL.
The cost of all kinds of material has increased enormously. Take cement, for instance, which was largely used in the construction of dams and head-works, and for which the government is asking for hundreds of thousands of dollars. The cost of cement has increased so much that it is now nearly double what it was a few years ago. Even at the present high price only a few manufacturers are competing, and today the cement required for the new dam at Wyoming, and the Dakotas is shipped from Chicago.

Lumber has nearly doubled in price, and iron and steel are now sold at twice what they did three years ago. As an illustration of the material increase in the cost of construction the following examples are cited: In 1903 and 1905 the average cost of earthwork excavation was about 18 cents per cubic yard. Today the prevailing rates for similar work are from 24 to 30 cents. A large contract for grading and filling was recently let at 24 cents per cubic yard, and the contractor executed the contract and furnished the required bond. When he came to secure the money for the contract, however, he found the work would cost so much more than his bid that he threw up his bid and forfeited his bond. On the other hand, a contractor who had let at 24 cents per yard, and the contractor is said to be losing money at this price. Reinforced concrete in 1905 cost \$3.10 per cubic yard, while responsible bids this year are from \$15 to \$21.

SHIPPING TROUBLES.
The troubles of the contractor in the matter of shipping materials are shown by the experience of one contractor, who ordered a shipment in November and loaded it on cars, detaining a man to follow the car and expedite early delivery in every way possible. Notwithstanding all these precautions more than three months elapsed before the material was received at its destination, and only a few hundred miles away. The notable increase of cost of construction has compelled a revision of the original estimates on the large projects, and if there is not a material improvement in conditions it may be necessary to postpone further construction work on some of these projects for an indefinite period. Any further increase may render some of the projects so expensive that difficulty will arise in getting settlers to take the lands.

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WHY J. S. WILLIAMS CAN'T ATTEND PEACE CONFERENCE

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In his letter Mr. Williams makes the suggestion, which he says he has talked over with President Roosevelt, that each country pay "a good substantial salary" to the members of The Hague court appointed by it, give them a long tenure of office, at least five or ten or 15 years and forbid them to act as agents for any nation while so serving. This, he says, would enable each country to select lawyers of international reputation, who can make a living if not a life work, of the objects set before the court.

"My idea," he concluded, "is to make the court of The Hague an arbitration court of the civilized world. I used this phrase in a letter to the president and it seemed to please him very much. The details are being worked out by a committee, keeping the general object in view."

STUDYING CUSTOMS RULES.

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GOVERNMENT BEGGING FOR BIDS

Development Boom Giving Reclamation Service a Good Deal of Concern.

CONTRACTORS ALL LOADED.

Have Plenty of Railroad Work on Hand Without Seeking Irrigation Projects—Raise in Prices.

Special Correspondence.

Washington, April 8.—The development boom in the far west is giving the reclamation service a good deal of concern at the present time.

With every part of the intermountain country enjoying a remarkable building boom, the government finds itself seriously handicapped by its inability to secure reasonable bids for its big irrigation works. The large contractors are all loaded up with railroad work which will occupy their attention for many months to come, while smaller contractors have all they can possibly do to take care of the local demands of cities and towns.

Many of the contracts of the government have been advertised several times without securing reasonable bids. The government is confronted with the proposition of doing the work by account or of postponing it until there is an improvement in conditions. The present time is most unpropitious for the government to undertake doing the work itself. There is an unusual scarcity of labor. Wages are from 40 to 60 per cent higher than two years ago, while efficiency has been decreased by the war. The government gets only the leftovers or the most undesirable class of laborers. The steady and skillful workers are all busy.

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DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED

by most practitioners, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a running sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. It is cases of deafness caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars free.

P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Thank Your Stars

there is a remedy which will meet your needs. You know the liver and kidneys are the filters of the body. These organs perform the important work of filtering the poisonous matters from the blood. These blood-filters are apt at times to become clogged and disease breeding poisons are thrown back into the blood causing rheumatism, gout, sciatica, dropsy, Bright's disease, lumbago, jaundice, bilious attacks and other serious disorders.

It is vitally necessary to your good health to see that the liver and kidneys are always kept active and healthy.

WITH BEECHAM'S PILLS

handy to take whenever conditions indicate that your system is in need of attention, you can attend to this. There is safety in the precaution, for the blood-filters of the body should never be allowed to become clogged. After exposure to the weather, when you have over indulged in food or drink, and especially during climatic changes you will have need for Beecham's Pills. You can scarcely keep really well without them. The worn-out feeling you occasionally experience is largely due to accumulated poisons that linger in the blood. You may be rid of them by using Beecham's Pills. They are world-famous for restoring vigor and health to the ailing and with such a medicine

You Can Go As You Please

Sold Everywhere in Boxes 10c and 25c.

WORK WEAKENS THE KIDNEYS.

Doan's Kidney Pills Have Done Great Service for People Who Work In Salt Lake City.

Most Salt Lake City people work every day in some strained, unnatural position—bending constantly over a desk—riding on jolting wagons or cars—doing laborious housework; lifting, reaching or pulling, or trying the back in a hundred and one other ways. All these strains tend to wear, weaken and injure the kidneys until they fail behind in their work of filtering the poisons from the blood. Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys, put new strength in bad backs. Salt Lake City cures prove it.

Thomas Henningsway, furniture mover, of 517 West South Temple St., Salt Lake City, Utah, says: "In the last few years I have had several bad spells of backache. I think the trouble was brought on by over-doing in moving heavy articles such as stoves or pianos. When I first got Doan's Kidney Pills at the F. J. Hill Drug Co.'s store, I sawed through them. I need not fear backache or kidney trouble in any form. This remedy promptly rid me of the aching and if I should ever have a similar attack again it is the only remedy I would use."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

SHORT TALKS BY L. T. COOPER.

LIVER TROUBLE.

A dull, sluggish liver always brings a dull, sluggish feeling to the entire body. When the liver works properly the blood courses through the body in a bright red stream. When the liver is inactive the blood becomes dark and muddy, and it is full of poisonous matter.

A great many people try to get a fine, clear, pink and white complexion by rubbing things on their faces. They might rub a life time and the same yellow complexion would remain for the liver causes it. Only bright, healthy blood brings fine complexions. Blood loaded with impurities from the liver sends the impurities out through the pores of the skin and turns the skin a brownish yellow.

To get rid of the dull, heavy feeling and muddy, yellow complexion get the liver to working again. Two bottles of Cooper's New Discovery will do this nine times out of ten though sometimes it takes four or five bottles.

Here's what a man who tried it says: "My health had been poorly for several years. My face was yellow and covered with pimples. I was bothered constantly with chronic constipation. Had little or no appetite and could not sleep well at night. I became weak and lost all ambition. I tried many different medicines but nothing seemed to help me until I began taking Cooper's New Discovery. It seemed to help me at once. Now after I have taken several bottles I feel entirely well. My face is clear, I sleep well, have a good appetite and am quite myself again."

I am deeply grateful for my restorer health." Michael Silk, 24 Kentucky Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.

We sell the famous Cooper medicines—The F. J. Hill Drug Co., 30 W. Second South St.

Hotel Grace

EUROPEAN PLAN. Headquarters for Utah People and Mormon Missionaries in

CHICAGO.

Location, Opposite Postoffice and Board of Trade, Exact Center of Business District, Between Jackson Boulevard and Clark Street.

Be Rooms at \$1 per day, and upward. Every room has hot and cold water.

C. C. COLLINS, Proprietor.

Pineules

For Backache, Rheumatism and the Kidney and Bladder.

Sold by Z.C.M.I. Drug Dept., 112-4 Main

AUDITORIUM!

ROLLER SKATING—RICHARDS STREET.

Tuesday, April 9, Two-Step Contest for State Championship, three couples from Ogden vs. three couples from Salt Lake. Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, 10th, 11th, 12th, One-Mile Race, Diefenbacher on Bicycle vs. Charles Wilkinson on Skates.

Think Open Daily.

Mornings, 10-12.

Evenings, 7:30-10:30.

MUSIC BY HILD'S BAND.

Ladies admitted free at all sessions. Cents, afterwards, 10c; evenings, 15c.

THE PLACE FOR SELECT PEOPLE.

Kosmeo

Prevents Freckles

Price 50c.—At All Dealers.

Everyone Likes It

and there is a good reason too, because no other soap, no matter what the price, is so good for the toilet and bath as delightful, creamy, Olio-Vi Soap. We unhesitatingly claim that Olio-Vi is as pure, mild and emollient a soap as can be made, and we have been making soap for over 50 years.

Only True Olio-Vi Soap

Wholesale and retail from your dealer! Allen B. Wright Co., (Makers) Chicago National Selling Co., Chicago Sales Agents for United States

De Bouzeux

27-29 W. 39TH ST. N.Y.C.