CLAIMS ESTATE OF DUKE OF PORTLAND

Hundreds Seek Admission to Hear The Famous Druce Mystery Case.

DID HE LEAD A DOUBLE LIFE?

One Witness Swore He Helped Arrange Mock Funeral So as to Bury The Dual Personality.

London, Nov. 8.—Hundreds of people vainly sought for admittance to the Marylebone police court today, when the hearing of the famous Druce mystery case was resumed. Herbert Druce, son of the late Thomas Charlesc Druce, is in the present proceedings, charged with perjury by his nephew, George Hollanby Druce, in connection with the Druce claim to the estates of the Duke of Portland, which claim dates back to 1893. This claim, which has been vigorously contested by the present Duke of Portland, centers about the old question whether Thomas Charles Druce, at one time the owner of the famous Baker street bazar, who is said to have died 43 years ago, was not the same person as the eccentric fifth Duke of Portland, who died in 1879.

Interest today was heightened by the alleged theft since the previous session of the diary of Mis. Robinson, daughter of a southern planter, who was employed as an amanuensis in the Baker street bazar, and who says she frequently went to Wellbrok Abbey, the Portland seat, where she saw the late T. C. Druce, father of the late George Druce, who in turn was father of George Hollanby Druce, the claimant to the estates of the Duke of Portland, whose identity with T. C. Druce she claimed to be able to establish.

CALDWELL KNEW DUKE.

Robert Caldwell of Staten Island, N. Y., testified that he knew the late Duke of Portland, both as the duke and as T. C. Druce, at Wellbrok abbey and at the Baker street bazar, and that he treated the duke at both places for a disease of the nose. Caldwell swore that he arranged with the duke the death and mock funeral of Druce, so that his dual personality could finally be buried.

He declared that at the duke's request he employed a carpenter to make a coffin, purchased 200 pounds of lead and put it in the coffin himself. The funeral occurred the following day.

Mr. Caldwell added he saw the duke on the morning of the funeral at the Baker street bazar. He identified two photographs as pictures of the Duke of Portland in the character of T. C. Druce. Asked to account for the beard shown in one of the photographs, witness replied he had seen the duke wear a false beard. After the funeral witness said he asked the duke if "Druce" had left a will. The duke then thanked him for reminding him of such an important point, and said he must have it made.

Caldwell told of his introduction to the duke in 1864 by the famous physician, Sir Morell McKenzie; to his intimacy with the duke, and his cure of the duke's nasal trouble. He testified that he received presents from the duke aggregating about $50,000 besides $25,000 for curing the nasal trouble.

Witness said he remained in England six years after the funeral, went to America in 1871, saw the Druce case mentioned in the New York papers in February of that year, and communicated with Druce's lawyer.

Cross-examined by Mr. Avery, Caldwell admitted he had been described as "the great American affidavit-maker," but he added, that it was not justified.

Mr. Avery questioned Caldwell closely on the subject of his alleged offer to sell a New York newspaper a story about the forged will and the robbery of A. T. Stewart, the dry goods merchant of New York City.

The witness admitted that he had corresponded with Albert Hilton, son of the late Judge Hilton, about the matter, and he also admitted that he had suggested that Judge Hilton had forged Mr. Stewart's will and dug up the "body."

PRESSING WITNESS.

Pressed to explain why, if not to extort money, he had written to Albert Hilton, the witness said he desired to return home some letters which had passed between Mr. Hilton and Mrs. Stewart, which were securely locked up in a safe, specially built to hold them, and which cost $3,500.

Caldwell refused to say where the safe was kept, but asserted that he had a key and that another man had a key to the room in which the safe was kept.

Continuing the witness asserted that he had pledged himself not to divulge the contents of the letters during Judge Hilton's life, but said he had offered to sell the story to a New York newspaper. Caldwell added that he believed the letters to be genuine.

Counsel then read letters which purported to have passed between Judge Hilton and Mrs. Stewart, in which Mrs. Stewart said that an accusation had been made against Judge Hilton as trustee of her husband's will.

The correspondence, which was lengthy, went through the alleged differences between Mrs. Stewart and Judge Hilton, finally leading to a reconciliation of them.

Explaining why his story was not published, Caldwell said the paper in question refused to pay the price which he demanded for it.

The witness was then asked whether, after the story had been rejected, he took it back, and, with a few embellishments, including "a body-snatching incident," again offered it to a New York newspaper.

Caldwell admitted that he had again offered the story to a New York newspaper, and complained that the paper not only broke its promise to not say anything about the story if it was not used, but provided an affidavit for use in the present case, and also printed editorials on the subject.

Mr. Caldwell was still under examination when the case was adjourned for a week.

A MYSTERIOUS PASSAGE.

One of the strangest features of the case is that about the middle of June, 1906, workmen who were tearing down Harcourt house on Cavendish square, London, previously one of the residences of the Duke of Portland, discovered an underground passage leading from the house to the Baker street structure in which the famous bazar had previously been and which was conducted by Thomas Charles Druce. The claimant declares that the duke, while living his double life, used the underground passage referred to for the purpose of getting from Harcourt house to the place of business of "Druce."

The suit of the claimant is being pressed by a limited liability company organized for the purpose. The directors are the claimant himself and George and John Crickmer.

A Mrs. Margaret Hamilton has testified that she knew the fifth duke, both as Mr. Druce and as the Duke of Portland and that she was aware that he had married Elizabeth Crickmer, grandmother of the present claimant.

George Druce says he was born in 1841, and went to Australia in 1865, returning to England four years later. About this time, he adds, facts which came into his possession showed that the Duke of Portland owned the bazaar referred to in the case and he decided to claim the estates and for that purpose formed the limited liability company.

The original action in the case was brought to eject Lord Howard DeWalden from the London property, which his father inherited from the fifth Duke of Portland through the supposed failure of the direct line.

The contention has been that if this suit was successful the establishing of the claimant's title to the other estates held by the Duke of Portland would follow as a natural consequence within a comparatively short time.

WHO CALDWELL IS.

New York, Nov. 9.—The cable dispatches stating that Robert Caldwell as a witness in the suit of the Druces to recover the estates now held by the Duke of Portland, under the claim that George Hollanby Druce is directly descended from the eccentric fifth Duke of Portland, created no surprise here. The nature of his testimony was expected from the fact that a few months ago he visited the newspaper offices here and endeavored to sell what he alleged was the solution of the theft of the body of A. T. Stewart and another containing what he told on the witness stand in London yesterday.

Caldwell when in America lived in a modest little cottage overlooking New York bay, at St. George, Staten Island. He is pas 70 years but is still very well preserved and with snow white hair, flowing white mustache and clear, sharp blue eyes, has a distinct military appearance.

Nobody knew what the old man's business was, not even his landlord, who tried to draw him out, but did not succeed in learning much about him. Because of his efforts to sell the affidavits referred to here, he was termed in certain quarters, "The great American affidavit maker."

KILLED A TRAMP.

Portland, Or., Nov. 8.—A special to the Oregonian, from Roseburg, states that Town Marshal Lundy at Yoncalla, shot and killed one of a trio of tramps shortly after midnight this morning. The dead man's companions are being held until their records can be looked up, the town authorities being certain they are desperate characters.

Letters Opened By Grindstone

Receives More Mail Than Any Other Women In the State.

How would you like to receive so much mail that it would be necessary to use a grindstone in order to open the letters as fast as they come in? This is the way a woman in Indiana opens her mail. Mrs. Cora B. Miller of Kokomo gets tons of mail and to save time has them opened by a large grindstone which occupies a conspicuous place in her office. No other person in Indiana receives so much mail as she.

To give an idea of how vast her correspondence is, you need only to be told that she spends in one year $25,000.00 for postage stamps. How many letters will this send out? It is first-class postage for 12,500 letters. Mrs. Miller's correspondence is not confined to one state or one country, but women from all parts of the world write her and it certainly is a pleasure to receive so many letters so full of love and gratitude. The reason Mrs. Miller receives so many kind grateful and assuring letters is because she gives treatment free of cost to suffering women. A few months ago she sent by mail absolutely free of cost $10,000.00 worth of medicine to women who were afflicted with female diseases or piles. She is still receiving thousands of requests from ladies who have never used the remedy and has needed to give an other lot of $10,000.00 worth away to those in need of treatment.

Here is a simple, mild and effectual home remedy which has been used by more than a million women in the privacy of their own home, curing when doctors and other medicines failed.

It is especially prepared for the speedy and permanent cure of leucorrhoea or whitish discharges, ulceration, displacement or falling of the womb, profuse, scanty, painful periods, uterine or ovarian tumors or growths; also pains in the head, back and bowels, bearing down feelings, nervousness; creeping feeling up the spine, melancholy, desire to cry; hot flashes, weariness, and piles from any cause or no matter of how long standing.

Every woman who is a sufferer, unable to find relief should write Mrs. Miller now without delay and she will send by mail free of charge a 50 cent box of her simple home remedy, also her book, with explanatory illustrations showing why women suffer and how they can easily cure themselves at home.

Don't suffer another day, but write at once to Mrs. Cora B. Miller, Box 288 Kokomo, Ind.

TO MEET DEMANDS OF COUNTRY BANKS

New York Houses Doing What They Can to Satisfy Them.

DEPLETING THEIR RESOURCES

In Many Cases Have Been Allowed to Draw Balances to the Danger Point.

New York, Nov. 8.—The leading New York banks are exerting themselves actively today to meet the demands of their country correspondents and depositors for currency. They declare that the suggestions made from several western sources that they are not meeting legitimate demands for currency from the west are entirely unfounded, and that they are, on the contrary, taking every practicable measure to aid the west and south. One of those large banks, with several thousand correspondents, has depleted its reserve by about a quarter during the last few weeks to supply currency where it is most needed, and has made large shipments to banks in San Antonio, Galveston, Memphis, Mobile, Atlanta and other southern points.

COUNTRY BANKS.

The country banks have been allowed to draw down their balances to a point which affords in many cases hardly enough to meet the drafts sold in the primary course of business. They have brought paper for rediscount to their New York correspondents in large amounts, and the principal difficulty of the New York banks has come from the demand for currency to be shipped against the balance created by these rediscounts. As the rediscounts have been in the nature of an accommodation and have not brought a cent of currency to the discounting banks, they do not feel that they should be called upon to supply currency in large amounts under existing conditions.

The best possible judgment is used in meeting these country demands for currency. It is not usual except in special cases to ship all that is asked for, but a portion of what is asked for, ranging around one-half, is usually shipped, the proportion varying according to the cash strength of the bank calling for additional currency or the supply demand for legitimate purposes. Special favor is shown to the small interior banks where there is no clearing house, because it is realized that they are not in a position to count upon cooperation and the use of clearing house certificates, as in the case of communities having a number of strong institutions.

COTTON MOVEMENT CHECKED.

It is admitted that the cotton movement is seriously checked by the lack of small bills and silver to pay the small growers and by the inability of the southern banks to handle the immense volume of business accumulating at southern points. The grain shipments are in better shape, owing to the gold secured by the banks of Minneapolis and St. Paul, and arrangements for paying cash in New York on grain bills. The New York banks feel bound to retain a certain portion of reserve to guard against possible contingency, because they fulfill in substance the function which is fulfilled in London by the Bank of England, in Paris by the Bank of France, as the ultimate resource in emergency.

The aid which is being rendered to the situation is indicated by the fact that the total engagements of gold have now reached $40,000,000. The total was materially increased today by the announcement of several purchases which had not heretofore been made public. Of the amount engaged the sum of $21,311,000 has already arrived, including $12,366,150, which was laid down from the Lusitania this morning. This gold will afford the basis of nearly $200,000,000 in loans, and will materially assist the New York banks in their efforts to meet the pressure for currency throughout the country.

The fact that practically $60,000,000 in currency disappeared from the New York banks within a week, as indicated by the last bank statement, is considered sufficient evidence that the New York banks are doing their best to meet the demands upon them.

The total drain of last week is computed upon the basis of an actual loss in cash of about $30,000,000 in face of the fact that $20,000,000 of public money had been poured into the New York banks. It is not possible to determine what proportion of this $60,000,000 went west and what proportion went into hoards in New York. It is estimated in some quarters that about half of the amount was shipped to western banks, but other bankers put the proportion somewhat lower, leaving the balance to be accounted for by hoarding.

MEASURES SUGGESTED.

One of the measures which has been a subject of some consultation between Secy. Cortelyou and leading bankers here has been the sale of a block of Panama construction bonds. The manner in which this would benefit the market would be by enabling bonds to be used as a basis for national bank note circulation. Several steps will be required, which depart a little from usual treasury practise, to enable relief by the sale of Panama bonds. It would be necessary that the money paid for them, which, under treasury rules, must be cash, should be deposited in national banks. Otherwise the amount paid would be withdrawn from circulation and would make the situation worse than at present. Furthermore, it would be necessary for the banks engaging in such an operation to have ready bonds acceptable to the treasury as security for the increase of deposits derived from the proceeds of the sale of the bonds.

A still further step to promote immediate relief would be that the comptroller of the currency should have notes printed and ready for those banks which were able to bid for the bonds and were able to find adequate security for the money paid for the bonds now deposited with the treasury. Whether relief could be obtained with sufficient promptness to justify all the steps involved in this case is a matter that has not been fully decided upon at the treasury department. It is somewhat doubtful if all these steps, including the offer of the bonds to the public, could be taken before the acuteness of the pressure for currency has been considerably dulled.

TEXAS BANK FAILS.

Houston, Tex., Nov. 8.—Vineyard, Walker & Co., private bankers, doing business at Eagle Lake, closed their doors this afternoon and filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy in the federal court in Houston.

There is no estimate of the deposits or other liabilities, but a schedule is to be filed.

Don't Buy

ground coffee—order whole roast and let your grocer grind it, or, better still, grind it at home.

Folger's Golden Gate

is whole roast—packed in aroma-tight tins. Never sold in bulk.

J. A. Folger & Co., San Francisco

STEVE ADAMS TRIAL.

Man Accused of Tyler's Murder Listens, Unmoved, to Evidence.

Spokane, Wash., Nov. 8.—A special to the Spokesman Review from Rathdrum, Ida., says:

Steve Adams, accused of the murder of Fred Tyler in the Marble Creek district of Shoshone county, Ida., three years ago, heard, like a voice from the grave, today, the evidence of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Phillips, giving the details of the circumstances surrounding his movements at the time of the killing of the Wisconsin claimseeker. Unmoved, the associate of Harry Orchard sat twirling his lead pencil or chewing gum, his head against the wall, his eyes shifting. But there was no smile on his lips as during the first days of the trial. All day the attorneys went over the testimony of the absent witnesses, following the path made by Mr. and Mrs. Phillips at the first trial.

Frightened out of the country by threatening letters of dynamite, Phillips and his wife refused to return and tell what they knew of the wild experiences along the Marble creek in 1904. With the preliminaries necessary to get the testimony of the witnesses into the record, it having been a step probably never before taken by the state in a criminal action in the state of Idaho, the testimony consumed the entire day. The attorneys say they are making better progress than at the first trial, and with the testimony of Mr. and Mrs. Phillips now out of the way it would seem that this is true.

The state has gone a little ahead of its case in putting in the Phillips testimony, and tomorrow will go back to the finding of the body, having secured Deputy Sheriff Williams, who helped to take it out. Dr. D. E. Keyes, coroner at the time the body was found, also is here and will be put on the stand. Their testimony may take some hours.

George Huebener, clerk for Warden E. L. Whitney at the penitentiary, who wrote Adams' confession, is expected tomorrow. Mr. Whitney has been in Rathdrum for 10 days. He witnessed the signature of Maj. Gen. Bulkley Wells of Colorado, who took Adams back to Colorado and to whom he made admissions, and may be put on the stand during the trial.

SHOT BY THUGS.

Policeman Charles Brown of Reno Probably Fatally Wounded.

Reno, Nev., Nov. 8.—In a pistol duel, Policeman Charles Brown was shot and probably fatally wounded by a trio of thugs at about 10 o'clock this morning. Before he was shot Brown shot and killed one of his assailants, and Archie Burris, an employe of the Southern Pacific, was shot in the side.

The trouble started in a quarrel among the thugs, who are thought to be the same men who held up a local gambling house last evening. Officer Brown attempted to arrest one of the men, who immediately pulled a gun. Before he could use the weapon, Brown shot him. One of the other thugs then jumped upon Brown's back, throwing the officer down. In his dying moments the wounded robber shot the officer. One of the flying bullets struck Burris, who may die. The other members of the trio of thugs were caught and narrowly escaped lynching. It is feared Brown will die. The dead man and his companions are foreigners, who arrived in Reno only a few days ago.

564 PRISONERS ILLEGALLY CONVICTED

Chicago, Nov. 8.—Judge Windes of the superior court today decided that prisoners indicted by the county grand jury, who had been convicted and sentenced by the municipal court and who were recently declared by the state supreme court to have been illgally convicted, are entitled to their fredom. The decision applies to 564 prisoners, all of whom must now be retried in the criminal court.

NEW COUNTERFEIT BILL.

Washington, Nov. 8.—Chief Wilkie of the secret service reports the discovery of a new counterfeit $10 national bank note. The counterfeit is on the Wells-Fargo Nevada bank of San Francisco, and is a poor photographic reproduction printed on heavy bond paper, with no silk fibre. The treasury numbers have been traced over with red ink; the back of the note is better than the front, being a fair reproduction of the genuine, except the coloring around the charter number, which is a muddy green.

PILES CURED IN 6 to 14 DAYS. PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

You don't know how much a Prescription might cost you,

Unless you are extremely careful to take it to the right place. The substitution of an inferior article might mean irreparable injury to the patient, and you can't afford to go to a place where you don't know what your going to get. Any reputable physician will tell you that we never substitute, that our prescriptions are compounded by competent and experienced men.

"SCHRAMMS"

Where the cars stop.

Am—Or—Ou

This new powerful reconstructive tonic, revivifies the blood, supports the heart, has no equal for nervous prostration, brain exhaustion, neurasthenia, and all kinds of mental and physical debility, one trial will convince, sent to any address $1.00, sold only by the western agents.

ANSTEE-BRICE DRUG CO
44 Main St.

DIAMONDS

Are still going up, it is the best and safest investment, if you buy them right; we have a few forfeited diamonds, that we can sell you right, with an absolute guarantee. Reference, Walker Bros., Bankers.

I. SIEGEL

Jeweler and Diamond Broker,

175 South Main Street

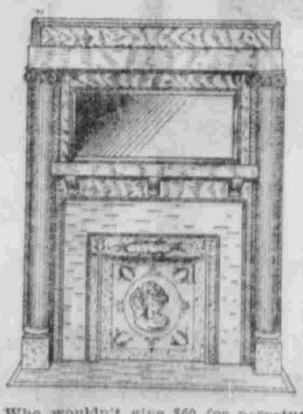
Fleur de lis Dainties

is the name of a new line of very superior candy we have for sale.

It is fresh daily and of the purest quality

WILLES - HORNE DRUG CO.,

News Building. By the Monument
Phones: Bell 374-1830. Ind. 374-1578



Who wouldn't give $60 for perpetual comfort and cheer in ope's home? This mantel and our

Patent Radiant

Grate will do it for that amount. Call and see our stock or write for catalogue of mantels or monument.

Elias Morris & Sons COMPANY,

Opposite south gate Temple Block, Salt Lake City

UTAH DENTAL CO.

Reliable Dentists.
234 MAIN, SALT LAKE.
BRANCH OFFICES: Ogden, Logan, Brigham, Provo, Park City.
Guarantees good at either office.

Spasms St. Vitus' Dance

Many persons who suffered untold agonies from epilepsy, fits, spasms, and St. Vitus' Dance are today well. The strengthening influence of Dr. Miles' Nervine upon the shattered nerves having restored them to perfect health.

"I endured agony that words cannot express from St. Vitus' dance, which followed a very severe spell of rheumatism. I doctored with a physician, but the more I took of his medicine the worse I got. My mother's devotion saved me. After she had become almost heart-broken, as well as physically exhausted from constant care, by the advice of a neighbor she procured a bottle of Dr. Miles' Nervine. From the first dose to the last a continual change for the better was noticable, and when I had taken eleven bottles I was well, and in robust health."
EDWARD O. BEAM,
North Manchester, Indiana.

"Our little boy Harry, had spasms for three years, and although we doctored with many physicians, he continued to grow worse until he had ten spasms in one week. About that time our attention was called to Dr. Miles' Nervine. We began giving it to him. His improvement seemed slow, but when he had finished the fourth bottle the spasms had disappeared, and have not been seen now for years. We shall always recommend Dr. Miles' Nervine."
MRS. BELLE M. TINDALL,
Hastings, Neb.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it fails, he will refund your money.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

WESTERN MINING & MILLING company. Location of principal place of business, Salt Lake City, Utah. Notice—There are delinquent upon the following described stock, on account of assessment levied on the 26th day of September, 1907, the several amounts, set opposite the names of the respective shareholders as follows:

Name	No. of Cert.	No. of Shares	Amt. due.
E. D. Hoskins,	38	28,990 (bal.)	$270.00
J. A. Bevan,	44	5,000	125.00
J. G. Shields,	45	5,000	125.00

and in accordance with law and an order of the board of directors made on the 26th day of September, 1907, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary, will be sold at the office of the Secretary of said company, 225 Atlas Block, Salt Lake City, Utah, on the 18th day of November, 1907, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., to pay delinquent assessments thereon, together with the cost of advertising and expenses of the sale.

J. H. HUMD,
Secretary.
225 Atlas Block, Salt Lake City, Utah.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

THE NEW STATE GUN CLUB, A corporation organized under the laws of the State of Utah. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees, held on the 5th day of November, 1907, an assessment of $10.000 per share was levied on the capital stock of the corporation, payable on or before the 5th day of December, 1907, to the Secretary, at his office, No. 221 Second Ave., Salt Lake City.

Any stock upon which this assessment may remain unpaid on the 5th day of December, 1907, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on the 20th day of December, 1907 to pay the delinquent assessment, together with the cost of advertising and expenses of sale.

ELBRIDGE L. THOMAS,
Secretary.
Salt Lake City, Utah, Nov. 8, 1907.

P. S.—This is positively the only notice of assessment that will be given. Please pay promptly and avoid being advertised.
NEW STATE GUN CLUB.

WE OPEN YOUR EYE

To the fact of the superiority of our work. Our reputation is national.

TROY LAUNDRY

"THE LAUNDRY of QUALITY
Both Phones 192. 166 Main St

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

CHERRY CREEK MINES CO.—Principal place of business, Salt Lake City, Utah. Notice.—There are delinquent upon the following described stock, on account of assessment No. 4 of 3 cents per share, levied on the 3rd day of Oct., 1907, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders, as follows:

Names.	No. Cert.	No. of Shrs.	Amt. Due.
Samuel H. Allen	11	4,500	$135.00
Orson Allen	67	500	15.00
S. W. Anderson	81	2,000	60.00
Wm. F. Armstrong	103	2,500	75.00
Wesley Austin	151	1,000	30.00
Josiah Burrows	187	1,000	30.00
H. S. Beatie	19	2,000	60.00
Geo. J. Cannon	159	1,000	30.00
F. M. Castleton	92	1,000	30.00
Geo. J. Cannon	156	15,000	450.00
Alta O. Dawson	32	200	6.00
W. H. Fonland	154	1,000	30.00
Jos. Geoghegan	46	12,500	375.00
H. C. Gaw	59	1,000	30.00
H. C. Gaw	60	1,000	30.00
H. C. Gaw	61	1,000	30.00
H. C. Gaw	62	500	15.00
H. C. Gaw	63	500	15.00
H. C. Gaw	64	500	15.00
H. C. Gaw	65	500	15.00
H. C. Gaw	66	500	15.00
H. C. Gaw	67	500	15.00
H. C. Gaw	68	500	15.00
H. C. Gaw	69	500	15.00
H. C. Gaw	70	250	7.50
H. C. Gaw	71	250	7.50
H. C. Gaw	72	250	7.50
H. C. Gaw	73	250	7.50
H. C. Gaw	74	250	7.50
H. C. Gaw	75	250	7.50
H. C. Gaw	76	250	7.50
H. C. Gaw	77	250	7.50
Henry Green	156	3,000	90.00
Fred Herald	56	50	1.50
W. S. Higham	93	1,500	45.00
Ambrose Higham	94	500	15.00
J. E. Langford	9	2,000	60.00
Wilford Moyle	15	2,500	75.00
P. S. Maycock	22	500	15.00
Lester Merrill	24	1,000	30.00
Oscar W. Moyle	104	2,500	75.00
Mrs. A. C. McCormack	146	1,000	30.00
F. J. Nelson	97	10,000	300.00
W. T. Pyper	41	1,000	30.00
Geo. D. Pyper	140	1,000	30.00
W. P. Read	38	7,500	225.00
C. N. Sampson	161	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	162	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	163	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	164	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	165	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	166	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	167	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	168	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	169	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	170	500	15.00
C. N. Sampson	171	1,000	30.00
C. N. Sampson	172	1,000	30.00
C. N. Sampson	173	1,000	30.00
C. N. Sampson	174	1,000	30.00
C. N. Sampson	175	1,000	30.00
C. N. Sampson	176	1,000	30.00
C. N. Sampson	177	1,000	30.00
C. N. Sampson	178	1,000	30.00
C. N. Sampson	179	1,000	30.00
C. N. Sampson	180	1,000	30.00
Benner X. Smith	31	5,000	150.00
Jennie Sullivan	43	1,000	30.00
Dr. Fred Stauffer	153	8,500	255.00
F. S. Tingey	16	2,500	75.00
Mat. Thomas	21	500	15.00
O. W. Uthoff	39	500	15.00
M. D. Wells	10	2,000	60.00
M. B. Whitney	14	1,000	30.00
A. C. Wherry	101	1,500	45.00
A. C. Wherry	102	1,250	37.50
Levi Wright	91	500	15.00
L. P. Wherry	100	1,000	30.00

And in accordance with law and an order of the Board of Directors made on said 3rd day of October, 1907, so many shares of each parcel of such stock as may be necessary will be sold at public auction at the office of the secretary of said company at the State Bank of Utah, Salt Lake City, Utah, on Friday, the 22nd day of November, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m., to pay the delinquent assessment thereon, together with the costs of advertising and expense of sale.

HENRY T. McEWAN,
Secretary.
State Bank of Utah, Salt Lake City, Utah.
First publication, Nov. 6th, 1907.

CHEAP RATES TO JAMESTOWN VIA

New York, or Choice of Several Other Routes. Liberal Limit. Stopovers will be allowed at Principal Eastern Cities.
THREE TRAINS DAILY to Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Omaha and all intermediate points.
Through line to Memphis, Birmingham and the Southeast. Through Standard and Tourist sleeping cars via the great

Scenic Line, The Rio Grande

Electric Lighted Sleepers
Superb Dining Car Service
Smooth Roadbed and Fast Time
Trains That Make Their Schedule

Rock Island System

For full information regarding your Eastern trip, consult
JAS. G. DOOLITTLE,
General Agent,
100 West 2nd South St.
Salt Lake City, Utah.

FRISCO

BOWERS JEWELER

REMOVED TO 73 MAIN STREET.

Four Diseases That Wreck Men Cured

We have arranged a system of payment that will allow every man to take advantage of our services. You deposit your money either in small payments or in a lump sum, and it is not ours until after you receive a cure. We do not accept incurable cases, our prices are reasonable, our results are speedy and are lasting. No other specialist offers you what we do, for we have the only certain cure known for all curable cases.

NERVOUS DEBILITY

Do you feel that you are not the man you once were? Do you feel tired in the morning and easily exhausted? Is your back lame? Is your memory failing? Do you have difficulty in concentrating your thoughts? Do you notice a loss of ambition? If you suffer from any or all of the above symptoms you certainly do not desire to remain so. What you want is to be made strong and vigorous mentally, as nature intended.
WE CURE IT IN 30 TO 60 DAYS.
Quick results, lasting ones.

BLOOD POISON

May be either hereditary or contracted. The former causes eczema, rheumatic pains, scrofula, etc. The latter begins with a small pimple, followed by sores in the mouth and throat, which have the appearance of white patches, spots or sores on the body, face or scalp, falling hair and eyebrows, and later on other terrible symptoms, such as paralysis, locomotor ataxia, cancerous growths, decayed bones and flesh.
WE OVERCOME IT IN 90 DAYS.
Symptoms disappear in 1 to 3 Weeks.

VARICOCELE

This is an enlarged condition of the veins (usually more noticeable on the left side), caused by bumps, bicycle riding, etc. In time it saps a man's physical and mental strength if neglected.
WE CURE IT IN 5 DAYS
by absorption, without pain.

OBSTRUCTION

of the Urethral passage causes a partial or complete closure of the canal due to the disease improperly treated, strains and the injudicious use of instruments, such as sounds.
WE CURE IT IN 15 DAYS.
by absorption. No pain, no operation.

OUR FEES FOR SERVICES.

Obstruction, from	$5 to $15	Ulcers, from	$5 to $15
Varicocele, from	$10 to $25	Blood Poison, from	$10 to $30
Hydrocele, from	$10 to $25	Falling Hair, from	$5 to $10
Atrophy, from	$5 to $15	Pimples, from	$7.50 to $15
Nervous Debility, from	$5 to $20	Eczema, from	$10 to $30
Wasting, from	$7.50 to $25	Bladder Ailments, from	$5 to $15
Discharges, from	$5 to $15	Kidney Ailments, from	$10 to $30
Prostate Ailments, from			$5 to $15

WE WILL NOT GIVE ABOVE PRICES AFTER OCTOBER 1ST.
MEDICINES FROM $1.50 TO $6.50 A COURSE.
Call to See Us if Possible. Write for Question List if You Cannot Call.
Hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.; Evenings, 7 to 8:30; Sundays, 9 a. m. to 12 noon.

SALT LAKE MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

168 SOUTH MAIN ST. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH
SEPARATE ROOMS FOR PRIVACY.

OLD SORES FED AND KEPT OPEN BY IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD

If Old Sores were due to outside influences, or if the cause was confined strictly to the diseased flesh around the ulcer, then external treatment and simple cleanliness would cure them. But the trouble is in the blood, which has become unhealthy and diseased, and keeps the sore open by continually discharging into it the impurities and poisons with which the circulation is filled. This poisonous condition of the blood may be the remains of some constitutional trouble; the effect of a long spell of sickness, or because the natural refuse of the body, which should pass off through the proper avenues, has been left in the system and absorbed into the blood. Again, the cause may be hereditary; but it does not matter how the poison becomes intrenched in the blood, the fact that the sore will not heal is evidence of a deep underlying cause. Salves, washes, lotions, etc., may cause the place to scab over temporarily, but the blood is not made any purer by such treatment, and soon the old inflammation and discharge will return and the sore be as bad or worse than before. S. S. S. goes down to the very bottom of the trouble, cleanses and purifies the blood, and makes a permanent cure. S. S. S. enriches and freshens the circulation so that instead of discharging unhealthy matter into the place, it carries rich, tissue-building, flesh-healing blood to the diseased parts and in every way assists in a natural cure of the sore. Book on Sores and Ulcers and any medical advice free to all who write.

S.S.S. PURELY VEGETABLE

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.