DESERET EVENING NEWS. TIME W-IN GEORES OF CANNON 830 EDITOR AND PUBLISHER. Tuesday, January 12, 1969.

THE Governor's Message, published today, excludes editorial and other matter, already in type," SDT 3MNT

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE TO THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF EXECUTIVE OFFICE, U. T. Salt-Lake City, Jan. 11th, 1869. ORNIGING'S OF SHIEL LEMELATIVE AS-

to draw your attention to the increased importance of their nature. The popu-lation of the Territory is being continu-ally augmented; intercourse with other communities has become more common, and the classes of people, connected with

in the laws governing the pursults in which its members are engaged, and sub-jeets which before required little or no attention, also become of importance, re-

State and Territory, there is a class of persons living, who are in indigent circumstances, and to whom, to pay the smallest amount for the education of their children, would be a burden. Others, from not fully considering the importance, subject, are not aware of the importance, in reforming culprits than their exposure in formation in the man, and it is presumed that INTEREST LAW. improvement, and it is presumed that the large per centage of children not being educated is owing to the existence Honorable body at its last session, de-

SEMBLY: On account of the absence from the Territory of His Excellency, Governor Durkee, for the purpose of recuperating his failing health, it devolves upon me to perform the duty annually incumbent upon the Executive, to address your Hospitale Body concerning the prejudice of a few against paying a required amount to a Territorial offi-a required amount to a Territorial offi-a required amount to a Territorial offi-tic generally, by depriving a portion of the children in the Territory of school privileges.

the past year of affairs of general and local interest, and to advise with you touching such matters as may appear to need further legislation, as well as to draw your attention to other subjects which require your consideration. If may be observed that the recom-mendations made include many subjects which have heretofore been referred to Concerning such matters it may be well concerning such matters it may be well and the increased of the increase of the increase of the increased of the incre

Attention, also become of importance, re-during the enactment of laws to regulate their course. Being a body organized interctly from among the people, you are protectly, conversant with such logisla-mentant as the people, you are protectly, conversant with such logisla-mentant as the people, you are protectly conversant with such logisla-mentant as the people, you are protectly conversant with such logisla-mentant as the people, you are protectly conversant with such logisla-mentant as the people, you are protectly conversant with such logisla-they are thus being placed, and to that object your especial attention is invited. During the past year many events have transpired, the cestified of the cestified of the transpired, the cestified of the stockholders, would be of great have transpired, the cestified to the cestified to the cestified to the stockholders, would be of great have transpired, the cestified to the stockholders, would be of great have transpired, the cestified to the cestified to the cestified to the cestified to the stockholders, would be of great have transpired, the cestified to the stockholders, would be of great have transpired, the cestified to the stockholders, would be of great have transpired, the cestified to the cestified to the stockholders, would be of great have transpired, the cestified to the transpired to the cestified to the stockholders, would be of great have transpired, the cestified to the stockholders, would be of great have transpired, the cestified to the stockholders, would be of great have transpired to the cestified to the stockholders, would be of great have transpired to the cestified to the stockholders, would be of great have transpired to the cestified to the cestified to the cestified to

of these classes in our midst. In his report for the year eighteen hup-nired and sixty-four, the Superintendent states that he does not favor education by taxation, because, while the sentiments of According to the legal construction the people are favorable to education, they are equally unfavorable to taxa-tion," and that "while under the pre-sent regulations many tax themselves from one to four per cent. and pay it willingly to the school teacher, would interest has not been specified, in order to be able to collect that amount; and al-

quence, have an intermediation of the provision of the position into which they are brought by the progress of events. The more particularity is there required the business relations of a people become, in the laws governments is there required to be carried out. purposes.

GENERAL INCORPORATION ACT.

A law passed by Congress, March 2 1867, prohibits the Legislatures of the

stockholders, would be of g utility in forwarding the commercial and other interests of the people, and should be incorporated among the Statutes of this Territory.

TERRITORIAL FINANCES. The annual reports of the Auditor and Treasurer of the Territory are herewith transmitted for your information and consideration. It will be seen that the The annual reports of the Auditor and Treasurer of the Territory are herewith transmitted for your information and consideration. It will be seen that the Territorial finances are in such a condi-tion as to place us in a position occupied by few of the States or Territories of the Union, and if public expenditures can be regulated with regard being had to available resources, as they seem to have been in the past, no reason exists why so

as have presented themselves as worthy or needful of your attention, it but remains for me to express my willingness and desire to join with you in securing what should be the main objects contem-plated by all legislation—the future wel-fare and prosperity of the Territory.

It is to the enactment and enforcement of just laws that the people look for the protection of those rights, immunities and privileges, which, under a Republi-can form of government, accrue to them, and in assuming your share of the re-sponsibilities of legislation, let the path of duty which presents itself be followed and in assuming your share of the re-sponsibilities of legislation, let the path of duty which presents itself be followed without fear or favor, leaving the results to be tempered by the hand of that kind to be tempered by the hand of that kind Providence which shapes all things to the accomplishment of His own good

EDWIN HIGGINS, Acting Governor.

For the Descret Evening News. By Telegraph.

Morton introduced a bill to provide

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In the House, under a call of the

GENERAL.

San Francisco 11.—The Board of Un-derwriters and the Chamber of Com-merce have adopted a memorial to the lighthouse board at Washington, asking immediate action toward locating lighthouses and fog signals on points lighthouses and fog signals on points

erly expressed opinion that Grant will make a Dictator or Emperor of himself Alida Bloodgood... before he leaves the White House.

The Congressional committee for in-vestigating the election frauds is still in session in this city. The committee claims to have obtained overwhelming

crats voted for him, he being a Conservative in sentiment.

Albany.—The ice in the river above the city broke up yesterday, the water rising slowly. No heavy inundation is anticipated, but owing to the remark-ably strong current which set in from the east side of the river, very serious damage is being done to property. Several large buildings are almost ruined, and the property lost, together with that in danger, is valued at over



NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

500 " Linseys, 150 " Choice Dress Goods, 500 Flannels. 500 Blaukets, 300 Approved styles of shawls, 500 licks. 500 Sheeting Stripe, 300 Denims. Ea. Drills, Ducks and Osnaburghs, .ivo Assorted colors 599 "Bleach Goods. . Jeans, Satinettes, 2,000 doz. Spool Thread, 1,000 ., Worsted Braids, 500 lbs. Linen Thread. 200 doz. Suspenders, 300 Hats. 500 Overshirts& Drawers. 000 Assorted Hosiery and Gloves, 200 cases Boots and Shees. 200 Stoves. 75 doz. Brushes, carefully se lected. 50 cases Axle Grease, 250 kegs Nails, 200 boxes S x 10 Glass, 200 Palm and German Soaps. 250 Eight Day Clocks, 150 cases Detroit Matches, 150 boxes Vaxeme Star Canneediner, dies. 100 cases Saponifer. 250 chests Very Fine Tens, 5,000 lbs, choice brands of To-DELIOS ZIN IBRCCO. 5,000 Ibs. White Lead, 1,000 gais, Kerosine, doligobs out and Linseed Oils. 11115 erntes Ass'd Queens-Reannie whysiologias named if a'lat & Also a full selection of au did-pump, and NOTIONS.

will have an important bearing upon the before settlers can procure a complete future welfare of our country, among title to their lands from the Government. which the Presidential election lately This fact, I am informed by the Surveyheld in the States, may be considered.

voice he the choosing of a Chief Magis- thorities in Washington, with the sugtrate of the nation, yct, as loyal citizens, we gestion that the money appropriated at cannot but feel a deep interest in the issues which arise among the political par- Surveys be used in a re-survey of such ties of the day. Living upon the public portions of the Public Lands found to be trol of the legislative power of the Should this not be authorized, I would Union, the principles or ideas entertain-ed by the dominant party therein be-come the more important to us, inasmuch as they affect indirectly our pros- essary by the Surveyor-General. perity

of the principles of the Republican party cial to the control The uniform sucthe advancement of the nation towards greater harmony, wealth and prosperity.

NORMAL SCHOOL.

In connection with the school system established in this Territory, I would suggest the propriety of legislation au-thorizing the institution and carrying on of a Normal School, for the purpose of preparing competent teachers for the schools of the different districts.

The advantages to be derived from situated in the County of Salt Lake. such a school are too obvious to need branches necessary to the proper devel-opment of the minds of the young, greatte more and the probability that their County. progress will be rapid in their studies, neut of the educational interests

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or-General of the Territory, has been Although, as a Territory, we have no brought to the notice of the proper aun, which is directly under the con- available for settlement and cultivation."

The building now being used for the As far as can be foreseen, the triumph confinement of Penitentiary convicts is not of sufficient size, and improper venindicated by the election of General tilation and other causes, render it un-Grant to the Presidency, will be benefi- suitable for that purpose, and it is suggested that a memorial be addressed to Congress, asking that the Internal Revenue derived from this Territory, for a won the confidence of his fellow-citizens, justifies the expectation that with the in-coming of his administration, renewed vigor will be given to projects looking to tions of this character have been made by Congress for the Territories of Montana and Idaho, and no good reason seems to exist why a like policy should not be extended to this Territory.

CONFINEMENT OF PRISONERS.

There is a want of legislation provided by the military sutherities of ing for the reception and sustemance of prisoners brought from other Counties in should seem necessary to prosecute a sethe Territory to be confined in prisons

The lack of secure places of confineamplification. A uniform and requisite ment throughout the Territory, necessiknowledge by instructors of those tates the commitment of nearly all per-

in the cases of offenders against the laws of the Territory, Lum informed that and gives the public confidence that providers of the Territory, Lan informed that per measures are being taken for the ad- it is the practice to receive and keep them, charging the cost of their keeping to the respective Counties from which they are sent.

This is the correct course of proceed-By an Act providing for the establish- ing; but while it is not authorized by ment and support of Common. Schools: legislative enactment, officers of prisons approved Jan. 19, 1866, it was enacted in | are not compelled to receive those comsection seven, that the Trustees, author- mitted to their care from places outside of zed to be elected by section four of the a certain limit, thus leaving it in a mansame Act, should have the power to as- ner discretionary with a mere ministerial

ISOLON LAW. WOL According to the common law, a me- ary Committee.

chanic who labors in crecting or repair- H. V. Mitler presented his credentials ing buildings, has no lien upon such pro- as Senator elect from Georgia; referred. perty, to secure a proper remuneration to the Committee on Credentials. for his work. Generally, laws of this character extend the lien to the land upon which the for military and other purposes through buildings may be situated, and it is re- Datotah; Montana and Washington spectfully suggested that such a provi- Tersitories. Referred to the Committee you may see fit to enter into respecting |

the subject

During the past year but little if any | bill into the Senate yesterday, providtrouble has been experienced by depre- ing for the retirement, upon his own dations being committed by members of written application, of any judge Indian tribes residing in this Territory, of the Supreme Court, who attains Small parties of hostile Indians, coming seventy, upon a life pension equal to

Owing to the hostile position assumed said court. by many Indian tribes of the Western Territories, a stringent policy has had to vere and bloody war against such refractory tribes before a lasting peace can be | lutions were introduced for reference

tory tribes before a lasting peace can be secured with them, the dictates of hu-manity cause regret, and lead to the ex-pression of the hope that the necessity will not long exist.

PACIFIC RAILROAD, MINERAL BE-SOURCES, FTC. Government, has no right to inflict a Government on the people of Cuba contrary to their wishes, that it is the duty of the United States to acknow-

possible to bring to justice murderers of Union men, and that palpable viola-tions of the Fourteenth Amendment are constantly occurring, and calling for some legislation to remedy this what of things. Referred to the Judiciovernor denounces the attempts b

FOREIGN.

San Francisco, 11.-Mexican advices say that Ramon Vego, Governor of Coli-ma, has obtained a three-months' leave of absence to visit the interior. Vego

for the construction of a wagon road endeavors to make the State Legislature more liberal with regard to the system of taxation lately introduced have been unsuccessful, and the most influential. citizens will probably leave the State. The Senate went into the considera-tion of the bill for the relief of Senator A light-house is to be constructed at Manzanillo to take the place of the pres-ent miserable affair. A good wagon road is also to be built between Colima Washington.-Sherman introduced a and Manzanillo. The authorities are acting vigorously against robbers; three have been captured and shot near Coli-ma. Terrible land-slides have occurred in different parts of the country, invel-ving considerable loss of life. Creeks have appeared where, previously, there was nothing but barren districts. Con-tinuous rumblings of the earth are heard. Five soldiers, who assisted at the pro-nunciamento about a year ago, were condemned and shot at Guadalopes. The affair created ill feeling against the Government. The country seems ripe for another revolution.

London, 11.-The indications on the first day of the conference on the East-In the House, under a call of the ern question leave little, if any, doubt States, a large number of bills and reso- of ultimate success. The Turkish Govconsented to maintain its present status until the close of the conference. It is the general impression that but one more session will be held, and that war

will not long exist. Considering the number of Indians re-siding in this Territory, it is a subject of commutation that so little trouble has been lately experienced in dealing with them, and the effect of a change of the administration of their affairs from the Interior to the War Department, or to a separate Bureau, as contemplated by bills now pending before Congress, should be regarded with interest. The source of the sector of th mented by the reactionists, have been suppressed; the unpopular taxes are now being collected without difficulty. Madrid.—Additional troops are to be sent to Cuba; they will sail from Cadiz. Spain, having thrown off its own shortly.