TELEGRAPHIC.

ALL HOPE GONE.

Discouraging Outlook for Many Farmers of Nebraska.

THEIR FIELDS DRY AND WITHERED

They Ship Their Cattle to Save Them from Starvation—Many People Leaving the State.

OMAHA, Neb., July 29.—Never before in the history of Nebraska did the future for farmers look so discouraging as at present. Fields of corn that promised a bountiful yield and a winter of plenty a week ago, stand today dry and withered as through swept by flames. By the season of last week the crop was almost entirely ruined. For a hundred miles back of the river there is a prospect for a partial yield, if rain comes soon. Light local rains fell in this region last night but there is no likelihood of a full rain. In the western two-thirds of the state there is no hope. Every growing thing is withered. Farmers who had calculated on an unusually large crop of corn and had invested their all in cattle and hogs to feed, find themselves without anything in the way of fodder and are sending their stock to market as fast as possible to get rid of animals before they begin to shrink. This is shown in the receipts of hogs at the South Omaha market on Saturday, when 26,000 head came. The normal Saturday receipts at those yards are about 4,000 hogs. During the week 72,000 head were received. The normal weekly receipts are about 25,000 head.

Many farmers are already on their way out of the state, there being no hope for them for the winter.

THE GOLD SHIPMENTS.

Foreign Capitalists Withdraw their Money, Rumor Says.

NEW YORK, July 29.—The gold shipments by the French and German capitalists Saturday give rise to the report that foreign capitalists were hoarding to withdraw capital from American banks. Assistant cashier of the sub-treasury Mosenbaum said that further shipments of gold may be looked for next week. Henry Clewes made the following statement affecting the gold question:

Congress has the power to decree that the fixed portion of the customs duties shall be paid in gold, leaving the remainder to be paid in that metal or in the paper money now legally available for that purpose. Should a law be passed requiring 75 per cent of the duties to be liquidated in gold, the treasury would receive $150,000,000 per annum more gold revenue than it is now getting which would at once build up the gold reserve and enable the government to meet the export demand without difficulty. It does seem that a remedy so simple and so entirely unobjectionable should be brought to the attention of Congress by the secretary of the treasury and presented for immediate adoption.

The Pullman Works.

CHICAGO, July 29.—The Pullman Company officers called this afternoon and informed the mayor that the company was still unable to announce the date of the opening owing to the fact that the men were not returning to work as fast as the company would like to see them do.

Debs Appeals.

CHICAGO, July 29.—The American Railway union leaders have been granted an appeal by Judge Woods of the United States court of appeals, to removal proceedings in the United States circuit court.

The order leaves the injunction in force and does not interfere with the contempt proceeding against Debs and his associates.

CHANGED THEIR MIND.

Hawaiian Royalists Enter Annexation.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 29. — The Hawaiian Star of July 14th contains a report that Judge H. A. Widemann, Samuel Parker, John A. Cummins and Major Seward, who recently left this city for Washington, are to lay before President Cleveland a petition for the annexation of the Hawaiian islands to the United States.

The petition is said to be signed by many natives and other royalists who have realized the conclusion that there is no hope of a restoration of the throne, and who seek an improvement to their political condition through annexation to the United States.

Died from the Plague.

HONG KONG, July 28.—A blue book issued today by Sir W. Robinson, the governor of Hong Kong, reports that 131 people died from the plague in the Canton district.

Found a Chinese Leper.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 29.—Internal revenue inspectors today discovered a Chinese leper in a lodging house of the Chinese quarter, over a butcher shop. The leprosy was of a malignant type.

Russia Neutral.

BERLIN, July 28.—The Hamburg Bank of German Trade, with its headquarters in Germany, at Cologne, has received a communication to the effect that Russia does not intend to interfere in the Chinese-Japanese dispute regarding Korea.

Troops Ordered to Finland.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 29.—The minor state of siege still exists here, and in the provinces of the Russian empire has been renewed for a year.

Finland has been invaded by bears, which are ravaging the farm stocks. Troops have been sent to kill them.

THE TRAIN WRECKERS.

Warden and Hatch Sent to Meet Men the Leaders.

WORCESTER, Cal., July 28.—During the examination of the American Railway Union men accused of the train-wrecking today, it was proved that the prisoners, Wolcott and Hatch, were leaders in the crowd of strikers that stole a locomotive and a Pullman coach at Lodi and ran to Stockton, where fifty more strikers were taken on, and then to Sacramento. M. J. Cleary, a Southern Pacific foreman at Stockton, testified that he talked with Wolcott at Stockton and that during an argument Wolcott said:

"If we win, peace is the word, we can fight. We can make blocks of the very best material."

The Necker Island Scheme.

MELBOURNE, July 29.—The Hon. Robert Reid, minister of defense, denies the charge that has been made against him that he revealed the British intentions in regard to taking possession of Necker Island. He states that Sandford Fleming sent a man to charter a steamer at Honolulu for the purpose of seizing Necker Island, trusting that Great Britain would ratify the seizure.

The government of Hawaii, learning of this proposed movement, took steps to prevent its being carried out.

DEATH OF AN ARCHDUKE.

He Falls from His Horse with Fatal Result.

VIENNA, July 29.—Archduke William III, son of the late Archduke Charles and a second cousin of Emperor Francis Joseph, met with an accident today that resulted in his death. He was riding near Baden, when his horse shied. The archduke was thrown out of the saddle, and in falling his head struck a stone. One of his feet became entangled in a stirrup and he was dragged some distance before the animal was stopped.

When picked up the archduke was unconscious. He had a concussion of the brain. Shortly after he had been placed in bed at his villa he recovered consciousness. He soon relapsed, however, and shortly afterwards died.

The archduke, the dispatch adds, was an enthusiastic horseman.

Votes the Strike Off.

BRUNSWICK, MISS., July 28.—The Miners' union today voted the strike off and the men will return to work. The troops will go home. The strike cost the mine owners, men and the county several hundred thousand dollars.

The Pullman for Chapelle.

SANTA FE, N.M., July 29.—One of the grandest ceremonies of the Catholic church will be celebrated in Santa Fe during the coming fall, when the pallium will be conferred upon Archbishop Chapelle.

In anticipation of this event extensive improvements and additions are now in progress to and around the cathedral, and throughout the territory elaborate preparations are being made for the event.

Laborers Versus Testimony.

NEW YORK, July 28.—Delegates to the Central Labor Union meeting, held at Clarendon Hall today, came to a unanimous agreement in favor of a solid front later movement to down the Tammany ticket at the polls in November. For a long time the labor organizations have been divided among themselves. Today the question was forced to an issue.

Princess Bismarck Ill.

BERLIN, July 29.—Princess Bismarck and her daughter left for a few days ago and has since been confined to her bed.

Scenes at Phillips.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 29.—A special to the Tribune from Phillips, Wis., says the terrible scene at Phillips began daylight. A committee of citizens from Ashland arrived with a special train of provisions last night at 9 o'clock. It was the first material relief to arrive, and it arrived just in time to keep the people from actually suffering from want of food. Provisions were given out in small quantities so as to make them last as long as possible and keep something until available provisions arrived.

Men and women walk the streets all beginning, wringing their hands and bemoaning their sad fate. Only a town hall and a few small buildings are left standing. They were immediately converted into shelter for the destitute, but only a few of the women and children could crowd into them.

A vast multitude had to remain without shelter and food last night, but tents were brought in from the neighboring towns and impromptu huts are being utilized tonight. Governor Peck and his staff arrived from Madison this morning. A dozen cars of provisions have arrived from various cities, and the organization for relief has been completed.

AGAINST LYNCHINGS.

Address by Miss Ida B. Wells on the Subject.

NEW YORK, July 29.—Miss Ida B. Wells, the advocate of the rights of the colored people and the agitator against lynching, who has just returned from a four months' tour of lecturing in England, spoke tonight at Bethel A. M. E. Church. Thomas Fortune, president of the Afro-American League, introduced Miss Wells, who said she went West to England at the invitation of some of the prominent citizens there, after having been denied the privilege in Boston, New York and before the President.

She addressed two meetings in England, she said, and as a result, an anti-lynching committee, composed of prominent people, was formed at each of those meetings. Resolutions were passed urging the American people to abolish the barbarous outrage against woman life. Miss Wells said the people of the South were as bitter against the negroes as they were before the days of freedom. Concluding she said:

"The lawless lynchings in the South for alleged crimes against the whites, are, in ninety-nine cases out of one hundred, a simple outrage against our race. The press is in control of the whites, and the attacks upon us are colored to suit themselves.

"The colored people of this country should organize themselves. They should at least constitute the slaves of war with which to fight the battle. It is our duty to see that every story published from the south to which a negro is accused of some foulish act and lynched for it, is run down by our own detectives, if necessary, and the other side of it published. There are two sides to every lynching."

Offers Out of the Race.

NEW YORK, July 29.—A special from Saratoga says: Thomas F. Gilroy announces today that he will not be a candidate for mayor next fall, saying: "The attitude of Tammany Hall ties its members up so that no man has a free hand in the matter of nomination for mayor. The Democratic party should choose its candidate without pledges of compliance. Under no circumstances will I be the candidate again for mayor of New York City. I am absolutely out of the race."

THE WAR IN ASIA GOING ON.

A Severe Naval Engagement of Brief Duration.

A Chinese Invasion Between—Russia's Position Stated—Condition in Corea.—German Commercials.

SHANGHAI, July 29.—Late this evening further details of the naval engagement reached this city. The fighting, though of short duration, was very severe. Prior to the discharge of the torpedo from the Japanese warship, the crew of the transport, which were armed, and the military force on board of her made a brave fight against the attacking force. Many of those on board of her were shot down on her deck.

When the vessel began to sink there was great excitement on board. In the confusion no attempt was made to lower the small boats. But even had such an attempt been made the boats could only have carried a small percentage of those on board. Every European on board was either killed in the fighting or went down with the vessel when she foundered.

The loss of life was very great. Of nearly 2,000 Chinese troops on board of her only forty were saved. They were picked up by a French gunboat that was cruising in the vicinity.

DRIVE THE DESPATCH OFF.

SHANGHAI, July 29.—The Chinese official account of the recent engagement between Chinese and Japanese warships says the Chinese fleetlet Ching Yuh, which is one of the largest ships of her class belonging to the northern fleet, retreated to Kotze and escaped capture by the Japanese. The latter, the report adds, captured a dispatch boat and sunk a transport, six other transports escaped.

News has been received here that on the same day the naval engagement took place the Japanese troops actually attacked the Chinese of Asan.

REPORTS CALLED OUT.

YOKOHAMA, July 29.—An imperial edict has been issued calling out the army and navy reserves and ordering them to report for duty at their respective headquarters.

The Chinese residents of Japan are greatly alarmed at the threatening outlook and are fleeing from the country in large numbers.

Reliable information has been received at Tokio that the main body of the Chinese army crossed the northwestern frontier of Corea on July 25th. Further fitting out Japanese ships on the Corean coast is reported.

RUSSIA IS SURE NO INTERFERE.

VIENNA, July 29.—The Fremdenblatt *Correspondenz* prints, under a St. Petersburg date, a semi-official communication, which says:

As far as Russia's interests are concerned, it would be better if there should be no war between China and Japan, inasmuch as the victory of neither would be of advantage to her. If war proves unavoidable it will be the task of Russian diplomacy to assist in ending it as speedily as possible. Russia cannot on any account permit Corea to be robbed of her independence by either China or Japan. It is equally certain Russia would not willingly suffer any single European power to interfere in Corean affairs.

COREAN DISPATCHES.

LONDON, July 29.—As the result of inquiries made of experts in eastern politics and persons who have resided in Corea, the reporter of the Associated Press learns that widespread discontent exists in Corea because of the corruption and misgovernment that everywhere prevails.

One of the most powerful revolutionary factors in the country is a quasi-religious sect called Tong Hak, which secretes the precarious condition of Corean trade and commerce in the presence of foreigners in the country. This sect has set for itself the task of ridding Corea of the hated foreigners, and has threatened the Japanese and other foreign residents.

The king of Corea possesses no real authority and he is in constant terror of a revolution that will sweep him from his throne. He is heavily in debt and the whole country is in a state of anarchy.

Last year 50,000 Coreans, armed and unarmed, threatened to march on the capital, seoul, and compel the foreigners to leave. This rebellion was suppressed, but the country has been disturbed ever since.

FROM A GERMAN POINT OF VIEW.

BERLIN, July 29.—The consensus of official opinion is that a prolonged war is at hand, and that European efforts to restore peace will be futile. The press comments on the situation reveal some novel news.

The *Post* says: "There is no doubt that the Americans covet territory in east Asia and see in the present crisis an opportunity. Californians are so greatly eager for a foothold on the east Asiatic coast."

Hawaiian Delegation in Washington.

CHICAGO, July 29.—Messrs. H. A. Widemann, Samuel Parker, J. A. Cummins and Major Seward passed through Chicago this evening en route to Washington from Honolulu. Mr. Widemann, speaking in behalf of the party, said they have credentials from the ex-queen. He declined to make the object of the commission known, but stated "the cat would be out of the bag soon after their arrival at Washington."

"In a general way," he said, "our mission is for the good of the islands, no matter what is the government—monarchy, provisional or republican."

In addition to the credentials from the ex-queen, the party were armed with passports from the new republic, and hope to accomplish their object.

Flood Sufferers.

VANCOUVER, B. C., July 29.—The serious injury of the losses to the upper farmers by the recent disastrous floods is now becoming more evident. In many places all the farmer has left is a mud flat, on which his cattle and horses have to find sustenance, and it will be, in many cases, a month yet before any grass makes its appearance. Milk is at 40 cts this season.

Much has been done for these farmers, but many would not accept aid, and they are the ones who are suffering. The condition of many of them is deplorable.

The names of the survivors of the Y. X. Co., in Springville, are: George McKenzie, George D. Staines, William Sumner, Milan Packard, James Dunford, Thomas Hopkins, Benjamin Allstead and Enoch Clark. Y. X. stand for Young Express.—Spring Ville *Independent*.

SAVED!

From Suffering. The Gratitude of Patients Cured by Drs. Shores & Shores.

SIGNED STATEMENTS GIVEN AS EVIDENCE OF THE SUCCESS OF THIS WONDERFUL SYSTEM.

No one need Suffer. If Both Specialists Have Treated You and Made You Worse, Don't give up. Read the Evidence from Patients Cured by Drs. Shores & Shores.

THE LIVER.

This organ plays a very important role in the drama of digestion, making the performances either comedy or tragedy, according to whether it (the liver) is bright and active, or sluggish or torpid. The liver's duty is to secrete bile, help prepare the food for assimilation, and to purify the blood. If it fails in these employments or performs them imperfectly, the entire system is soon at sixes and sevens. When the liver is not overworked, no organ in the entire human mechanism is more susceptible. But just give it a trifle too much to do, or present it with improper food for manipulation, and it will soon utter a protest. If the stomach is not speedily relieved, the organ becomes inflamed and inactive, and dyspepsia, disorganized, and the blood impure. Symptoms of disordered liver are dull headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, sick stomach, pain under the right shoulder blade, irregular scant voidage in the blood, dizziness, black spots before the eyes and shooting pains in the back. These symptoms do not all exist at the same time, of course. But enough of them will be present to prove that the sufferer needs the advice and treatment of some experienced and successful specialists. Drs. Shores & Shores are the most successful in Salt Lake, and their many cures of cases similar to the above is proof that you need not suffer, but go to them and be restored to health.

Note the Difference

Between the testimonials published by Drs. Shores & Shores and recently new specialists, all the old residents, business and professional men even the public press endorse the treatment of these successful specialists.

A MOTHER'S STORY.

Little Isabella Edgar is Cured of Catarrh of the Nose and Throat.

I wish to say that after one month's treatment with Drs. Shores & Shores, my little daughter is well, says Mrs. Edgar, in speaking of her little child's case.

She was a great sufferer from Catarrh, it having affected her entire system, her

LITTLE ISABELLA EDGAR.

nose ran, headaches, no appetite and she couldn't sleep at night.

Hearing of the wonderful cures effected by Drs. Shores & Shores, I decided to take my child to them, and I am glad I did, for I can now truthfully say the child is well again. I cannot say too much in praise of Drs. Shores & Shores, and would advise all parents to take their children to them at their treatment is mild, pleasant and effective.

Mrs. Edgar resides at No. 45 Simpson Avenue, between Second and Eighth West streets, Salt Lake City, where she can be seen, and will readily verify her statement.

$5.00

A Month for all Diseases and all Medicines furnished Free.

If You Cannot Come to Salt Lake

Write for the small treatment. Omit the symptoms you consider strange, superstitious or obscure, superstitious doctors throw out of the city cases as well as those who come to the office. Send for symptom blank. Medicines shipped carefully. Try this treatment.

Drs. Shores & Shores.

specialists,

Zion Medical and Surgical Institute

34 E. Second South Street.

Consultation at office or by mail free. Entire treatment for most chronic and private diseases can be sent by mail or express. Office hours, 10 to 4. Sundays, 10 to 12 only. Office consultation free. Medicines for one month, $5. Office treatment, $5 and upwards. Catarrh, Lung, Throat, Nervous, Blood, Skin, Kidney and Bladder Diseases a specialty.