

BY TELEGRAPH.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

NEWPORT, 19.—The United States Steamer *Dispatch*, having on board Secretaries Whitney and Endicott, Generals Benet, Newton and Abbott, and Captains E. S. Smith and Edward Magruder, Mr. Joseph Morgan, of Pennsylvania, members of the board to inspect fortifications, Mrs. Whitney, Mrs. Endicott, and a few other arrived here this morning.

OLD ORCHARD, Maine.—The Salvation Army opened its national camp meeting here to-day with a "knee" drill at 7 a. m., followed by a halloo-jah march. The Salvation meeting at 10 o'clock was led by Captain Spirley. The army consists of 25 officers and 65 soldiers. About 2,000 persons are in attendance. A praise meeting was held this afternoon and a salvation meeting this evening. This is the first camp meeting ever held by the army.

SAN FRANCISCO, 19.—The *Arabic*, which arrived this afternoon, brings Hong Kong dates June 23, Yokohama of July 3d. Yokohama papers give no details of the loss of the steamer *Tokio* beyond stating that she ran on the rocks close to Sagami lighthouse in a fog.

CHESTER, Penn., 19.—The failure of John Roach caused considerable excitement here, where his solvency has never been questioned. Up to within a year ago his weekly payroll was never less than \$15,000, distributed among 1,500 men and boys. Now the payroll is over \$7,000 but this will be reduced to-morrow, for it is the intention of the firm to lay off about 400 men in the morning. They will be paid all that is owing them, about four days wages to each person. Only enough workmen will be kept to finish the Mallory ship *Comal*, lying in New Jersey Channel. The workmen and material will be taken to her in a tug and the vessel will doubtless be completed where she lies. Her removal from the wharf was owing to the assignment. Representatives of the Winchester Company say the shipyard is a separate corporation, and was not included in the assignment. The yard will be affected, however, and as Roach is a large stockholder in the Chester rolling mills, blast furnace and combination iron and steel Co., located here, it is difficult to foretell the result on these places. Each of which employs a great many men. The work on the cruisers *Boston* and *Chicago* and the monitor *Puritan* will virtually be suspended, and the heretofore busy yard will present a deserted look. None but the kindest and most sympathetic expressions are heard for Roach and hopes that he may come through all right. The city depends largely on the shipyard and other enterprises in which Roach is interested. The outlook for the coming winter is very gloomy, and nothing but idleness and poverty stare many in the face.

WASHINGTON, 20.—The following is the copy of a telegram in relation to the opening of the cattle trail in Indian Territory, which has been sent to Lieut. Gen. Sheridan from the War Department:

"You are instructed by the Secretary of War to take such measures and use such means as will carry out the decision of the Secretary of the Interior to open, and keep open, the cattle trail and highways leading into Indian Territory, and therefrom to and upon the public lands, for the purpose of unrestricted passage of cattle, and other purposes of inter-State commerce."

JERSEY CITY, N. J., 20.—John Gaunt, who was arrested early on Saturday morning for the brutal murder of his wife, Emma, in Hoboken, committed suicide this morning by hanging in his cell in the county jail.

NEW YORK, 20.—Threes, 3 3/4; 4 1/2; 12 1/2; 4's, 22 1/2; Pacific 6's, 27 1/2; Central Pacific, 33 1/2; Burlington, 28 1/2; Northern Pacific, 20; preferred 44 1/2; Northwestern, 98 1/2; York Central, 96 1/2; Oregon Navigation, 77 1/2; Transcontinental, 17; Pacific Mail, 49; Panama, 98; St. Louis & S. F., 19 1/2; Texas Pacific, 13 1/2; Union Pacific, 53; Fargo Ex. 9; Western Union 65 1/2.

CHICAGO, noon.—Dispatches from various points throughout the north-west show that the hot wave extends all over Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin and Nebraska. At eight this morning at Des Moines the mercury stood at 88 degrees above zero and is now 92 above. Dubuque report 90, and Omaha 93. Cooler weather prevails in Minnesota and Manitoba, the thermometer marking 75 above, and at Winnipeg 49 above. In Chicago the heat is increasing, now being 91 above in the shade. No fatalities have been reported.

Pittsburg, Pa., 20.—The intense heat of the past few days has caused great suffering among the iron workers, but only one case of sunstroke is reported.

FOREIGN.

PARIS, 16.—Gen. DeCourcy telegraphs from Hue: "All the royal Princes have returned to Hue. They assembled at the French Legation and designated Thoxman, the King's uncle, regent until the King's return. The King's mother has returned with the King's wives. A new Council has been formed, of Ministers favorable to the French. The former Minister of War is a prisoner. The regent has issued a proclamation which commands the officials of Anam and Tonquin to restore order, to punish rebels and assist the French. Thuguet and 1,500 men hold

the citadel of Camlo. The troops are in excellent condition."

LONDON, 17.—The *Standard* believes that Government has received such assurances from European powers as will enable it to raise the Egyptian loan immediately. Germany is desirous that one-third of the loan be raised in that country.

Robert Bourke, Under Foreign Secretary, stated in the Commons this afternoon that government would do its best to obtain an early issue of an Egyptian loan of \$45,000,000. Negotiations with interested powers are being carried on with that end in view now, Mr. Bourke said, and government is unable to make any further statement at present.

Sir Michael Hicks-Beach stated that government had no further information from the Afghan frontier than that made public yesterday.

TRIPOLI, 17.—The Porte has decided to strengthen the defenses of Tripoli. A Turkish transport, with 1,100 troops and a number of guns and torpedoes, has already arrived here, and other transports with men and war munitions are coming.

LONDON, 17.—A decree divorcing the Marquis de Caux from Madame Patti has been pronounced.

DUBLIN, 17.—The Earl of Carnarvon, Lord Lieutenant, has publicly announced that he will recommend that government give all reasonable help to the Munster Bank.

MADRID, 17.—Negotiations for a commercial treaty with America have been renewed. M. Foster insists upon a settlement of claims of Americans for indemnity due under the award of the Washington arbitration commission, and a more exact fulfillment of the first protocol of February, 1884, which the Spanish authorities in Cuba are exag-

PARIS, 17.—Admiral Galiber and M. de Lesseps have submitted to the Minister of Public Works a scheme for a canal from Havre to Marseilles, utilizing the river Saone and Rhone. The canal, it is proposed, shall be navigable by the largest ironclads.

MADRID, 17.—There were 1,629 new cases of cholera and 672 deaths reported yesterday from all points in Spain.

ST. PETERSBURG, 17.—The *Journal de St. Petersburg* comments on the erroneous views held by the English press on the Zulikar Pass question. It says: Russia understood that England had pledged to the Ameer Zulikar Valley between Heri Rud and the mountains, and agreed in principle to leave the position to him. It is not supposed, it says, that England has also promised to the Ameer the easterly mountain passes which are now subjects of negotiation between that country and Russia.

CORK, 17.—The committee of the shareholders of the Munster Bank appointed to devise means for adjusting the affairs of the institution, have approved the proposal made by Mr. Shaw to borrow sufficient money in England to liquidate the bank's present indebtedness. The directors have issued an appeal to the shareholders of the bank, calling upon them to attend a general meeting to-morrow in Dublin, to be held in support of Mr. Shaw's proposal.

ST. PETERSBURG, 17.—The Government has ordered the formation of a permanent fortified camp in Grodna, the capital of the Province of Grodna, formerly part of Poland.

LONDON, 17.—Parnell moved this afternoon in the Commons that the Government order a special inquiry into the Maamtrasna murder cases.

LONDON, 17.—A conference of the Empire Defense League was held this morning in the Mansion House. Lord Lennox presided, and the mayors of many of the provincial towns were present. Resolutions were adopted, which declared that the defensive resources of the Empire were inadequate and which urged the Government to strengthen the navy for the purpose of protecting the coast and fortifying the colonial points and coaling stations, and to appoint a commission to inquire into the relative strength of the British and foreign navies.

PARIS, 17.—With a view of allaying public anxiety, the French Government of Cochinchina, has telegraphed that the military situation in Cambodia was really never dangerous, and that the French losses since January amount to but seventeen killed and thirty-four wounded.

LONDON, 17.—A deputation of important citizens, headed by the Lord Mayor, called upon Lord George Hamilton, First Lord of the Admiralty, to-day, and urged the necessity of strengthening the British navy. Lord George in reply said: "The Government intended to secure the best professional opinion as to the actual solution of the navy question. If the advisers decide that the navy is at present efficient the Government would give that assurance to the public to allay the alarm. If, on the other hand, it should be found by the advisers that the navy lacked in efficiency and that active steps were necessary to strengthen it, the Government would not hesitate to ask Parliament for the funds necessary to place England foremost among the maritime powers."

LONDON, 18.—Dispatches received from Paris this afternoon, report that the French foreign office has received information which shows conclusively that the Russians are determined on seizing Herat, and that the massing of Russian troops now going on at Zulikar Pass is for that purpose. A Cabinet council is now being held.

LONDON, 18.—A proclamation of the Ameer of Afghanistan, announcing the receipt by him of the decoration of the

Star of India, and declaring that he was entitled to aid from the Indian army, was issued at Herat. The Ameer in his proclamation ordered the illumination of Herat to celebrate his investiture with the order.

The Russo-Afghan boundary question is the subject of the cabinet's consideration.

MADRID, 18.—There were 1,329 new cases of cholera and 624 deaths reported in Spain yesterday.

LONDON, 18.—In ministerial circles no fear is entertained of an immediate quarrel with Russia. Notwithstanding this, however, measures for the defense of India are constantly being pushed forward. General Stewart, commander-in-chief in India, will, it is said, be appointed to one of the vacant seats in the Indian Council, in which case Lord Wolseley will be given chief command in India. Earl Dufferin, Viceroy in India, has issued an order prohibiting officers of the Indian army who are on furlough from going to Cashmere, ostensibly because their return thence would be difficult and slow in case of a hurried recall. It is reported that Colonel Lockhart, who has gone to Gilgar, the main entrance to the valley of Cashmere from Central Asia, with a year's supplies avowedly for the use of a surveying party, is really engaged in a political movement of importance.

From Paris it is stated that an officer aboard the *Audacious* writing from Nagasaki says: "The British flag, despite the denials of the British government, is flying over Port Hamilton in the Korean Archipelago. He further states that the British are busily engaged in preparing military defenses and laying torpedoes and mines at Port Hamilton, and that some Russian troop ships, loaded with troops, which recently arrived there, were greatly surprised to find the place completely occupied and were compelled to retire."

After a Cabinet Council this afternoon, the Marquis of Salisbury, Lord Idderleigh (Sir Stafford Northcote) and Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Chancellor of the Exchequer, had a consultation at the Foreign Office with Baron De Staal, Russian Ambassador to London. It is understood that the conference was on the Afghan question, and it is stated that the negotiations between the English and the Russian governments for the amicable adjustment of the dispute are progressing in a perfectly satisfactory manner. The special courier who was sent by Sir Peter Lumsden from Penjdeh at the time of the difficulty there, to London, to give the Gladstone Ministry special information concerning the Penjdeh battle, was at the Foreign Office during the conference, and, in fact, all day, helping to elucidate the problem raised by the increased Russian force near Zulikar Pass.

A dispatch from Paris to the Exchange Telegraph Company says: The French Ambassador at St. Petersburg, who was about to leave the Russian capital on a furlough to enjoy a vacation, has been ordered to remain at his post, because of the gravity of the Afghan difficulty.

Quebec, 18.—Two Russian barks at this port since the looming up of the war cloud between England and Russia, are loading their cargoes night and day, in order to leave in moment's notice in the event of war.

LONDON, 18.—"An old Roue" writes to the *Pull Mail Gazette*: "The evil you have exposed is a warning against roller skating. The evil came with roller skating at the Princess Club. There for the first time men about town were brought into daily contact with beautiful children not members of their own families. The little things in their innocence were too prodigal with their smiles and glances. A passion sprang up for children. The ruin of these children themselves was not the question, but the procuresses found little East-enders to bear the curse vicariously. Since then the trade between the East and West ends has grown enormously."

ST. PETERSBURG, 19.—It is semi-officially denied that the Zulikar Pass has been occupied by Russian troops. Gen. Komaroff made slight movements of troops there to prevent surprise by an Afghan attack. He has been ordered to hold the position, to enable him to occupy the defiles, if necessary. Government is firmly determined to do nothing that may compromise the pending negotiations with England.

PARIS, 19.—The French minister of marine states that more than thirty million francs will be required to repair damages to the French navy in the recent war with China.

PARIS, 20.—The balloon in which the aeronaut Eloy ascended from L'Orion on the 14th instant and which was last seen drifting toward the sea, has been picked up by a Dieppe smack. Nothing was seen of Eloy and it is presumed he perished.

MADRID, 20.—There were in Spain yesterday 1850 new cases of cholera and 761 deaths; of these 366 new cases and 133 deaths were reported from the Province of Saragossa. Cases have appeared at Puerto Real in the Province of Cadiz, and at the cities of Valencia and Valladolid.

CHICANERY OF A CHIEF JUSTICE.

MANLY STAND OF A NOBLE THIRTEEN.

PARIS, Bear Lake Co., Idaho, July 14, 1885.

Editor Deseret News:

Enclosed you will find a copy of the statement of 13 members of the grand jury presented yesterday (Monday) to Judge Morgan.

It was expected that Morgan would be consistent and stick to his decisions in Cassia and Bingham counties, where he ruled off all "Mormons," as the oppressive and unconstitutional law directs him to do. What was our surprise when he somersaulted and almost coaxed our brethren here to forget having heard the doctrine of polygamy taught since the passage of that infamous election law.

He was exceedingly anxious to hold court, get along smoothly and avoid the responsibility of his own corrupt doings; for he knows he cannot get juries from the non-"Mormon" element. There are not enough of them, and he was afraid of it being shown that the courts of justice were stopped, and murderers and thieves going about without even fear of indictment. Such a showing—that people are taxed as usual, but get in return nothing but chaos and anarchy—was too much even for Morgan, and he tried every way to shirk it. But the plain and honest statement of the "Mormon" members of the jury was too much for him. He had to say, much against his will, "Gentlemen, you are discharged."

It is thought, now he will not try further to get a grand jury. He could not readily get one if he should try.

There are cattle and horse thieves now in this part of the country awaiting indictment, but no chance for them to be dealt with in this Territory until it ceases to be a crime to belong to the "Mormon" Church. Yours, LOVER OF LIBERTY.

THE FOLLOWING IS THE STATEMENT OF THE JURORS.

To Hon. John T. Morgan, Judge of the Third Judicial District of Idaho Territory, in and for Bear Lake County, July term, 1885.

Sir:—We the undersigned members of the present grand jury, duly empaneled and sworn, and before entering upon the discharge of our duties, would respectfully represent to Your Honor, that in our examination on our voir dire under the questions propounded by J. C. Rich, Esq., and from the instructions of the court as to the construction of the law, in regard to the present teaching of the organization to which we belong concerning plural or celestial marriage or polygamy, we answered in all sincerity that, viewing the question in the present tense, or as the court intimated, since the passage of the election law, we honestly asserted that we did not remember having heard any teaching on that principle since the time mentioned.

After having now heard all the discussion in court, and particularly having examined the law in all its bearings, and also the recent teachings of the leaders of the organization of which we are members; we now to satisfy our conscience and that we may not even apparently acquiesce, or lend our innocent aid in any matter of questionable legality and possibly render our labors useless and also lay ourselves open to a suspicion, if not direct charge, of perjury; we have decided in our own minds and to our entire satisfaction that the organization to which we belong does hold the doctrine of plural or celestial marriage to be of divine commandment; and at the present time said organization does teach and publish the said doctrine, recommending its practice as essentially necessary for the improvement of the moral condition of society, and we as members thereof accept the said teachings and hold its practice at the present time to be agreeable to the will of God, all of which is set forth in the Holy Scriptures.

Therefore we, with honest hearts, and motives of interest to the public, as well as a desire to place ourselves fairly and squarely on record before your Honor and the public, do hereby make this statement officially.

Under our present understanding of the law and the evident intention of the legislature in proscribing and disfranchising all members of the organization to which we belong, we cannot conscientiously undertake to discharge the duties of grand jurors under the ban of the law as we now understand it, without degrading our manhood as citizens, and, before God, doing violence to our conscience.

We therefore most humbly but earnestly request your honor to relieve us from the performance of a duty which we are certain we can neither conscientiously nor legally discharge.

Signed by 13 members of the Grand Jury. July 13, 1885.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Eight hundred men left Eau Claire to-day to engage in construction work on the Rocky Mountain division of the Canadian Pacific.

The eastbound freight association to-day agreed to reduce rates on wools from the Mississippi River east, to 52 cents for compressed, and 62 cents for uncompressed.

The Secretary of the Treasury has appointed D. L. Perkins chief of the division in the Sixth Auditor's office.]

The naval officers who have been aboard the dispatch boat *Dolphin* have been detached from the vessel and placed in waiting orders.

The British Government has notified Russia that any increase in the Russian forces in the direction of Zulikar Pass will be regarded as an unfriendly act.

Hobbies of the Hygienists.

There were several dozen of the hygienists in council, each with his individual hobby. Each thought all the others were wrong. Each was sure that his own hobby was the only correct one. A gentleman present said he had taken Brown's Iron Bitters for debility and dyspepsia, and, though he didn't want to make a fuss about it, he knew the use of this great tonic to be better than all the notions he had heard advanced in the council. One practical cure is worth thousands of guesses and notions. Thousands of happy convalescents speak gratefully of Brown's Iron Bitters.

SYRUP OF FIGS.

Nature's own true Laxative. Pleasant to the Palate, acceptable to the Stomach, harmless in its nature, painless in its action. Cures habitual Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and kindred ills. Cleanses the system, purifies the blood, regulates the Liver and acts on the Bowels. Breaks Colds, Chills and Fevers, etc. Strengthens organs on which it acts. Better than bitter, nauseous Liver medicines, pills, salts and draughts. Sample bottles free, and large bottles for sale by all druggists. Z. C. M. I. Drug Store, Wholesale Agents, Salt Lake City. 13c.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the most effective blood-purifier ever devised. It is recommended by the best physicians.

A STARTLING DISCOVERY.

Mr. Wm. Johnson, of Huron, Dak., writes that his wife had been troubled with acute Bronchitis for many years, and that all remedies tried gave no permanent relief, until he procured a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, which had a magical effect, and produced a permanent cure. It is guaranteed to cure all Diseases of Throat, Lungs, or Bronchial Tubes. Trial Bottles Free at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store. Large Size \$1.00. 5

NEVER GIVE UP.

If you are suffering with low and depressed spirits, loss of appetite, general debility, disordered blood, weak constitution, headache, or any disease of a bilious nature, by all means procure a bottle of Electric Bitters. You will be surprised to see the rapid improvement that will follow; you will be inspired with new life; strength and activity will return; pain and misery will cease, and henceforth you will rejoice in the praise of Electric Bitters. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by Z. C. M. I. Drug Store. 6

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store.

Buy B. H. Douglass & Sons' Capsicum Cough Drops for your children; they are harmless, pleasing to the taste and will cure their colds. D. S. and Trade mark on every drop. 1

AN END TO BONE SCRAPING.

Edward Shepherd, of Harrisburg, Ill., says: "I have received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. Have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctors told me I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. I used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters, and seven boxes Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and my leg is now sound and well."

Electric Bitters are sold at fifty cents a bottle, and Bucklen's Arnica Salve at 25c per box by Z. C. M. I. Drug Store. 5

Ten drops of Angostura Bitters impart a delicious flavor to all cold drinks and prevent all Summer Diseases. Try it and you will never be without it, but be sure you get the world renowned Angostura, manufactured only by

Dr. J. G. B. SIEGERT & SONS.

Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer never fails in restoring gray hair to its youthful color, lustre, and vitality. Dr. A. A. Hayes, State Assayer of Massachusetts, endorses it, and all who give it a fair trial unite in grateful testimony to its many virtues.

LIFE PRESERVER.

If you are losing your grip on life, try "Wells' Health Renewer." Goes direct to weak spots. 3

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