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the son of Mosiah after his won-

did the Prophet Joseph derive the

knowledge necessary to use such

words, correctly, if the Lord did not

went to Professor Anthon because he

desired to find out for his own satis-

faction what to think about the work

in which Joseph was engaged. It is

beyond doubt that the Prophet

was conscious that he was not engaged

in the perpetration of a hoax, for he

would not have given Martin Harris

a copy to take to a scholar, had he

not been convinced of the divine na-

ture of his mission. It is also cer-

tain that the interview with Prof.

Anthon was entirely satisfactory to

Martin Harris, for otherwise he would

not have devoted his life to the work.

nor testified to the divine origin of

the Book of Mormon, as long as he

lived. That testimony is worth a

great deal more than the confused

statements of anti-"Mormon" writers

THE DRY FARM BILL.

The bill by Senator Smoot to en-

courage dry farming, meets with a

urlous criticism from the Denvei

That paper says the proposed 320-

cre homestead enactment does not

strike the old-timers very favorably.

Section three of the bill is particul-

larly obnoxious, for the claim is that

t gives the newcomers an unjust ad

vantage over the old residents. Any

homestead entryman now occupying

"would shut out the old-time home

steaders and pioneers because they are

mostly already surrounded by private

holdings and could not secure any con-

tiguous lands. On the other hand an

outsider may come into a new country

and take up 320 acres of land, not

forced to live upon it, as were the old

boys, and accrue just twice as much

property. Most of the settlers who

have worked hard to bring up the

country to a point where it would be

desired by later settlers, who have

weathered the most trying and crucial

years of reclaiming the arid lands, feel

that they should at least be given fair

treatment and not be debarred as they

If the Denver paper is right in say

ing that the pioneers are "already sur-

rounded." by their own holdings, they

should not be heard to complain. For

they probably selected the choice lo-

cations, and the evidence that they

used good judgment is the statemen

that the land "next to them" is all

taken up. As a writer in the San

Francisco Chronicle shows, the pro-

posed new law is based on the assumption that all accessible land of much

value is gone, and that those who are

ing should get a proportionate reward

if they succeed. On account of the

necessity for summer fallow, also

twice as much land is required to pro-

duce a given annual outturn as would

be sufficient in such land as that for

designed.

willing to take the risk of dry farm

will be if the law goes through.'

Field & Farm,

The truth is that Martin Harris

enlighten him?

It means "great", "powerful", and its without years of trial. The people know

Semitic origin is unmistakable. Where what Roosevelt is; they do not know

what some other man may become. The

policies of Roosevelt are in course of

multitudes throughout the country.

policy of the present administration.

his determination not to accept an

ther nomination, in order to remove

all suspicion that he was seeking to

promote his own interests. It was in

al tasks already begun. He believes

that Mr. Taft is strong enough, sure

enough, and tactful enough to hold the

confidence of the people and prevent

Wall Street from reversing the wheels

of progress; that he can neither be

WHENCE COMES STRIFE?

One of the inspired writers of the

carnal desires that are permitted to

and desire to have and cannot ob-

the state of which they are citizens,

or the church to which they belong, or

discord.But whenever an individual

loses sight of the general welfare and

commences the softeme for his own in-terests, the spirit of strife is let loose

have tortured and slain their fellow

men in order to establish their own

religious views over those of others.

Hunger for offices, for honor, for

glory, has driven men to commit mur-

When individuals make their

rel. Unselfishness is a stranger

of life's relations.

war.

fooled, bought, nor browbeaten."

Horace G. Whitney - Business Manager. SUBSCRIPTION PRICES, (In Advance);

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MARTIN HARRIS AND ANTHON.

We have before us a copy of the Christian Standard, a paper published at Cincinnati, Ohio, in which a contributor has an article on "The Book of Mormon 'Caractors.' " It appears under the caption, "An Old Mormon Lie Cornered and Slaughtered," a not very elegant heading for a "Christian" periodical. The writer, who, by the way, professes to love the sport of "killing" an opponent, and, who concludes his "Christian" literary effort by boasting that he has "not only knifed to the heart, but twisted the blade in the wound," the claim that the Book of Mormon makes, undertakes to prove that Professor Anthon has been grosslands has the right to enter an additional quarter section lying contiguous ly misrepresented in "Mormon" acto his former entry to a total of 320 counts of the famous interview with Martin Harris. But he only succeeds acres, and residence upon and cultivain adding to the confusion that already tion of the original claim is to serve as residence upon and cultivation of exists among non-"Mormon" writers the additional entry. "The law, if on that topic. passed," says the Field & Farm,

It is customary with such writers to present what they claim to be a facsimile of the "Caractors" that Martin Harris took to Professor Anthon. But these facsimiles differ considerably. An early reproduction of the 'characters is found in The Prophet, a publication of which Parley P. Pratt was the editor. If there is a genuine copy in existence, this would naturally be the one. But the non-"Mormon" reproductions are, as a rule, different from it. The copy reproduced from The Prophet contains only three lines. The socalled facsimile in the Standard contains five lines, and the alleged facsimile in "The Founder of Mormonism" by Mr. Riley, has seven lines. And that is not all. On a closer examination it will be found that the lines that are supposed to correspond with each other are quite different. They do not contain the same number of letters, or signs. And the form of some the signs supposed to be the same, is not the same. There is a marked difference in several of them.

Nor does non-"Mormon" testimony agree as to other particulars concerning the paper in the possession of Martin Harris, Mr. Riley tells us that the copy was first submitted to "a local pundit," who described it as "a slip of paper which contained three or four lines of characters, as unlike letters or hieroglyphics of any sort as well could be produced were one to shut up his eyes and play off the most antic movements with his pen upon paper," This which the homestead act was originally was the impression of the expert whom Mr. Riley designates "the local pun-But when Professor Anthon saw the paper he got another impression He says, as quoted by Mr. Riley; "It consisted of all kinds of crooked characters, disposed of in columns, and had evidently been prepared by some person who had before him at the time a book containing various alphabets. Greek and Hebrew letters, crosses and flourishes, Roman letters, inverted or placed sideways, were arranged and placed in perpendicular columns." Here are two alleged accounts, both by eye witnesses. One saw that the paper contained three or four lines of scrawls, unlike any letter or hieroglyphic. The other found that it had Greek, Hebrew, and Roman letters placed in vertical columns. But every facsimile we have seen has contradicted this latter statement by showing horizontal lines instead of vertical columns. In a letter of Feb. 17, 1834, to the Independent, quoted by Mr. Riley, Prof. Anthon says the characters were a "singular medley of Greek, Hebrew, and all sorts of letters, more or less distorted and the whole ending in a rude representation of the Mexican Zodiac, evidently copied from Humboldt." But in none of the alleged facsimles we have seen has this feature appeared. The writer in the Christian Standard differs both with the "local pundit," who declares that the characters resemble nothing, and the New York professor who pronounces them imitations of various alphabets. He claims that they are more variations of our common figures and letters, :

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DESERET EVENING NEWS SATURDAY MAY 9 1960

that could be quoted. It is applied said that "no other man has such a hold acquitted themselves with oclat and [upon the confidence of the people. No listinction. rful exploits at the waters of Sebus. other man can waln such confidence

In making his demands on Congress or certain legislation isn't Samuel Gompers assuming the role of the three tailors of Tooley street?

execution. Few, at this time, have Both Mr. Bryan and Governor Johnreached ultimate conclusions. To place another man at the head of this govon endorse the President's national resources preservation policy. It is rnment would mean, for some time to hard to make such a policy partisan, come, delay, uncertainty, if not possi ble disappointment, in the successful hence the endorsement. carrying out of the problems of gov-

The latest theory is that Mrs. Guinernment the President has essayed to solve." And that view is shared by ness' farm was a private burying ground. Of that there can be no doubt, True, President Roosevelt has debut the interments seem to have been made without burial permits. clared that "under no circumstances will I be a candidate for, or accept,

In her matrimonial advertisement another nomination," but that can Mrs. Bella Guinness described herself hardly be construed to mean that he as a "comely widow." Oh! that her must refuse the high office if it is tendered to him by the people, without correspondents might have heard the his seeking. When that ideal coudiwarning voice of Weller senior and tion prevails that the office seeks the heeded it.

man, and not the man the office, the Once again Captain Richmond Hobloyal citizen can hardly refuse to accept the call, when it comes. But on has sounded the tocsin of alarm, if President Roosevelt is not re-elected, aying the Pacific coast demands na-Secretary Taft, in the President's chair, ral protection. But people finally get can be depended upon to continue the so that they can sleep soundly when in alarm clock goes off. Mr. James Creelman has an article

"In America you have many novelin Pearson's Magazine, in which he ists who write interestingly of your explains that the President declared peasantry," says Mrs. Humphry Ward. The novels treating of American peasantry are purely works of imaginaion as there is no American peasantry.

ended as a notice to his opponents that Premier Asquith announced in partheir opposition could in no way influence him. What President Rooseliament the other day that during the velt now hopes is that his policy will past year the national debt had been be continued. "That is why Mr. reduced \$90,000,000. Uncle Sam's debt Roosevelt wants to see the big, able has increased so far in the present fisourageous, and genial character of cal year \$51,500,000. Is it that they do Secretary Taft set to the future guidthese things better in England? nce and execution of the government-

A CHOICE VOLUME.

[Josephine Spencer.]

Under the title of a "A Book of 'erse," Alfred Lambourne has published another volume of poetry, form in binding, form and general unisign with two others that appeared before, namely "Plet" "Holly and Easter-Lilies." The trations which appear throughou sign and The fllus he work of personal friends of the au they work of personal memory of the au-thor, consisting of his portrait done in red chalk, by M. M. Young, title page and inscriptions, Lee Greene Richards, and Illustrative designs, James T. Harwood and Lee Greene New Testament very well states that wars and fightings are caused by the Richards

rule. "Ye lust and have not; ye kill these are artistically All these are artistically the ceived and wrought, and aid in the general attractiveness of the book. The poetry consists of two divisions entitled "Three Seasons Flowers" and tain; ye fight and war, and ye have not." In other words, strife is bred by selfishness. This is as true of re-Cicadas in Home, Sweet Home,' under the first, Mr. Lambourne has given expression to some beautiful descriptive verse of flowers, the lilac and the rose, in which sentiment and ligious strife, as political, and the competition for advantages in any imagination blend in lines as delicate and fanciful in places as those of Keats. A verse in "Lilacs" reads As long as men and women seek only the promotion of the welfare of the community in which they live, or

thus: What line shall this exquisiteness suggest, The blanched edge, the flush within

the firm in which they are partners, the cell, hidden glow, like vermeil hues that there is no danger of strife, or quar-

Deep in the cold heart of a tropic shell."

And again-

soms hold-

in sighs;

'est guise."

The

Some purpose was there in the preg-nant pastfrom the bottomless pit, and there is The cause of transports sent into our time?

own interests paramount, they be-These Illacs seem as from a garden come strife-breeders. Selfishness has which flourished once within the caused religiou persecutions. Men

happy prime.

O what the secret that these blos-Which they unto the primal purpose

O, what the occult life these leaves

From The Battleground of Thought.

The Earth The earth has had many hard names thrown at it. It has been called flat, spherical and oblate. But A Hollow Mockery. heretofore nobody has accused it of

And thou, loved voice, for absence o, would that I this moment might being a hollow mockery. And that is We have what we have come to now. not trod securely over a sphere eight thousand miles thick, spurning be-neath our heels antipodean savages, who clung like flies, head downward, From golden law and make it all The book is artistic from cover to cover and makes another block in the monument of literary achievement which Mr. Lambourne is building up. He will be congratulated by many friends on this latest poetic effort which is another evidence of the au-thor-artist's versatility. The edition is limited to about 250 contest and these who chung inte mes, head downward, on the opposite side. No; we are promenading upon a shell, within which penguins, sea serpents, four-headed dogs, and talking artichokes dispute for supremacy with unicorps, griffins, and brontosauropopotami. "That's why we wring clothes, and that's how butter is separated." said Mr. Reed. "'Here's that crazy man is limited to about 250 copies and these wire being distributed among Mr. Lam-bourne's friends. A very few copies will be for sale in the Deseret News ing along who thinks there's an other continent over the ocean,' said the monks of Columbus. Why does the north wind raise the temperature during the Arctic winter? Why did Nansen sail fifteen days through clear THE MAN AND HIS JOB water and only advance one degree unless he was sailing round and round When the various industries recruit inside? Where do the seals and musk inside? where do the seals and mass-oxen go for their feeding-grounds? Where do the fresh-water icebergs come from? Why do scientists treat the earth as if it were a solid and have to make out that it's three times as their ranks each year from the array of college graduates, they show preference for the men who have earned their own expenses while getting an education. Such men usually are posheavy as nickel steel in order to make their calculations fit? Why do they admit that the earth is flattened at suided energy to guarantee them safe transport along the road to success. The the poles, and not go further and allow it's hollow? Why is the sun invisible so long at the north and south in win. The training they have received by brushing up against the world in sumter, unless there's a depression which shuts out its light? What is the Au-rora Borealis? Electric lights? Then why don't we meet it all over the earth? It's fires reflected from inside the earth. And the dust that troubles all the explorers comes from the valably more beneficial to them than the lectures and laboratory work accom-plished within the collegiate domain. "I want a chap full of energy, and able to see things," said a prominent employer to me over the telephone the other day. "He must be a college gradall the explorers comes from the vol-cances there. The colored snow is produced by vegetable matter blown out from the interior. The great ice pressure comes from rivers inside. The tidal waves—" I crawled down-stairs I had come in a some strong other day. "He must be a conege glad-uate and prove that he earned all, or nearly all, the expenses of his course." This employer, I think, has the cor-rect idea about hiring men who are willing to begin at the bottom and work up. As a rule, the man who earns his way through college has the stuff in stairs. I had gone in a sane. strong angry man; I came out a knock-kneed, ramshackle wretch. When I saw the Pennsylvania railroad excavations I braced myself against a lamp post. Since then I have been wearing moc-casins, and banting.—Herbert Dick. enson in Horner's Wealth. to work was short, and he was not giv-en the leisure to wait for something to turn up. If he would pick up a piece enson, in Harper's Weekly.

> Happiness Not From We have seen many painful examples dur-Wealth. ing the past few months of the failure

months of the tarlots of wealth to produce happiness. We have seen that a fortune without a man behind it does not stand for much. The X-rays of public investisation have revealed some ghastly spectacles. Of a number of rich men who were in positions of great respon-sibility and trust at the beginning of the recent financial panic, some have committed suicide others have did the recent financial panic, some have committed suicide, others have died from the effects of the disgrace which, they had brought upon themselves and their families, and still others have suffered tortures, and suff others have suffered tortures, not so much because of their wrongdoings, as from the fear of disclosures. A few months ago these men were supposed to possess the things which make men hap-py. They had what all the world is seeking so strenuously—money. They ber. Jahr und de vande de kriefen de keinen de

chariot on which the Great Ram careered at the head of his victor army through the palm-bordered nuces of Memphis after some great quest; here a number of cases of v able jewelry, worn by the queens princesses of Egypt in those day preval sulendor; or here a regal splendor; or here a ser painted papyri, still fresh and figuring the fanciful experience soil after death, and depicting pearance before a strange and tribunal, which is to adjudicat its final doom. But of infinitely interest than any other object i wonderful museum, are the thre balmed bodies-not mummies, actual bodies-of Egypt's actual bodies-of Egypt's g Pharoahs-Seti I, the builder o of the finest of the temples, the cleft in his skull by which i slain in battle plainly visible; R the Great, the Pharoah of the sion, who ordered the Israelites to n bricks without straw: his features cating strong will power and detern ation; and Menephthah, the Pha. of the exodus, and, that being ao, man-the very man-who said to M "See my face no more; for in the "See my face no more; for in that d thou seeest my face thou shalt di Ah! little thought the monarch wh he sent his host to pursue the Isra ites through the yawning gorge do in the blue waters of the Red Sea th after a lapse of three thousand fo hundred years he himself should exposed to the gaze of, amongst other many of the descendants of those we israelites whom he so valuly atterned Israelites whom he so vainly att to destroy. And as the visitor plates that sullen recumben the thought may perhaps flash the his mind that that race, upon he so impotently vented his was the race through which the of God elected to assume for a our human nature; and in that nat with a love and condescension gether beyond our comprehen and crucified, that by His stripes might be healed, and by His at ment we might be pardoned and cepted .- A Banker.

One Result Out of Many Of the War. "No race or class of men ever passed for slavery to freedom and record equ

a record equally of revenge. At Natchez I witnes significant spectacle. I was shown large dwelling-houses which befor Civil War had at certain seasons occurred by a seasons Civil War had at certain seasons occupied by families of the pla aristocracy of that region. Mo those houses now looked deserte uncared for, shutters unhinged, dow panes broken, yards and g covered with a rank growth and weeds. In the front yard of the houses I observed som of the houses I observed stumps and stacks of cor an old man busy cutting down w ax a magnificent shade tree. was something distinguished in h pearance that arrested my attent fine features topped with long locks; slender, delicate hands; cl shabby, but of a cut denoting that had originally been made for a p above the ordinary woo companion, a Federal ca know him. I accosted wood-chop him question to whom that house

a thinner hand, "will be a boon to every family and will startle the whole world. In fact, it will put the Alarm Clock Trust out of business. The idea is simply specially prepared tablets that help you get up in the morning. For instance, if you want to rise at 5 you take five tablets; if you want to get up at 9 take six tablets; and so on, "But how will it effect the Alarm Clock Trust?"

it behooves him to "see things," and see them quick. JUST FOR FUN.

A Yankee Cut.

Once upon a time Supreme Justice Harlan was traveling in Virginia. He stopped at a newly constructed coun-try hotel. The walls of his room had here freight and the store there is the store the st

The wakeful creatures, happy of the

night; Like tiny scimitars the keen notes clash; Assail the gloom as though it were with light.

"Shrill dwellers of the vine thy notes

(By Herbert J. Hapgood.)

mer and short vacation periods is prob

ably more beneficial to them than the

him to work his way to the top of a business. He is "full of energy and able to see things." The time he had

of money during the summer vacatio

mine own!

Book store.

been freshly calcimined. They shone white as the lamp was lit. But near the head of the bed was a stain. Some one had thrown a quid of tobacco on it and it had stuck. "If I had that Yankee here who stained that wall I would wring his neck," said the Judge in apparent an-

"Why, how do you know a Yankee did the trick?" asked a friend. "How do I know it was a Yankee?" exclaimed the Kentuckyian. "Why, can't you see it is fine cut?" No one in the South chews that kind. Weehington Star

Such is the evidence anti-"Mormons" offer us. It is a mass of contradictions. And on such confused evidence they expect us to feel convinced of error.

Let us take Professor Anthon's account as the text for a question or two. Supposing that the paper shown to him by Martin Harris contained Greek, Hebrew, and other letters, written in perpendicular columns, as the Egyptians sometimes wrote, where did the Prophet Joseph, at that age, hand, get those letters? The dictionaries of that date do not give various alphahets, as they do now, and even if they had, it is doubtful whether Joseph had ever seen one. And where would he have got an idea of the Mexican calendar? It seems to us that Pros. fessor Anthon's letter is itself a remarkable corroboration of the claim that the Prophet Joseph was an inspired instrument in the hand of the Almighty.

This conviction is deepened by a closer study of the proper nouns given in the Book of Mormon, The word "Liahona." for instance, is the name given to the wonderful instrument

which pointed the way to the wanderers in the wilderness. "L' Juh on" will be recognized as meaning: "To God is strength." or, "God is the pressed the views of the Republicans source of strength." a most fitting in Utah, and throughout the West name for that instrument. The word Frank H. Norcross, Justice of the

PEACE DAY. Elsewhere in this imprint will be found the program for the peace meeting to be held in the First Congregational church on Sunday, May 17, at 4 o'clock p. m. It is an excellent pro-

gram. Several distinguished speakers will occupy the platform, and there will be some sweet singing, and music. We understand that a draft of a constitution for a Utah State peace society will be presented to the meeting, and that an opportunity will be given to those who are so disposed, to join the organization which will be a branch of the American peace society. This movement, which was inaugurated by Governor Cutler and a few friends a year ago, and which has the support of

leading clergymen and other prominent citizens, should appeal to all classes of people in this City and throughout the State.

There is no more important issue before the world today, not speaking of purely religious questions, than the peace movement. With nations, as with individuals, it is true that, "as a man thinketh, so is he." If nations prepare for war, speak of war, glorify war, they will have war. If they prepare for peace, they are likely to have peace. The world is slowly moving in the right direction, but when earnest individuals unite in the promotion of peace, the progress toward Millennial conditions will be guickened. We have lived to hear our Secretary of War call himself the secretary of peace; we have lived to see a movement in England for the abolishment of the term "War department" and the substitution of the term "Department of na-

tional defense;" we have lived to see the establishment of a permanent arbitration court, We may yet live to see the realization of the great ideal, the federation of the world, and the parliament of man. For this ideal the friends of peace are laboring. Utah should lend a helping and a strong hand, for that

work The meeting in the Congregational church is not the only peace meeting that will be held here on that day. If the suggestions are followed, peace sernons will be preached in the various wards and places of worship throughout the State on that day. Information on the subject is very much needed. It is specially appropriate that from the pulpits of the land a message from the Prince of Peace be proclaimed through-

out the world.

ROOSEVELT OR TAFT.

The Republican state convention declared for Roosevelt as the first choice, and Taft for second, for the Presidency, and in so doing, it, undoubtedly, ex-Rabbanah is another of the many Supreme Court of Nevada, has recently proud of the High School cadets. They

ders. Civil wars have originated in selfishness, Self-sacrifice on the altar of man kind is necessary for the preservation of unity, peace and harmony. The saviors of the world are not the fighters, the strife-breeders, the warriors that know of no higher pleasure than 'conquering," by destruction and slaughter, but the "poor in spirit;" the 'meek," the "peace makers.' We are well aware that to many this sounds foolish, but there is no other means by which the world can be redeemed. The kingdom of heaven beongs to the "poor in spirit;" the 'meek" shall inherit the earth, and he peace makers "shall be called the children of God." This is a law s infallible as the law of gravitation. Victory through self-sacrifice!

Tolstoi expresses this thought thus:

"I feel that I ought to love, and I ove myself. But, loving myself, I annot but feel that the object of my love is unworthy of it; yet not to love is impossible for me. In love is life, "What is to happen? To love oth-ars—one's neighbors, friends and those ers—one's neighbors, friends and those who love us? At first it seems that will satisfy the demands of love, but all these people are in the first place imperfect, and, secondly, they change, and, above all, they die. "What is one to love? The only an-swer is: Love all, love the source of love, love God. Love, not for the sake of the loved one, nor for one's self, but for love's sake. "It is only necessary to understand

"It is only necessary to understand this, and at once all the cvil of life disappears, and its meaning becomes clear and joyful."

Fermez Laporte, Indiana.

Of the city treasury it may be said, Empty is the eradle, baby's gone."

Methodist bishops' "best evidence" is very far from being even second best.

Night riders do infinitely more dumage to tobacco than do the tobacco worms.

Contractor Moran seems to have the City Council going First South most of he time.

Last night January and May seemed to have joined hands and given people the cold shake.

If the country would save its forests from the wood pulp makers, it must spruce up.

Those who have taken off their flannels and put on their straw hats, have been a little bit previous.

Forest reserves are a good thing and the future will praise the wisdom of the present in creating them.

The revised statutes having been published there should be no room n the State for the unwritten law.

Not only Salt Lake but all Utah is

unfold From golden age that antedated woe?

A Matter of Indifference.

'Ah, quick; ah, quick; my irised visions A Northerner riding through the West Virginia mountains came up with a mountaineer leisurely driving a My dreamland palace all in ruin lies, With you, oh, lilacs, I have backward strayed "Where are you driving the pigs to?"

To May of youth, and April-weeping skies." To asked the rider.

Love's fullness throbs and bubbles at

to delicate gradations of to lighter thoughts. There are

darkness flash-

the throat, "he sweets of life are mine in rich-

"Out to pasture 'em a bit." "What for?" "To fatten 'em." Mr. Lambourne pays a beautiful tribute to the rose, among the choice verses being this:

"Isn't is pretty slow work to fatten "Isn't is pretty slow work to fatten 'em on grass? Up where I come from we pen them up and feed them on corn. It saves a lot of time." "Yaas, I spose sa." drawled the mountaineer. "But,—what's time to a hawg?"-Everybody's Magazine. "Upon the roses' splendor let me gloat, Or on fond lips now waste my heart

"Does your friend, the editor, give you any encouragement?" asked the would-be poet's friend. "He's never said anything encouraging, but once," replied Reimer "and that was yes-terday. He saw me in a brown study and he said: 'A penny for your thoughts," "-Philadelphia Press. Like a true artist Mr. Lambourne has invested his verse with values vis-ual and occult, in touches of color ranging from hues of oriental richness tone ideas

etched in dim browns, others in ether-ial water tints and again flowing in oriental hues as rich as Omar's, and throughout no unsightly splashes mar "See the funny young man! What is he wearing?"

"That is a monocle, my child." "And why does he wear only one glass'

a page. Among the verses which stand out in "Cleades" the latter poem, are these: "Gee, but you have a mean disposi-tion Wouldn't you leave him one eye to see with?"-Cleveland Leader. "And sounds like steel from out the

companies us through life a divine, silent messenger, that other, higher, better self, which speaks from the depths of our nature, and which gives its consent, its "Amen" to every right action, and condemns the wrong. Men and women in all times have tried to write this constant monitor to comand women in all times have tried to bribe this constant monitor, to pur-chase its approval, to silence it in nervous excitement, to drown it in vicious pleasure, and with drink and with drugs; but all in vain.—Orison Swett Marden, in "Success Magazine."

Down The Vista Of The Ages. To those who take an interest in the history of the remote past and in The Ages. glimpsing down the din

glimpsing down the dim vista of time, a day spent in the great museum at Cairo is a day of keen gratification and enjoyment. Entering the splendid and massive vestibule the visitor is immediately in an atmosphere of antiquity, and surrounded with relics both of the very dawn of dividentice of antiquity, and surrounded with relies both of the very dawn of civilization and also of the more refined and artis-tic period of those powerful monarchs whose conquests raised Egypt to the zenith of its power, and whose massive achievements remain to this day al-most untouched by the disintegrating and despoiling hand of time. Here, for instance, is a magnificent state chariot, its gilded frontal of leather embossed with warlike figures or with an artistic design; perhaps the very

portant to teach them, because lavish their strength, not in person lavish their strength, not in person pentance, but in trying to hinder neighbors from actions which they demn. If a man (or a woman) t some act is wrong and doesn't there is no great harm done, w the act is really wrong or not. overscruppilous about one's own c which the erring person chiefs own com-which the erring person chiefly fers. But to be overscrupulous a the conduct of other persons—to demn their actions as wrong and laws passed to make them filegalnot really deserve condemnation, code of discipline of the Meth church, for example, when volunt accepted, may yield a great p spiritually and otherwise, to who spiritually and otherwise, to whole ever lives up to it; whereas to society in general up to the stan-of the Book of Discipline under pen of law, would work intolerable his ship. Something like that is what folks who don't know what is w seem to be trying to do, and they would work informat with bition, anti-betting, anti-vivised anti-speculation, anti-corporations, ti-non-union labor, anti-cigarettes, where we are coming out.-Harpe



\$1.00 EXTRA FOR ALTERATIONS