

COV. ROOSEVELT BEFORE Y. M. C. A.

New York's Executive Delivers an
Address at Carnegie Hall.

PRaises THE ASSOCIATION.

Speech of Vice President-Elect
Head at the Meetings of the Asso-
ciation Throughout the Nation.

At the final praise service of the century held by the Y. M. C. A. yesterday afternoon, was read the address delivered by Gov. Theodore Roosevelt of New York, before the New York City Y. M. C. A. at Carnegie hall. The address was delivered at 4 p. m., and at the same hour the address was read before every association in the Union. Gov. Roosevelt's address is as follows:

It is a peculiar pleasure to me to come before you today to greet you and to bear testimony to the great good that has been done by these Young Men's and Young Women's Christian associations throughout the United States and the Dominion of Canada. More and more we are getting to recognize the law of combination. This is true of many phases of our industrial life, and it is equally true of the world of philanthropic effort. Nowhere is it, or will it ever be, possible to supplant individual effort and individual initiative; but in addition to this, there must be work in combination. More and more this is recognized as true not only in charitable work proper, but in the best form of philanthropic endeavor where we do good to ourselves by all joining together to do good to one another. This is exactly what is done in your associations.

It seems to me that there are several reasons why you are entitled to special recognition from all who are interested in the betterment of our American social system. First and foremost, your organization recognizes the vital need of brotherhood, the most vital of all our needs here in this great continent. The existence of a Young Men's or Young Women's Christian association is certain proof that some people at least recognize in practical shape the ideal of aspiration and interest both in things material and in things higher, which with us must be widespread through the masses of the people. If the national life is to attain full development, this spirit of brotherhood recognizes of necessity both the need of self help and also the need of help others in the only way which ever ultimately does great good; that is, of helping them to help themselves. Every man of us needs such help at some time, and each of us should be glad to stretch out his hand to a brother who stumbles. But while every man needs at times to be lifted up when he stumbles, no man can afford to let himself be carried, and it is worth no man's while to try to carry another. The man who lies down, who will not try to walk, has become a mere cumbrance of the earth's surface.

These associations of yours try to make men self-reliant, to help them when they are self-helpful. They do not try merely to carry them, to benefit them for the moment at the cost of their future undoing. This means that all in any way connected with them are ever ready to help them to help themselves. Any man who takes part in the work of such an organization is benefited to some extent and benefits the community. But it is not the source of any work in whatever measure, both receive and confer benefits. This is true of the founder and giver and it is no less true of every man who takes advantage of what the founder and giver have done. This brotherhood makes us all realize how much we have in common, and how much we can do when we work in combination. I doubt if it is possible to over-estimate the good done by what the fact of association with a common interest and for a common end, and when the common interest is high and the common end peculiarly worthy the good done is of course many times increased.

Bales developing this sense of brotherhood, the feeling which breeds respect both for one's self and for others, your associations have a peculiar value in showing us how to live in healthy individual initiative. Voluntary action by individuals in the form of associations of any kind for mutual benefit or mutual advantage often offers a way to avoid all the danger of State control, and the dangers of coercive individualism. This is particularly true of efforts for that most important of all forms of betterment, moral betterment—the moral betterment which usually brings material betterment in its train.

It is only in this way by all of us working together in a spirit of brotherhood, by each doing his part for the betterment of himself and of others that we can do something, and if we work together, the aggregate of these small things will be very considerable. There are of course a thousand different ways in which the work can be done, and each man must choose as his tastes and his powers bid him. If he is to do the best of which he is capable. But all the kinds of work must be carried along on certain definite lines if good is to come. All the work must be attempted, and the whole of the Young Men's Christian association work has been done; that is, in a spirit in which to bread charity for mankind there is added a keen and healthy sanity of mind. We must retain our self-



MISS HANNA'S COMING OUT PARTY ON NEW YEAR'S DAY.

One of the largest and most brilliant social functions of New Year's day will be the debut of Senator Mark Hanna's youngest daughter, Ruth. It occurs in Cleveland. Windmere, the spacious suburban home of the Hannas, will be open to entertain scores of the debutante's friends, and in the evening there will be a big ball in the auditorium of the Cleveland Chamber of Commerce.

respect each and all of us, and we must beware alike of mushy sentimentality and of very aged people or even strong men, temporarily crushed by stunning misfortune, on whose behalf we may have to make a frank and direct appeal to charity, and who can be recipients of our charity with a loss of self respect. But taking us as a whole, taking the mass of Americans, we do not want charity, we do not want sentimentalism; we individually want to learn how to act in such a way as to be able to hold our own in the world, to do good to our opportunities, and to receive good from others in ways which will not entail on our part any loss of self respect.

It ought to be no less unnecessary for me to say that any man who tries to solve the great problems that confront us by an appeal to anger and passion, by a policy of enmity, to malice, to envy, to spite, and never can be aught but an enemy of the very people he professes to befriend. In the words of Lowell it is far safer to adopt for a motto, "All men are my brothers." In the long run broadly we cannot in the world benefit one man by the downfall of another. Our energies can as a rule be employed to much better advantage in uplifting some than in pulling down others. Of course there must sometimes be pulling down too. We have no business to blink evils and where it is necessary that the knife should be used, let it be used unsparringly, but let it be used intelligently. Where there is need of a drastic remedy, apply it, but do not apply it in the mere spirit of hate. Normally a pound of construction is worth a ton of destruction. There is a great deal to be said for the old adage, "It is a fool who hates, and a fool who envies." But it is not the only good thing, and after a certain amount has been amassed it ceases to be the chief even of material good things. It is far better, for instance, to do well a bit of good work, and in this world doing all that in him lies, so that when death comes he may feel that mankind is in some degree better because he has lived.

the grosser forms of evil we must not forget to condemn also the evils of bad temper, lack of gentleness, nagging and whining fretfulness, lack of consideration for others—the evils of selfishness in all its myriad forms. Each man or woman must remember his or her duty to all around, and especially to those closest and nearest, and such remembrance is the best possible preparation to doing duty for the States as a whole.

We ask that these associations, and the men and women who take part in them, practice the Christian doctrines which are preached from every true pulpit. The deacon and the golden rule must stand as the foundation of every successful effort to better either our social or our political life. "Fear the Lord and walk in His ways," and "let each man love his neighbor as himself," these two principles, if we practice these two principles, the reign of social and civil righteousness will be close at hand. Christianity teaches not only that each of us must live as to save his own soul, but that each must also strive to do his whole duty by his neighbor. We cannot live up to these teachings as we should; for in the presence of infinite might and infinite wisdom the strength of the strong is as the weakness of the weak, and the keenest of mortal eyes see but dimly. But such of us can at least strive, as high and strength are given him, toward the ideal. Effort along any one line will not suffice. We must not only be good but strong. We must not only be high-minded but brave-hearted. We must think loftily and we must also work hard. It is not written in the Holy Book that we must merely be harmless as doves. It is also written that we must be as serpents. Craft unaccompanied by conscience makes the crafty man a social wild beast who preys on the community and must be hunted out of it. Gentleness and sweetness unbacked by a strength and high resolve are almost impotent for good. The true Christian is the true citizen, lofty of purpose, resolute in endeavor, ready to sacrifice, and desiring never looking down on his task because it is cast in the day of small things; scornful of baseness, awake to his own duties as well as to his rights, following the high law with reverence, and in this world doing all that in him lies, so that when death comes he may feel that mankind is in some degree better because he has lived.

EDUCATION OF AMERICANS.

Boston Society Proposes to Do This as to the Philippines.

Will Give People in This Country Information Independent of Partisan Politics.

Chicago, Dec. 31.—Mrs. Glendower Evans, of Boston, last night addressed a meeting at Hull House, where she explained the purposes of an organization, established ten days ago in Boston, that has for its object the education of the American people concerning the situation in the Philippines.

It is the intention of the organization to establish auxiliary societies throughout the country, and as soon as Congress is ready to take up the Philippine legislation, the citizens of the United States, it is believed, will understand the situation. The name of the new organization is the Philippine Information society. Mrs. Evans, who is one of the founders, conceived the idea through investigating the government reports, in which she found much valuable information. It is for the purpose of interesting Chicagoans that Mrs. Evans is in the city at the present time. She hopes to establish a branch of the society here, if she is successful. Chicago will enjoy the distinction of being the first city to establish an auxiliary.

"The Philippine Information society is strictly non-partisan as to politics," Mrs. Evans explained. "It includes both Republicans and Democrats, so-called imperialists and anti-imperialists, in its membership. We organized the society about ten days ago, and the purpose of the society is to collect and distribute, in so far as it is able, authoritative information about the Philippines, such as is to be found in partisan literature, but, for example, in the correspondence and reports of military, naval and diplomatic officials. This is information of which the American people in general are not cognizant, largely because of the voluminous nature of the reports in which such information is to be found. An earnest attempt will be made to deal with all material in a strictly non-partisan manner."

CALIFORNIA PROGRESS.

Good Showing Made for the Close of the Century.

San Francisco, Dec. 30.—The annual New Year's edition of the San Francisco Chronicle, printed this morning gives a comprehensive summary of California's commercial growth during the past year. Considerable space is given to the growing trade with the Philippines. The total imports and exports into and out of San Francisco from the islands were: Imports, \$436,293; exports, \$561,704. In 1899 they were: Imports, \$294,000; exports, \$323,000.

The product of raisins was 75,000,000 pounds; prunes, 120,000,000 pounds. The total mineral output was \$30,000,000, of which \$10,000,000 was gold. Copper amounted to nearly 4,000,000. Quicksilver, 2,328 flasks. The total value of imports and exports from and into San Francisco to and from foreign countries is exports, \$41,651,193; imports, \$41,944,811. For the year 1899 the figures were exports, \$27,618,000; imports, \$44,574,170. The total gold and silver imports for 1899 were \$25,500,000; exports, \$23,575,000. Wheat exported, 7,548,000 centals; flour, 1,121,944 barrels. The total clearings of the San Francisco banks were \$1,326,017, an increase over 1899 of nearly \$6,000,000. During the year the banks of all kinds in California increased their resources by nearly \$27,000,000. The total output of the Pacific coast salmon canneries in 1899 was 9,944,452 cases; British Columbia produced 237,251 cases; Alaska, 1,504,745 cases.

KIDNAPED A BOY.

Abductor Was Caught Before Getting Into Canada.

Houghton, Mich., Dec. 30.—The five-year-old son of Mrs. Raymond Thierly, of Dollar Bay, has been kidnapped, evidently in the hope of securing a ransom. The boy was taken, it is said, by a man named Sullivan, a well-known character in the copper region. The sheriff with a posse of indignant citizens, is scouring the country, hoping to catch Sullivan before he gets beyond the State line. It is thought he is heading for Canada. Sheriff Lean apprehended the man eighteen miles south of Houghton this afternoon. These were considerable elements over the affair, but it is now believed that Sullivan did not harbor any sinister intentions. He is believed to be mentally deranged.

Good Philippines Trade.

Washington, Dec. 30.—The division of market affairs of the war department makes public a statement summarizing the trade of the Philippine Islands for the eleven months ending May 31, 1900. The value of merchandise imported from the islands during the period was \$18,590,685. Gold and silver to the amount of \$1,806,540 came into the islands, making the total importation \$20,397,225. The import trade from the United States amounted to \$1,000,000. The value of exports for the period named amounted to \$19,420,000, \$17,634,291 in merchandise and \$1,785,709 in gold and silver. The value of the exports to the United States was \$1,544,544. A total of 69,444 tons of Manila hemp, valued at \$10,582,173, was exported during the period stated, \$3,405,503 worth being shipped to the United States.

GAMBLING AND DEATH.

Three Victims of a Card-Playing Row.

Abbeville, S. C., Dec. 30.—William Kennedy, of this county, Sheriff Kile, of Massachusetts, who has been superintending the building of a cotton mill here, and John Damsby, a United States marshal, are dead, the result of a shooting over a game of cards. Several persons were playing cards last night when Damsby offered two dollars on the table and said: "I play for this." The men at the table refused to let Damsby into the game and an altercation ensued. Damsby finally drew a pistol and shot Kile in the stomach. He then backed out of the room, declaring he would shoot anyone who attempted to stop him. He was followed by two policemen, but held them at bay until Sheriff Kennedy and a number of citizens arrived. Damsby then fled to the house of his father-in-law where Kennedy called on him to surrender. Damsby came out and with the remark "We will all go to hell together," commenced firing. Damsby was shot twice in the leg and once in the chest and the sheriff was struck near the heart and fell. Damsby walked fifty steps and was reloading his pistol when he was shot again by the dying sheriff. Damsby and the sheriff died within a few minutes of each other. Kile died today.

CUDAHY IS THREATENED.

Kidnappers Say They Will Kill His Boy.

Omaha, Neb., Dec. 30.—E. A. Cudahy, the millionaire banker, has received a second communication from the men who kidnapped his son. This time, as formerly, the letter contains a threat, and says in substance that unless he withdraws his offer of \$25,000 reward for the arrest and conviction of each of the three bandits they will kidnap another of his children. The letter refers to the failure of the police to get anything like a tangible clue as to the identity of the kidnappers, scoffs at the idea of Pat Crowe being one of them, mentions the ease with which the "first job was pulled off," and concludes by saying that if Cudahy does not act as he showed himself in the first instance, he will comply with the request and withdraw the rewards at once.

This letter is written with pen and ink, on the same kind of yellow paper as the first, and evidently by the same person, and was mailed at the post-office in Omaha at 8 a. m. Saturday, December 29, showing clearly that one of the gang was in the possession of that date if the letter had the same origin as the letter demanding the ransom.

Fatal Arizona Row.

Bisbee, Ariz., Dec. 26.—At Silver Creek, a construction camp on the line of the Southwest railway, about twenty-eight miles below Bisbee, a shooting occurred Wednesday in which Jesse Johnson, better known as Kelly, was shot twelve times by Clint Mitchell and Louis Senette. Johnson had attempted to hold up Mitchell's saloon, and had shot the bar-

tender, John Roberts, twice through the hips, when Mitchell and Senette appeared at the Winchester and a double-barrelled shotgun loaded with buckshot and took up the fight. Johnson fell at the first volley fired, and his friends on the outside sought cover, and a general fight took place. Mitchell and Senette succeeded in holding the cowboys at bay until reinforcements arrived, when the cowboys left. Two of the cowboys on the outside were wounded, but were not brought to Bisbee. Roberts was brought into Bisbee on a litter, and lies in a precarious condition at a hospital. A large number of cowboys have been seen going in the direction of Silver Creek, and more trouble is expected from them. Justice of the Peace Williams, accompanied by eight deputy sheriffs, left early this morning for the scene of the shooting.

BEATING THE REBELS.

Many Captures by Americans in Luzon.

Manila, Dec. 30.—Today brought many reports of captures of insurgents as the result of scouting throughout Luzon. The Americans in this work sustained no casualties. A detachment of the 10th cavalry regiment captured sixty in the province of Cavite. Gen. Wheaton reports having captured and burned Greco's camp in the peninsula near San Antonio. Gen. Fenton reports that four insurgents were killed and several captured near Smith.

Gen. Smith wires that the proclamation of the governor general has had good results in his district. Near Marikina yesterday a dozen insurgents were killed and eight wounded. Gen. Grant telegraphs that he has detachments covering the lower portion of Mount Arayat in the hope of catching Alajandrino. He says that last Friday a detachment of the Forty-first infantry raided the camp of the insurgent leader and secured some of his papers.

Near Alalajada today Capt. Mendoza, with thirty men of San Diego's command, surrendered. Detachments of the Eleventh and Ninth regiments killed twelve insurgents and destroyed several camps in the Camarines district. The Philippine commission has added to the pending school bill a provision for employment of American teachers at salaries ranging from \$75 to \$100 a month.

Colorado Blizzard.

Denver, Colo., Dec. 30.—A blizzard visited Colorado last night and has continued with varied strength throughout the State today. The temperature is falling tonight in most sections, and at several places the fall of snow has been quite heavy. Railroad traffic, though not seriously affected, has been interrupted and trains are all arriving late.

Chinese Accept Terms.

Pekin, Dec. 30.—The Chinese plenipotentiaries have been unexpectedly ordered to sign the preliminary joint note and have notified the foreign envoys to that effect. The Chinese themselves were greatly astonished at receiving the Imperial instructions. Neither Li Hung Chang nor Prince Ching had expected success in persuading the court under ten days. But the emperor's instructions are to agree fully to the note, but endeavor to get the best terms possible, particularly in the matter of limiting the location of guards and also as to places where these are to be located.

People Burned to Death.

Wichita, Kan., Dec. 30.—Gottlieb Stacker and his entire family, moving from Stillwater, Okla., to Jeger Mills county, were caught while asleep in their wagon in a prairie fire last night. A seventeen-month-old baby was roasted to death, and a boy will die. A young lady will lose both limbs, and no hopes are entertained of saving the mother's life. In their roasted condition the light and hair of their horses burned out, they reached a dug-out owned by Dennis Carr, a few miles south, where the prairie fire was fanned by a wind traveling sixty miles an hour.

Nebraska Has a Chill.

Omaha, Neb., Dec. 30.—A furious blizzard began in the eastern part of Nebraska at 8 o'clock this morning, continuing throughout the day and tonight extends over the State. In this city the street car traffic is badly hampered. The wind is piling the snow badly.

Quay is Gaining.

Harrisburg, Pa., Dec. 30.—Senator Washburn, who was elected two years ago as a Populist with Democratic and Prohibition endorsement, issued a formal statement tonight announcing that he had allied himself with the Republican party. His declaration gives the friends of Mr. Quay control of the senate and practically insures the election of W. P. Snyder as president pro tem.

Mrs. Nation in Jail.

Wichita, Kan., Dec. 30.—Mrs. Carrie Nation, the W. C. T. U. "joint wrecker," has refused bail secured by her co-workers, and now says that under no circumstances will she step out of jail until cleared of the charge against her, and the W. C. T. U. committee, who has taken up the matter, has practically abandoned its effort to secure her release. The county attorney, it is said, is seriously considering a suggestion made by the saloon men to withdraw the charge of malicious destruction of property and prefer one of assault against her. There is no doubt in their minds that they can hold her upon the present charge, and they are bound to punish the woman in some form for the mischief she has done.

HOLIDAY EXCURSION.

Via Oregon Short Line.

For Christmas and New Year's, half rate to nearly all points in California, call at City Ticket Office, 201 Main street.

HOLIDAY RATES.

ALL POINTS IN UTAH.

On December 23, 24, 25, 30, 31 and January 1st, the Rio Grande Western Ry. will sell tickets to any station on its lines at one single fare for the round trip. The R. G. W. is 10 minutes faster between Ogden and Salt Lake than any other line; 20 to 40 minutes faster to Lehi, American Fork, Provo, Eureka, etc.

BUY THE GENUINE

SYRUP OF FIGS

MANUFACTURED BY CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. OF NORTH BAY.

Wait...

Until Wednesday Morning, January 2nd, and we will show you the greatest \$1.00 SHOE Bargain table you ever saw in the history of shoe selling.

Shoes for men, women and children. No job lots bought for this sale, but every shoe taken from our own stock—shoes that were left after the biggest year's shoe selling in our history.

Remember your choice of these shoes for \$1.00 per pair.

A lot of men's \$5 Patent Leather Shoes to close out at \$2.65

Remember the date, Wednesday Morning, Jan. 2nd, 1901.

ROBINSON BROS. CO.,

SHOE BUILDERS.

124 Main Street.

YOU'LL NEVER SEE

Another Century open. We won't either. So we're going to open the coming one with a grand hurrah. We will give you some of the loveliest NEW YEAR GIFTS you ever dream of, at most ridiculous prices.

Five o'Clock Teas, Carving Sets, Chafing Dishes, Manicure Sets, Eastman's Kodaks, Shaving Sets, Pearl Handle Knives and Forks, Silverware, Etc., Etc., Etc.

THE SALT LAKE HARDWARE CO.,

42-44-46 W. 2nd So.

ELIAS MORRIS & SONS COMPANY.

21-23-25-27 W. South Temple, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Mantles and Grates

Monuments and Headstones.

Just Received Four Carloads of New Goods.

Now is the time to get what you want in our line at the Right Price.

GARDNER DAILY STORE NEWS:

We've wound up our business for the year. We've wound up the biggest year's business in our history. In a few hours we'll begin another year—another Century. We wish you all a happy and prosperous New year. We wish you all a happy and prosperous New Century. May you all live so long.

ONE PRICE

J. P. GARDNER,

136 and 138 Main.

"KEEP MONEY AT HOME"

By Insuring with the

HOME FIRE

INSURE TODAY TOMORROW MAY BE TOO LATE.

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General Agents.