SECOND EDITION.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

Thursday, February 11, 1892.

Copy for Advertisements which are inserted to appear in the Evening News in the day time must be delivered before the hour of 12 in the forenoon; copy for insertion in the Second Edition must be in by 7 p. m.

Rates of Advertising published every application.

All Cuts for advertisements must be on wood block.

FRAGMENTS.

JUDGE ANDERSON is still in the east, and expects to reach Washington this week.

M. K. SMITH, esq., has brought suit in Commissioner Moyer's court against W. H. Wesson to recover $132.

TERRIBLE weather is nothing of importance transpiring in the Commissioner's courts this morning.

THE minutes in the Third District Court this morning was one of an important character.

DEPARTURES may very shortly be expected to come from the grand jury room. The fifteen are now jogging away at the work before them.

PATRICK TUOHAY and Stephen Hays have brought suit against Frank Hoffman in the Third District Court to recover $1,500 and interest alleged to be due on a promissory note.

THE Ninth quorum of Elders will hold their regular meeting in the Eleventh ward meeting house tomorrow (Friday) evening at 7:30 o'clock. All members earnestly invited to attend.

THE Eureka Township case was resumed today at the Land Office. A report of the proceedings will be found in another column. The township folks have now gone to the wickiup.

THE three grades of blacksmithing, bypassing boiler iron, which have been operating in this city recently, ought to be followed up and arrested. We are informed that their headquarters are some distance north from Salt Lake.

AFTER weeks of inconvenience and hard work the Utah Central Railway track in the mountains between here and Park city has been cleared of the snow, and trains are expected to run regularly over that road the remainder of the season.

THE subject of the lecture of Professor Whiting in the Sixteenth ward school-house on Tuesday evening was, "Events leading to the establishment of our government or the Coming of the Constitution," and, in the evening, the subject, "Causes leading to the Revolution." The lecture is very highly spoken of as interesting and instructive.

IN the case of F. L. G. Wilson, vs John Green et al, Commissioner Greenman has given judgment for the plaintiff for $74.50. Commissioner Greenman also gave judgment for William Squire for $115.30 against J. Cook, upon default. In the case of J. E. Hill vs McMaster & Co., Commissioner Greenman has found in favor of the plaintiff for $107.75.

In the Third District Court George E. Blair has lodged a suit against the estate of Heber C. Kimball. The complaint alleges the plaintiff owns in the simple in certain property in plats A, B, E, and that the defendants claim an estate and interest therein adverse to him. He prays that they be required to set forth the nature of their claims, and that the court then pass upon them and perpetually enjoin the defendants from asserting any claim in the property adverse to his.

YESTERDAY afternoon seven of the alleged lottery whose cases were dismissed in the Fourth precinct a Monday's since, brought suit in the Third District Court against the following judges of elections: Charles Higgins, W. H. Bywater, Arthur Stevens and H. S. Wells. Two complaints, which were substantially the same, set up that E. H. Enfield, L. A. Pope, John Sproul, W. W. Shaw, James McCrey, John Welch and Alexander McCook, the plaintiffs, were engaged vocers in the fourth precinct and duly offered the Liberal tickets which the defendants wrongfully refused to receive, and they demand damages in the sum of $5,000 each or $15,000 in all.

IN George yesterday afternoon, Deputy Marshal Dyer arrested Andrew Linden, on the charge of having embezzled money of the Insurance company, while a clerk in a Sandy saloon. The defendant was taken before Commissioner Greenman and gave a bond of $500 to secure his appearance for examination this afternoon, which he was held in a bond of $1,000. The grand jury's action, it is alleged, that a few days last week, Hans Hansen, of Draper, was robbed along, when it observed a Swedish stranger a hole in the street. He remonstrated, and Linden footed it home with a pocketful. Hansen's home coming frightened at his assault and jumped into a barber wire fence. The animal was badly cut, but Mr. Hansen escaped unimpaired. What the defendant was to say in answer to the remains to be seen.

A SUIT for divorce has been brought in the Third District court by Elizabeth Stoneley, who desires to have severed the matrimonial bonds which at present hold together herself and Charles J. Stoneley. In her complaint the wife alleges that they were married at Cedar City, Iron county, on February 26, 1883, and since then four children have been born to her; that since her marriage and while living in Salt Lake City the defendant treated her in a cruel and inhuman manner, frequently striking her and knocking her down. She further alleges that for more than a year past he has failed to provide her with the common necessaries of life, though he has been abundantly able to do so, and she has thus been forced to live upon the charity of her friends. She asks for an absolute decree of divorce, for the custody of her children and for alimony. Attorney Lewis is acting on behalf of the plaintiff.

The Last Well.

The natural gas strike at Lake Shore yesterday—the last well sunk at that place—is the biggest thing yet. It surpasses by far any of the other wells both in pressure, quality and quantity of gas.

Excursionists over the Union Pacific to Ogden will have an excellent opportunity of witnessing its eruptions.

THE TERRITORIAL SOLONS

To Visit the Lake Shore Natural Gas Wells Over the Union Pacific Tonight.

The excursion to the Lake Shore natural gas wells over the Union Pacific tonight promises to be the largest one of the season.

The company this afternoon extended an invitation to each branch of the Territorial Legislature to visit the wells. It was accepted with thanks and a special car will be provided for the lawmakers.

The train leaves the Union Pacific depot at 7 o'clock and will arrive at Lake Shore about twenty minutes later. A grand demonstration will be made at the wells.

THE OTHER SIDE.

The Township Applicants Have Their Turn in the Eureka Case.

AN INTERESTING BIT NEWS.

Mr. Clark Makes His Knowledge of the Township Dollars a Matter of Up Hill Work.

He Personal Affairs."

The case for the protestants in the Eureka Township dispute closed on Tuesday, and this morning the township applicants started in with their witnesses. In the outset

Mr. Davis, counsel for the township applicants, said he desired to call the attention of the Registrar and Receiver to their general objection at the beginning of the case to any and all evidence relating to mineral claims excluded from the applications or outside of the limits of the township applied for. He now moved that all the testimony admitted under such objection be stricken out. Counsel also moved that the protest by the mineral claimants be dismissed, because from the evidence submitted it clearly appeared that the protestant had failed to establish his case.

Mr. Charles W. Clarke was then called as a witness for the township folk. In answer to Mr. Davis, he said he is a physician and surgeon, and had resided at Eureka about three years. He was chairman of the committee of twelve appointed at a mass meeting of citizens.

Mr. Davis—You may state in your own way the causes which led to the formation of that committee and the proceedings which resulted in that committee being formed.

Witness said that a buying a piece of property on which to erect a dry store he found that he could have any a speculator's quit claim deed. In talking with others he found a general feeling of dissatisfaction with the status of the titles. There had been a good deal of talk among the lot owners as to what they ought to do about it. It was finally decided to consult lawyers, and arrangements were made later to initiate proceedings. Some time afterwards there was a meeting of citizens interested was called, and from 150 to 200 were present, with the result that the committee was appointed with authority to employ counsel and raise the necessary money to meet the expenses. The proceedings now being held in the land office were brought by the committee's direction.

Major Bird moved to strike out the answer of the witness as irrelevant and immaterial.

Without answering other questions said the meeting in question was attended mainly by persons interested in lots or residence property, or business property, and by some of the claimants.

Mr. Davis—What was the condition of the town in Eureka at that time (January, 1891) with reference to conflicts between mineral claimants and actuals on the surface of the ground.

Witness did not understand the question.

Mr. Davis—Was it not a fact that conflicts had arisen between mineral claimants within the limits of the application and settlers—that the settlers could neither secure title nor any guarantee of title to the ground covered by their improvements, and that this condition of things resulted in the calling of a meeting and the appointment of the committee?

Major Bird objected to the question as a flagrant attempt in direct and to strict the witnesses to what counsel desired him to testify, without laying any foundation whatever for the question or for the witness' knowledge of the facts as they existed.

Witness—There were such conflicts. Nothing but verbal assurances were given by some claimants to some parties that they would not be disturbed in their settlements. Upon application for patents by some of them they refused to give any written guarantee or bond for the land occupied by the settlers. We were holding to take their word and be at their mercy when they had procured their patents.

Asked by Mr. Davis in what direction from the business portion of the town the place was likely to spread as it increased in population, the witness said easterly. From the nature of the ground it was not possible for it to grow in any other direction. The population of Eureka at this time was about 1,500 or 2,000. It had the usual proportion of business houses, churches and schools ordinarily found in a town of that size.

Mr. Davis—What, in your opinion, is the present value of the buildings and improvements other than those made by the claimants, which would be within the township applicants?

Witness—From $200,000 to $300,000, after a careful inspection.

In cross-examination by Major Bird, witness said he was acquainted with Mr. T. D. Sullivan, who located the Wolfe Tom mining claim.

Q.—Did he ever protest against your building upon this lot, or did he ever serve you with a written notice, stating that he was the owner by location and protest against your building any structure upon the claim?

A.—I never had any protest, of any kind, served upon me personally. Witness disposed of his drug store property about July 1st, 1891, in consideration of moneys advanced to him.

Q.—Have you never any lots or property in the town of Eureka since July, 1891, up to the present time?

Major Bird objected to the question, on the ground of immaterial reality.

Witness—No. I have refused because of insecurity of title. I sold the property referred to for what it cost me. It was sold with the understood right of redemption.

Major Bird was proceeding to interrogate the witness further on this point, when Mr. Davis protested on the ground of improper cross-examination, and witness himself said he "declined to open up his personal affairs."

Q.—You have stated that the population of Eureka is from 1500 to 2000. Your scale low notice was given in exhibitions when your call was made to consult about having a town site entry made.

A.—I think, but I am not sure, the was published in the paper, and written notices put up in public places.

Major Bird.—And didn't that publishing notice and posted notices, out of from 200 to 2000 people (you put it from 150 to 200 at your meeting, did you?

A.—The 1500 would include the entire population, women and children. A part of the men who owned their jobs were on the night shift and could be absent, and yet was a large number called upon the occasion.

The court adjourned until 2 p.m., after some wrangling that the witness claimed to be the town site applicants.

Third District Court.

Chief Justice Zane discussed the following calendar this morning:

TO AMEND A COMPLAINT.

In the case of Herbert Pembroke vs Alfred C. Reeves, leave was granted to amend complaint.

TIME ALLOWED.

J. Z. Dye vs. J. H. Hardman. In this suit thirty days' time was allowed the defendant to file motion and statement for a new trial.

FOR THE PLAINTIFF.

Frank Hoffman et al. vs. Thomas Varney; motion for the plaintiff for report of the referee for conflict of area.

Henry Denhalter et al. vs. Thomas Varney; motion to dismiss appeal.

A COLLEGE DISPUTE.

O. D. Henderson et al. vs. S. H. Gibson, Bowman and Zerr for the plaintiff; Zane & Pelsner for the defendant. A jury was waived, the case was tried by the court and submitted. The dispute arises out of a building transaction.

CONTINUED FOR THE TERM.

L. M. Olson vs the Denver & Rio Grande Western Railway Company. On motion of plaintiff's attorneys the case was continued for the term.

ENTERED UNCONTESTED.

All petit jurors were excused at 11 a.m. until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

YESTERDAY AFTERNOON.

The case of John Bunow vs. Harriet Price et. al. was tried before Judge Zane yesterday afternoon. Mr. Dwyer & Lyle appeared for the plaintiff, and I. W. Durke for the defendants. Plaintiff brought this action to recover a part of lot 1, block 81, plat F, thereby, together with $225 damages. The court gave judgment for the defendants.

The accounts of United States Marshal Parsons were examined.

In the case of G. F. Culmer vs. F. D. Cole, the defendant filed his answer and counsel for the plaintiff is entitled to judgment in the sum of $2,252.39 or any sum.

In the mining suit of William Pargin vs. W. H. Dodge et al., involving the ownership of valuable mining property near Park City, David Keith by himself filed his answer and filed a statement of the receipts from the property in dispute and the disbursements during the month of January, as ordered by the committee's direction. Mr. Keith stated that the average value of $11.28 per ton expenditures, $11,479.25.

The attorneys in the cases of J. F. Turner vs. the Hyler Rock company and Peter Humphrey vs. the Hyler Rock company, have stipulated that both cases may be tried at the same time.

Personal.

John Tyler, a Indiana stockman, is at the White House.

Mr. Tom Reigel and wife, of Chicago, are at the Knutsford.

Simon Bamberger left for the East last night on business. He will be absent about six weeks.

J. T. Hammond, a prominent Republican from Logan, is in the city.

Mrs. Ed. Ridley left for Chicago this morning. She will spend about two months there with relatives and friends.

C. R. Coffey, a Denver fire insurance agent, is here adjusting the Lake House losses.

George T. Fonchen, auditor of the Continental Oil Company, is in the city.

J. Jo Wright, of the Salt Lake Company at Denver, is in the city.

PETTY THIEVES.

Three of Them Sentenced by Justice Zane Today.—An Incorrigible Youth.

The election being over and the results announced things have resumed their normal condition about Justice Zane's sanctum. The court opened on schedule time this morning. Business was transacted as follows:

Charles Short, a German, with weak thief proclivities, acknowledged having stolen a sack of "black diamonds" (coal) from the Rio Grande Western depot. Result—ten days in the city jail.

Thomas Campbell was arrested last night for having on overcoat in his possession belonging to a man named Gibson. A charge of petit larceny was preferred against him and he was tried before Justice Zane today. He related a clumsily conceived story about the coat having been presented to him by a stranger who immediately decamped for Montana. The effort to establish Campbell's court bona fides by being "too thin" and he was sentenced to fifty days imprisonment.

Robert McDonald, an incorrigible youth of between twelve and fourteen years, who is known among the street gamins of the city as a "professional cap shooter" and general sport, was arraigned for stealing a toilet brush. After listening to a lecture from the court on the enormity of his crime he was sentenced to ten days confinement in the city prison.

Annie Day, a female peace disturber and habitual visitor to the city by the police last night. Her name is now on the total docket on the charges named.

John Berry and John Benson, a couple of alleged burglars are in the coils and will have a hearing tomorrow at 2 p. m.

John Steele and Charles Day will also be given a hearing on the charge of burglary tomorrow afternoon.

Specimens of Sculpture.

The busts of Presidents Wilford Woodruff, George Q. Cannon and Joseph F. Smith, recently executed by Mr. Dallin, will be placed on exhibition at Savage's art hall tomorrow, where they can be seen by the public. They are now on sale. Doubtless a large number will be disposed of, not only in private individuals, but for the adornment of meeting houses, church edifices and other buildings. They are excellent works of art, and do credit to the skill of the sculptor.

UNEXPECTED REVISE.

Mrs. Bolivar Roberts Dies at Her Residence Last Night.

Mrs. Bolivar Roberts, wife of Territorial Treasurer Roberts, died suddenly of the family residence at 355 East Second south street, at about 7 o'clock last night, after an illness of only two days.

The deceased was well and widely known, she was a member of the Salt Lake Ward, and was in the fifty-fifth year of her age.

Funeral services will be held at the home of the deceased, including a sermon which tomorrow afternoon.

A BIG LAND SUIT.

Eleven Thousand Acres Claimed by the Central Pacific Railway Company, Near Ogden.

A suit has been begun in the First District Court which promises to be of the greatest interest as it involves about 11,000 acres of land west and northwest of Ogden, now owned or claimed by probably a hundred people many of whom have erected homes on it.

The complaint is filed by the Central Pacific Railway Company against Mormon Bowers. From this lengthy document the following is gleaned:

On December 15, 1885, Mormon Bowers, as the complaint alleges, signed a contract with the company for the purchase of a certain amount of land. This is fully described in the same of the secondary parties to the transaction have been made parties to the suit, and therefore have not been notified of the claim against the property which has for years been filed by them, a partial description is given as follows: Parts of sections 1, 2, 3, 7 and all of sections 9, 11, 15 and 17 in township 5, north of range 2, west, part of sections 15, 21, 25, 27 and 29 and all of sections 5 and 33 in township 6 north of range 2, west, part of sections 1, 13 and 25 in township 6, north of range 4, west. The entire area is 8,117.87 acres. On this property the plaintiffs allege that by the terms of the contract there is yet due them from Mr. Bowers $2,027, the balance of payment was refused in March, 1891, and subsequent ownership of the premises was refused. They ask for the recovery of the land, or, if sold, for $200 damages for rents, etc., since the demand.

In addition to this the plaintiffs allege that another number of parties of both acknowledging the complaint, under which Mr. Bowers had bought part of section 29 and all of section 31 in township 5, north of range 2, west, lots 1 to 8 inclusive in section 5 of township 6, north of range 2, west, part of sections 13, 23 and 25 and all of section 31 in township 6, north of range 2, west, covering an area of 2,324.62 acres. Title dated Oct. 25, 1886.

On this they allege that there is now due and unpaid $1,162 and that in October 1891 formal demand on payment was refused as well as subsequent demand for possession. On this they also ask for $200 damages, etc.

Thomas Marshall and Fodney Walker appear for plaintiff and Smith Bros. and Dwyer & Lyle for defendants.

Judge W. L. Maginnis has for the past summer been looking after the interests of some of the present owners who bought their land from Mr. Bowers, and they are probably the only parties who know that their property is endangered.

Those who understand the situation thoroughly regard it as serious and if the 11,000 acres should revert to the railway company many would lose all they have.

An answer or intervention will probably be filed this week.

Bully Bart.

Don Carlos Smith, aged seventeen, a son of Apostle John Henry Smith, was the victim of a very serious accident yesterday afternoon. He is employed at the Co-op. Furniture company's establishment on Main street, and as the elevator was descending, one of weights—weighing, it is said, eleven pounds—fell a considerable distance, striking Smith on the head. Although it made a gash in the head three inches long, striking him severely, he managed to walk to the front door, got into a conveyance and was driven home. Drs. Richardson and Wilcox were sent for and reported a quantity of extravasated blood, pronouncing the injury to be a compound fracture of the skull.

We were glad to learn this afternoon that young Smith is going on favorably.

Before Judge Barich.

Estate of Sarah Varney, deceased; hearing on final account and petition for distribution came on. A presentation of facts was made by F. L. Williams, Judge Sutherland and Barlow Ferguson representing the various interests of the legatees. Affidavits of their wants were presented by the attorneys this afternoon.

UTAH LEGISLATURE.

COUNCIL.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

After the necessary preliminary business had been transacted, a counting ensued from the House was received stating that H. F. 9, relating to the fees of mining clerks and recorders, had passed; also a bill relating to the selling of waters.

Lund presented a petition signed by W. A. Bozell, H. Dinwoodey, W. B. Young, J. G. Cutler, Geo. Q. Cannon & Sons, and others, in behalf of the Physio-Medical school of medicine, asking that the medical bill introduced and passed in the House do not pass the Council until a hearing could be had. At the conclusion of the reading of the list of petitioners, Graves, of Rich, exclaimed, "That's a hard case, are these petitioners all physicians?"

Referred to committee on public health.

The committee on public health reported that H. F. 27, regulating the practice of dentistry in the Territory had been considered and a substitute prepared whose passage was recommended. Adopted, and substitute filed to come up for second reading. The enrollment committee reported that C. F. 17, silvering coins of the second class to provide a new registration, had been properly enrolled and engrossed and forwarded to the Governor for his action.

The committee on claims and public accounts reported that the claims of H. S. Lacey, J. Hudson and J. A. Greene had been examined, considered and their claims recommended.

The committee on enrollment reported that C. J. M. S. signing for the passage by Congress of the bill giving local government to Utah, had been properly prepared and sent to the Governor for his action thereon.

The joint committee also reported that C. F. 24, relating to private corporations, and also fees, had been sent to the Governor.

Peters, in behalf of the conference committee appointed by the President to confer with a like committee from the House relative to the amendments made by the lower branch to the municipalities bill, reported that the amendment had been accepted and the committee recommended that the bill be passed. Adopted.

Morse introduced a bill to secure to operators and mechanics the payment of wages semi-monthly. Judiciary committee.

By Peters: A bill to provide for the commencement of claims for water rights. Irrigation committee.

By Evans: To amend sec. 2224, laws of 1888. Judiciary committee.

Evans: To amend section 93, Compiled Laws, relative to the payment of costs in justices' courts. Judiciary committee.

On the third reading of bills, H. F. 22, amending the law for complying with the provisions of chapter 5, Compiled Laws of 1888, relative to homesteads, was passed.

C. F. 67, relating to the power of probate judges and mayors to issue probate orders, was passed.

Lund presented a claim from L. G. Hardy for $1000 against the Territorial committee on claims.

The Council adjourned at 2:45 p.m. until 2 p.m. tomorrow.

HOUSE.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

The minutes were called to order at 2 p.m. by Speaker Dwyer.

Roll called. Quorum present.

Prayer was offered by the chaplain, and the minutes of the forenoon proceeded upon the discharge of that portion of the duties requiring him to read the previous day's journal. It was a long and strenuous performance to the listeners as well as the reader, and, not caring about Illinois minutes, and the chair was about to announce the minutes approved when Bergen announced a motion to dispense with further attention to the journal was opposed.

Pronunciation of petitions being in order,

A petition was presented by Glenn asking for a change of boundary line between Uintah and Grand counties. Committee on counties.

A petition from Elmer Case for services as jury September term of the Third District Court, was presented and referred to the committee on claims and public accounts.

A communication was received from the Governor stating that that act passed C. F. 35, providing for the payment of jurors, witnesses and photographic reporters' fees, also C. F. 19, relating to the system of free schools. The first was referred to the committee on judiciary, the second to the committee on education.

The same committee reported back C. F. 5, relating to the organization of building, loan and savings associations, with an amendment, recommending that as amended it pass. Adopted.

The same committee reported back C. F. 8, relating to the organization of building, loan and savings associations, with an amendment, recommending that as amended it pass. Adopted.

The committee on claims and public accounts reported on claim 51, of M. W. Mansfield, ex-sheriff of Piute County, in relief, recommending that it be allowed. Adopted.

Petition 33, of A. D. Merrian, ex-collector of Beaver County, for the same relief, was also reported favorably in connection with the same recommendation. Adopted.

Claim 35, of Daniel Hauser, for $1200 for services and expenses in the case of maps for Weber County, as provided by law, and 1012 interest thereon, was reported back from the same committee with a recommendation that the principal be allowed and the interest be not allowed. Some discussion followed and finally the report was adopted.

The committee on claims also reported on claim 52, of Jos. Rich, for fees in criminal cases, which had been presented to the respective county courts of the counties wherein they had resided and recommending payment of the ruling of Judge Zane on that question, were reported with a recommendation that the claim be allowed. After discussion the report was adopted.

The committee on judiciary reported back C. F. 6, to secure mechanics in their liens for labor in certain cases, with an amendment, recommending that as amended it pass.

Mackay moved to adopt the report.

Hoagland moved to amend the amendment that the report be rejected. The vote rejected the amendment, and the report was adopted.

C. F. 15, providing for the compilation of a new index for the Compiled Laws was reported back from the judiciary committee, with a recommendation that it be referred to the committee on public health, and the recommendation that it be placed on its passage adopted. (It relates to the enrollment of laws, preventing and punishing the same.)

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

The Anarchists in Spain.

BARCELONA, Feb. 11.—The troubles in Hospitalet between the anarchists and the authorities show no signs of abatement. The mutilation of the four anarchistical Xeres yesterday, it is believed, have precipitated the disturbances. Loud night proclamations were posted about the city, intimating the government will venerate for the execution of the Xeres anarchists, and announcing that there will be further explosions of bombs. The circulation of these proclamations abounded the more timid inhabitants, but the authorities laugh at the matter and say the proclamations are nothing but the ravings of cowards. They, nevertheless, have permitted no relaxation of the police vigilance, and streets are patrolled at par a suspected of reaching anarchist institutions.

Rumors of a Revolution in Servia.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—The Vienna correspondent of the Chronicle says: Rumors are current in Vienna that a revolution has broken out in Servia. All telegrams from Servia are subject to censorship. The Servian minister in Vienna says there is no truth in the rumors.

Meetings Prohibited in Spain.

MADRID, Feb. 11.—The military authorities at Bilbao, Xeres and Cadiz have prohibited the holding of meetings in honor of the anniversary of the Spanish republic of 1873.

Discovery of Tin.

DENVER, Col., Feb. 11.—The discovery of a big vein of tin is reported from the mountains about fifty miles north of here.

An Association for Natural Protection.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Feb. 11.—An association for mutual protection was formed here by the leading colored men of this section, and actuates for incorporation of a stock company with a capital of $5,000,000 were filed. The association is to be national. Its object is the establishment and operation of business houses for colored people, to be conducted by unmixed of their race.

The Brazilian Government Breaking Up.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—A dispatch to the Times from Rio Janeiro states that the situation there is a very bad shape. Three ministers have resigned. Much is taken as an indication that the government is breaking up. At Pelotas, the Grande do Sul, the feeling between the republicans and the government is very bitter and it is feared a conflict may occur at any moment.

More Money, Or Strike

DENVER, Feb. 11.—A committee from the Rio Grande telegraph operators has been in attendance on the Rio Grande offices, endeavoring to obtain an increase of ten per cent in the salaries. This has been refused and Chief Telegraphic Ramsey, it is said, will make a formal demand for increase and, if refused, order a strike.

OBITUARY.

ROBERTS—In Bonner, Cache County, Nov. 8, 1891, after an illness of nine days, of typhoid pneumonia, Sarah Ann, wife of Bolivar Roberts, aged 54 years, 7 months and 1 day. He died on a mission to Great Britain, and was the mother of seven children (one died in infancy), and has twenty-seven grandchildren, good parents and faithful saints.

DEPARTED JAN. 10th of consumption, Cory N. Lacy, daughter of W. J. and M. Lacy.

LEWIS—At Tooele, January 29, 1892, of typhoid pneumonia, Rudolph L. Lewis, son of Isaac and Mary H. Lewis, born March 24th, 1874, at Jackson City, Inyo County, was U. S. Deputy Marshal for Tooele County, and was a member of Tooele school and Y. M. M. I. A. and conducted each duty in the principles of the church. Young on his sickbed called for the Elders to administer to him and he received it and was glad that the Lord had given him a testimony that the Gospel was true.

BERRY.—At Clarkston, Cache county, Utah, on Wednesday, January 27th, 1892, Mary Parkins, wife of William Berry, of old age. She was aged 81 years, 11 months and 17 days. She was born in Bradford, Yorkshire, England, and emigrated to Utah in 1856, crossing the plains in Capt. Jesse Gove's company. She was married to William Berry in Liverpool in New York. She leaves three daughters, Elizabeth, Sarah and Martha, and three great children and one great great grandchild. Funeral services were held in Clarkston Sun. please copy.

GILES.—At Highgrove, Utah county, January 31st, of pneumonia, Ada Phelps Giles, wife of William Giles, she was born at Lower Heath, Hampshire, England, September 1st, 1841, married July 16th, 1866. She has been always one of the Elders' staff (8th ward), and was beloved and tolerant, she contributed to laying out Alpine, where she died. Her husband and eight children survive her. Full faith of the Gospel. Millennial Star please copy.

Utah Book & Stationery Co.,

72 Main St., Salt Lake City.

TOYS, OFFICE SUPPLIES, SCHOOL BOOKS, ETC.

Wholesale and Retail.

DUNCAN M. McALLISTER, Manager.

VALENTINES and MASKS.

TO THE GAS WELLS

The Union Pacific Will Run an Excursion Thursday Night.

On Thursday, at 7 p.m., the Union Pacific will run another excursion to the natural gas wells, and another illumination be made and the new well be lighted. Fifty cents round trip.

Stockholders' Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Dalton-Sabinet Co. will be held at the office of the company, 25 east, First South street, Salt Lake City, Utah, on Thursday, the 11th day of February, at 2 p.m., for the election of a board of directors, and the transaction of such other business as may be necessary. Geo. F. Fitz, Sec.

REN JOHNSON & CO'S

Special

Billiard Balls

and Allsorts

Bowling Soaps.

A Utah Production.

For sale in colorful retail stores.

A. C. Smith & Co., Drug Agents for Roberts' Honeycomb Tonic.

BUY HOME MADE

Linsey Sheeting,

Blankets,

Flannels,

Hosiery, etc.

JOHN C. CUTLER & BRO.

No. 90 Main Street.

NOTICE.

To the Public:

The undersigned representative coal companies and coal yards of Salt Lake City, for the better protection of the public and themselves, on and after February 1, 1892, discontinue all outside agencies and branch offices. To insure prompt delivery, coal should be ordered from any of several addresses given below:

UNION PACIFIC COAL CO., 201 South Main street; telephone 214.

CENTRAL COAL CO., 12 East First South street; telephone 255.

CONSOLIDATED COAL CO., 158 South Main street; telephone 42.

EXCELSIOR COAL CO., 39 East First South street; telephone 56.

O. S. HOLT & SON, 209 South Main street; telephone 241.

O. L. BROWN, 153 South Main street; telephone 872.

Dated January 29, 1892.

Is Grippe

The tendency of this disease toward pneumonia is what makes it dangerous. La Grippe requires precisely the same treatment as a severe cold. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is famous for its cures of severe colds. This Remedy effectually counteracts the tendency of the disease to result in pneumonia, provided that proper care be taken to avoid exposure when recovering from the attack. Careful inquiry among the many thousands who have used this remedy during the epidemics of the past two years has failed to discover a single case that has not recovered or in which the disease has resulted in pneumonia. 50 cent and $1 bottles for sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept. de

TO THE GAS WELLS.

The Union Pacific Will Run an Excursion Thursday Night.

On Thursday, at 7 p.m., the Union Pacific will run another excursion to the natural gas wells, and another illumination be made and the new well be lighted. Fifty cents round trip.

DON'T MISS THE OPPORTUNITY.

In order to lessen the amount of stock on hand, for the next Fifteen Days J. S. JENSEN will sell at Cost any or all of his Large Stock of

DIAMONDS,

WATCHES,

DIAMONDS,

JEWELRY, Etc.

Come early and secure a Bargain.

22 E. FIRST SOUTH STREET.

Nerve Wine.

We desire to say to our citizens that for years we have sold with satisfaction Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. A. C. Smith & Co., druggists.

DR. PRICE'S

Cream

Baking Powder.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

A Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.

Superior to every other known.

Delicious Cake and Pastry, Light Flaky Biscuit, Griddle Cakes, Palatable and Wholesome.

No other baking powder does such work.