

ren. Mrs. Halsey and one child are dead. It is hoped that the other child and Halsey will recover, though they are seriously burned.

A girl named Amelia Wahl, was burned last night from the explosion of a kerosene lamp so seriously that recovery is impossible.

Nearly all the shoemakers of Newark, New Jersey, are on a strike owing to insufficient pay and the introduction of machinery.

Jackson, Miss. The canvass has opened in this State. One colored orator from Virginia and another from Tennessee are at work for the Conservative Judges, Jeffords and Williams, and published a list of appointments to address the people.

Boston.—The State Labor Reform Convention composed of representatives of the workingmen's and women's organization met to-day. Quite a number were present. Christopher Goodwin was elected President. The convention will be in session two days.

A letter was received at the White House to-day, from a Frenchman, who desires to establish a gambling house at New York, on the same principle as they are conducted at Baden, in which he agrees to pay a portion of the profits to the Government, and it is to be managed in all respects like those houses.

Two freight cars were thrown from the track on the Erie Railroad last night. They were precipitated through a bridge one hundred feet into the Delaware river.

Philadelphia.—Steam engines are employed pumping water into the Fairmount Reservoir at the rate of eleven hundred thousand gallons daily.

Buffalo.—Father McMahon intends to lay his case before the Cabinet, demanding damages from the Canadian government for false imprisonment. He is suffering from partial paralysis, lung disease and other deadly afflictions caused by his prison life.

Nashville.—It is reported that Governor Senter intends calling the old Legislature together to ratify the 15th amendment. Many Conservatives say they will be glad to have him do so.

There have been seven deaths from the heat since yesterday.

Salem, Mass.—At the session of the American Association for the advancement of science to-day, resolutions were adopted expressing the earnest desire of the Association that the International Statistical Congress should make the United States its place of meeting at an early day, also cordially approving of the proposed adoption of the American coinage to the meter system by making the value of a dollar precisely that of one and a half grains of fine gold. Several interesting papers were read.

Boston.—The afternoon session of the State Labor Reform Convention was attended by a large number of delegates; a series of resolutions were presented in the form of a memorial to Congress asking among other things the abolishing of the Senate and the transfer of the entire legislative power to the House of Representatives; also asking for an alteration in the Constitution so that all acts can be submitted to the people for their consideration. The resolutions were referred. A discussion then took place on the motion to form a State Labor Union to co-operate with the National Union but the further consideration thereof was postponed till tomorrow. In the evening Gen. West of Mississippi made an address on the currency question.

The captain of the ship Akbar, from Hong Kong, reports the discovery of a cluster of rocks not marked on his chart, on the direct route from San Francisco to Hong Kong. The weather being thick no observation was taken, but by the dead reckoning he made the location to be latitude thirty-one fifty north; longitude one hundred and thirty-nine twenty-five east, bearing north north-west half west from Smith's island, from which they are distant forty-two miles.

General Stoneman has issued orders that no more beef is to be furnished the garrison at Wilmington, California, because of the disease among the cattle.

Two miles of snow sheds on the Central Pacific Railroad, between Cisco and Summit were destroyed by fire last night. Considerable iron is reported badly bent. A great number of ties were burned and the eastern and western trains delayed. A large force are at work clearing the track and repairing the road, which will be ready for regular trains to-morrow morning. Passengers, mails and baggage were transferred across the break in wagons.

St. Louis.—A special from Helena, Montana, says the Canfield division of the North Pacific reconnoitering party

returned last evening from Fort Benton and Fort Shaw. Cadet's Pass was found entirely practicable for a railroad. They next proceed to Gallatin Valley to examine the Yellowstone or Bossman Pass.

About one hundred and fifty Indians attacked Dougherty's government surveying party on the south side of the Platte, near Alkali Station on Sunday morning. They succeeded in capturing the entire outfit, except the men, who reached South Platte yesterday morning.

A young married woman, who recently came into possession of \$28,000, left St. Joseph, Missouri, on Sunday evening with the supposed intention of joining a young man who left the city some days ago. She took her greenbacks with her. Her husband has started in pursuit.

#### FOREIGN.

Halifax.—Prince Arthur arrived this morning in the City of Paris. Two companies of the 78th highlanders formed a guard of honor. The streets in the vicinity of the landing place were crowded. Gov. General Young and Lieutenant Governor Doyle went on board, and soon returned, followed by the Prince, and Colonel Elphinstone, the Prince's governor, and Lieutenant Packard. The appearance of the Prince elicited applause. The band played the national anthem. The Prince immediately entered a carriage and was driven to the Government House. He attended a special service in the garrison chapel at half past five o'clock. The formal landing will take place at her Majesty's dock yard to-morrow, when the Prince will be received by Governor General Young, Admiral Mundy, vice Admiral Wellely, Lieutenant Governor Doyle, the Judges of the Supreme Court and the members of the local and provincial governments. An address will be presented by Mayor Tobin. The bells will ring and there will be an illumination in the evening.

Chicago.—The Tribune's Washington special says there is much excitement among the Treasury officials over the discovery that, a lock adopted by the Government for its own use, and prescribed for the banks which keep the Government funds, can be easily picked; this fact has been demonstrated to Gen. Spigner. All the plates for the Government currency and funds have been kept under these locks, and any workman, having access to the room where the safes were and knowing the process, could open them without breaking them or making a noise of any kind.

London.—The Telegraph, in a sporting article, to-day, says that many of the best judges of boating offer two to one on the Oxforas. It predicts that the Oxonians will win, but believes the Harvards will make a better fight than was supposed.

Paris.—News from Spain says that united Carlist bands, under Galindo, Sales, Riele and Rocher, have been defeated in the province of Castillon De La Plana and Valencia. The Carlist chief, Savariego, has reappeared in Spain.

Washington.—Advices from Cuba to the 13th give an account of a fight between a portion of Gen. Jordan's command and the troops of Valmaseda, near Puerto Padre. The Cubans numbered less than six hundred, and were attacked by a force of Spanish regulars and volunteers, over a thousand strong; the former, at first, were compelled to retire, but afterwards rallied and secured a more defensible position and repulsed the Spaniards. The loss of the Cubans was 140 killed and wounded; the Spanish loss is represented at more than double that number. The fight was most desperate, the Cubans fighting with irresistible earnestness.

Paris.—La France says that however painful it may be for Spain to accept the suggested solution of the Cuban difficulty, it is the only plan possible, and it is the only way for Spain to save some fragments of the wreck. The value and duration of Cuban independence under the protection of America, is another question. The desire to absorb the island, which characterizes the Americans, qualifies them very badly to perform the part of a platonic protectorate, and it is very favorable that, behind the compromise they are trying to bring out, lies a second edition of the history of Texas and Saratoga.

A demonstration took place at Limerick, Aug. 1, in favor of the release of the Fenian prisoners. Twenty thousand persons from Clare, Limerick and Tipperary, including the organized trades, marched through the city and then held a mass meeting and passed appropriate resolutions.

The official news of the amnesty

granted to French exiles is received with unequivocal demonstrations of gratitude and sympathy towards Napoleon and his government.

Felix Piatt has returned to Paris.

Madrid.—Dissensions among the ministry are increasing. Admiral Topete threatens to resign if Serrano persists in his severity towards the Bishops.

The Republicans have petitioned the Government for better food and better quarters for the Carlist prisoners.

Paris.—The Empress and Prince Imperial have arrived at Lyons on their way to the East.

The Senate meets to-morrow to hear the report of the committee on the *Senatus Consultum*.

Constantinople.—A messenger has arrived from Alexandria with the reply of the Viceroy of Egypt to the Sultan's note. It was received by the grand Visier who communicated its contents to the Sultan. Ismail Pasha gives ample assurances of his loyalty.

London.—The London Rowing Club will give a banquet on Monday evening to the gentlemen forming the Harvard and Oxford crews.

Hong Kong, 3rd London.—The Pekin government refuses to ratify the convention concluded by Burlingame, of the Chinese embassy, with the United States.

The district Spanish bank has made an offer of forty-two thousand to the Government for the support of the volunteer regiments. This makes the fourth donation of a similar amount by the banks for the same purpose.

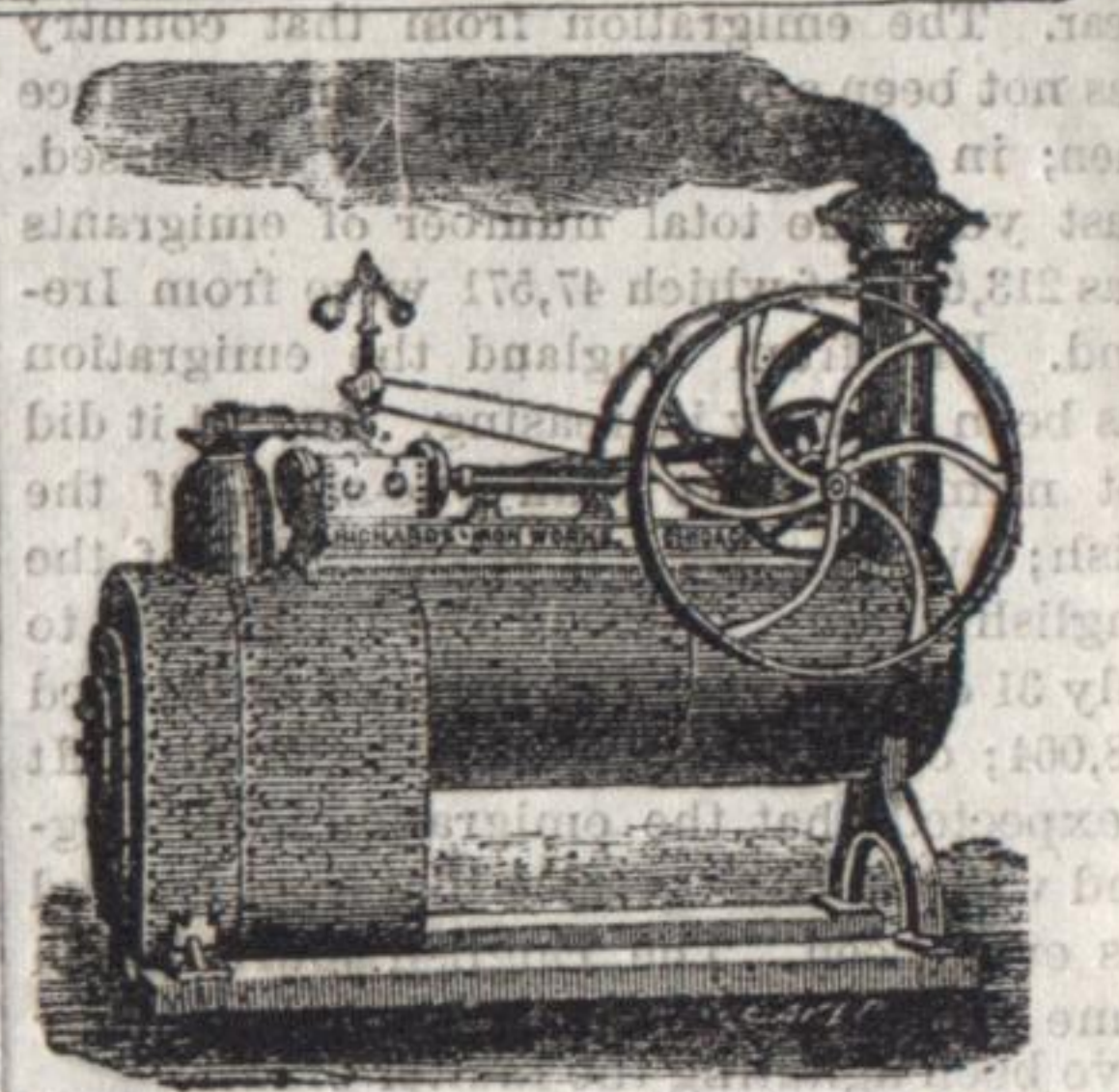
London.—The weather continues favorable throughout England. The crops are being gathered in a good condition.

Paris.—In the Senate to-day the report of the committee on the *senatus consultum* was read. The principal modifications made by the committee are as follows: The Senate may reject a law without giving the reasons to the Government on demanding the *Ordre De Jour*, and the motives of the votes of confidence or want of confidence may be referred to a bureau who may appoint a commission to report on the same. A decree will establish the regulations rendered necessary by the *consul um* and define the constitutional relations of the great powers of the State.

London.—The Times in an editorial on the prospect of the prices of grain, says, we may look for a year of sufficiency, if not abundance. The harvest is within thirteen per cent. of an average, and with the continuance of the present favorable weather, it may still improve. All crops except wheat are luxuriant, and with good corn imported, and sold under fifty shillings per quarter, we can easily afford to lose a little home grown wheat for the sake of a plentiful stock of food and better pastures.

New York.—Geo. W. Smalley telegraphs to the Tribune from London. I saw the Harvard crew last night for the first time after a fortnight's absence. I was delighted to observe a marked improvement in the style and pace. Both crews made to-day their last row over the whole course which will take place before the race. The difference of thirteen seconds reported in favor of the Oxforas is not trustworthy. The Oxford crew having taken a back start in order to get a good headway. Both crews exhibit great power and style. The Oxforas are unquestionably the better of the two; their crew is heavier and their pace extraordinary. The Harvards, however, are in a superb condition and perfectly confident. The rowing of the Americans is far from faultless, but their boat goes along well and their prospects are decidedly promising. It is not at all unlikely but that the race will be a very close one. The Harvard men have determined to use the new boat built by Elliott, which carried them better and makes greater speed than any other they have tried. No trouble of any kind is feared; but every precaution has been taken against foul play. A strong guard is kept constantly over the boats. The Harvard crew spent the last two nights at Sturgis's house. They wish me to contradict the English statement that they have adopted the English style. All the crew say they pull the same stroke as they did last year, but for all that they show an immense change for the better. There seems to have been a little trouble about the referee. The Oxforas wanted to change; but the Harvards, I am glad to say, properly stick to Thomas Hughes. In consequence of this Mr. Chitty refuses to act as umpire, as he is not willing to serve under Hughes. The probability is there will be no umpire at all, but Hughes will be selected as sole referee. This is the best arrangement

by all odds that could be made. Everything has been done to secure a clear course and a fair race. I apprehend no interference by outsiders; no obstruction of the river by steamboats and barges, as has often been the case heretofore. Neither crew has done much work to-day; to-morrow they will do none at all. The headquarters of the Harvard men have been crowded with visitors, among whom yesterday were Charles Reade, Minister Motley, Benjamin Moran, Secretary of Legation, I. H. Dudley, Consul at Liverpool, and others.



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## ESTRAYS!

I HAVE in my possession one span of Dark Brown MULES, about 14 hands high, that came here about the latter part of June, branded J F on right thigh, other Spanish brands on left. The owner can have them by paying expenses.

IRA N. HINKLEY,

57-1w22-2

Cove Creek.