The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 11. WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1895, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXIX.

SENATE AND HOUSE.

A Host of Petitions and Resolutions Flowing In.

RECOGNITION ASKED FOR CUBA.

A Strong Foreign Policy Demanded by Senator Allen—The Question of Coast Defenses.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 4.—In the Senate today Mitchell, of Oregon, presented a letter and accompanying papers to the Senate from H. A. Dupont claiming the right to be admitted to a seat from Delaware. Delaware's Democratic senator, Gray, moved that the petition of the first be given his credentials—Gray—pending a determination of the case. Dupont was sought to and introduced.

Chandler, Republican, N. J., presented a mass of petitions alleging fraud in Alabama, claiming the election as governor for Reuben F. Kolb.

Several petitions for recognition of the Cuban insurgents were offered, Allen, Rep., Wash., in introducing a bill for the fortification of the Atlantic, Gulf and lake ports, said the Senate was being asked to extend recognition to Cuban belligerents, and to firmly assert the Monroe doctrine. "We are thinking of these matters as though we had a ship on our shores," he continued, "and we are going to discuss at length the question of our inaction as to the unfortified condition of our ports."

Hoar, Rep., Mass., offered the following:

Resolved, That the Senate will support the President in the most vigorous action he may deem fit to take for the protection and security of American citizens in Turkey and to obtain redress for the injuries committed upon such citizens there.

Resolved, That the President may be assured, in making such a demand, of the support of Turkey, the strong feeling against and indignation with which the people of America have heard of the horrors inflicted upon persons of Christian faith in Turkey, and the American people demand be expected to stay with indifference any repetition or continuance of such wrongs."

The resolution went to the committee on foreign relations.

Further resolution by Hoar, requesting information from the President as to the correspondence with Turkey was passed.

De Alen resolution defining our foreign policy was taken up and Allen spoke in favor of the revolutionists in the interest of Cuba. He described the foreign policy of the United States as has been a blot and by word for thirty-five years. He specified instances in the case of Mrs. Maybrick and William Walker. The senator strongly urged the recognition of the Monroe doctrine as so broadened as to receive immediate withdrawal of monarchical influences from this continent.

The resolution was temporarily laid aside and the Senate, after ten minutes' executive session, adjourned at 1:50 p. m.

Chief Justice Fuller Sick.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 4.—Chief Justice Fuller, is confined to his bed with a severe cold.

President of the Reichstag.

BERLIN, Dec. 4.—At the opening of the Reichstag today Baron Von Hoeldzentdorf was re-elected president.

Populists Decide to Stand Together.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 4.—The Populist members of the Senate at a meeting yesterday took a step which probably will prevent the reorganization of the Senate by the Republicans, decided to stand together and not with the old parties. Peffer, Allen, Kyle and Butler, ranked as straight Populists, and Senators Jones of Nevada and Stewart, of Nevada, upon whom the Republicans have counted for success in case of an effort to form a majority, were present. There was no direct against the proposition to stand together on the question of organization and to give no support to either of the old parties in the election of officers of the Senate or other party matters. There was also decided to nominate their own candidates for the various offices, in case the other parties place candidates in the field. The populists agreed that, this step once taken, they should stand by their candidates loyally to the end.

The Republicans are lack three of a majority and will lack one after the Utah Senators come in.

Increasing the Wages.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 4.—The Brown companies of Ishpeming and Negaunee have informed their employes that an increase in the wage rate has been made. The miners are given an increase of ten cents and miners five cents per day. No demand was made by the men, but an advance would have been asked January 1 in the present raise had not been granted.

Early Indiana Records Missing.

INDIANAPOLIS, Dec. 4.—The state officers last evening having occasion to look up information of pioneer time relative to state affairs, were surprised to find that the early Indiana records were missing from the files. Many of these records are of vital importance and how to replace them, if it is possible, is a very serious problem. Whether they were carried off by persons interested in old documents or were accidentally sold to junk dealers at the time of the removal from the old to the new state house is not known.

SUIT AGAINST SAMUEL OF POSEN.

Results of a Hotel Estate Tangle With Mrs. Dalmer.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—Deputy Sheriff Beatty went to the residence of Maurice B. Strelinger, or Curtis, the latter better known as Samuel of Posen, on St. Nicholas avenue, armed with a writ of replevin against Mr. Curtis and his wife for $3,000 in favor of Mrs. Mina Dalmer to recover all the furniture, bric-a-brac, carpets, pictures, etc., and seized the articles.

The case is the sequel to a real estate trade in which Mrs. Dalmer claims that she got the worst of the bargain. On Sept. 2 last she exchanged the house in St. Nicholas avenue and the furniture with Mr. Curtis for a lot of land in Solano county, Cal., and some lots in Peralta Park, Cal. She says that Mr. and Mrs. Curtis represented the property to be worth $4,500 over and above the mortgage; that part of the real estate was fully built up, covered with substantial buildings, and that they received $3,000 a year from them. Mrs. Dalmer alleges that she found that the property is not built up at all, was not worth $42,500, and that they had not received the rent alleged. She has brought suit to set aside the transfer of the property to her by Mrs. Curtis.

CUBA'S HOPES.

Patriots Look to the New Congress for Aid.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—The World today says: The portions of President Cleveland's message that referred to the Cuban question evoked lively comment yesterday at the headquarters of the revolutionary junta in this city. Delegate Estrade Palma objected to the President's describing American sympathy with the Cubans as sentimental.

Mr. Palma felt that the President's views on the Cuban question were possibly influenced by the Spanish minister in Washington and by the U. S. consul general at Havana.

"Mr. Cleveland's neutrality is all we can hope for," he continued, "and we are thankful that he did not see fit to bring up the precedent of General Grant's position and utterances."

Mr. Palma added that the hope of Cubans everywhere centered upon the favorable action of the new American Congress.

DROVE HIM TO SUICIDE.

Exploits of a Woman with a History.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Dec. 4.—A special to the Leader from Council Bluffs, Iowa, says:

Mattie Graham, a woman who has had numerous husbands, and figured in sensational episodes in police court circles a year ago, met a man named Fred Lenzinger, a wealthy old citizen of this city. Their relations became very intimate and in a short time the woman had the deeds to some valuable residence property. She became very importunate for more and succeeded in getting another deed. This goaded the old man to madness, a pitch of desperation that he committed suicide, leaving an estate estimated at $75,000.

The Graham woman brought suit against the estate for $40,000. The suit has been on trial in this district court for nearly a week. A verdict was rendered last night, the jury giving the woman $1,000.

Colombians Defeated in Battle.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—A dispatch to the Herald from Panama says the engagement took place yesterday between Colombian troops and Aizpuru's forces on the frontier of Ecuador; the Herald correspondent in Guayaquil telegraphs today that the Colombians were driven back.

The invading force, it is reported, was under command of Bishop Schumaker.

The Proposed Match Off.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4—The proposed match between "Slim" Lavigne and Jack Everhardt for $500 purse and the light weight world's championship is off.

PROGRESS OF THE WAR.

A Battle Reported in the Vicinity of Cienaga de Avila.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—A special to the World from Havana says:

Maceo's advance moved rapidly across the country from the neighborhood of Caicorro and reached a point five miles from Cieno de Avila, on the evening of November 25. The main body was then between Hormigueros and Socorro.

On the 29th the sound of firing was early heard at Cieno de Avila in the direction of Fort Redonda, on the Trocha. At 9 o'clock Maceo's advance guard, 400 strong, attacked Fort Redonda and was repulsed. His entire following then passed to the westward across the Trocha, between Fortin Redonda and Sanchez, which are on the military line of Cieno de Avila.

Four separate Spanish columns are in the vicinity of Maceo's force, endeavoring to prevent his entrance into Santa Clara, which is his present object. Suarez Valdez, with 4,000 soldiers, and Navarro, with 3,000 are in his front, and Mello and Alvarez are in the rear and so he left Sanchez, with 4,500 men.

There is expectation in official circles here of an important engagement, and it is likely to occur at any moment. News from Santa Clara is looked for with intense interest.

SAN FRANCISCO'S ADVANTAGES.

Mr. Young Says They Cannot be Surpassed.

CHICAGO, Dec. 4.—M. H. DeYoung, a California member of the Republican national committee, passed through Chicago this morning on his way to New York to attend a conference of those who favor San Francisco as the place of holding the national convention.

"The railroads," said he, "have officially agreed on a $25 rate from Chicago, New Orleans and all points, just what it will cost any one to get to this city from New York or New Orleans. Aside from that, the delegates and visitors will have a pleasant journey, unequalled climate and see a beautiful country. The Northwestern and Santa Fe railroads are running fast trains, the trip being made in four days from New York. We have been coaxing East for conventions for forty-seven years and part of the time had to pass through a foreign country and cross the isthmus, requiring thirty days, and we think it about time that Eastern delegates made the coast a visit. We have and about everything we need, and there will be no trouble in the Republican, Knights Templar, Sunday's and labor union, teachers' union and the National Hotel Keepers' association is now on its way. We have the finest hotels in the world, and have concentrated our building properly to accommodate a large gathering. We are willing to stand on our record in that respect. We also have ample telegraphic facilities. The Western Union has twelve wires, the Postal Telegraph and Cable company, eight or ten—its own overland lines and those of the Northern Pacific and Canadian Pacific. The large newspapers would be able to get all special dispatches they desired and I am sure the Associated Press, which has leased wires, would bring as good a report as from any other city. The convention has been held in every other part of the country, and there is not a better place than San Francisco in which to hold the convention."

Salisbury's Reply Mailed.

LONDON, Dec. 3.—The report of the Marquis of Salisbury to Secretary Olney on the Venezuelan question, the Associated Press learns, was dispatched direct to Washington by mail and should be received by the British embassador there, Sir Julian Pauncefote, in all probability, tomorrow.

Revolution in Venezuela.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—Correspondence to the Herald from Panama says:

From trustworthy private advices, it is reported here that the revolution which has broken out simultaneously in nearly all the states of the republic of Venezuela against Crespo's autocracy is of a most serious nature. To preserve neutrality between Colombia and Venezuela, the government of Colombia has appointed an inspector who is to reside at El Amorte, in the state of Bolivar.

Indian Rising.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—A special to the world from Salvador says:

Gen. Rivas is lying dangerously ill at Cojutepeque. President Ezeta will start at once for Cojutepeque. It is feared that if the general should die the Cojutepeque Indians would immediately rise in rebellion against the government, to which they are bitterly opposed.

SALISBURY'S REPLY.

He Refuses to Submit the Venezuelan Dispute to Arbitration.

LONDON, Dec. 4.—The reply of the Marquis of Salisbury to the notes of Secretary Olney on the Venezuelan question, is in hand at the White House the steamship Britannic, due in New York on Friday. The essence of the document is that Great Britain refuses to submit to arbitration any territory within the Schomberg line.

Some surprise is expressed that telegraphy was not used through the United States embassy, but Ambassador Bayard explains this is in accord with diplomatic usage.

TALKING ABOUT THE MESSAGE.

London Papers Think the President Makes a Display.

LONDON, Dec. 4.—Referring to President Cleveland's message to Congress, the St. James Gazette this afternoon says:

"There is nothing whatever of Jingo in Cleveland's message. In spite of all assertions to the contrary, there is not the least probability that the United States will put any obstacle in the way of a proper settlement with Venezuela."

"The Pall Mall Gazette remarks, "So far as our relations with America are concerned, the message is not likely to raise any unpleasant question. Let us fall to see how Cleveland's definition of Monroeism applies to Venezuela."

The Globe says: "There is nothing surprising in the fact that the Monroe doctrine talks rather largely in the message, not in the bellicose tone adopted towards England. In not the presidential election drawing night falling the lion's tail may look to the Old world a curious way of trying to catch Bull but it has been found to answer in the turbid waters of American politics."

Gold for South America.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—Mueller, Schall & Co. have withdrawn from the sub-treasury $500,000 gold coin ordered by them yesterday for shipment to South America.

THE RED RECORD.

Cases of Brutality to Seamen by Masters of Vessels.

CHICAGO, Dec. 4. — A pamphlet called the "Red Record" and containing sixty-four cases of brutality to seamen by masters and mates of vessels, has last been issued by the National Seamen's union, and it is to be distributed among congressmen and senators at the present session.

Out of the sixty-four cases recorded, fourteen deaths are reported under conditions which are said to justify the charge of murder. Many cases are said to have resulted in the loss of limbs, eyes and teeth, and other injuries of a permanent character. Only three convictions were secured in the trials of officers. The remainder of the cases were either "exonerated" or dismissed on the ground of "lack of evidence," "justifiable disciplines" or in the case of the seaman's death because no "official charge had been made."

It is charged that cases of cruelty to boys are of special frequency and that for this reason young Americans refuse to go aboard ship and the ultimate result will be that the American sailor will soon be unknown.

Secretary J. G. Eiderkin, over whose signature the "Red Record" is printed, says that every one of the cases mentioned has been fully investigated, evidence on both sides being heard, and that their truthfulness cannot be questioned.

It is the intention of the union to endeavor to have passed at this session of Congress a bill that was frame by Congressman McGuire, and which is as follows:

"Any master or mate, or other officer of a vessel of the United States, who directs or superintends the labor of seamen, who shall unnecessarily place or order any seaman into a position of danger to life or limb, or commit an assault or battery upon a seaman, shall, upon conviction, be fined not less than $100 nor more than $500, or be imprisoned for not less than three months nor more than one year, any punishment to then may be inflicted upon the master, mate, or other officer of such vessel will not exempt such vessel from liability for damages or injuries sustained by such seamen and all vessels are liable in damages for any assault or battery committed by any officer upon a seaman."

ALL EUROPE UNITED

And the Sultan and His Ministers Feel Gloomy.

ANOTHER MASSACRE EXPECTED.

Panic Prevailing at Cesarea—Armenians Close their Stores and Barricade their Houses.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 3, via Sofia, Dec. 4.—It became known today in the surprise of the skeptics that England is really in accord with the powers and that the sultan need to look for no sympathy from the czar or his advisers in anything tending to thwart the determination of the powers to have order restored throughout the Turkish empire and measures taken for the protection of the lives and property of all the Christian subjects of the sultan. This news has cast a dismal spell over the Yildiz Kiosk and the ministers have been in almost constant attendance upon the sultan ever since. It is understood the concentration of troops at Marash is about completed and an advance upon Zeitoun may be expected any day. It is believed no mercy will be shown the Armenian insurgents there in spite of the promise to the powers.

A feeling of panic prevails at Cesarea, all Armenian stores are closed and the most valuable goods removed and hidden. The Armenians, as a rule, are barricaded in their houses and the people here are in dread of hearing of a further and much more extensive outbreak, in spite of the precautions the Turkish officials have taken.

AMERICANS PROTECTED.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Assistant Secretary of State Uhl has wired G. M. Moore, of Chicago, the following message: "Minister Terrell cables me that Bayard telegraphs report that the Americans are protected and that Mr. Gates is convalescing.

EDWIN F. UHL."

Expedition Against Salvador.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 4.—Manuel Canta, General Antonio Ezeta's right hand man has chartered the small tug Crowley (Golden, and vague stories of an expedition against Salvador are floating about. The supposition is that Ezeta will be taken on board at Acapulco and some plan to get him and his friends into Salvador has been determined upon. The tug will sail south today or tomorrow.

TO VISIT THE OLD COUNTRY.

Six Hundred Scandinavians Charter a Steamer to Cross the Atlantic.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—A band of 600 hardy sons and daughters of Sweden and Norway, who have become American citizens, but are eager for glimpses of the mother land, arrived from the far West last night. They filled a train of ten cars which reached the West Shore depot last night after a fast run from Chicago. The train was in three sections, the first getting in at 8:30 and the others after midnight.

Today at noon the travelers will take passage on the big steamship Ireland, which they have chartered of the Thingvalla line. It is to be a visit only. The voyagers are destined for sunny cities, towns and homes in Norway and Sweden, where they will rejoin the friends from whom they parted years ago. They are going home to spend the holidays and will return to America in the early part of the new year.

Represented in the Norwegian delegation are several wealthy Swedes who have acquired fortunes in this country. Indeed, not one of the travelers carries less than $500 back to the old country. There are tradesmen, lawyers, doctors and farming men among them. Nearly all are accompanied by their families. Thirty Norwegian societies are represented in the party.

The Ireland will be decked in flags from stem to stern in honor of the occasion. A Swedish band of twenty pieces will accompany the tourists. The larders of the island are bountifully stocked with good things to eat and drink. A large space on the after deck of the Island will be cleared and during the five days at sea will be used for Norwegian games and dances.

Refuses to Aid Cubans.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—A dispatch to the World from Nicaragua says:

The commission sent here in behalf of the Cuban insurgents to induce President Zelaya to recognize Cuba's belligerent rights, have been thus far unsuccessful. Spanish influence is strong here, and the president refuses to aid the Cubans on the ground that it might lead to a violation of international law.

To Purchase Cavalry Horses.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The army will soon begin to buy the usual fall supply of mounts for the cavalry, and accordingly the secretary of war has sent Colonel James M. Moore, of New York, assistant quartermaster general, and Captain James B. Aylesville, of St. Louis, assistant quartermaster, to Chicago to make these purchases. After exhausting the Chicago market, Colonel Moore will go to Des Moines, and St. Louis. The buying of horses for the cavalry and artillery each year is of no small importance. The requirements are tight and not more than two horses out of every ten offers are suitable.

FIGHT ON A STREET CAR.

A Stream of Blood Streaking the Floor and Frightening the Passengers.

CHICAGO, Dec. 4.—Joseph T. Jenkins and W. B. Mackin engaged in a quarrel on a west-bound Madison street cable car between 11 and 12 o'clock last night, and a curtain of passengers, many of whom were women, saw Jenkins draw a knife and plunge it into the left side of Mackin's neck.

A stream of blood spurted from the wound, drenching the floor and frightening the passengers into a panic.

The car was stopped and the wounded man carried into a drug store.

It was found on examination that the murderous thrust had broken the long blade of Jenkins's knife exact off in the wound. The physician who was called at once said Mackin was fatally injured and had the man moved to the county hospital.

The attendants at that institution said he could not recover. In his ante mortem statement Mackin said he had stood up to give his seat to a woman, and that the sudden starting of the car threw him against Jenkins, who became enraged and a quarrel ensued, which ended as stated above. Mackin's home is in Ft. Hamilton, Ohio. He has been in Chicago but a short time. Jenkins was arrested.

Cuban Insurgent to be Shot.

HAVANA, Dec. 4.—General Gonzalez, a insurgent survivor of taking up arms against the government, was today sentenced to be shot.

Later in the day a dispatch from Manzanas announced that General Gonzalez had been shot there today.

Republican Senatorial Caucus.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The Republican senatorial caucus was in session about 15 minutes today. The only business done was the adoption of a resolution introduced by Senator Frye authorizing Senator Sherman as chairman of the caucus, to nominate a committee on committees and providing that the list selected by him be submitted to the full caucus for consideration. The caucus adjourned subject to the call of the chairman.

The action was the result of a compromise between the two factions in the party, one composed largely of the older element standing out for the appointment of the committee by the chair, and the other, with the younger element predominating, demanding that the caucus elect the committee. The movement was part of the progress of the newer members to insure sufficient attention of their claims for recognition in the conduct of the business affairs. It is understood Senator Platt of Connecticut will be chairman of the proposed committee.

Strikers Will Return to Work.

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.—Probably the striking house smiths will return to work tomorrow and the work abandoned 10 days ago in 13 buildings will be resumed.

A conference will be held this afternoon, when a final settlement may be reached.

It was stated at union headquarters that no matter what the decision may be in regard to the strike "we will be called today. Mr. Cornell is determined not to accede to the demand for recognition of the union, but has consented to a proposition for giving a uniform scale of wages.

Followed Her Lover to Death.

DETROIT, Dec. 4.—A special to the News from Hamilton, Ont., says: The girl who committed suicide in a Buffalo boarding house yesterday was Nellie Massie or Burrows, of this city. She had her home here three years ago, and followed her lover, William Massie, a hotel keeper, to the Pacific coast. A few days ago word was received that Massie had been shot and killed in Oakland, Cal. His body was shipped here for burial, but no particulars of the shooting have been received, though it is believed here that he was shot by the girl, who yesterday killed herself.

Next G. A. R. Encampment.

ST. PAUL, Dec. 4.—The administrative council of the G. A. R. today fixed the date of the next encampment as September 1 to 6, 1896.

Confession of a Fugitive Robber.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Dec. 4.—William Stokes, formerly a member of the Dalton gang, under sentence to ten years here for shooting Deputy Sheriff Hadley, has confessed committing murders in Chicago, Cleveland, Kansas City and several other places. His story is one life of murder, burglary, train and stage robberies.

The New Russian Minister.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Mr. Castle today presented President Cleveland his letters of recall as Hawaiian minister and Mr. Hatche those accrediting him as Castle's successor. The letter and the President's replies were exceedingly pleasant in tone.

Wool Growers Meet.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The annual meeting of the National Association of wool growers began here today. The principal feature was the annual address of President William Lawrence, of Ohio, who dwelt on the distressed condition of the wool growing industry, and made various suggestions for remedial legislation and requested action to secure better protection to the growers. Resolutions will be adopted urging legislation to place wool on the dutiable list at a reasonably high rate.

Fatal Explosion at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 4.—An explosion of nitro-glycerine at Hume's torpedo factory, near Butler, Penn., this morning demolished the factory and two storage magazines, killed Lowery Black and George Beeler, employes. It is thought they were thawing out a can of glycerine.

Y. L. M. I. A. CONFERENCE.

The Salt Lake Stake Societies Hold Interesting Meetings.

Minutes of conference of the Y. L. M. I. A., held December 3rd, in the Assembly Hall, Supt. Mary A. Freeze presiding.

Opened by singing, "Praise ye the Lord." Prayer by Mrs. Mary Clark. Singing, "An angel from on high," with duet by Misses Maud Pratt and Ella Pike. Association roll called, showing 23 associations represented. Minutes of previous conference approved.

Mrs. Zina Y. Card gave an opening address on improvement.

Supt. E. S. Taylor spoke on charity, the diversity of gifts given, and the temptations and allurements surrounding the young people. She could bring glad tidings from all the associations; the spirit of improvement was with them. Urged the young not to speak against the Lord's anointed, but to sustain them with their faith and prayers. Spoke of each having individuality and their own places to fill; it was so with all God's creations. He had assigned it. Remember, you belong to God's nobility; live so that He will have a care for you be submissive to His mind and will, and all things for your good will be given.

Mrs. Minnie Shaw related an incident showing the simple faith of a little child in the ordinance of baptism. Spoke of the great necessity of parents teaching their children when young, the principles of the Gospel.

Mrs. Clark, of Davis county, spoke of the privations and trials that were endured by the early settlers, and the advantages enjoyed now; of being guided by the Spirit of the Lord, and it will strengthen us, and our desires will be to attend our time properly; she also spoke of the great benefits derived by fasting and prayer.

Supt. Mary A. Freeze thought some were neglecting a custom that once prevailed, of gathering together the poor and helpless, and giving them a feast. She felt a reformation in this matter was needed; these words we know cannot return it should be gathered and provided for, and we should carry out the instructions of our Savior upon this subject. It requires the Spirit of the Lord to tell us what duties to perform, there seem to be so many things to take our attention. The use of prayer is that we may depend upon our Father and seek Him. Our trials compel us to go to Him many times when otherwise we would not do so.

Anthem by Miss Ella Dorr.

Recitation by Elder Wm. J. Smith.

The evening session opened with singing, "Lord, Thou will hear me when I pray." Prayer by Dr. Maggie Sutton. Singing, "O My Father." Solo by Sister Charles Pike.

Lecture, "Utah, Our Native Land," by Elder O. F. Whitney.

Supt. Freeze, on behalf of the congregation, returned thanks to Elder Whitney for his very instructive lecture; felt it was a subject our young people should have before them.

Singing, "How firm a foundation." Benediction by Elder John A. Hord.

THE CONSTITUTION.

Full Vote on the Adoption of Utah's State Charter.

"YES" BY A GRAND MAJORITY.

Less Than One-Fifth of Those Voting Say "No"—The Certified Returns Forwarded.

Today the Utah Commission completed its canvass of the vote on the State Constitution, and promptly proceeded with the work of making out the certified return to forward to President Cleveland. The document should reach the Chief Magistrate not later than Wednesday next, and in a few days thereafter the President is likely to be heard from on the subject, through his proclamation of the admission of Utah as a Statehood.

The returns given show a very heavy vote throughout the Territory. Of more than 41,000 votes cast, less than one-fifth were registered against the Constitution. Nearly 2,700 persons who voted are recorded as saying neither "yes" or "no" on the State charter. This is accounted for by the fact that both words were on the ticket, and when neither was stricken out, the ticket was a blank upon that issue. It is accounted at all, or nearly all of those not voting would have registered an affirmative ballot, thus swelling the total in favor of the Constitution to nearly 34,000, but that they unwittingly neglected to cross out the "wrong word," as was reported in many cases on election day, the voters having forgotten the marking not instructions in going to the ballot box. The total votes recorded for and against the Constitution was 38,592. The entire registration in the Territory was 40,717, showing a vote of 41,600 for the Constitution, 31,904; against, 7,687; not voting on the Constitution, 2,070.

The returns by counties for and against the Constitution are as follows:

County.	For Constitution.	Against.
Beaver	331	149
Box Elder	1,161	186
Cache	2,101	243
Carbon	668	68
Davis	851	184
Emery	614	66
Garfield	308	65
Grand	164	57
Iron	512	32
Juab	688	110
Kane	121	14
Millard	704	110
Morgan	352	34
Piute	270	60
Rich	208	24
San Juan	92	12
Salt Lake	8,563	2,776
Sanpete	2,014	231
Sevier	1,207	152
Summit	1,209	314
Tooele	569	209
Uintah	214	71
Utah	4,021	543
Wasatch	502	97
Washington	600	56
Wayne	299	49
Weber	3,317	1,207

Eldredge, the Vag, Captured.

George Eldredge, the vagrant, who took French leave from the rock pile yesterday afternoon, was captured shortly after the NEWS went to press, by Al McQuarry, one of the guards, who struck out in another direction and nailed his man at the corner of Seventh South and Sixth East. He is now being eagerly watched.

RUN DOWN BY A CAR

An Aged Lady Meets With a Terrible Accident.

WHEEL AMPUTATES ONE FOOT

The Injuries Very Severe, and May Prove Fatal Because of the Victim's Advanced Years.

A most distressing and lamentable accident occurred at the corner of Third East and Fourth South streets about 12:45 p. m. today. The victim is Mrs. Dorothy Duffin, an aged lady of about seventy years, who now lies at St. Mark's hospital in a very critical condition, with her left foot cut off about four inches above the ankle.

The particulars of the sad affair, as near as could be gleaned, are as follows: At the time mentioned, car No. 42 of the Salt Lake Rapid Transit company was plying its way westward on Fourth South, with George Langdon of 530 west, Third South street as its motorman, and Walter Dickert who resides on Sixth South, between Third and Fourth West, as its conductor. When about eight feet from the corner of Third East, Motorman Langdon noticed an aged lady tottering across the track and he at once rang the gong and threw off the current, although at the same time, he knew it would be impossible to stop the car in that short distance. The old lady seemed to become confounded and stood on the track motionless, when the motorman, seeing the peril she was in, summoned all his presence of mind and leaning over the front of the car, grasped the unfortunate lady and threw her entirely off the track. Lying prostrate on the ground, the woman stretched out one of her limbs, which went across the rail, and the car passed over it, severing her foot from her body.

At the point in question, there is a double track, where the cars pass each other, and just as the accident happened, car 17, going west, came along, into falls the unfortunate victim was placed, writhing with the pain, and was quickly conveyed to the corner of State and second south streets, where medical aid was summoned. Antiseptics were applied and the patient made as comfortable as possible under the circumstances. The ambulance from St. Mary's Hospital arrived shortly afterward, and this the lady was placed and conveyed to the hospital.

The scene which presented itself as she was being removed from the car to the ambulance, was one which would make the strongest heart shudder. There, lying on a stretcher, was Mrs. Dorothy Duffin, who a few moments before was tottering to her humble home with her market basket on her arm, and who had fallen a victim to a most unfortunate accident. Her features were covered by a thick coating of mud, into which poor Mother Duffin had been thrown, while her limb was torn from her. The physicians in attendance expressed grave fears of the woman's recovery on account of her advanced age, but everything that could be was being done to make her as comfortable as possible under the trying ordeal. The residence of Mrs. Duffin is given as No. 352 east Sixth South street.

The motorman states that his view of the old lady was shut off by the obstruction of the Salt Lake Meat company's wagon, which was in the vicinity at the time, and that had he been in sight (urinar away, the accident would have been averted. He says the car was going at a very slow rate of speed as he was trying to "kill" time which it occurred. He claims to have had eleven years experience in the business, but has only worked for the Rapid Transit company since Nov. 16th last. He, however, worked for the company five years ago and has also been in the employ of the City Street Railway company.

The conductor was non-committal and seemed to be pretty badly scared. He is about seventeen years of age and has been in the employ of the company about three months. There was but one passenger on the car at the time—James Ashman of 254 south Ninth East, and the names of the parties who were witnesses to the lamentable affair are as follows: James Hopkins, 811 west North Temple; R. C. McNeil, 109 west North Temple, Milford Stringer, 331 south Third East; Douglass Moffit, 24 east Fourth South; and Charles Leyboth, 40 east Fourth South.

The motorman and conductor were arrested to the police station, but were later released. As the NEWS went to press, Mrs. Duffin had not yet recovered from the shock, but was resting as easily as could reasonably be expected.

Arrived Safe.

A private telegram was received today, stating that the party of Utah people who sailed from Philadelphia on Nov. 23, on the American Line steamship Waesland, arrived at Queenstown last evening, Dec. 3, all well. The vessel proceeded to Liverpool and would reach there today.

A Beautiful Gift.

Today, Brother Charles J. Thomas, leader of the Temple choir, was exhibiting to his friends one of the prettiest batons ever seen here. It is made of horn, and is a specimen of exquisite workmanship, by Brother Walter B. Willcox. The musician's wand has a bar of steel through the center, on which the vari-colored pieces of horn are arranged in an artistic manner. It is about sixteen inches in length. The presentation to Professor Thomas by the maker of the baton took place at the Temple Annex this morning.