The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 137. FRIDAY, MAY 4, 1894, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVII.

BLOOD FLOWS AT LAST

Fatal Encounter at the Coke Works Near Scottdale.

AT LEAST SIXTEEN PERSONS SHOT

Some of Them Fatally—Intense Excitement and Threats of Vengeance By Dynamite.

SCOTTDALE, Pa., May 4.—A fitting climax to the Pinkerton scene of the McClure Coke company at Connellsville this morning. The company made an effort to start this and other plants on Tuesday, and to-day the women determined to drive the "blacklegs" from work. With its pans, slabs, coke forks and ovens they marched to the coke yards. Samuel White, the mine superintendent, Ewing H. Reidy, his bookkeeper, and a lot of deputies were on guard. A shot was fired to scare the women, men flocked to the scene, and White opened fire on the crowd, which numbered over a hundred.

At the first fire three women fell wounded, one shot through the thigh, one through both legs and the third in the neck. The women carried off the wounded and the battle raged hot on upon Waite and Reidy. White was beaten over the head, knocked down, kicked and bruised about the body. His recovery is doubtful.

A big Hungarian had Waite down and was standing over him with an axe when he was knocked down by James Carr, the store clerk. Reidy was at first thought to be badly injured, but he escaped with only slight bruises. Waite lay all this while on the line of deputies, who had begun to use Winchesters, shot one woman, who is said to be dying. It is now believed that at least sixteen were shot.

There is great excitement throughout the entire region. The strikers are threatening reprisals and mine are something of various points to raid the plants.

Dr. W. H. Cole, the company physician, states that fifteen strikers were shot down in three charges. Three men and one woman were carried off the ground after the first charge and when the last Reidy fired at strikers they were away at least ten more. Three wounded were left near the works, two of whom will die. Waite is suffering internal injury and his recovery is doubtful. Reidy is believed to be fatally wounded. It is feared the foreigners will avenge the dead and their country dead. It will not be a surprise to the people here should the strikers resort to the use of dynamite to blow up the works.

The injured so far as known are: Samuel White, superintendent, territory broken, condition critical.

Ewing H. Reidy, terribly beaten, in a critical condition.

John Skonecki, shot through the thigh.

Stephen Tunski, shot through both thighs.

Joseph Skalecki, hand split with an axe.

Morlee Sobenoski, shot in the shoulder.

An unknown Slavish woman, shot in the thigh.

Sheriff Richards, of Fayette county, is near the scene of battle with forty men armed with Winchesters and has already arrested twenty persons who now are on their way to Uniontown.

LOOKING FOR GOLD.

The Story of a Supposed Rich Vein in South Dakota.

CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., May 4.—In the early days of the Black Hills a party of prospectors camped one night on Crow creek. They started the following day for Deadwood. Several miles from Crow creek one of the party picked up a piece of quartz which is not valuable. The stone was carried to Deadwood and pounded up and panned out by an experienced miner, who says it was the richest piece of rock he ever saw in the Black Hills. The man who found it fully explained the place where he picked it up and a few months later made an attempt to again locate the spot, but owing to the snow, was unable to do so definitely. He died before he again attempting the discovery. Those who are familiar with the details of the story believe that the place has never since been discovered by prospectors. An attempt will be made within the next two weeks by two old miners to locate the ground where the rich gold vein is supposed to exist.

Immense Coal Deposits.

ST. VINCENT, Minn., May 4.—W. H. Nett, of this place, who is a practical miner, was in Dalhousie two weeks ago to see W. K. Falconer, who has been prospecting in the Lake of the Woods region and who surprised his neighbors by his discovery of a seam of coal 3 feet 6 inches in thickness, which is now in the market. It is a fine quality of coal, and is said to be equal to any coal now in use in Winnipeg. The seam is said to be one of the largest in the country, and is located on the Canadian side. They expect to ship figure coal by June. Nothing will be seriously miles east of St. Vincent.

A Dangerous Counterfeit Note.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—The secret service of the treasury is informed of the existence of a new and dangerous counterfeit of the two dollar treasury note. It is of the series of 1891, check letter "B," J. F. Tarsney, register, H. H. Morgan, treasurer, with Mr. Pierson's portrait on the note. The plate is a trifle smaller than the genuine and is printed on soft paper. The numbering is poor, but so is the seating and letter, being almost blown of chocolate instead of carmine. The seal is about one-sixth of an in. in smaller than the genuine and is a cut, dark, faded red instead of brick pink as in the genuine. In the McFarlane portrait the collar in the counterfeit shows all around in front, giving the wearer the appearance of being overfly trimmed. In the genuine the beard extends behind the collar, entirely hiding the small words "two" which appear in two places and the figure two in the lower right hand corner back of the genuine. All are missing in the counterfeit. The note such as the face of the note is well executed. The note is regarded as dangerous.

Death Notice.

LA PORTE, Ind., May 4.—Hon. John P. Caldwell, of Westville, is dead. He age was 80, and he had resided here about 1861. Deceased was of a prominent family, his father being consul to Cadiz, Spain, in 1809, and his brother, Hon. Chas. W. Caldwell, being United States senator in Jackson's administration.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, May 4.—Dealings in industrials at the opening of business today were marked by considerable strength, lead rose 1½, sugar at 108 showed an advance ¼, then followed a lower tone, lead fell 1½, sugar sold off to 107½. Sugar rallied 1, reacted 1.

In the long market lead was very active and a large short interest has been covered which was established on the recent bear raid.

THREE NEGROES LYNCHED.

A Proclamation by North Alabama White Caps.

SEVEN MORE CASES ON THEIR DOCKET—Justice Too Slow They Think.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 4.—A new night has been shed upon the recent lynching of three negro farm laborers at Tuscumbia, a town in North Alabama. The negroes were taken to a bridge over the Tennessee river and after pouring tops around their necks were shot to pieces. Only one of the men made them jump to death. Closely following this triple lynching, notices were found posted in the silver city light poles at Tuscumbia. The note reads:

"To the People of North Alabama:

"Many times we decide to have done in your section, such as burning, scouting, etc., and have been done at the expense of the White-caps organization. We have not an organization in north Alabama until March 25, and now it numbers 465 in three counties of the best people in the state, and we now have to step and try to protect the property of our people and do all the good we can. When the law is for this, we take it in our own hands. We have lost eleven on our docket to go for the three did last Saturday night. We have them on trial in our court and want just a little more evidence. Take warning.

"(Signed) "NORTH ALABAMA WHITECAPS."

PRESSING DEMAND FOR COAL.

But the Miners Still Refuse to Work.

BRAZIL, Ind., May 4.—Not a single block coal mine in the district is in operation. A lodge with 500 members has been organized in this city by the United Mines Workers of America and the organizers say they will not stop until every miner in the country is in the organization. Orders are received every day by the operators asking for coal at any price. The Wavelin company of Center Point offered their mine $1.25 a ton if they would resume work. This is 25 cents above the old price. The men refused.

A Million Dollar Fire in Dublin.

DUBLIN, May 4.—The large warehouse and retail drapery carpet and upholstery stores of Arnott & Co. were burned last night. Three hundred employes, sleeping on the premises, escaped; damage $1,000,000.

A Mysterious Hanging.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., May 4.—Jake Brown, alias John Coleman, was hanged here today for the murder of Frank Meclin, foreman of the penitentiary shops. Coleman was serving a sentence when he committed the deed.

All Quiet in Minnesota.

DULUTH, May 4.—All is quiet on the Mesabi Range. The men are at work on the Mountain Iron mine, but still only a few of the public have ventured to visit the spot, but owing to the trouble began. The militia has not been used.

London Dynamiters Sentenced.

LONDON, May 4.—Twenty and ten years' imprisonment respectively were the sentences of Quintpee Ferrano and Francisco Polti, the dynamiters, today. Ferrano cried, "Viva l'anarchie," and was seized and held. Polti shouted, "Shame." While being taken from the court Ferrano said through the interpreter, "Today you make laws, another we shall make them."

Manager for the Great Northern.

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 4.—It is reported that E. C. McNeil, general manager of the Iowa Central, has been offered the general manager's office of the Great Northern, to succeed G. W. Case, resigned.

Sedalia, Mo., Bank Closed.

SEDALIA, Mo., May 4.—The First National bank failed to open today. The bank has a capital of $200,000 and was organized in 1882 with a surplus of $75,000. The suspension is attributed to the loss of business brought about by the panic and to a run on the bank. Some several months ago of a telegram saying the bank had failed. Other banks became suspicious. It is the general belief the depositors will be paid in full.

Long Nominated for Congress.

NEWTON, Kan., May 4.—The Populists Congressional convention in the seventh district today nominated Chester I. Long by acclamation.

REGARDING PUBLIC LANDS.

New Rules Governing Motions for Review of Decisions.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—The secretary of the interior has promulgated rule 114 of the rules of the practice governing motions for review on decisions of public lands to take effect June 1. The following rule, making an important change in the existing practice:

Motions for review and motions for reinstatement before the secretary must be filed with the commissioner of the general land office within 30 days after notice of the decision complained of, and will not be a supersedeas if the decision shall otherwise directed by the secretary. Each motion must state specifically and in detail the grounds upon which it is based. On receipt of such motion the commissioner of the general land office will forward the same immediately to the department, wherein will be recorded as "filed." If the motion does not state proper grounds for review or reinstating it will be noted and sent to the file of the general land office, whereupon the commissioner will resume his proceedings as if no such motion the judgment before rendered. But if such examination proper grounds are shown the motion will be considered and if the patent has issued, whereupon the moving party will be allowed thirty days within which to file an affidavit and have the case reviewed upon the opposite party, who will be allowed thirty days in which to file and serve an answer, after which no further continuance will be required. Thereafter the case will not be reopened except under such circumstances as would induce a court of equity to grant relief against any judgment of the court at law.

All rules or parts of rules inconsistent herewith are rescinded.

(Signed) HOKE SMITH, Secretary.

Cooker Needs a Rest.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Richard Crocker, the Tammany office, is spending a few days in Washington. Mr. Croker is said to be contemplating permanent retirement from politics. His physician has advised him to take a considerable period of rest and to that end he from that he must get out of politics at once. It is therefore probable that he will give up the leadership of Tammany and devote himself strictly to his private business.

KILLED BY A SNAKE.

The Reptile Glides in a Men's Nose.

MADISON, Pa., May 4.—A little daughter of Mrs. Bond, was sent to the barn to get some eggs, she thought her hand into the nest in the hay and something struck it. She thought it was the hen, struck three times her hand was struck but one got into the house and told her mother that the hen had pecked her hand. It was about 3 o'clock in the afternoon. The child died in awful agony. The child's face measured one and a half inches in length.

A NEW PEST.

Green Worms Discovering the Clover Fields.

HUNTINGTON, Pa., May 4.—A strange green worm, measuring from 1 to 1½ an inch in length has lately come in appearance in this county among the fields of growing clover. They appear in countless numbers and when once they attack a clover field, they completely do their destructive work and leave only vestiges of the clover and leave in eaten up. No one here has yet been able to determine its origin.

On the Charge of Incendiarism.

WILDER, Ky., May 4.—H. A. Decker, a prominent citizen has been indicted for the charge of burning the Dalcomer opera house in 1893, for the insurance. The man he hired to do the job testified against him. Decker had fled to Colorado, but was captured on requisition papers.

The St. Peters Nine Friend.

ST. PAUL, May 4.—William Whalen, of St. Peters nine, has been convicted of obtaining money by floating stock that is absolutely valueless. His sentence is four years in state prison. Whalen secured $5,000,000.

Hope's Hall a Million.

CITY OF MEXICO, May 4.—As a sign on the Judge Hotel was creaking the property in the brow with a mortar, uncovering a stone on which was an inscription: "Cortez are deposited $500,000." Excavations are stopped owing to a dispute over the ownership.

The Persian Monarch Agreeing.

NEW YORK, May 4.—The ing C. E. Evans has arrived at quarantine with all the passengers of the Persian Monarch, which near Eastport, Me. Captain Jones says the vessel had trouble on the beach with about even chances of getting off.

A Somersault Ride.

(Special Dispatch to the NEWS.)

LANDER, Wyo., May 4.—A remarkably rapid ride was made by Roland Bent, an Englishman who is visiting a ranchman on the Sweetwater, 15 miles from Lander. A physician was called from this city one day to attend a serious case in that vicinity, and when he reached his patient he found it would be necessary to have some instruments which he had forgotten to take with him. Mr. Bent volunteered to go for them. He made the round trip of fifty miles in three hours and ten minutes changing horses once.

Another Arctic Expedition.

CAMBRIDGE, May 4.—Harvard college will join in the inter-collegiate arctic expedition, which will start in June. Mr. Raymond Pearl, who will act as the representative of Harvard, and is now conferring with Yale and the university of Pennsylvania on details of arrangements. Scientific and scientific reasons are ascribed as the objects and three men have signed to accompany the expedition. It is asserted that two or three millionaires have announced their intention of joining, and in that case they will be placed in charge. The vessel is limited to Bird and Yale, Harvard and the University of Pennsylvania are already represented.

Destroyed by a Hailstorm.

PAUL RIDGE, Ill., May 4.—A heavy windstorm struck an unfinished building being erected in the town and completely demolished it. One man was killed and three seriously injured.

Albert Kopcher was killed.

The injured are: Edward Evers, Mike Miller, Henry Peterson.

Nine men were working in the building at the time, eight of whom were more or less injured.

A RIOTOUS HORDE.

Compelling Enter a Town and Help Themselves to Food.

PEACEFUL CITIZENS PROTEST.

But the Chicago "General" Will March on in Spite of Prohibitory Resolutions.

VALPARAISO, Ind., May 4.—Gen. Randall arrived at Hobart with his army to-day. They "commissioned" all the bread and crackers in town and there was considerable rioting. Resolutions passed by the Valparaiso citizens, demanding that the army be prohibited from entering the city, were handed Randall, but he said they would march to Valparaiso nevertheless.

THE COXEY TRIAL.

Objections Raised by the Defendants' Counsel Overruled.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Coxey and his lieutenants, Browne and Jones, were arraigned in the district police court today for violation of the Capitol grounds act. The point was raised, Populist members of Congress constituting a notable part of the assemblage.

Attorneys Hyman and Lipscomb for the defendants raised the issue of the constitutionality of the law under which their clients were arrested. The point was argued by Senator Allen, Nebraska, Congress, he said, had no power to confer upon the Vice President and Speaker the right to suspend the enforcement of an act, any more than it had the right to confer the power upon the czar of Russia. He denounced the act as a usurpation of legislative functions. This case, he senator declared, would assume national importance. He quoted Macaulay's speech against the Canadian Jesuits act of 1774, and argued that the arrest of the defendants violated the central of the rights of peaceable assemblage and petition. These rights were guaranteed in the Constitution as regards every spot in the District of Columbia, just as much as California, Texas or Florida.

Judge Miller, after the arguments closed, overruled the objections of the counsel including the Capitol grounds act constitutional. He also denied Coxey a special trial.

The impanelling of a jury occupied two hours. The secretary of the board of trade was prominently challenged by the defense. Maloney then made the opening statement for the prosecution.

ANOTHER COXEY FLAG CHORDED.

MADISON, O., May 4.—J. Hammaker, of this city has received a telegram from Coxey requesting him to express the "generals" two year old son to Washington immediately. The express companies refused to accept and transfer the child.

FRYE AND HIS ARMY.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 4.—General Frye and his army of 50 unemployed weavers, are anxious to get out of Indianapolis. Previous are running low and the citizens do not show a disposition to contribute to the cause. General Frye said that the hoped to move forward to Washington that order. He says he will think himself fairly treated if railroad transportation is denied him. He says if he cannot get transportation the army will walk.

THE INDIANA DIVISION.

ANDERSON, Ind., May 4.—The Indiana industrial army under command of General Aubrey has arrived here.

KELLY'S MEN STARVING.

DES MOINES, Ia., May 4.—Kelly's Iowa trains are demoralized. At breakfast time the commissary officers reported 1,000 loaves of bread on hand and not enough meat and coffee to supply the officers' mess. Governor Jackson is endeavoring to secure cheap rates to the river but is not confident of success. To carry the men to the Mississippi at full fare would cost $6,500, and the railroads will accept nothing less. It is the general impression that Kelly will be very glad to get the army awindle to a corporal's guard before the river is reached.

THE SALVATION ARMY.

A Protestant Episcopal Bishop Joins the Ranks.

ST. LOUIS, May 4.—The announcement by Mrs. Ballington Booth at the Midland congress of the Salvation Army, that Bishop D. S. Tuttle, of the Missouri diocese of the Protestant Episcopal church, had joined the army created considerable excitement. It is understood that a bishop is the first bishop in the world to join the army. It seems, however, that the bishop has not joined the army proper, but only that branch of it known as the Salvation Army Auxiliary League."

Anarchists Arrested.

LIEGE, May 4.—Thirteen anarchists have been arrested in connection with the explosion of dynamite at the residence of Dr. Denoon in Rue De La Paix. It is thought the intended victim was intended for Judge Benson, who lived in a different part of the street. Dr. Denoon was terribly wounded. Dr. Denoon's mother and daughter, who were passing at the time of the explosion, are also wounded.

An Empty Treasury.

AUSTIN, Tex., May 4.—The treasury of Texas is now without a dollar, a condition of affairs that has not existed for the last five years, during which time its revenue balances have ranged annually from $1,000,000 to $3,000,000. Before the end of the year there will be a deficiency of several hundred thousand dollars and it is doubtful if the state will be able to meet the interest on its bonds, amounting to $4,000,000.

The Wanamaker Fire Buildings.

CHICAGO, May 4.—All efforts to sell the exposition buildings at a whole have failed. President Dimmickstever, of the Health Park board, has decided to dismantle them especially of its clasps. There are a number of bids for single buildings and one of $50,000 for the manufacture of the Liberal Arts building. There are a number of other offers, while one for the building looks down on the installation cost of $ & Co. was also $87,500, have turned off, and the next highest bidder, who offered $60,000 for the building, has also asked to be relieved. The manufacturers are tired of trifling with slow bids.

An Income Tax Amendment.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Senator Vest today offered an amendment to the income tax feature of the tariff bill, the effect being to repeal taxation upon incomes in corporations and have the profits of corporations taxed instead of compelling an individual exhibit of books and papers, the amount may estimate the amount of income and profits of corporations appear and prove that for has been assessed too high, if such is the case.

The Tariff Debate Postponed.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—It has been arranged that the tariff debate will be adjourned until Tuesday, the interval being spent by the senate in executive session. Neither the Democrats nor the Republicans are in a mood to allow the bill is passed before the Senate is ready, demanding that the army be prohibited from entering the city, were handed Randall, but he said they would march to Valparaiso nevertheless.

A GROSS ABUSE OF POWER.

Was Judge Jenkins's Famous Northern Pacific Decisions.

His Impeachment Not Recommended—But Coxey Proceedings with Business Need Looking After.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Representative Hitchcock, chairman of the special committee of the House judiciary committee appointed to investigate the Northern Pacific decisions of Judge Jenkins, today submitted to the full judiciary committee the majority report of the special committee. The report says the order of the court relating wages and prohibiting the employes from quitting work were a gross abuse of the power of the court, supported by neither reason nor authority. They were beyond the jurisdiction of the judge and therefore void. The second order was even more reprehensible than the first, because the judge was ordered labor be rendered in of the state, object and purpose sought to be accomplished. The conclusion of the minds of the employes of the Northern Pacific Railroad company might be forced by him by writs of injunction to protect that company from loss and the public from inconvenience, by remaining in its service at a rate of wages to which they had not given their assent, in one in which we cannot concur, and which in our judgment is supported by none of the decisions bearing on the subject. The committee find nothing to the testimony, nor can any corrupt intention on the part of the judge to corner these orders. It is to be regretted that he was sincere in his conviction. This view prevents us from recommending any proceedings looking to impeachment, but in other hand Congress is no further excuse for the rendition of such orders or decrees and that the courts of equity of the United States may not be convicted to be the agent of their powers of enforcing contracts for personal services by legal process, we recommend the enactment of a statute which will prevent them from doing so.

We also feel constrained to call attention to the abuse which have arisen in under the process issued by judges of the courts of the United States to appoint receivers for railroad corporations. These orders being rendered in ex parte proceedings instituted nominally for the purpose of effecting foreclosures, but really for the purpose of averting the threat of creditors and the enforcement of unlawful obligations, are considered as interlocutory and not subject to appeal. Powers exercised by courts through receivers are purely their own creation, the result of judicial construction not mentioned or intended by statutes and therefore dangerous. Your committee is of the opinion that cases for which receivership may be ordered in the courts of the United States should be declared by statute.

The Gold Tide.

NEW YORK, May 4.—The gold engagement for export to Europe tomorrow is $2,500,000. An additional $250,000 goes to Cuba.

THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—The House went into committee of the whole for the purpose of considering the river and harbor bill.

Strikers Interest for Winchesters.

CHICAGO, May 4.—The striking brass founders quit work today at the brickyards in the V. Purington, county, Blue Island, where non-union men were at work under the protection of the sheriff. Deputies were protesting threatened to shoot the intruders. The men solemly withdrew.

A CRITICAL SITUATION.

DULUTH, May 4.—Advices from Virginia this afternoon indicate that the situation at Mesaba Range is growing critical. Sheriff Harvey has telegraphed for fifty more deputies. The men at Oliver mine and at Drake and Stratton want to work in non-union time long. The strikers are ugly.

A Marshal Burned in Effigy.

DENTON LAKE, May 4.—Citizens last night hanged and burned Marshal Crouch in effigy for his action during the great Northern strike.

U. P. Train Service Change.

On sunday next a change in one of the Union Pacific passenger train time tables will go into effect as follows: The train now leaving for Ogden at 9:45 will leave at 9:55, connecting with the Southern Pacific for Atlantic express for Portland, Boise and the East, which now departs at 7:35. This will leave at 9:55, the train from Ogden now starting at 7:20 will leave Ogden at 7:00 and arrive at Salt Lake at 8:10, making close connection with the morning express from the East and at noon each will leave at 1:45 as the train leaving Salt Lake at 12:30 for Provo and intermediate points will leave at 1:55.

Murray Opera House Note.

The opera house at Murray will be opened on Saturday evening, May 5th, by the Best Musical club, assisted by Frank W. Merrill, the popular bass. Mr. Merrill will render a number of vocal performances. There will be songs, quartettes, duetses and instrumental selections, and the beguiling comedietta by Brooks Will.

Land Office.

The filings in the local land office for May 4th consisted of homestead entries by Elmer L. Carter, of Mount Pleasant, Sanpete county, of the west half of the northwest quarter and the west half of the southwest quarter of section 9, township 16 south, range 5 east, and by Charles A. Burke of Teasdale, Wayne county, of the southeast quarter of section 13, township 31 south, range 1 east. Mr. Burke's filing is to have a correction made in his name, which appeared on the plat of Feb. 7, 1893.

Coming Up to Plead.

All defendants in criminal cases who are out on bonds are required to appear to Judge Merrill's court tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock for arraignment.

Those in custody awaiting trial next week were about to be arraigned before Judge Merrill when the NEWS reporter left at 5:15.

Suits Filed this Day.

Harrison F. Scott this afternoon began foreclosure proceedings in the Third district court against John D. Shaffer, Margaret, his wife, and Rattie H. Kramer, on a promissory note for $1,500 and interest.

E. H. Bailey sues to Hinneman B. Hilker. This is a suit, also filed this afternoon, to recover possession of certain property in lot 3, block 57, plat A, Salt Lake City survey, and for with damages in the sum of $500 for unlawful detention.

J. C. Thompson instituted interlocutory proceedings against Samuel L. Kenge, on a promissory note for $250 and interest.

THROW UP YOUR HANDS!

Command by Captain Donovan to a Suspected Murderer Late Afternoon.

Important Capture of a Man Wanted in Chicago for Killing a Friend Waite Playing Cards.

Pedestrians near the postoffice block witnessed a little gun play at three o'clock this afternoon which for clearness and dispatch rather outpassed anything they had ever witnessed. Captain Donovan, of the police force was seen slackening a colored man and the latter in some manner became aware that he was an official target and made an attempt to escape. Donovan had his revolver in one hand in a moment of his man alright, and as he thought he was in a fair way to get out of sight he was square against the captain who commanded him to throw up his hands.

Simultaneous with the order to the darkey to give himself up, the captain pressed a revolver in the back of the fellow seeing that there was no chance for him to escape, said:

"I ain't done nothin wrong, sir, I ain't done nothin' wrong."

"Never mind," said the captain, "We will see about that later. You are my prisoner. Come along with me to the police station."

On arriving at the City Hall he was told that he was wanted for murdering Charles Wilson, a friend, at the saloon of Patrick Marsh at 406 South Halsted street, Chicago, on Thanksgiving day of last year while playing cards. The quarrel was about a dispute concerning five cents. The murderer escaped and came west. The Salt Lake officers were notified to be on the lookout for him and received the picture which is now in the rogue's gallery.

On Wednesday the man who was captured this afternoon came to this city, and it was claimed was identified by the Chicago police officer as the murderer of Wilson. His arrest followed, and the Chicago police officers were notified of his capture. Donovan and his local detectives have positive they have the right man, and he will be held awaiting the arrival of requisition papers.

Municipal Pay Rolls.

Pay rolls will be honored at the City Hall tomorrow as follows:

Fire department	$ [illegible]
City attorney's office	[illegible]
City auditor's office	[illegible]
General fund salaries	[illegible]
Water department	[illegible]
Sewer department	[illegible]
Street department	[illegible]
Engineer's department	[illegible]
Police department	[illegible]
Health department	[illegible]
Cemetery department	[illegible]
Parks department	[illegible]
Library department	[illegible]
Total	[illegible]

All payrolls will be made in warrants. This class of paper, in view of the approaching sale of city bonds, fits in a case at about an average of 92 cents. Large amounts sell for 90 to 91. One sale of $2,000 was reported today at 90½.

Home Industry in Ogden.

The board members of Ogden are to hold a meeting on Monday evening at 8 o'clock, at the mayor's office in the city hall building. The committee of the Bureau of Manufactures in this city will go up to meet the Junction city workers.

STILL HAVE HOPE.

"General" Carter Says the Railroad Will Have to Carry Them.

CAMPING AT BINGHAM JUNCTION.

The Army Passed a Cold Night and Are Hungry and Desperate.—Some of Them Sent to Eagles.

Harry McQueen came in from the new camp in the "industrial army" this forenoon. The men he says are waiting for developments in the railroad matters at Bingham Junction. They are still hearty hoping the boys to carry them that a freight train will materialize for their benefit. Should they continue to be disappointed, as seem likely they will for some reason or another they will then it is thought they will take possession of the first train they can capture.

Sheriff Dalgren went down to Bingham Junction at 1:30 this morning on a special train consisting of but one car and an engine. Soon after starting the cold air drove the men and women with their officers a from was made for the engine and an effort made to capture it. The cold by the time very uncomfortable, but the train hands brought the tigers and have the army men off while rushing at the rate of 1 a mile an hour. One of the men was badly hurt. General Carter said to a reporter today he had sent a telegram to Salt Lake and would wait on sale at this time expected the injunction would prove false or not.

General Carter was up on business again today and still we hope that arrangements will be made for food and he will be moved by rail. At least he claims. To a NEWS reporter he said: "I have sent 25 men to camp now. Most of them suffered from the cold last night. We expected 1,000 loaves of bread down from Salt Lake yesterday afternoon, but they didn't come and the men were pretty hungry. All they had for breakfast was two loaves of crackers that I went to a store and bought. They have some grub provisions but not enough, however, to amount to much."

"Is this the end of the discontentment the Rio Grande railway officials to furnish you transportation, what do you propose to do?" asked the reporter.

"We propose to go and the Rio Grande will carry us, too. There is no mistake about it. I hope to continue the difficulties of this road during the day," said Carter. "What it will be to their interest to take us out of the Territory."

THE SORTING YARDS.

The "home reserve" of the industrial army paraded the streets today with General Carter surveyed in an American flag at the head. A meeting was held at the corner of West Temple and Third South streets, on the vacant lot, and was called to order by the chairman, General Carter addressed the crowd and depicted the great sufferings of the men as they lay last night along the railroad tracks near Bingham Junction. They had very little covering and cold and hungry, the most miserable night we spent. He regretted the tailcoats generally and stated that the Rio Grande Western had acted treacherously, having agreed to carry the army for $1,000, but after the railroad had the money had been raised. He said that they would compel the railroad to carry them and "go to Washington" was their motto.

Mr. Boyle followed in a red hot speech, the brunt of which was brought to bear against Governor West and Mayor Baskin. He said he had "fought like a tiger and died" under the Stars and Stripes and was in favor of trying recognition to the demands of the army of all possible means, and if they would need human blood to do it if necessary.

A good deal of money was subscribed on the ground, and the tenor of the speeches was to force the railroad to take the army away.

LED A DUAL LIFE.

A Secret in the Career of Russian Parker Made Known.

Mr. C. E. McLeary, a gentleman who has been in the city but a short time, but who during his brief stay here has been very intimate with Historian Parker, related a story to Coroner Taylor last evening that will cause a sensation almost as great as that of his suicide.

In brief Mr. McLeary claims that Parker led a dual life during his entire residence in Utah. He says that the young man was born and raised at Hocking, Ashtown, Ohio, that his father was a minister and gave his son all of the educational advantages in his power; that the latter was a school teacher, a member of a church choir and the leader of a band.

On the death of his father the young musician inherited a considerable amount of property and later married his deceased sister. He forged his mother's name to various notes. The criminal conduct was discovered and he decided to leave the place for long, case were not charged his mother to Parker, the true name was Elwood F. Oler. Three years ago his wife was divorced from him on the grounds of desertion and according to McLeary's story now lives at Denver.

The inquest was held at the Shaver undertaking establishment this afternoon.

The Coke Club.

At the meeting of the Coke club last night the following officers were elected for the ensuing term: Asa McMaster, president; J. H. Murphy, vice president; John Jones, secretary. At the meetings of the club interesting and instructive programs are carried out, which result in great benefit to the growing disciples of Blackstone who attend.