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SALT LAKE CITY, - DEC. 28, 1906.

NO OPPOSITION HERE.

The daily outbursts of a local anti-"Mormon" sheet, against "hlerarchal" influence and "hierarchal" animosity to husiness interests, are no longer taken seriously by intelligent newspaper readers. They are commencing to recognize in them the ravings of persons mentally deranged and of a vicious disposition. For that reason an apology is due, perhaps, for taking any notice of them whatever.

Lately writers for the sheet referred to have harbored the illusion that somebody is opposing the smelter interests. This is, of course, not true, The owners and managers of those large and important concerns know that it is not true. They know that even the farmers of this valley, who found it necessary to take measures for the protection of their homes, to say nothing of their health and lives, are not opposed to the smelting industry. It is not, and has never been, a question of hostility between two important industries. It should be possible to find some means of preventing the injury done to the vegetation of the valley, and all the people ask is that the remedy be found, and applied. That, we take it, is in the interest of the smelters, as well as the farms and orchards and homes.

The allegation that there is any "hierarchal" influence at work in this matter is worthy of a mentally deranged inmate of a lunatic asylum. Only a short time ago Consul General Wilber of Singapore reported that the government of the Federated Malay states, on representations by the United Planters' Association, "is taking strong measures and forbidding the calcinating of arsenical tin ores unless done in proper furnaces which will concentrate the arsenic, so as to prevent the fumes becoming a danger to health, comfort, and property." It would be just as reasonable, and sane, to say that the "hierarchal" influence has been at work in the Malay states, against the smelters, as to ascribe the unfortunate conflict in this valley to anything but the laudable desire of the farmers to preserve their homes.

The charge of "hierarchal" influence is part of the poisonous fumes that the smokestacks of the anti-"Mormon" establishment are belching forth incessantly for the purpose of befouling the pure atmosphere of Utah and injuring and that they would root out all rethe people to the utmost of its capacity This fact the public is commencing to recognize. Only a short time ago one of the most prominent business men of this City, not a member of the Church, in a public place denounced the anti-"Mormon" sheet for its mouthings against a "hierarchy" that has no existence except in the imagination of diseased brains. "Such falsehoods." he said. "are detrimental to the interests of this State and City." Yes, intelligent newspaper readers know just what the effect of anti-"Mormon" falsehoods are.

ent, but all persons under that age will be required to reduce their consumption by 20 per cent yearly and

> cease to use it entirely at the end of five years. At the end of the five years persons under 65 years of age who continue to use oplum win be compelled to wear a distinctive badge which will advertise them publicly as opium fiends. All government officials, even princes, dukes, viceroys and generals less than 60 years of age must give up the habit within six months or tender their resignations. All teachers and students must abandon the habit within one year. All officers of the army and navy must abandon the habit at

once, and several officers have already been court-martialed for failure to obey this edict.

Special provisions are made for the dealers in opium, pipes, lamps and other paraphernalia of the oplum joint. All places of public resort for opium smoking are to be closed and those who are addicted to the habit must practice it at their own homes.

China is in earnest in this matter, and it is believed that she will succeed in terminating the traffic, if no foreign power will interfere. The reform will cost Great Britain many millions of dollars annually. It is estiimpled that nearly 600,000 acres of British soil are planted to poppies and 1,500,000 of British subjects are dependent upon their cultivation. The annual average value of the crop is about \$50,000,000, and in 1905 China imported 37.094.172 taels' worth of the crop. But notwithstanding Great Britain is so heavily interested in the continuation of the nefarious traffic, it is believed the government of that country will no longer oppose the reform that

is demanded by the Chinese. ROME STANDS FIRM.

Opinions may differ regarding the

merits of the controversy between the Vatican and the French government. oncerning the relations of the church o the state, but the firmness of the Pope in the face of opposition, and his fidelity to principles at the cost

of great sacrifices, must gain uniersal admiration. The head of the Roman church is

low prepared, it is stated, to relinquish the property held by the denomination in France, prohibit public services, and instruct the priests to conduct worship only privately. It is reported from Rome that the Pope recently expressed himself to the effect that "the church will not flinch from the attitude it has taken, no more concessions being possible but he hoped that the violence and persecution would soon result in better times."

It is a peculiar fact that Protestant papers in this country, that should regard religious liberty next in im portance to eternal salvation itself, openly side with the athelstic instigators of the anti-Roman crusade It proves what spirit animates them. It proves what some who call themselves Americans would do, if they had the power to follow their inclina. tion. Cardinal Gibbons has publicly charged that the anticiericals in France are trying to drive the Christian religion from the country: that they not only hate the clergy, but they hate God, they hate Christ, and

they hate His religion as much as ever their Jacobin fathers hated them:

mealy mouthed about putting up the price of meals.

What has become of the coal famne all of a sudden? Doubtless there was much shortage but more scare.

Two men fought a duel with pitchforks the other day. In a way this is stealing Senator Tillman's thunder.

It is reported that the "liquidation in Wall street is uncontrollable." So is the liquification in the Salt Lake streets.

The boy who got skates on Christmas wants to know what they are good for. And the question remains unanswered.

Uncle Sam should not butt into the Congo Free State muss. In fact his motto should be, 'Butt be no butts."

Mayor Schmitz wants a chance to plead separately but Ruef does not Ruef may have in mind Franklin's saying, "If we don't hang together we will hang separately.

Lawyer Patrick is not contented

with the commutation of his death sentence to life imprisonment, but wants liberty now. Should he secure t he might sue for damages for false imprisonment. Miner Hicks, who was entombed for fifteen days by a cave-in, has signed a contract to lecture for a year. Had his rescuers known their work would

been so eager to save him? Grover Cleveland has applied to the government at Washington to stock Carnegie lake at Princeton with game fish. Considering what an ardent admirer of Izzak Walton he is, he is liable to have his motives impugned.

According to Gov. Magoon American soldiers were sent into Santa Clara Province merely for practise marches. But it is one of those practices that should not be indulged in too frequently else grave suspicions will be aroused.

LEARNING MONKEY TALK.

Pittsburg Dispatch to New York Sun. Mrs. Mary Simonton has just received a letter from her daughter, Miss Ida Veronica Simonton, who went to Africa to study the language of the monkeys. Miss Simonton is in the the monkeys. Miss Simonton is in the jungles along the Congo, practically alone, although 200 yards away two natives and an Englishman, a mem-ber of the sleeping sickness mission, are within halling distance. In a bamboo hut Miss Simonton is spending bamboo hut Miss Simonton is spending her days studying the language of her her days studying the language of her only neighbors. Miss Simonton left this country last August. In her letter she says she is progressing rapidly with her work, and she believes that she has already mastered several words in the monkey language. She also be-ileves she has made the monkeys un-derstand some things she says to them.

HOW HE MAY DEVELOP.

Albany Herald. The negro is only one generation removed from slavery. That he will grow away from his brutal characterto be hoped. If he does, it will be along the lines suggested by Booker T. Washington and the Louisville Courier-Journal. They know the negro

AGLO-JAPANESE TREATY. Pueblo Chieftain.

and the southern candidates.





SHEETS AND THE SALOONS.

In the days when the country was struggling to get upon a gold basis once more, the late John Sherman used to say: "There is just one way to resume, and that is resume." Chief of Police Sheets might well say to himself: "There is just one way to stop Sunday liquor selling, and that is to stop." No set of city ordinances ever framed gave a chief more thorough and complete power over the Sunday liquor situation, than the one adopted in Salt Lake, which empowers the chief to peremptorily refuse to renew the license of a saloonkeeper who disregards the law. Chief Sheets has only to apply this remedy and the whole trouble will end. It is refreshing to know that he is taking in hand some of the offenders, and while it may be trying to him and some of his principals to apply the screws to resorts which are the breeding places of so many "American votes," and which supply so many of the slnews of war for the "American" cause, still the Chief has the satisfaction of knowing that he is in the strict line of his duty, and that he is upholding the ordinances he has sworn to maintain.

WAR ON OPIUM.

One of the encouraging signs of the time is the renewed effort by the Chinese government to suppress the oplum traffic in the country. On previous occasions similar efforts have been opposed by the British government. It is therefore to be inferred that the Chinese hope to be supported in the new crusade against the national vice, by Japan, since the effort would hardly have been made again without some assurance that it would not be attempted in vain.

The hand of Japan is also seen in the measures proposed in the imperial edict. They are virtually identical with those that have been tried in Formosa with great success, since the Japanese occupation of that island. It is estimated that about a hundred million people in China use oplum. They are commanded to register their names with the police and obtain permits which will allow them to purchase L given quantity of the drug at certain periods, and all dealers are forbidden to give or sell the drug to any me in greater quantity or at more frequent periods than are allowed in the permit. All persons over 60 years of ige may continue its use as at pres-

ligion. This, probably, comes very near stating the truth; and yet Protestant religious magazines applaud the proceedings against a church. The spirit of persecution, no mat-

ter where manifested, or how, is both anti-Christian and anti-American. Even if the victims were Mohammedans, or pagans, or atheists, persecution is against the laws of the kingdom of heaven. Rome's greatest error in past ages was her adoption of the pagan spirit of persecution. But that error is less excusable today than in any former age, and it is positively revolting in Protestants who

profess to believe in liberty of concience.

THE GREATEST HEBREW.

According to a New York dispatch a great number of Hebrew children in New York were kept home from the public schools because orthodox Rabbis and zealous newspapers had protested against the celebration of Christmas, for the entertainment of the children. The opinions of parents, it appears, differed somewhat. Some of them permitted their children to go to such exreises as were coloriess, an far as any religious significance was concerned. and even went themselves. But the children of ultra-orthodox households were ordered not to go to school. In several tenements in Rivington street, where there is a strong Roumanian and Polish influence, the housekeepers and janitoresses were, according to the reports published, stationed with brooms at the doors to drive back all children who attempted to go to the forbidden observances. A few of the pupils ran a blockade and arrived breathless in their classrooms. More boys than girls were absent. The girls, who had bought new frocks and learned recitations and songs, prevailed on their purents to let them take part in

the program. This shows an ignorance and narrowness of mind that can hardly be tolcrated in this country of equal rights and privileges. If the question were of forcing Christian doctrines upon Hebrew children, the opposition would be justifiable. But the commemoration of the birth of Jesus of Nazareth Is something in which even the Jews can take part, because the Nazarene is, and remains, the greatest of the Hebrew race. even if He is regarded only as a man. Why should not an orthodox Hebrew he willing to remember His birth? If the chosen people is ever to come to its national rights, it will be through the general acceptance of the teachings of Jesus concerning the brotherhood of man. No Hebrew disgraces himself by honoring the memory of Jesus of Nazareth.

The East Indians, as British subjects, claim the right of self government.

The man who has any money on hand the week following Christmas is very selfish.

The restaurateurs are not at all

fact, one of the most powerful instru-ments of peace in the world today. It practically assures that no nation shall attack Japan without counting the cost of war with England, and it also practically assures that Japan will not go to war with any nation without getting the advice of British statesmen. Far from desiring that Great Britain should modify her treaty with Japan in order to prove her good friendship for Amer-ica, the people of the United States and of all other civilized countries should be most heartily glad that this treaty is in existence, and they have strong reason to hope that the treaty will continue in force until such a time as Japan shall have come into complete harmony with the world influences toward peace and progressive civilization, which now have so strong a part in directing the course of international events. FOR THE CHILDREN. Sacramento Bee. On this day it were meet that many who hold marriage to be merely a convenience-many married men who cannot be "bothered with squalling brats"--many married women who are brats"---many married women who are not womanly at heart, for no mar-ried woman can be womanly lacking the yearning spirit of motherhood---it were meet that such should take deep to heart the words of the Christ: "Suffer little children, and forbid them not, to come unto me, for of such is the Kingdom of Heaven."



Miserable Maid.

Mrs. Jobson had gone away from home, leaving Mr. Jobson iamenting. On arriving at her destination she missed her gold lace-pin and sent a post card to her servant asking the girl to let her know if she found anything on the diningroom floor when sweeping it next morning. The servant duly replied: "Dear

Madam-You ask me to let you know if I found anything when sweeping the diningroom floor this morning. I beg to report that I found thirty matches, three corks and a pack of cards." Mrs. Jobson returned by train.-London Tit-Bits. the next

Careful of Appearances.

"Yis, ma'am," said Bridget, "I'll be "avin" ye. I don't like that snip of a dude that does be callin' on Miss Mabel.'

Mabel." "The idea!" exclaimed her mistress. "He doeen't call to see you, so what--" "I know he don't, ma'am, but I'm afraid some o' the neighbors might think he does."--Philadeiphia Press.

An Instinctive Calculator. "Bemember," said the kind, elderly gentleman, "that you may be president of the United States." Yes," answered the boy whose fath-

er is connected with the race track; "but look at the population of this country. I've only got one chance in millions. I ain't playing any long shots like that."-Washington Star.

Weeds.

"The widow Highflier says she is going to give up smoking." "I thought it was about time for her to discard her weeds."-Philadelphia Press.

A Luxury.

"But," protested the plain citizen, 'don't you consider honesty a good thing? Sure," replied the politician, "but it's like all other good things; 'you've got to make money before you can af-ford it."--Philadelphia Ledger.

Wise Maid. "Darling," sighed the ardent youth

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SURVES IN

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The one we print for 1907 will tell how you paid in 1906. There are a few days left yet. See us. A little money goes much further