

side a revenue bill taking \$20,000,000 from taxation, and he understood it was likely to come back to the House for action. If this and the tariff bill passed, they would reduce taxation to the amount of \$40,000,000, and the country demanded action upon them. The pending bill could be passed with safety, without consideration of the committee of the whole. For one, and he thought he spoke for the republican side of the House, he was ready to clear the track of these appropriation bills, and let the revenue bills have substantially a clear track for the next 23 days. (Applause on the republican side.)

Belford inquired whether, if Cannon's motion prevailed, it would be in order to move any amendment to the bill, or whether it was to go through under the whip and spur. If it was, he did not propose to support it. (Applause on the democratic side.)

After a long and heated debate, the motion to suspend the rules and bring the bill up for consideration was lost, 138 to 108—not the necessary two-thirds in the affirmative. Late this afternoon a caucus of republicans was held for the purpose of consulting as to the course to be pursued by the republicans relative to the pending tariff bill.

The prospects for tariff legislation this session were given a crushing blow yesterday. The republicans failed not only to pass the legislative appropriation bill, under suspension of the rules, but failed to fix next Monday as the day for closing the debate on the tariff bill. Both motions received a substantial majority, but nothing like the two-thirds necessary to suspend the rules.

The significance of the contest lies in the fact that the democrats are solidly opposed to the ways and means committee bill, and will not consent to its passage without amendment and discussion.

Carlisle, leader of the democratic opposition to the ways and means bill, declared he would prefer the failure of tariff legislation to the passage of the ways and means bill. This declaration was fully applauded, and the votes of the democrats showed they would stand united against the unamended bill.

The State Department announces that the rumor current at the Capitol this morning that the President had withdrawn from the Senate the Weiland La Abra Mexican treaty is not true.

The Attorney General holds that under his contract with the government Captain Eads is obliged to keep the entire South Pass to the Gulf of Mexico at a stipulated depth not merely at the jetties, and for failure to do so, the installment due him December 7th has been withheld.

Washington, 6.—Miss Alice Blaine, daughter of ex-Secretary Blaine, was to-day married from her father's residence in this city, to Brevet Colonel John G. Coppinger, of the United States army.

Miss Mary Walker, daughter of the Attorney General, was married to-night at Epiphany Episcopal Church in this city, to Robt. J. W. Koons, of Philadelphia.

The attendance was very large in spite of the disagreeable weather. Coming from the Brewster wedding, the President's carriage got inextricably entangled in another vehicle, and the President and daughter had to walk home through the rain.

CLEVELAND, 6.—Hundreds of men are busy to-day cleaning alluvial from the recently flooded districts.

The Standard Oil Company have made contracts to rebuild their burned works. The weather is threatening another storm.

St. Louis, 6.—The cold weather in Texas continues, and is reported to be the severest experienced there in many years.

There is also much suffering among poor people, they being entirely unprepared for such severe weather.

Chicago, 6.—The ice is gorged at the mouth of the river, but as the current is very slow, no danger from floods is anticipated. The chief source of anxiety is the crib in the lake at the source of the city's water supply. Four men there are kept busy removing the ice from the inlet ports to the water tunnel, and need more help. If the inlets become clogged the city water supply will be shut off. The men have provisions for only a few days, and it is impossible to get to them with a tug. The attempt to cross the broken ice to the crib on foot is extremely hazardous.

Toledo, 6.—The river has risen a

foot during the past eight hours. The ice, however, is still firm, and upon its ability to stand the pressure depends the safety of the low-lying portion of the city. The gorge is about half a mile above the city. Fortunately the weather remains cold. Goods have generally been removed to points of safety.

Fears of flood from the Maumee are heightened to-night by the snow storm which set in about dark, with milder weather and indications of rain. Both at Defiance and Napoleon the water is higher to-day than at any time since the flood. East Defiance is entirely under water.

Omaha, 6.—The weather along the Union Pacific, between Omaha and Ogden, is moderate. The overland passenger trains are all making schedule time.

Wilkesbarre, 6.—The river is 18 feet above low water mark; low grounds flooded; communication with the west side cut off; still rising.

Cincinnati, 6.—Saturday afternoon a sleet commenced which changed to heavy rain. Specials indicate the storm prevails over a wide belt of country on both sides of the Ohio river.

Chicago, 6.—The railway trains are generally in better condition to-day. It has been snowing more or less heavily since noon, however, and with the amount of snow already piled up along the tracks it will take but a small depth of new snow and a little wind to create another blockade.

New York, 6.—The recent heavy snow storms in the west so delayed San Francisco mails that three of them were reported yesterday by Postmaster Pearson as overdue. Among them was the mail from China which left San Francisco on January 28th, and was due in New York on Sunday night, the 4th inst.

Indianapolis, 6.—The rivers in this vicinity have fallen. Heavy rains have been prevailing since noon. About 100 families were driven from their homes by the floods. At Peru 30 families are homeless, losing greatly. It is reported to-night that a family of six persons were drowned in a house at Keller's Station.

Lafayette, 6.—The Washash continues to rise. A number of families are homeless, flooded out; 65 cattle in the yards have been surrounded the past few days. In attempting to swim out to-day, all were drowned.

St. Johns, N.B., 6.—The schooner L. J. Carney is lost, with all on board.

CHICAGO, 6.—Pelton, Pomeroy, & Cross, dealers in musical instruments, confessed judgment and transferred stock to Captain Talbot of Menominee. The failure of customers to settle embarrassed them; liabilities supposed to be \$75,000, mostly to New York piano makers.

New York, 6.—The Supreme Court has authorized the receiver of the Columbian Insurance Company, which failed, to begin suits to enforce the claims of the company against the United States Government for compensation out of the Geneva award, \$15,500,000. The claim grew out of acts of the confederate cruisers.

Troy, 6.—The ice harvest on the Hudson is completed. The crop is the largest ever gathered.

Louisville, 6.—It is estimated that a quarter of a million gallons of whiskey go out of bond in this district under the law requiring payment of taxes on this date. No excitement about the matter. The whiskey men are prepared for payment.

New York, 6.—There are among items of Wall Street gossip; Keene is said to have made a million dollars the past month on the bear side of the market. Keene is a large holder of Sonora consolidated mining stock, the mine is situated in Altier district.

Boston, 6.—The demand for wool continues steady and the market is firmer. Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces 40 for X, 42 @ 45 for XX and XXX. Michigan fleeces scarce and quiet; 34 @ 39 for X and desirable lots held firmly. No. 1 fleeces 42 @ 45 for Michigan and Ohio. Combings and delaine fleeces scarce and firm, with sales of fine delaine 43 @ 45. Fine and No. 1 combing 46 @ 48. Unwashed wools in good demand.

The approximate earnings of the Union Pacific for January were \$1,783,000, against \$1,913,000 last year.

Approximate gross earnings of the Northern Pacific for the fourth week in January, 1881, \$105,000 as compared with \$79,150 for the corresponding week last year; approximate earnings for the entire month, \$492,035;

an increase of \$148,667 over the corresponding month last year. Increase of mileage over last year, 543.

Reported approximate gross earnings of the Denver & Rio Grande for the first four weeks in January, 1881, were \$418,300; a decrease of \$70,200, or 14 per cent below the corresponding period last year.

Cleveland, 6.—The marshal sold the Cleveland, Tuscarawas Valley & Wheeling Railroad, by order of court. The road was bid in for \$3,251,500 by Byer Perkins, trustee, who paid the amount in bonds of the road.

Chicago, 6.—The Illinois Central railway announce the completion of arrangements for the sale of through tickets from Chicago to San Francisco. The route will be over its line to New Orleans, thence to San Francisco over the Southern Pacific routes, the same as by other lines. The route is 500 miles longer than by the U. P. and C. P., but the managers believe the greater comfort of winter travel by the southern route will induce many to go that way.

Lowell, Mass., 6.—Robert G. Smith shot his wife dead at Noye's house, then fatally shot himself; jealousy.

Birmingham, Ala., 6.—The post-office was robbed of money and stamps amounting to \$4,000 or \$7,000. The burglar opened the large safe by boring a large finger hole and unlocking.

Brunswick, Me., 6.—Five sophomores of Bowdoin College, are expelled for hazing, the members of the class retiring rather than fulfill the conditions required in petitioning for return.

Chester, Penn., 6.—Thirty-four of thirty-seven cadets suspended in the Pennsylvania military academy for attending theatre in violation of the rules have been reinstated under conditions that the other three be dismissed as leaders of the revolt.

New York, 6.—The Twenty-second Regiment has again become notorious by the attempt of a young woman named Lottie Rama to kill Lieutenant E. B. Hart. The shooting occurred near the Armory, on Sixteenth Street, where she met Hart by appointment. When they met she drew a revolver and fired. He turned and ran; she followed, discharging the four remaining cartridges as fast as possible. She was arrested and gave her age as 19. The past summer, when the regiment returned from encampment the woman fell in love with a member whose name she refused to give. He accomplished her ruin and deserted her. Hart, whom she had known from childhood, besought her to live with him. She did so till two weeks ago, when he, too, deserted her.

FOREIGN.

DUBLIN, 5.—Investigation of the murder and conspiracy charges was resumed. The court was crowded. Lords and high officials were present, showing a careful discrimination in the issuance of tickets of admission. Michael Kavanaugh, the car man, has a low, retreating forehead, and sinister appearance; looks anxious and nervous. The little girl witness, Ellen Brophy, identified Kavanaugh as the driver of the car containing the men who intended to assassinate Field. Joseph Brady and Timothy Kelly were also arraigned, in connection with the attempt to murder Field. After the hearing of the evidence against the prisoners, the two Careys, the two Mulletts, Whelan, Brady, Kelly, and Kavanaugh, charged with the murder of Lord Fredk Cavenish and Burke, were arraigned. The identification of Kavanaugh by Ellen Brophy was particularly complete. She says she spoke to him and asked him who he was waiting for. She saw him when going on messages three times in half an hour. Immediately after her return the third time, she heard cries of murder, and immediately ran to the door. By this time there were two men besides the driver on the car, the third man just mounting; she was only able to identify Kavanaugh. She was severely cross-examined, but never faltered. When Kavanaugh was identified he blushed and smiled uneasily. Brady when he entered the prisoner's dock had a swaggering manner; Kelly was pale, but defiant looking. Jas. Mullett laughed when the charge concerning the Phoenix Park murder was read, but none of his companions joined him.

Over one hundred persons suspected of connection with secret organizations have fled the city. It is

believed they have not succeeded in quitting the Kingdom. The police have ten more warrants to execute, and search is being made in London, Birmingham and Manchester for persons against whom they had been issued. Three informers will be produced to-morrow or Saturday next if the inquiry be adjourned to that day who will give further details concerning the existence of murderous organizations.

One prisoner examined Saturday offers to become informer. Over fifty persons connected with the conspiracy to murder Government officers have gone to America.

LONDON, 5.—The London & South-western Railway Company's steamer *Hilda*, running between the Island of Jersey and Southampton, ran into and sank a French ship; name unknown. A boat containing two officials and three seamen was launched from the *Hilda* to attempt to rescue the French crew.

Sir Wm. Vernon Harcourt, Home Secretary, now visiting Richmond, Yorkshire, is the subject of extraordinary precaution, it is presumed because of fears of attacks on him by Fenians.

Gladstone has received a threatening letter announcing that arrangements have been made to murder him if he returns to London. No importance is attached to the threat.

It is stated that influential people in Tananarivo are prepared to offer England the protectorate of Madagascar.

It is feared the French will bombard Tamatave.

Alexandria, 5.—Four persons convicted of murder at the time of the riot at Tantah, are hanged.

Bombay, 5.—An armed band of Bheels plundered Nanpur. The Bheels are also rising in revolt at Chakata. Bolra, in Ali Raypoof, is threatened. A political agent from Bhopal arrived at Bolra, to which detachments of the Malwa and Bheel corps and Central India corps have been ordered. A detachment of troops left Mhow for Sirdarpur and another detachment is ordered to be in readiness.

Madrid, Spain, 5.—Renewed shocks of earthquake were felt in Murcia.

The railway depot at Manzanares is burned.

Revenue receipts for January, increase, \$2,10,000 over January last year.

Agram, Hungary, 5.—A severe shock of earthquake was experienced here last evening.

Copenhagen, 5.—It is understood Denmark is preparing a circular addressed to the powers, complaining of the proceeding of Prussia in Schleswig-Holstein as a breach of treaties and international law.

Berlin, 5.—The Emperor William is well enough to resume out-door exercise.

Bismarck's pains are less acute, but he is still confined to bed.

St. Petersburg, 5.—The "Annals of the Fatherland," published by the proprietor of the *Golos*, has received a second warning for dwelling too much on the dark side of Russia's position.

A solemn warning printed on fine vellum reached the Czar and Cabinet, claiming universal suffrage, the right of the people to own land, freedom of conscience, of the press, meetings, etc. If these demands are not granted before the coronation of the Czar, the revolutionary committee send warning that violence is threatened.

The Emperor was present at a conference of the Austrian and Hungarian Cabinet on the construction of a strategic railroad from Huezth, at the junction of the Theiss with Nagy, at Agra, Hungary, to Dolna, Galicia.

PARIS, 6.—Public uneasiness is increasing. The impression prevails that the army does not like the expulsion bill and an intimation to this effect will be given to Preat Grevy.

The Comte de Montebello has resigned the Brussels Embassy on account of the action on the expulsion bill.

It is expected that Prince Jerome will be liberated on Tuesday.

Dublin, 6.—The grand jury to-day considered the case of Wm. O'Brien editor of *United Ireland* and elected to parliament from Malloy. After an hour's deliberation the jury disagreed on the charge of seditious libel. Counsel promised further evidence.

A man named Murray was arrested yesterday at Gravesend aboard the steamer *Avoca* upon her arrival there from Dublin. It is believed to be the individual for whom an arrest warrant was issued

a fortnight ago. A Tralee informer identified Casey as the murderer of Herbert.

Berlin, 6.—Bismarck doubts that he will be able to attend the Reichstag this session. Matters, he said, are progressing tolerably well without me. The empire's machinery generally is working capitally. I am sincerely glad we are able to live without a perpetual conflict. I could not endure it. The irritation of former times would kill me. I sometimes suffer the greatest agony.

Bombay, 6.—The Rajah of Javara, Kaatywar, raised the land revenue, when the Ryots refused to pay, and 300 of them assembled armed, claiming redress. The Rajah dispatched 700 horsemen as police to quell the disorder; they attacked the Ryots, killing 70 and wounding more than that number. Only seven of the police were wounded. The disproportionate casualties suggests that the affair is simply a massacre.

Brussels, 6.—Senator Raphael Bichoffheim, financier, is dead.

Ernest Dohm, humorist, is dead.

Paris, 6.—Louis Nicholas Beschereil, author and grammarian, is dead.

Hamburg, 6.—It being found impossible to raise the *Cambria*, the wreck will be blown up.

Vienna, 6.—The cabinet is still conferring. The Emperor presides over the conference to-day, which will discuss army re-organization, especially the increase in artillery, wherein that of Russia is known to double that of Austria.

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NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

ESTATE OF ROBERT WATSON,
DECEASED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN BY THE undersigned, Administrators of the Estate of Robert Watson, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the said Administrators at their residence in the 8th ward of Salt Lake City, Territory of Utah in the County of Salt Lake.

Dated January 2nd, 1881.

JAMES C. WATSON,
HUGH WATSON,
Administrators of Estate of Robert Watson, deceased.