

POPULATION-CAPITAL.

The best capital State can have is a sturdy, industrious and economical population. In these respects Utah Territory is favored...

Monied capital is rapidly increasing among us. The establishment of the co-operative stores, and other branches of business on the co-operative principle, is proving this...

Our neighboring States and Territories have had many advantages over us so far as monied capital is concerned. California especially has been flooded with means from abroad...

Another fact that has been forced home upon California, and which it required actual experience to convince her of, is that gold mines are not the greatest sources of wealth a Nation or State can have...

What a grand vindication are these statements of the wise policy which has governed the people of Utah. We have had to submit to considerable abuse and ridicule for not encouraging mining in our Territory...

ours. The results of this policy appear more visibly to-day than they ever did before, and every year will add to their importance. Every industrious, prudent man, woman or child brought to this country is an increase of wealth to the commonwealth...

By Telegraph.

CONGRESSIONAL SENATE.

The bill passed extending the charter of the city of Washington.

Howard made an effectual effort to have the joint resolution granting the right of way to the Memphis and El Paso Pacific Railroad referred.

The Pacific Railroad introduced a bill to carry into effect the Mexican Claims treaty. Passed.

Several bills relating to the District of Columbia, were introduced; also one to remove political disability.

Nye introduced a bill to insure the completion of the Washington monument. The bill makes Vanderbilt, Stewart and several others a committee for the purpose.

Howard submitted a substitute for the House joint resolution in regard to the meetings of the U. P. Railroad Company, which allows stockholders to meet at Washington on March 31, to elect a Board of Directors; and also authorizes them to establish a general office at such place in the United States as they may select.

Fessenden made an ineffectual effort to have the Indian appropriation bill considered a financial bill, and taken up.

Kellogg withdrew his pending amendments. Wilson modified his amendment requiring the Secretary of the Treasury, when greenbacks, and national bank currency exceed a hundred and fifty millions, to fund U. S. notes 10-40 till the amount of notes outstanding be reduced to three hundred and fifty millions.

Williams said the withdrawal of circulation from certain States proposed by the Finance committee would be a breach of faith. Sherman defended the bill, denying that it proposed injustice to any portion of the country, and objected to the amendments of Wilson and Williams because they involved a question of pending greenbacks, which implied a return to specie payment.

Sprague opposed the bill, claiming that it would not afford the promised relief to the South.

Morton spoke at length in defense of the bill and in opposition to the amendment of Wilson, which he characterized as substantially a proposed Treasury disbursement of two and a half millions annually. It would allow New England the undisturbed enjoyment of an unjustly large proportion of banking circulation, and proposed also a direct violation of the act to strengthen public credit.

Morton spoke at length and was followed by Fessenden in opposition to Williams' amendment, which was then rejected. After further discussion, the Senate went into Executive session; after which they took up and passed a bill abolishing the office of chief of staff. Adjourned till Monday.

Washington.—The Senate, to-day, confirmed the following nominations: Commander Calhoun to be Captain of the Navy; Lieut. Commanders Carpenter and Kirkland to be Commanders; Reader W. Clarke to be Third Auditor of the Treasury; Giles A. Smith, to be Second Assistant Postmaster-General; Moses H. Grinnell to be Collector of Customs at New York; Alonzo B. Cornell, Surveyor of New York; K. E. Merritt to be Naval Officer of New York; J. A. Wilson to be Collector of Customs, Puget Sound.

HOUSE. Yesterday the House committee on commerce voted the report with the amendments of the Senate of the bill to protect the fur seals, at seasons unsuitable for killing, after a stormy debate. There is but a small chance of the bill passing both Houses the present session.

Banks, from the committee on foreign affairs, reported a joint resolution declaring sympathy with the people of Cuba, that Congress will sustain the President when he deems it expedient to recognize the independence and sovereignty of the republican government.

Pomeroy introduced a bill to protect the rights of actual settlers on the public domain.

Cessia from the committee on elections reported that Covode had a prima facie right to a seat from the 21st district of Pennsylvania.

Failes, on behalf of four members of the committee made an opposite report; both were ordered printed.

Butler called up a motion to reconsider the vote referring to the Tenure of Office Repeal Bill. The Judiciary Committee suggested an additional House bill section, requiring the President to return the nominations to Congress within thirty days, after their being made. Considerable sparring ensued, Garfield and Farnsworth speaking of Butler, Logan and others as having allied themselves with the Democrats on this measure; which charge Logan refuted. After considerable discussion back and forth, in which a slight passage at arms occurred between Butler and Bingham, Butler moved the previous question, which the House refused to second, Democrats voting no—a circumstance to which Butler called their attention asking, where are our allies now. Bingham made an hour's speech in favor of concurring with the Senate Amendment, arguing that it was a substantial repeal of the law. The debate was continued by Davis, Hotchkiss, Garfield, Schenck, Blair and others. Finally, at 5 o'clock, the debate closed. The vote of reference was recorded.

The House refused to concur with the Senate amendment; seventy yeas, ninety-nines nays. The bill goes back to the Senate as a simple repeal of the law; adjourned till Monday.

GENERAL.

Chicago, 26.—Hon. Edward Bates, Attorney General under Lincoln, died at St. Louis yesterday.

An Omaha special says there is great dissatisfaction among the Indians on the upper Missouri reservation, at the manner in which the treaties are being carried out. It is said even Spotted Tail is complaining; an early outbreak is feared.

Washington.—The National Executive Committee of colored men; last night discussed a memorial to heads of departments, setting forth the claims of the colored people to a portion of the government patronage on the ground of their services in the war and subsequent election, and asking that a position be given them; no action taken.

Boston.—A fire in Commerce street, last night, destroyed over \$300,000 in value.

Washington, 26.—Among the nominations sent to the Senate to-day is that of Geo. G. Sims for associate judge of Montana. Wm. Kaps for collector of customs in Alaska. The rush of parties to the appointment office in the Treasury is so great that an order has had to be issued, excluding applicants for office until after each day's mail was read.

The commanders of the several arsenals are directed to reduce the number of enlisted men in the ordnance department. Grant discharges all those whose services can be dispensed with.

New York, 27.—The Pacific steamer Herman was totally lost 80 miles north of Yokohama, with Japanese troops.

Hartford.—A firm in this city has received a contract to build a granite marble mausoleum, in memory of Dean Richmond, to cost \$28,000.

New Orleans.—Auditor Wickliff, who was arrested yesterday, but released on bail, published a warning the public against transacting business with the Auditor's Bureau. He says the office was illegally seized by Gov. Warmouth. The financial department of the government was virtually suspended. Upon presenting himself at the Auditor's office yesterday with an appointment from Gov. Warmouth, Deboise was refused possession by Wickliff, whereupon the latter was ejected by the Superintendent of Police. The legal opinions given are that the Governor had no right to eject Wickliff. It could only be done by impeachment or indictment.

Atlanta.—A letter from a Republican has been published, pointing out the nature of the prospects of the Republican party of Georgia. It shows how the 15th amendment was defeated by combinations between Gov. Bullock, Ben. Hill and Robert Toombs. The moderate Republicans think if Georgia be again reconstructed, President Grant should appoint the Governor.

New York.—A mechanic employed on the Stevens battery, publishes a letter, saying the men are treated like dogs.

The Methodist book concern has paid a million dollars for a magnificent building in Broadway and 11th street.

Chicago.—The Republican's special says Fessenden thinks the day of adjournment can not be fixed till the Indian appropriation bill be disposed of.

Secretary Bottwell has notified fifty female clerks that they would be discharged at the end of the month. He is instituting a thorough inquiry into the State Department of the Treasury.

Atlanta, Georgia.—A negro charged with murder and rape, was taken from the jail in Dooley County, on Tuesday night by a disguised mob and burned to death.

Washington.—An interview took place to-night between the President and a delegation of Mississippians representing Conservative and Republican parties. The President thought the best plan to quiet the opposing parties in Mississippi, would be for Congress to authorize a resubmission of the constitution to the people, and a separate vote be taken, on the features objected to by Conservatives. In the meantime, the present military commander should control the State. Mail service has been extended to the Central Pacific, to the 597th mile. The track is laid to the 612th mile. Grading is finished to Ogden.

The Tribune's special says the House Military Committee has agreed to report favorably the resolution extending another year to the law allowing soldiers \$5 dollars a month. Unless this is passed in August to the amount which they had before the war.

The recent order, mustering out twenty infantry regiments will save the government fifty millions annually.

Secretary Fish declines to receive Lennes, minister of the Cuban insurgent government, in an official capacity at present. Lennes will appeal to Congress.

No nominations of President Grant's has yet been rejected; Longstreet was passed by yesterday because it was known it would lead to a long discussion.

A negro confined in the county jail yesterday deliberately set fire to the bed. There were four other negroes in the cell, which is very small. Before relief could reach them, all five were badly burned. It is feared three may die.

Washington.—The Senate confirmed as Postmasters, John Core, Georgetown, Colorado; H. P. Bennett, Denver; H. L. Sonora, California.

FOREIGN. Paris.—There were several large public meetings held here yesterday. Three persons were arrested for making seditious speeches.

Havana.—The appointment of Piumb is favorably received by the community. A letter from Mexico says that frequent secret interviews take place between Rosecrans and Juarez. The former urging the latter to recognize the French loan.

London.—Letters from Paraguay report that Lopez is at Parahibito town, fifteen leagues from Asuncion, with 5,000 soldiers and 30,000 non-combatants, consisting of families who followed him in the interior, and who are encamped in the vicinity.

General Mitre, with the allied forces, marched through the country to seize certain mountain passes. The occupation of which will prove fatal to the Paraguayans.

NOTICE. THE undersigned respectfully announces to the public that they have consolidated their business, and that on and after the 1st of November, 1909, they will be known as the City Meat Market, in the style and firm of Little, Garrett & Co. GEO. CHANDLER.

THEATRE.

Lucille Western, supported by Miss Annie Lockhart.

WESTERN MR. J. A. HERNE

Supported by Miss ANNIE LOCKHART AND A GREAT CAST OF THE COMPANY.

The management regret to announce that, owing to the severe indisposition of LUCILLE WESTERN, she will be unable to appear this evening.

This Evening, SATURDAY, MAR. 27, 1909, MR. J. A. HERNE

RIP VAN WINKLE

RIP VAN WINKLE, MR. J. A. HERNE, Miss ANNIE LOCKHART.

The performance will conclude with the beautiful Domestic Moral Drama, in 3 Acts, entitled

Rosina Meadows!

THE VILLAGE GIRL'S TEMPTATION. JETHRO BAXTER, MR. J. A. HERNE, Rosina Meadows, Miss ANNIE LOCKHART.

For Synopsis see Posters and Programme. MS. DOORS OPEN AT 7 o'clock. Performance commences punctually at 7 1/2.

LECTURE. MRS. AUGUSTA NINA ST. CLAIR

Will, by request, On Wednesday Evening, March 31st, Deliver the celebrated Lecture, written by her daughter, which was so highly commended by press and people, entitled

SIX WEEKS IN NEWFOUNDLAND

Tickets - One Dollar. On account of the limited size of the Hall, no second class tickets will be issued.

By an arrangement adopted many years ago, which has been popular in Australia, the West Indies, South America, Canada and the cities of the East, every ticket is entitled to an article of material goods, the most valuable of which is a SILVER PLATE, the worth of which is New York prices, from \$5 to \$70. This will positively be given to one of the patrons of the Lecture.

The Silver Ware can be seen in the windows of Stringfellow Bro's, Main Street. 107 1/2

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE

THE MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD AND CONNECTIONS.

Under its famous FOUR EXPRESS PASSENGER TRAINS DAILY between Chicago and New York, Boston, and all intermediate points in New England, New York and the Canadas.

The renowned Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars are run on this line, exclusively, from Chicago east, and are fully supplied on all night trains.

The famous PULLMAN HOTEL CARS leave daily on evening trains, running directly through to Rochester, N.Y., without change.

The passenger equipment of this line is unequalled by any other in the country, and will be found by anyone to possess all the requisites of SPEED, COMFORT AND SAFETY.

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE The Blue Line

Established January 1, 1867, for the carriage of PASSENGERS THROUGH WITHOUT TRANSFER.

This Line is owned and operated by the Michigan Central, Illinois Central, Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, Chicago and Alton, Great Western, St. Louis and New York Central, Hudson River, Boston and Albany, Providence and Worcester, Worcester and Nashua, Housatonic, and Jackson, Lansing and Saginaw Railroads.

THE "BLUE LINE"

Is the only route that offers to shippers of freight the advantage of an unbroken gauge of track from Chicago and the Mississippi river to the seaboard, and is of the

Same Gauge as the Union Pacific, Over which these cars will run on completion of that road.

THE BLUE LINE CARS ARE ALL OF UNIFORM BUILD, thus largely lessening the chances of delay from the use of cars of a mixed construction, and the consequent difficulty of repairs while remote from their own roads.

The Blue Line is operated by the Railroad Companies who own it, without the intervention of intermediate parties between the Shippers or Litter and the Public.

All claims promptly settled on their merits. Freight contracts given at the lowest rate of the Companies in New York, Boston and Chicago. H. S. HARRIS, General Agent, Chicago, Ill. H. C. WENTZ, General Agent, St. Louis, Mo. W. E. PEAR, General Agent, Chicago, Ill. J. D. HAYES, Detroit, Gen'l Manager Blue Line. d1071y

GREAT WESTERN

DESPATCH

FAST FREIGHT LINE!

New York and Boston

UTAH, COLORADO, MONTANA, ETC.

The Great Western Despatch is a Fast Freight Line established by the United States Express Company, for transporting Merchandise from New York and Boston west that will not bear Express charges.

Our Tariff from the East to the end of the U. P. R. R. is the same as charged by all the principal Railroad Lines.

27 Mark Freight for Colorado and New Mexico, "GREAT WESTERN DESPATCH," care of Megeath & Co., Cheyenne. For Utah and Montana, care of Megeath & Co., end of D.P.R.R.

CRONIN & PERRIS, AGENTS, SALT LAKE CITY. MEGEATH & Co., Cheyenne, M. H. HOVEY, New York, GEO. J. DOCKEY, Boston. d107 6m

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES!

WE wish again to call attention to these Justly celebrated Sewing Machines, and refer our friends to the large number of our clients to whom we have sold them, and whose families are now using them, to prove their superiority over all others.

Having been re-confirmed in our Agency for Utah,

A GOOD SUPPLY, Needles and Fixtures.

We wish it distinctly understood that we WARRANT EVERY MACHINE to give satisfaction, or will return the money.

We name a few of the many to whom we have sold these Machines:

A. O. Smoot, H. T. Burton, H. W. Lawrence, George Clawson, Geo. Kimball, Geo. Clark, A. P. Hookwood, Jno. Chislett, Walker Bros., S. A. Wooddy, Lewis Hillis, Thos. Grover, A. Carrington, Thos. Naylor, David Day.

BASSETT & ROBERTS, AGENTS.

NOTICE. ELDRIDGE & CLAWSON

HAVING CLOSED BUSINESS, Heroby notify ALL parties indebted to them, either by Note or Book Account, that the same must be settled IMMEDIATELY, or

Their account will be placed in the hands of an Attorney for collection. ELDRIDGE & CLAWSON. d1062a15 1w

READ THIS. THE PEOPLE'S TRADING STORE, TOOLEE CITY,

Corner of Main & Vine Sts., H.S. Gowan, Agent. KEEPS constantly on hand a large and choice assortment of DRY GOODS and GROCERIES. ALSO PROVISIONS of every description. Travellers to WILMINGTON and elsewhere can be supplied on reasonable terms. d1024w7 6m

DON'T READ ABOUT THE DOWNWARD BLASTS ON THE PROMONTORY!

BLASTERS, STRIKERS and first-class LABORERS; TEAMS provided with dump plank for hauling earth and gravel into pits, can find employment on the Promontory, about five miles north-west of Junction City, at camp of d105 6

Notice to the Public. HAVING SOLD our entire stock of Groceries, etc., to Zion's Co-operative Institution, and desiring to close our business without unnecessary delay, all persons knowing themselves indebted to us will please call and settle. A. C. PIPER & Co. d105 1f

Mrs. J. BULL, CONTINUING to give instructions in the Art of Cutting every article of CLOTHING for Ladies, Gents and Children, by the late Mrs. Curtis' Prime Models, Ladies, and yourselves of this opportunity, it will take you only a few hours. Residences, 17th Ward, near Union Academy. AGENTS Wanted in the various Settlements. d1074

AMERICAN Buttonhole, Overseaming AND SEWING MACHINE COMPANY

The Celebrated Combination Machines, manufactured by this Company are unquestionably superior to all others, making, in addition to all things done by best Lock Stitch Machines.

Button and Eye-Let HOLES In all fabrics, and OVERSEAMING. No one should purchase before examining this Machine, for from the great variety and excellence of work it has gained the unqualified endorsement of the best and

Only Complete Family Sewing Machine EVER MANUFACTURED. The Buttonhole is genuine—stronger stitch as by hand, but more regular and stronger. The Machine is now in use by Manufacturers, Dress makers, Tailors, Ladies' Shoemakers, etc., and gives the utmost satisfaction.

Send for Circulars and Samples to 1100 Chestnut Street, Pa., or 48 Broadway, New York.

815

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ZION'S

CO-OPERATIVE

MERCANTILE

INSTITUTION.

THIS INSTITUTION, having for its objects the consolidation of the Mercantile Interests of this Territory, and the distribution of General Merchandise to the people

At a Small Margin of Profit, takes pleasure in announcing that its business is fully organized and

Wholesale Stores

NOW OPENED

In the splendid building formerly occupied by

WM. JENNINGS & Co., KNOWN AS THE

EAGLE EMPORIUM,

AND IN THE OLD CONSTITUTION BUILDING,

LATELY OCCUPIED BY ELDRIDGE & CLAWSON.

EMPORIUM

Will be found a Complete Assortment of

DRY GOODS

CLOTHING,

HATS AND CAPS,

Boots and Shoes,

AND AT THE OLD CONSTITUTION BUILDING,

GROCERIES,

HARDWARE,

STOVES,

QUEENSWARE,

And Agricultural Implements.

The various Co-operative Firms, Jobbers throughout the Territory, and the Public generally, are cordially invited to call and examine this immense Stock of Goods, as the inducements offered are such as must insure their Liberal Patronage.

Parties at a distance, wishing to order Goods, either by letter or telegraph, are assured that their Goods will be promptly and carefully packed, marked and forwarded, according to instructions.

ON AS GOOD TERMS AS IF THEY THEMSELVES WERE PRESENT.

The services of Messrs. H. S. Bostie, John Clark, James Shilling, and other well known Business men are secured, which is a guarantee of satisfaction to the Patrons of the Institution.

called two Interves over our

H. B. CLAWSON, Salt Lake City, March 10, 1909. d271f