

and other property destroyed by the *Alabama*. He argued that the Southern States of the Union were alone responsible for the depredations of the *Alabama* and kindred ships, and that the government of Great Britain could not have legally detained the *Alabama*, for she was not armed when she left British waters.

The Earl of Lauderdale concurred in the view expressed by Redesdale.

Granville said he was glad the question had been raised, as it gave him an opportunity of stating that the adjustment made at Washington had not turned upon the point supposed by Redesdale, and that the crown adviser had not even suggested it. He promised that, before the treaty was ratified, there should be ample opportunity for a full consideration of its provisions, but in the meantime he expressed regret at the occurrence of desultory discussions in the House of Commons.

Gladstone announced that the Whitsuntide recess would be from May 26th to June 1st.

The Marquis of Huntington advocated a bill providing for the protection of life and property in Ireland, by authorizing local suspensions of the writ of *Habeas Corpus*.

BERLIN, 12.—In the German parliament to-day Bismarck gave the particulars of his recent visit to Frankfurt, to confer with Favre and others. He said that if the object sought had not been accomplished, the Germans would have taken possession of Paris and demanded the withdrawal of the Versailles forces behind the Loire. The treaty which was concluded hastens the payment of the war indemnity to Germany. Half a milliard of it is to be paid by France in thirty days after the entry of the Versailles army into Paris, and a milliard more before the end of December of the present year. Then only will the Germans evacuate the Paris forts. As to the abrogation of the commercial treaty, Bismarck stated the withdrawal of France from the maintenance of that instrument was mainly for the purpose and in the hope of the receipt of increased customs duties, with which to liquidate her indebtedness. The ratifications of the treaty are to be exchanged on the 20th inst.

PARIS, 12.—The Commune searched the bank for arms, but none were discovered. The newspaper *Social* proposes the immediate execution of all the central committee. It is said the committee will retire.

There is a rumor that the nationals are evacuating Vanvres.

VERSAILLES, 12.—A letter of Count Chambord is published, bidding for the throne. Rengour says there is increasing discouragement among the nationals, who attempt to assassinate Dombrowski.

VERSAILLES, 13.—Issey Seminary has been captured; the federal loss was considerable. At Oiseaux eight cannons were captured, a hundred federals killed, and several hundred prisoners taken. The approaches are actively pushed. There is a cannonade of the entire federal works.

McMahon has addressed the soldiers, apparently for a grand attack.

PARIS, 13.—A stranger presented himself at Vendome and insisted on seeing Dombrowski, but was refused. He quarrelled with the sentinel, who bayoneted him, causing death. On his person was found a revolver.

Delescluse has had four nationals shot for treason.

LONDON, 13.—The *Times*' Paris special says the bank clerks are armed, victualled and resolved to stand a siege. More newspapers are suppressed. There is fighting at St. Quentin; and the sphere of the attack is extending.

The German commander has demanded the disarmament of the northern enciente.

The *Times* says the basis of the essential provisions of the Washington treaty will be certainly adopted by the Senate. The treaty is the result of mutual concession. The *Times* finds nothing in it inconsistent with the national honor of England, and is ready to sacrifice to restore unity between the two great branches of the Anglo-Saxon family.

The *Daily News* says there has been a naval combat on the Anteuil viaduct, and one of the insurgent gunboats was sunk. Fifty thousand Versailles cross the Seine to-night, going to strengthen the troops at Bois de Boulogne and Belancourt.

The *Telegraph* says there was a strong reconnaissance made under Dombrowski, but was repulsed by the Versailles.

Napoleon is better.

The Spanish Senate has adopted, by 85 to 23, an address in reply to the speech from the throne.

Insurgents in central Asia, under Saidik, have commenced hostilities against Russia.

Paris specials say a levy *en masse* is expected. Cecilia becomes general-in-chief. The Commune demands ten millions from the bank. Fifty thousand men are encamped at Germain to join Donal in a grand attack. The residence of Thiers has been destroyed. The furniture of Pallao was sold to-day. The Vendome still stands.

PARIS, 13.—It is said Rossel is at Belleville, where he is arranging for the safety of the city.

In case the Versailles take the ramparts the republican league will join the Communists.

PARIS, 14, a.m.—The central committee has ordered a general search, which is progressing, for arms and persons inimical to the government of the Commune. Grousset, federal minister of foreign affairs, has issued a protest against the declaration of Thiers that the Commune has disregarded the provisions of the convention of Geneva with regard to explosive bullets. The Versailles themselves are guilty of the same infractions. Communal accounts say an attempt of the Versailles forces to throw a bridge over the Seine had been repulsed. The Versailles continue to gain ground in the direction of Maillet gate.

Vanvres is still in the possession of the Federals.

VERSAILLES, 13.—Favre communicated to the Assembly, to-day, the treaty of peace with Germany, negotiated at Frankfurt. The hardness of the terms occasioned much emotion among the members.

Thirty thousand men are in the Bois de Boulogne, sheltered by the trenches of the besiegers.

Yesterday the insurgents attempted a sortie from the porte Dauphine. The head of the column was allowed to advance a little, when suddenly 23 shells burst among them and the column was blown to atoms, the few remaining fled in terror.

Vanvres will soon surrender. The troops in the trenches are only one hundred metres from the fort, which has not fired a shot in twenty-four hours. Shells are fired from Mendon every minute, and the viaduct at Anteuil has been smashed to pieces. The troops are in excellent spirits and anxious to fight.

VERSAILLES, 14.—Nothing new in the line of military operations. All was quiet last night. The breaching batteries are now ready to open fire upon the enciente of Paris.

A circular of Thiers says the troops have undertaken to open trenches in the Bois de Boulogne. Communication between the forts of Montrouge and Vanvres is cut. The lyceum of the Prince Imperial, in the village of Vanvres, is occupied, and operations are advancing at all points, for the deliverance of Paris. The Versailles forces have occupied Fort Vanvres. The federal garrison escaped by a subterranean passage, to Montrouge. Fifty guns, eight mortars and a few prisoners were captured.

LONDON, 14.—A Paris dispatch says Auber is dead; aged 89.

ST. PETERSBURG, 14.—Active preparations are making for war, against Khiva, a portion of Turkistan, which has commenced war against Russia.

LOCAL AND OTHER MATTERS.

FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY

MORGAN COUNTY.—Isaac Bowman, of Morgan County, who got in from there yesterday, gives a very gratifying account of the condition of matters in that section. As yet it is perfectly free from the presence of grasshoppers and unless visited by those hatched in other localities, it will remain so, as none of the eggs were deposited there last fall. The present appearance of the grain gives promise of the most abundant harvest ever reaped there. Some attention has been given to prospecting for minerals around that quarter, and it is reported that some discoveries of importance have been made in Hardscrabble canyon, south of Porterville, and in Cottonwood Canyon, a short distance east of Mountain Green.

BROUGHT TO TOWN.—Yesterday afternoon a young man, twenty years of age, named Andrew Peterson, was brought in from Little Cottonwood Canyon where, on Tuesday last, he had met with a very severe accident. He had been engaged for some time in cutting and sliding timber, and it was while thus engaged that the accident occurred. The most serious of his injuries are in his head. It is feared that the skull is severely fractured and doubts are entertained as to his ultimate recovery. He has been placed in the old City Hall, where every necessary care, medical and

otherwise, is being bestowed upon him. The unfortunate man is from Bear Lake Valley, where his parents are at present residing.

Since the above was in type we have learned that the young man is much better to-day, that the injury to the skull was not so severe as at first anticipated, and that he is likely to recover. He was able to answer some questions put to him this morning, being the first time he has spoken since the occurrence of the accident.

GRASSHOPPERS IN IRON COUNTY.—Our correspondent at Parowan, W. C. McGregor, under date of the 8th inst., sends the following:

"The grasshoppers are extremely bad here this Spring, and threaten to take everything. A public meeting was called on the evening of the 4th inst., and a unanimous vote was taken to turn out *en masse* next morning, which was done. We are fighting them by burning, trenching, digging holes and burying them, etc. The chickens have been taken out, in force, all over the fields. One plan, which many favor, is to take birch brush, and weave the butt ends through the forward end of a drag or frame, of some weight, made for the purpose, weave in the brush six or eight inches thick, and drag over the wheat as we would a mammoth broom lying on its side, with a weight on top. This will kill a great many hoppers while they are young, and does not seem to hurt the young grain. Some of the people are almost discouraged; for as soon as one batch is destroyed another is hatched out. There are many more hoppers here now than there were in '69, when they took all our crops, but then we did not know how to fight them as we do now. The counsel is to keep fighting them and not give up, and we hope, by continued exertions, to save at least a part of our crops."

OBSEQUIES.—A very large concourse of relatives and friends assembled this afternoon at the residence of Brother William Jennings, to pay the last tribute of respect to and attend the funeral services of his deceased wife, Sister Jane Jennings. Among those present were Presidents Brigham Young and D. H. Wells, and Elders John Taylor and George Q. Cannon. The Tabernacle choir was in attendance, and opened the services by singing, when prayer was offered by Elder John Taylor. Singing again by the choir, was followed by an address from President B. Young, full of principle, rich instruction, and consolation to the bereaved. During his remarks he briefly showed, from the gospel of Jesus Christ, that the object of our mortal life is to prepare for immortality hereafter, and the glory that would be participated in and enjoyed by those who honor their being, their Creator and His commands and requirements during their earthly sojourn.

Elder George Q. Cannon followed in a short and consolatory address, when the choir sang and the services terminated with prayer by President Wells.

The scene, as all such are, was solemn and painful, for however great the consolations derived from faith in the gospel the loss of a beloved wife and tender mother is ever the occasion of the most poignant grief. If, however, the sympathy of numerous friends and the hopes inspired by faith in latter-day revelation can afford consolation, we are assured the family of the deceased had the benefit of the same on the distressing occasion.

The remains were followed to the cemetery by a large number of carriages, filled with leading citizens.

HOME NEWS.

SCIPIO, May 11.

The co-operative store of this place on the 10th inst., declared a dividend of fifty-seven per cent for the last six months. Grasshoppers are appearing in large quantities in and about our fields.

OGDEN, 12.

A lead of cinabar has been discovered five miles north of here, in the mountains between Ogden and north Ogden. It assays an excellent quality of quicksilver. A quantity has been sent to Omaha, for accurate assay. A ton or more will be forwarded to Salt Lake shortly, to determine the amount of quicksilver per ton. It was discovered by Messrs. Nellis, Caley and Driver. It is well defined, and is traced for a thousand feet.

SMITHFIELD, May 13.

A fire, caused from stove pipe, consumed the upper part of a new frame building, just finished, belonging to Lars Tooleson. The loss estimated at \$300. Fires are seen in the fields nearly all over the country; far ners burning grasshoppers.

BEAVER, May 13.

The Pioche stage arrived here, having six passengers for Salt Lake. The *Ely Record* states that Wells, Fargo & Co. shipped, during the last few days, through their agent, Rot. Sides, by the way of Salt Lake, from Meadow Valley Company, and Raymond & Ely bullion amounting to 24,579 dollars and 58 cts.

The quantity of water delivered daily in Pioche, by companies and individuals, amounts to 5,700 gallons, at five cents per gallon, making the average cost of water for Pioche 285 dollars daily.

A Poet asked a friend what he thought of his last production, "An Ode to sleep." "You have done such justice to the subject that it is impossible to read it without feeling its whole weight," was the reply.

LOST, on the 6th inst., between Wellsville and Box Elder, a *Bundle of Bedding*. The finder will confer a favor by leaving the same at the Logan Tithing Office. \$30 w15 1e

Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy is no Patent Medicine humbug, gotten up to dupe the ignorant and credulous, but is a perfect specific for Nasal Catarrh, "Cold in the head," and kindred diseases. The proprietor, R. V. Pierce, M. D., of Buffalo, N. Y., offers \$500 for a case he cannot cure. Sold by druggists or sent by mail for sixty cents. A pamphlet free.

"There's nothing like it."—"Don't wish for better." "Better than any other we have used." "Like it much." "Can't speak too highly of it." "There can be no fault found with it." "Can testify to its superiority." Don't use any other. These are a few quotations from the hundreds of testimonials in favor of DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER, which is the only chemically pure, harmless, healthy and nutritious article of the kind in market. Perfectly reliable, easy to use, convenient and recommended by all. For sale by grocers. DOOLEY & BROTHER, Proprietors, 69 New Street, New York.

NOTICE.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—That cash entry, No. 2607, for the Townsite of Manti, Sanpete Co., Utah, made May 15, 1871, embracing: The S half of Sec 1, and the E half of NE quarter and the NE of S E quarter of Sec. 11, and all of Sec 12, Township 18, S Range 2 E, and Lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, Sec 7, and Lot 7, Sec 6, Township 18, S Range 3 E, containing 1,280 acres, has been made in trust for the inhabitants, and is now ready to be disposed of in Lots to any person or persons entitled thereto.

All persons claiming to be owners or possessors of any portion of said entry will take due notice and make application, as provided in the Statutes of Utah.

LUTHER T. TUTTLE, Mayor.

Manti City, U. T., May 15, 1871. w15 8m

AN ORDINANCE

REGULATING CELLAR-WAYS ON THE SIDEWALKS.

SEC. 1.—Be it ordained by the City Council of Salt Lake City that cellar-ways, or entrances to the basement of buildings on the sidewalks of this city, may be constructed, not to exceed three feet in width, and running parallel with the building on the line of the lots; said entrances to be protected by iron railings and gates not less than three feet high; subject to the approval of the Street Supervisor; the owners of such property being responsible for damages accruing from accidents resulting therefrom.

SEC. 2.—All entrances to basements heretofore established or constructed, must within sixty days be made to conform to the requirements of this Ordinance.

SEC. 3.—Any person refusing or neglecting to comply with the provisions of this Ordinance shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars.

Passed May 2nd, 1871.

DANIEL H. WELLS, Mayor.

ROBERT CAMPBELL, City Recorder.

TERRITORY OF UTAH, } s.s.
SALT LAKE CITY. }

This certifies that the foregoing is a true copy of the Ordinance passed by the City Council.

Given under my hand and the Corporate Seal of Salt Lake City this 4th day of May, A. D. 1871.

ROBERT CAMPBELL, City Recorder.

d146 2eod w15 1

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For Wheat, Flour and Corn Meal. Two run of Stone, with Bolting Chest and Smut Machine; complete for \$1200.

FARM MILLS
For Stock Feed.

Best French Burrs.

Write for Descriptive Pamphlet.

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Box 1430, CINCINNATI, Ohio.
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Is now regarded as the STANDARD BAKING POWDER, and the best article prepared for making light, wholesome and delicious BISCUITS, ROLLS, BREAD, GRIDDLE and other CAKES, &c., &c. It is infallible, and always ready for immediate use. The best YEAST POWDER for use on long SEA VOYAGES to ANY PART OF THE GLOBE. It is convenient and economical. NO WASTE OF FOOD PREPARED WITH IT. Sold everywhere by GROCERS, SHIP-CHANDLERS and DEALERS.

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WHOLESALE DEPOT,
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