

of the U. S. Supreme Court, in the Osage ceded land case, in favor of the settlers; this decision secures the homes of 3,000 families. Three hundred guns have been fired, bells are ringing, bonfires burning, flags flying, and speeches are being made this evening by the Hon. W. L. Simons and other champions of the settlers' cause. Mayor Stoddart has issued a proclamation appointing Saturday of this week as a day of general rejoicing over the decision. It is expected that 10,000 people will be present.

ST. LOUIS, 10.—The *Globe-Democrat's* Jefferson City special says it is alleged that the U. S. District Court sentenced Col Joyce for six months longer time than the law calls for, and therefore the sentence is void; this question, it is said, will soon be tested in an attempt to take him out of the penitentiary on a writ of *habeas corpus*.

District Attorney Dyer stated, to-day, that if the new point raised in the McKee case is sustained by Judge Dillon, he will go before the district court and call for the appearance of Gen. Babcock to answer the original indictment against him, and if he does not answer he will ask for the forfeiture of his bond and that a *capias* be issued for his arrest.

NEW YORK, 10.—Andreas Fuchs, who recently chopped a fellow workman to pieces in Brooklyn, was to-day found guilty of murder in the first degree; he will be sentenced to-morrow.

Mrs. Morgan, sister of the famous Gen. John Morgan, of Tennessee, committed suicide here yesterday by taking laudanum; the cause is attributed to excessive grief over the loss of her daughter some time ago.

NEW YORK, 11.—The *World's* Washington special says that some of the officers of the army are discussing the question of convening a court-martial for Babcock's trial; they find abundant charges.

The bill reducing the President's salary is about to be vetoed by Grant.

The *Herald's* Washington special thinks that General Hancock is the coming democratic candidate for President.

The receiver of the Security Savings Bank, which suspended some time ago, has discovered that J. M. Seal, the bookkeeper and teller, is a defaulter to the extent of \$70,000. Seal is a married man and received a yearly salary of six hundred dollars. His operations date back to 1872; the culprit has fled.

A portion of the trestle work on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railway, at the Passaic river crossing, which is several hundred feet high, fell yesterday while a number of men were employed strengthening it; two men were killed and three others injured, probably fatally.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says that Secretary Fish has sent to Hoffman, Charge d'Affaires at London, an official note informing him that the United States cannot, under any circumstances, take cognizance of the act of the British Parliament of 1870, touching extradition treaties, and peremptorily refusing to give any assurance whatever that Winslow, the Boston forger, shall not be tried for any crime except that for which extradition is asked.

Fuchs, the murderer of Simons, was, to-day, sentenced to be hanged June 2nd.

BALTIMORE, 11.—In the U. S. Court, yesterday, Judge Gurs, under the recent Supreme Court decision, sustained the demurrer to the indictments in the recent election cases of the violation of the enforcement act, and discharged all the prisoners, fifty-six in number.

CHICAGO, 11.—The *Times* Indianapolis special says the *Sentinel*, this morning, contains the following charge against Mr. Blaine, editorially—"J. C. Harrison, a prominent banker of this city is in possession of a secret the exposure of which will forever blast the prospects of a certain prominent candidate for the Presidency. It is this—an entry appears in the minutes of the executive committee of the board of directors of the Union Pacific R. R. Company, of Dec. 16, 1871, showing that \$64,000 of the company's money found its way into the hands of some person who had no right to it. At a meeting of the board of directors in September 1872, Harrison who has been a member of that board for a number of years, through the influence of Senator Morton, introduced a resolution calling for a committee to investigate the matter, and report

who secured this large sum of money, and all the circumstances attending its disbursement. No sooner had this been done than Mr. Rollins, secretary of the board, quietly went to Mr. Harrison, and said—"You must withdraw that resolution, an investigation will involve Mr. Blaine, and defeat his reelection, he got the money." The resolution was withdrawn. These facts are known to Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, who was present at the time the resolution was introduced and withdrawn, as a member of the board of directors. It is proper to say that a lot of worthless Arkansas R. R. bonds, were deposited as collateral security for this money. Mr. Harrison's testimony before a committee of Congress, in connection with the fraud, would be both interesting and startling; by all means let him be called, the country is entitled to the disclosure. "Let no guilty man man escape!"

Faulkner, of the House committee on foreign affairs interviewed Fish yesterday, in regard to Col. Steinberger's mission to the Samoan Islands, and was assured by him that Steinberger, the last time he went to Samoan Islands did not go in the capacity of agent of the U. S., but entirely on his own private account, and that he does not in any respect or degree represent the United States, and has no authority whatever from the Government of the U. S.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., 11.—At Osceola, yesterday, a half-witted drunken inebriate, named Jno. Diltz, who has been making his home with his brother-in-law, James Baldwin, cut the throat of his sister, Mrs. Baldwin, and then, going to the woods near the house, cut his own throat from ear to ear. Sheriff Turnock, who has just returned from the scene of the tragedy, says that Mrs. Baldwin was seen to leave the house this afternoon, and take a short cut across the field to where her husband was at work; after going a short distance she returned, and on some of the neighbors going to the house shortly after, she was found lying dead on the kitchen floor, in a great pool of blood, with a knife in her hand. Bloody steps were seen leading from the house to a gate, and following them up the body of Diltz was found with his throat cut from ear to ear. The belief is that he had a quarrel with his sister, and murdered her, and then committed suicide.

ST. LOUIS, 11.—Max Blumenthal, formerly deputy collector at St. Marks, Florida, was arrested here yesterday for stealing money belonging to the United States Collector's office at that point; he left for Florida last night, in charge of Geo. P. Fowler, of the secret service.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., 11.—Wool is flat and prices weak and unsettled. Colorado washed 21 @ 25; unwashed 18 @ 20; extra and Merino pulled 35 @ 40; No. 1 and superfine pulled 33 @ 37; Texas fine and medium 18 @ 22; coarse 17 @ 19; Cala fine and medium 20 @ 22; coarse 18 @ 20.

ST. LOUIS, 11.—The *Times* has an interview with Captain Joseph La Barge, an old and well known steamboat man, in which La Barge is represented as stating that some time ago he ran freight on the Upper Mississippi River for the government, the bill for which amounted to \$1,400; the amount was approved by Col. Easton, the quartermaster, and sent to Washington with La Barge's receipt in full attached. Shortly afterwards La Barge received a letter from Gen. Meigs that his account was disallowed; subsequently John McDonald called on La Barge and asked what he would give to have the account collected, and offered to collect it for half its amount. La Barge agreed to this and in a few days McDonald called again and paid him \$700. On another occasion La Barge sent an account to Washington for \$650, and received word in reply that he must take half or nothing. La Barge wrote to Senator Boggy about the matter asking him to look into it for him, and Boggy replied advising him to take what he could get.

The motion for a new trial in the case of Adler and Furst, recently convicted on fifty-five counts of the indictment against them, in the District Court at Jefferson City, was overruled by Judge Kackle, also the motion in arrest of judgment; the bondsmen of these parties offered to give them up to-day. Sentence will be passed in all the whiskey cases tried before Judge Kackle on Saturday next.

WASHINGTON, 11.—The committee on foreign affairs have decided not to admit the testimony with reference to Lyon's character for truth and veracity.

O. J. Hollister, late collector of Internal Revenue for Utah, corroborated the statement made by Judge McKean, yesterday, to the effect that the Judge could obtain \$100,000 if he would favor Lyon's lawsuit relative to the Emma Mine.

Clymer's committee, to-day, examined Lieut. Shoemaker, who testified that the contracts for fuel, at Ft. Rene, were awarded to the highest bidder; the officers at the Fort protested against this but without avail.

The committee on military affairs continued the examination of General Boughton to-day. He testified that he was approached by General Bridgeland, who proposed to drop all the cases against him and the others indicted with him for \$10,000, which sum was afterwards reduced to \$5,000. Finding that he was illegally indicted, and believing that the same influences that got him indicted would continue to persecute him, he did offer to compromise.

Moore, special agent of the Treasury, testified that while he was assessor in Texas, Boughton was democratic candidate for the U. S. Senate, and he heard Bridgeland say that he thought he could do the republicans some good by putting forth these charges against Boughton. The witness afterwards discovered some irregularities on Bridgeland's part, and he preferred charges against him. Witness published a republican paper then, and would have been glad to make a point against Boughton if it could be done fairly.

Bridgeland appears before the committee to-morrow.

Doctor Simkins testified before the civil service committee on the Purman case, confirming the two witnesses who swore last week that Purman told them he would not sell a cadetship for \$300 because another party had offered \$500. In reply to a question from Carpenter witness said he was a "democrat, a clean cut right through rebel, sir."

Green testified that he was at work with Cowart at the time the alleged interview took place about the bond and blood money, and he heard no such conversation.

Judge Hood, who has been charged with receiving money from Sawyer, the mail contractor, for services in securing mail contracts, testified before the investigating committee this morning, that he received \$13,000 for his services as attorney from 1895 to 1898; the remainder of the money which he was charged with receiving was to pay loans which he negotiated for Sawyer.

The story accredited to the Indianapolis *Sentinel*, of yesterday, has been in circulation for some time past in private political circles. Blaine, on being made acquainted with it, promptly denied it, stating that it was entirely a sensational and unfounded story. The story, as repeated in Washington circles, was that a draft was paid for Blaine's benefit by Morton Bliss, of New York, and afterwards taken up by E. H. Rollins, treasurer of the Union Pacific Railroad. In taking measures recently to correct it, Blaine received the following letters—

"N. Y. April 6th.

"To J. G. Blaine, Wash'n.
"Dear Sir—In answer to your inquiry, we beg to say that no draft, note or check, or other evidence of value ever passed through our books, in which you were known or supposed to have any interest of any kind, direct or indirect. Very respectfully,
(Signed)
"MORTON BLISS & Co."

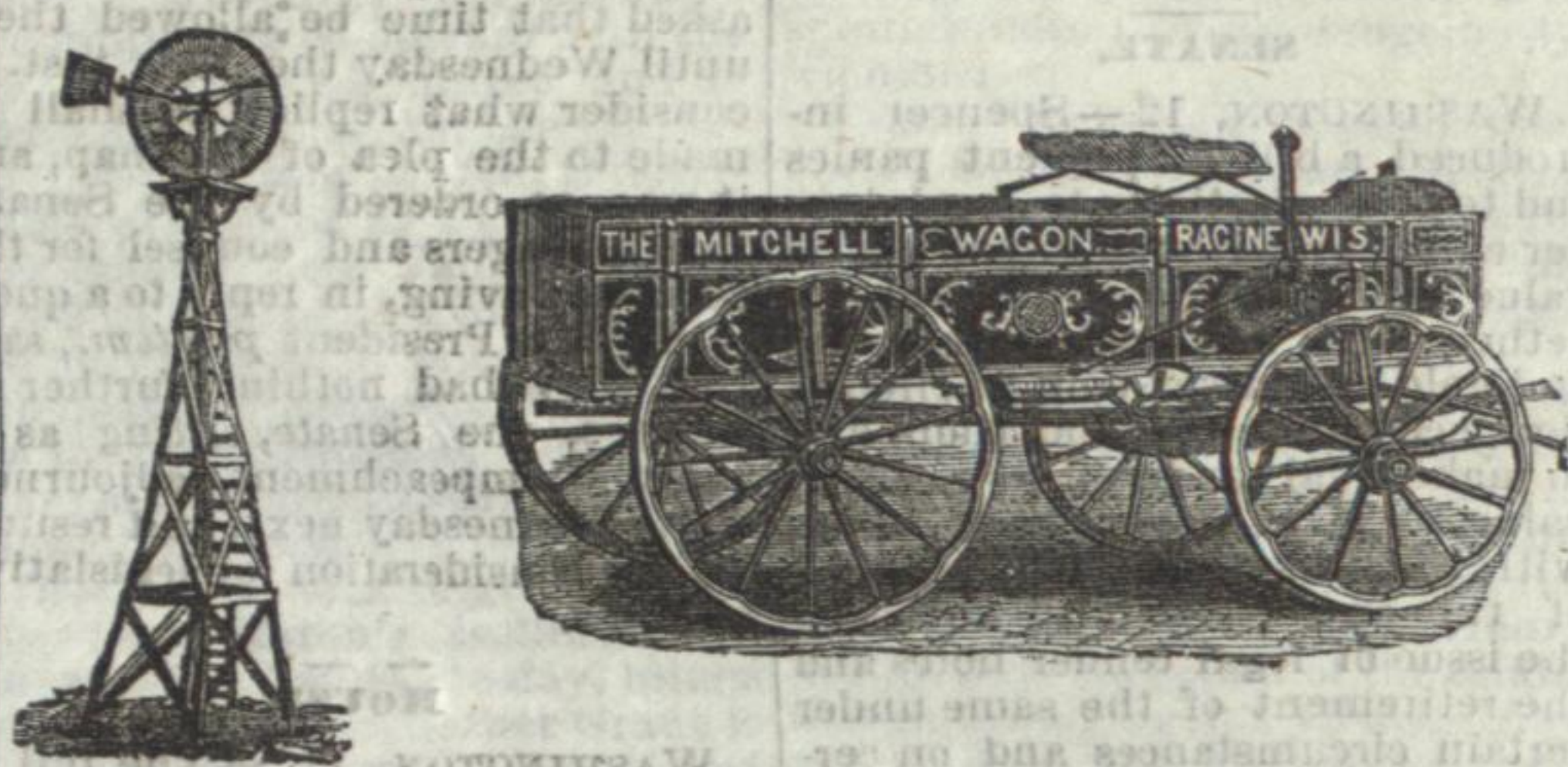
Also the following—

"J. G. Blaine, Washington.

"Dear Sir—In response to your inquiry, I beg leave to state that I have been treasurer of the U. P. R. R. since April 8, 1871, and have necessarily known of all disbursements made since that date. During that entire period, up to the present, I am sure that no money has been paid in any way or to any person by the Co., in which you were interested in any manner whatever. I make this statement in justice to the company, to you and to myself.
"Very respectfully,
"E. H. ROLLINS."

A private dispatch from Columbia says that the north Carolina delegation to Cincinnati favor Morton.

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