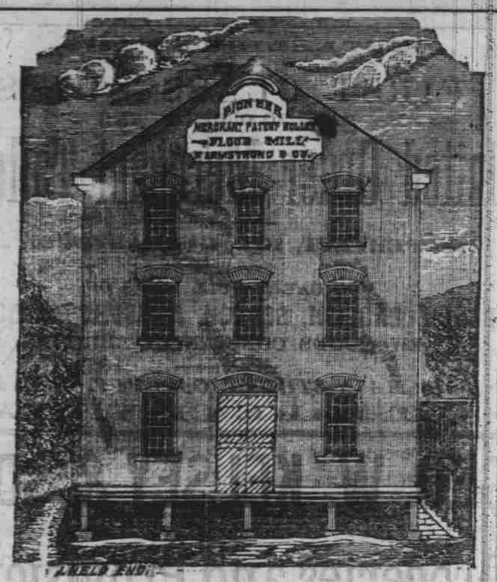

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FLOUR:

Patent, No. 1 and No. 2 BAKER.

— ALSO THE —

PURIFIED MIDDLING FLOUR.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE paid for WHEAT.

F. ARMSTRONG & CO.

PEOPLE'S FORWARDING COMPANY,

SALT LAKE CITY.

BUY, SELL and HANDLE ON COMMISSION

CATTLE, SHEEP, FLOUR, GRAIN, HAY, PRODUCE, SALT, Etc.

☞ Have the Finest STORAGE facilities in the City.

OFFICES, 1, 2 & 3 COMMERCE BUILDING; WAREHOUSE, OPPOSITE D. & R. G. RY. DEPOT.

SELLING BY SAMPLE A SPECIALTY.

Consignments Solicited and Advances Made.

DENVER AND RIO GRANDE RAILWAY.

THE NEW

POPULAR TRANS-CONTINENTAL ROUTE

NOW OPEN FOR

BUSINESS,

BETWEEN

OGDEN, SALT LAKE,

LEADVILLE,

Red Mountain, Gunnison,

— AND —

SAN JUAN MINING DISTRICTS,

PEUBLO, DENVER,

And all points on the entire system in

Utah, Colorado and New Mexico.

ON AND AFTER

SUNDAY, JULY 1st, 1883.

The Atlantic Express Train, composed of Pullman Palace Sleepers and elegant first-class coaches, will leave Ogden daily at 8:45 a. m. (on arrival of train from San Francisco) and Salt Lake City at 10:30 a. m., making direct connection at Pueblo and Denver for Kansas City, St. Louis, Chicago, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, and all Eastern, Northern and Southern points.

The Pacific Express Train from Denver, Pueblo and Eastern points will arrive in Salt Lake City daily at 5:45 a. m. and Ogden 7:25 a. m. making direct connection with the Central Pacific Trains for the Pacific Coast.

Local Trains leave Springville at 6:57 a. m., Salt Lake City 8:30 a. m., arriving in Ogden 10:40 a. m.; returning, leave Ogden 2:47 p. m., Salt Lake City 4:32 p. m., arriving at Springville at 6:47 p. m.

Leave Salt Lake City for all points on Bingham and Alta Branches at 7:02 a. m., arrive 6:22 p. m.

For Scofield and Coal Mine, leave Salt Lake City 10:30 a. m., arrive 5:45 p. m.

An Accommodation Train will leave Pleasant Valley Junction at 7:47 a.m., Thistle 10:57 a.m., Springville 12:43 p.m., Provo 1:32 p.m., arriving at Salt Lake City at 6:02 p. m. This rate will run daily except Sundays.

☞ Passengers will not be carried on Freight Trains.

D. C. DODGE, Gen'l Manager. F. C. NIMS, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

W. H. BANCROFT, Gen'l Sup't. E. A. MUDGETT, Gen'l Agt. Pass. Dep't.

Salt Lake City.

THE SHORTEST

— AND —

MOST DIRECT

Route to the East

IS VIA THE

ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE

Which connects in a Union Depot at

PUEBLO

WITH THE

Denver & Rio Grande Ry.

This New Line

Is Splendidly Equipped with

Pullman Sleeping Cars,

Elegant Day Coaches,

STEEL RAILS, BEST RAILROAD RATING HOUSES IN THE COUNTRY, INSURING

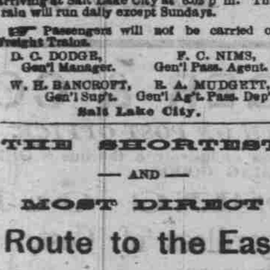
SPEED! SAFETY! COMFORT! LUXURY!

☞ *Quickest Time to the Missouri River.* ☜

P. G. FLYNN, General Agent. Salt Lake City, Utah.

W. F. WHITE, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Ag't. Topeka, Kan.

S. V. DERRAH, Traveling Agent, Salt Lake City, Utah.



☞ Ask for the Corrugated Stove Pipe Elbow. It gives the Best Satisfaction and meets with Quick Sales.

☞ For Sale by Z. C. M. I. branch Stores

Overland House,

Three Doors South of Walker House,

Main St., Salt Lake City, Utah

☞ Better accommodation at Less Rates than any other Second-Class House in the City.

TERMS:

$1.00 TO $1.75 PER DAY ACCORDING TO ROOM.

W. A. PITT, Proprietor.

☞ Take the Street Cars that pass to and from the Depot, and pay no attention to Runners from other Hotels. (38)

UTAH CENTRAL RAILWAY.

Pioneer Line of Utah!

The Old Reliable Standard Gauge Solid Road Bed---First Class Equipment.

RUNNING BETWEEN

Ogden, Salt Lake, Provo, Nephi, Juab, Milford and Frisco.

ON AND AFTER

October 1, '83.

Four express trains leave Salt Lake for Ogden daily as follows:

Pacific express at 6:10 a.m.

Atlantic express at 7:00 a.m., Park City Express, 3:00 p.m. Special express at 7:30 p.m. Arrive in Ogden at 7:40 a.m.; 8:20 a.m.; 4:25 p.m. and 9 p.m.

Express trains leave Ogden at 7:00 a.m. 8:30 a.m.; 10:30 a.m. and 5:15 p.m. Arrive at Salt Lake 8:30 a.m.; 9:50 a.m.; 12:00 noon and 6:45 p.m.

Express train leaves Salt Lake daily at 7:00 a.m. for Juab and intermediate stations, and connects with Salt Lake Western Railway for Tintic, and with Sanpete Valley Railway for Sanpete.

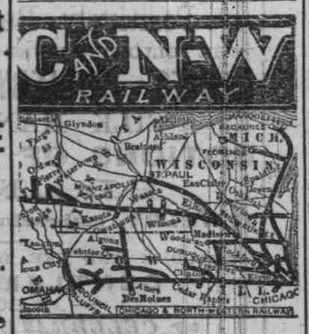
Through express leaves Salt Lake at 3:05 p.m., and connects with Stage Lines at Milford and Frisco for Southern Utah, Nevada and Arizona.

Express train from Juab and intermediate points arrives at Salt Lake at 6 p.m.

Through express from Frisco and Milford, Arrives at Salt Lake 9:30 a.m.

JAMES SHARP, Asst. Gen. Supt. FRANCIS COPE, Gen. P. & T. Agt.

JOHN SHARP, Genl. Supt.



THE

CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY

Is the OLDEST BEST CONSTRUCTED BEST EQUIPPED and hence the

LEADING RAILWAY OF THE

WEST AND NORTHWEST!

It is the Short, Sure and Safe Route between

COUNCIL BLUFFS AND CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE

And all points EAST, such as

Niagara Falls, New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Washington, Baltimore, Pittsburgh, Montreal, Toronto, Detroit, Cleveland.

At Council Bluffs the Trains of the Chicago & North-Western and the U. P. Railways depart from and arrive at the same Union Depot.

At Chicago, close connections are made with the Lake Shore, Michigan-Central, Baltimore & Ohio, Fort Wayne and Pennsylvania, and Chicago & Grand Trunk Railways and Pan Handle Route.

PULLMAN PALACE DRAWING ROOM CARS

Are run on all through trains of this road.

It is the Only Road upon which are Run the celebrated

North-Western Dining Cars

WEST OR NORTHWEST OF CHICAGO.

Insist upon Ticket Agents selling you Tickets via this road. Examine them, and refuse unless if they do not read over the Chicago & North-Western Railway.

If you wish the Best Traveling Accommodations you will buy your Tickets by this route. ☞ AND WILL TAKE NONE OTHER.

All Ticket Agents sell Tickets by this Line.

J. D. LAYNG, Gen'l Supt., Chicago.

W. H. STENNETT, Gen. Pass. Agent, Chicago.

W. N. BABCOCK, General Agent, GEO. D. WILLIAMSON, Traveling Agent, Denver, Colorado.

WATSON BROS.,

STONECUTTERS & BUILDERS.

Tombstones, Monuments, Marble Mantels, Iron Mantles, Grates and Hearth Stones.

1278 & 1280 SOUTH TEMPLE ST. Opposite Assembly Hall.

TUTT'S PILLS

TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER, and MALARIA.

From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Exctation of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION, and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. As a Liver medicine TUTT'S PILLS have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these three "scavengers of the system," producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. TUTT'S PILLS cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect

ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA.

Sold everywhere. 25 Office, 44 Murray St., N. Y.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1. Office, 44 Murray Street, New York.

TUTT'S MANUAL OF USEFUL RECEIPTS FREE.

LONDON BANK OF UTAH,

LIMITED.

22 GREAT WINCHESTER ST., LONDON,

AND

Salt Lake City, Utah.

Authorized Capital,.....$775,640.
Subscribed " ..... 241,375.

Shareholders liable for amount unsalled on Shares.

Drafts payable in England, Scotland or Ireland, sold at low rates of exchange.

Interest allowed on Certificates of Deposit, payable on demand.

Advances made and approved notes discounted at low rates of interest.

E. AUSTIN, Manager.

U. S. DEPOSITORY.

DESERET NATIONAL BANK,

SALT LAKE CITY.

PAID UP CAPITAL, - $200,000.
SURPLUS, - - $175,000.

H. S. ELDREDGE, President.
WM. JENNINGS, Vice-Pres't.
FERAMORZ LITTLE, JOHN SHARP, WM. W. RITER, L. S. HILLS, Cashier, JAS. T. LITTLE, Asst. Cashier. } DIRECTORS.

RECEIVES DEPOSITS PAYABLE ON DEMAND.

Buys and sells exchange on New York, San Francisco, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, London, and principal Continental Cities.

☞ Makes Collections, remitting proceeds promptly.

Did She Die?

"No!

"She lingered and suffered along, pining away all the time for years."

"The doctors doing her no good:"

"And at last was cured by this Hop Bitters the papers say so much about."

"Indeed! Indeed!"

"How thankful we should be for that medicine."

A Daughter's Misery.

"Eleven years our daughter suffered on a bed of misery.

"From a complication of kidney, liver, rheumatic trouble and Nervous debility.

"Under the care of the best physicians,

"Who gave her disease various names,

"But no relief.

"And now she is restored to us in good health by as simple a remedy as Hop Bitters, that we had shunned for years before using it."—THE PARENTS.

Father is Getting Well.

"My daughters say:

"How much better father is since he used Hop Bitters."

"He is getting well after his long suffering from a disease declared incurable"

"And we are so glad that he used your Bitters."—A LADY of Utica, N. Y. (4)

HEALTH IS WEALTH!

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of power caused by over-exertion of the brain. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1.00 a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES

To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by E. C. M. I. Drug Store, Salt Lake City. (1)

HAGELL'S EATING HOUSE.

E. NEWBERY

HAS TAKEN THE BUSINESS OF MR. John Hagell, and is now prepared to furnish

HOT DINNERS FROM 12 to 2 p.m.

Every day, exclusive of Sundays.

HOT MEAT PIES, ETC.

Lunches Put Up for Travellers.

Dinners gotten up for Private or Public Parties, in the French, English and American styles. All orders promptly attended to in a satisfactory manner and on reasonable terms. Wedding or other cakes made to order.

E. NEWBERY, 86 First South St., Opposite Theatre

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS

The majority of the ills of the human body arise from a derangement of the Liver, affecting both the stomach and bowels. In order to effect a cure, it is necessary to remove the cause. Irregular and Sluggish action of the Bowels, Headache, Sickness at the Stomach, Pain in the Back and Loins, etc., indicate that the Liver is at fault, and that nature requires assistance to enable this organ to throw off impurities.

Prickly Ash Bitters are specially compounded for this purpose. They are mild in their action and effective as a cure; are pleasant to the taste and taken easily by both children and adults. When according to directions, they are a safe and pleasant cure for Dyspepsia, General Debility, Habitual Constipation, Diseased Kidneys, etc., etc. As a Blood Purifier they are superior to any other medicine, cleansing the system thoroughly, and imparting new life and energy to the invalid. It is a medicine and not an intoxicating beverage.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR PRICKLY ASH BITTERS, and take no other. PRICE, $1.00 per Bottle.

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS CO., SOLE PROPRIETORS St. Louis and Kansas City, Mo.

EVENING NEWS.

Saturday, - Dec 1, 1883.

BY TELEGRAPH.

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

AMERICAN.

Depravity and Disaster.

SHELBY, Ohio, 30.—Four burglars cracked a safe in New Washington last night and escaped on a handcar to Vernon Junction, where they threw the handcar into a creek to avoid being traced, and went to Shelby. Workmen saw them throw the car into the creek and reported to the officers, who telegraphed and had them followed. Marshal Sutter found the burglars near a hotel and ordered them to go with him, whereupon the burglars fired several shots, two hitting Sutter, one in the leg, one in the side. Sutter then shot one through the head, killing him instantly. The others fled toward the woods, followed by citizens, witnesses of the shooting. Two miles north, one of the gang turned and fatally shot John Longacre, baggage master. By that time 300 men were in pursuit. Two miles further M. A. Cunningham captured Longacre's murderer and took him to town. Pretty much the entire populace turned out, greatly excited, armed with all manner of weapons. One of the burglars found a horse and buggy of one of the pursuing party, and started away with it. Finding the buggy an incumbrance, he cut the harness and escaped on horseback. Encountering Will May, who was in pursuit of the burglar, at the point of a revolver compelled him to give up his own pistol and exchange horses. May's horse, fatigued from hard driving, proved slow, and on the route the burglar met two ladies in a buggy. Revolver drawn, he ordered them to give up their rig One of the ladies struck him with the whip; he fired with only the effect of frightening the horses which ran away. The burglar presently met a man and boy with a team. He frightened them out, took the team and started. The horse ran, collided with another wagon and the burglar was thrown out, and the wagon on him. His pursuers shortly came up, when the burglar piteously exclaimed, "Boys, I have a nice mother." Instantly he was riddled with bullets. This occurred 13 miles from Shelby. The body was borne triumphantly to town. The corpses of both dead burglars exhibited in the undertaker's window increased the excitement, and the one lodged in jail would have been lynched but the sheriff had quietly taken him to Mansfield. Rumor says that the last of the four is captured at Plymouth. One of the burglars killed was about 23 years old, good looking smooth face, and had $2,700. The other was middle aged. A satchel was found containing a full burglar's kit and a quantity of chloroform and dynamite. Marshal Sutter will probably recover.

Little Rock, Ark., 29.—A *Gazette*, Varney, Ark., special says: After a quarrel to-day, Frank Williams blew his wife's brains out by firing both barrels of a shotgun. He escaped; a crowd is in pursuit.

New York, 29.—Thomas Enos, arrested on a charge of having negotiated cupons stolen from the Comptroller's office, is discharged, several persons to whom the cupons have been sold failing to recognize him.

Chicago, 30. — Theresa Sturlat, sentenced to one year's imprisonment for the murder of Charles Stiles, caller of the Chicago Call Board, was released from the penitentiary at Joliet to-day, having completed her term. The killing and trial were amongst the most sensational ever in the criminal annals of this city.

San Jose, Cal., 30.—Joseph Jewell, one of three who, last March, murdered M. P. Renowden to get possession of his earnings, amounting to $24,000, was hanged this morning. He said: "I don't know how I came to commit the deed. It was not for the money; I never needed that; it was a mystery only God can explain." When the black cap was put on he said, "put it on square, you've got it twisted." His neck was not broken in the drop. Several seconds after he made an effort as if to raise himself up, and cried out, "Oh—!" In ten minutes he was pronounced dead. Of the two accomplices, one turned State's evidence, and is now serving a light sentence; the other is under sentence of death.

Shreveport, La., 30.—Richmond Stuart, colored, was hanged to-day in the presence of 4,000 people, mostly colored. Many came hundreds of miles. Stuart led in prayer, gave out the hymn, asking those present to join. He proclaimed his innocence to the last. The fall of about eight feet broke his neck.

Macon, Ga., 30.—Ambrose West, negro, 18 years old, convicted of murdering James Monroe, of Worth County, Sept. 19th, 1883, was hung to-day in the presence of 2,000 people. He was carried from Albany Jail to Isabella, the county seat. The first attempt at hanging was a horrible failure, the rope breaking After the lapse of an hour, the noose was again adjusted, death speedily following the fall.

Louisville, Ky., 30.—Mrs. Mary A. Greene, a wealthy, eccentric old lady living alone in this city, was burned to death last night. Her clothing was ignited by a candle as is supposed, as no one was in the house at the time. Her clothing was burned off her limbs, her head burned so the bones were laid bare. When found she was seated in a chair in the room, disclosing evidences of a severe struggle against her fate.

Boston, 29.—Rev. Warren H. Cudworth, pastor of the Church of Our Savior, Unitarian, East Boston, dropped dead while taking part at the Union service in Maverick Church.

St. Louis, 30.—Prof. J. H. Tice, well-known weather prophet, died suddenly this morning at his residence in a suburb, Chelton Hall.

FOREIGN.

The Trial of O'Donnell at the Old Bailey.

London, 30.—The trial of O'Donnel for the murder of James Carey began this morning before Judge George Denman, in the Old Bailey Police Court. Two sheriffs and several Aldermen occupied seats upon the bench. The small court room was crowded and several ladies were present. No one was admitted without a ticket, and all the approaches were thronged. Charles Russell, A. M. Sullivan, Solicitors Guy and Rogers A. Pryor were present as counsel for O'Donnell. Henry James, Attorney-General, and Poland, Andres and Swigart appeared for the government. O'Donnell entered the dock from the adjoining prison, surrounded by officers. He seemed unconcerned. Henry James opened the case for the government. He described Carey's departure from England, and the voyage to Capetown and said there was no evidence to prove that the prisoner embarked on the steamer *Kinfauns Castle*, to kill Carey, but the new witness, Cubitt, who would testify that at Cape Town he gave the prisoner, at his urgent request, a rough sketch of Carey, and the prisoner remarked upon receiving it, "I'll shoot him."

The Attorney General repeated the details of the murder of Carey and pressed upon the jury that the act was not committed in self-defense, but that it was a wilful and premeditated murder. He enjoined the jury not to allow any feeling against Carey to prejudice them in their consideration of the case.

O'Donnell listened closely to the address of the Attorney-General. He has been allowed to use tobacco, which he chews freely in the dock.

James Parish, steward of the steamer *Melrose Castle*, repeated his evidence given at the preliminary examination. Two plans of the cabin of the *Melrose Castle* were shown, one prepared by the prosecution, the other by the defense.

Witness declared that the one offered by the defense was incorrect and the Judge rejected it.

Russell cross examined the witness, who said that when he fired the shots at Carey who stood leaning against the corner of the cabin two yards away, Cary might easily have reached O'Donnell, but he made no gesture to seize him Witness saw no other pistol than O'Donnell's. He did not see young Carey go to his father's berth, and knew by heresay only that his father's pistol was found upon the boy.

There was much discussion concerning the correctness of the plans of the cabin, all of which the judge declared faulty in judgment. Parish was put into the witness box and asked to explain the position of the tables and seats. Witness said all the plans were incorrect. O'Donnell appeared to be greatly interested in this episode, watching the Judge closely. Charles Jones, boatswain of the *Melrose Castle*, next testified as at the previous examination. He was almost sure, but refused to swear, that O'Donnell's words were:

"I did not do it."

There was a dead silence when Thomas Carey, son of James Carey, stepped into the witness box. He gave his evidence promptly and cooly. The judge questioned him in regard to his father's position, when he was shot, and was assiduous in making notes of young Carey's evidence. When the bag and revolver of James Carey were placed in the hands of witness to identify, he weighed the weapon and looked down the barrel. O'Donnell scrutinized young Carey narrowly, when he said he was not positive whether O'Donnell after shooting said: "Shake hands Mrs. Carey, I was sent to do it." He further testified: "I went for father's revolver and kept it in my pocket because father was unable to use it." The crowd outside the court is increasing; and many of the rougher class are mingling with it.

On reassembling, young Carey's direct evidence was resumed, and was about the same as given at the preliminary examination. On cross-examination he said he had stated at the Bow Street examination that he came from the cabin when the first shot was fired. That statement, he said, was untrue. He had not then understood the question. Witness was severely questioned concerning other inconsistencies of the present evidence, with that given at Bow Street. The examination was all directed to testing the truthfulness of the minor details of his story for the purpose of furnishing means of judging of the credibility of the main facts. The frequency with which the witness contradicted himself caused much amusement, and the spectators appeared to be amazed at his unabashed demeanor and effrontery. He declared that O'Donnell fired his revolver with his left hand, although other witnesses swear it was with the right. Witness finally admitted he was in doubt which hand was used. He acknowledged telling Beecher, second officer of the steamer, that he took his father's pistol to keep it out of his mother's way. Being asked how this statement agreed with his previous evidence, that he got it from his father, he declared both statements true. He denied telling Walter Young at Port Elizabeth that his father had a pistol when killed. Young was here brought into court, and witness said he did not recollect him. Carey denied that Young asked him why he did not kill O'Donnell with his father's pistol at the time of the murder, and he replied, "I ran for the pistol, but it was not there; father had it."

Mrs. Carey, widow of the murdered man, testified. She was dressed in deep mourning and spoke in a subdued voice. She repeated the testimony she gave at the preliminary examination; reiterated that O'Donnel exclaimed, "I am sent to do it." The cross examination of Mrs. Carey was very brief and developed nothing new.

Marks testified he was sitting in the open hatchway and saw O'Donnell and Carey below. The former was very quiet, but Carey was talking very excitedly, as if laying down the law. Soon after he heard a shot and saw O'Donnell's hand go down and up to fire the second shot. He saw no indications of violence on the part of Carey. There was no pistol in Carey's hand. He heard O'Donnell tell Mrs. Carey he could not help it.

Robert Thomas Corbett, a passenger on the steamar *Kinfauns Castle*, was unaware that "Power" was James Carey until they arrived at Capetown: he was there shown a supplement of the Dublin *Weekly Freeman* which contained a portrait of Carey, and accounts of his connection with the Irish Invincibles. He recognized the portrait as that of "Power." He showed the portrait to O'Donnell who asked for, and witness gave him, the portrait. On examination Corbett said: "When O'Donnell remarked, 'I'll shoot him,' he spoke in a pleasant manner." Witness attached no importance to the remark at the time.

Witness Marcus, hotel keeper at Capetown, W. Beecher, second officer, and Captain Rose, commander of the Melrose Castle, Dr. Esnar, district medical officer at Port Elizabeth, and Inspector Cherry, of the Port Elizabeth police, gave testimony mainly as upon their examination at the Bow Street court. Inspector Cherry further identified the portrait of Carey as that found in O'Donnell's trunk, and also a newspaper cutting headed "Irish Revolutionist in America."

A legal discussion arose regarding the admission of the newspaper cutting as evidence. Sullivan said the introduction would import a political element into the trial. Judge Denman thought it would be dangerous. Attorney General James would not press the matter.

Police Superintendent Mallin of Dublin, identified Carey's pistol as one he gave him for protection when he left Dublin. He said Carey was very excited and desperate, utterly regardless of human life.

The prosecution closed, and the court adjourned. O'Donnell was calm and composed throughout the day's proceedings. Roger A. Pryor was frequently consulted, and made several suggestions to prisoner's counsel. The entire proceedings were free from excitement.

British Briefs

London, 30.—The Irish Government has prohibited the Orange and National meetings to have been held in Newry on Sunday.

Minister Lowell, in acknowledging the receipt of a copy of resolutions passed by the employees of the Metropolitan Underground Railway, denouncing the authors of the recent explosions, says: "As there is not a particle of evidence to show the complicity of any American in the outrage, I see no advantage in communicating the resolutions to my government at Washington."

Thomas Newton, member of Parliament, will go to America, directly after the banquet to Parnell, to obtain funds to aid the movement for paying Irish members of Parliament. It is stated that Parnell will give £5,000 to start the fund.

Analysis of the Parnell fund shows £30,495, of which Ireland gave £25,820, America £2,541, England £1,045, Scotland £375, other places £553.

A convention relative to the Suez canal is concluded between English ship owners and DeLesseps. It provides that either the present canal be enlarged, or a second canal be constructed. A commission of engineers and shippers, half to be English, will examine questions. Several directors, English shippers and merchants, will be admitted members of the board. A consultative committee of English directors will be formed in London. The company in future will bear all expense resulting from accidents on the canal, excepting collisions, or resulting from damage to the company's property, provided the ships are not in fault. From January 1st, 1884, pilotage dues will be abolished, and from January 1st, 1885, transit dues will be diminished according to the rate of dividend.

Dublin, 30.—Matthews, editor of the Tyrone *Courier*, is arrested on a charge of inciting Orangemen against the Nationalists.

General Items.

Paris, 30.—Admiral Courbet, commanding the French forces at Tonquin, telegraphs the Minister of Marine from Noi, November 23rd: "I am continuing my preparations for advance."

The *Temps* publishes a dispatch from Vienna: The Porte intends to ask the European powers to support it in the demand that it be permitted to send troops to the Soudan to suppress the insurrection there.

The Porte has addressed a note to the Powers, informing them that Turkey offered to send troops to suppress the rising in Soudan, but England refused the offer.

A Rome dispatch states the Vatican will not renew negotiations with Prussia until the demands of the Holy See regarding the education of priests have been settled.

St. Petersburg, 30 — Agrarian crimes in the government of Kief are increasing. Much property of landlords is damaged by acts of incendiarism and pillage.

Cairo, 30.—Of 600 gen d'armes who left for Suakim, Wednesday, 268 deserted on the railway journey to Suez.

A telegram from Khartoum dated the 29th, states the panic is increasing, and the garrison is insufficient.

Ischia, 30.—Loud subterranean rumblings were heard Thursday. The temperament of the water in the mineral springs has risen.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Gen. Pope has arrived in San Francisco, and will assume command Dec. 1st.

Miss Mary Ellen Donoghue, daughter of Peter Donoghue, of San Francisco, was married in New York on the 28th, to Baron Henry Von Schweder, of Germany.

Reagan, of Texas, is going to press his Inter-State commerce bill this winter, and is confident of its passage. He attributes its defeat before to Randall.

The Chinese interpreter for the San Francisco collector of customs refuses to act any more because he is afraid of the vengeance of his countrymen, who are enraged at his faithful work in breaking up their smuggling.

New Haven, 30.—It is reported the Winchester Arms Company and the Union Metal Cartridge Company, Lowell, Mass., have combined, and in future will act as a syndicate; controlling the cartridge manufacturing interest of the country. The company at Bridgeport employs 15,000 operatives, and the Winchester nearly as many, independent of a large number working on guns.

New York, 30.—An illustrated paper here endorses the plan proposed by the Titusville *Herald* for holding the republican national convention next year at Chautauqua. The claim is put forth that it is central, convenient and suitably placed, and has sufficient hotel accommodations, besides having a hall seating 10,000 persons.

Washington, 30.—John T. Raymond, produced his new play "For Congress," written for him by David B. Lloyd, of the New York *Tribune*, at the National Theater, with great success. The play, which is a political satire, received almost continual laughter and applause by the audience which crowded the house. The President, many members of Congress and other distinguished persons were present. Raymond was called before the curtain at the end of each act. One of the prominent features of the play which created amusement was a district convention for the nomination of Congressmen, a novelty on the stage.

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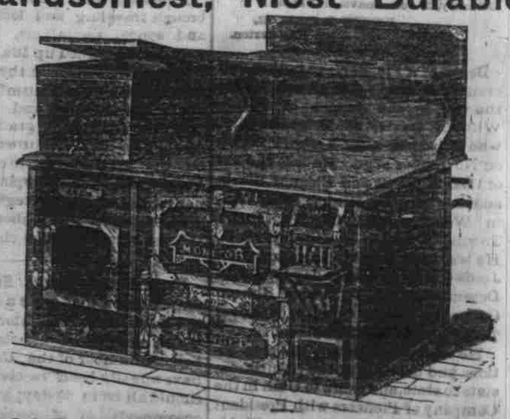

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