

## BY TELEGRAPH.

## AMERICAN.

WASHINGTON, 26.—The Secretary of War directs that subsistence stores be sold to officers and enlisted men on credit, they giving proper receipts. This order is issued on account of no appropriation for the support of the army having been made. A similar order, to enable them to obtain fuel, &c., from the quartermaster's department, will be issued.

BOSTON, 26.—Boston's St. John's relief fund is \$23,052.

PLYMOUTH, 26.—A party of drunken Molly Maguires, near Nanticoke, last night, attacked some miners, killing one and injuring others.

HARRISBURG, 26.—A heavy wind and rain storm passed over the city this afternoon. The bridge spanning the Susquehanna, from Harrisburg to Langnickers Island, was unroofed and a portion of it blown out of position. The damage was small. One of the turrets was blown off the Catholic Cathedral. A number of dwellings were unroofed and badly damaged by water.

SAN FRANCISCO, 26.—The following dispatch from a special correspondent, just received from Fort Lapwai, dated 24th, via Walla Walla, says, a courier, just come through from General Howard, states that Colonel Perry with his command has joined the General at Morton's Station, on Little Cottonwood, about sixty miles from here. The troops here will start to join them to-morrow. General Howard intends to move to-morrow on Joseph, who is reported to be between Little Salmon and Snake River, at Horse-shoe Bend about twenty-five miles south of Mount Idaho.

INDIANAPOLIS, 26.—The Supreme Court, to-day, sustained the decision of Judge Roberts, of the Dearborn Circuit Court, in the case of Nelson T. Hood, in which it was held that Utah divorces are illegal and consequently void.

WASHINGTON, 26.—General McDowell has been instructed by General Sherman to have the Indians pursued as fast as possible, and pay no attention whatever to the boundary lines of the different Military Commanders, but to punish the Indians wherever they may be caught.

ST. LOUIS, 27.—The report of the Grand Jury, promised in last night's dispatches, refers to the repeal of the social evil law which was in force here previous to a couple of years ago, and say that crimes incident to the social evil have greatly increased since the repeal of the law. The jury declares that the best interests of society demand the re-enactment of the social evil law, with a view to check vice as much as possible.

BOSTON, 27.—At half-past nine this morning President Hayes and party drove to the State House, and went at once to the Council Chamber. Visits were then made to Representatives Hall, Senate Chamber, and Library. The party then took carriages for Harvard College grounds. All of the President's suite were present with the exception of Secretary Evarts, who left Boston this morning for New Haven, to attend the commencement of Yale College, of which he is a graduate.

TOLEDO, 27.—Budd Morton, of New Haven, Conn., had his pocket picked of \$5,500, last night, while in a sleeping car between Decatur, Ill., and Fort Wayne, Ind.

PROVIDENCE, 27.—The National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic resumed its business this morning. After the election of officers, resolutions of thanks were passed.

Commander Hartman retired from the chair amid three cheers, and the new Commander-in-chief assumed the gavel. Prayer was offered by the Chaplain-in-chief, and the National Encampment closed.

SAN FRANCISCO, 27.—Dispatches from Lewiston, Idaho, report the state of affairs at the front up to the 24th. The renegade Indians are joining the hostiles. The Indians themselves state that rumors have been sent to the Polouse, Spokane, Columbia River, and Umatilla tribes, who they claimed would join them, and they would clear the whole country from Lewiston to Boise City. The hostiles have crossed Salmon River at Horse Shoe Bend, with all their plunder, and will make for Payette and Weser Valleys with all their warriors. Some estimate the number at 300.

Dispatches from General Howard are to the effect that Col. Perry met him at Cottonwood, and his force is to move to-morrow morning to the old battle ground.

The Indians are in force at Horse Shoe Bend, on Salmon River, between White Bird and Slate Creeks.

The following named forces are now in the field: Regulars—Perry, sixty, Whipple, 100, Miller, 100, Throckmorton, 135, others seventy-five. Volunteers—Chapman, 35, Page, 23, Hunter, 25, Elliott, 25, Williams, 15. All the force has gone to Salmon River except Elliott's Company, which has gone up Snake River to head off any Umatillas who may try to cross to join Joseph.

PHILLIPSBURG, N. J., 27.—Yesterday seven miners, engaged in drawing a bucket filled with ore from a mine in Sussex, caught the rope on a stone, and cut it in two. Five men were precipitated into the washed out mine, and four were killed.

LOUISVILLE, 27.—The court of appeals, the last resort in Kentucky, has decided that the divorce of H. D. Newcomb, was illegal, and absolutely void, and gives his first wife all her property rights in his estate. This is a celebrated case.

HAT CREEK, 27.—The coach from Deadwood was stopped, last night, near Cheyenne River, by five masked men, who robbed the passengers of about \$2,000, blew open the iron treasure box, and carried off the contents. Several shots were exchanged, one of which took effect in the side of Hawley, the driver; the wound is not serious. This is the second coach robbed this week.

CHEYENNE, WY., 27.—A public meeting, held here, to-night, ratified the action of the committee of Laramie County, endorsing the contract with Jay Gould & Co., and Sidney Dillon, of the Union Pacific and Colorado Central Railroad Companies, by which Laramie County, WY., votes \$150,000 bonds in consideration of the Colorado Central Railroad building a road to Cheyenne and making Cheyenne the initial point of the Cheyenne and Black Hills Railroad Company.

BOSTON, 27.—The banquet to the President, to-night, was a fitting conclusion of the brilliant reception. It was given in the Brunswick Hall, and 200 were present, including the chief notables of the city, Longfellow, Emerson, Oliver, Wendell, Holmes, Lowell, and others. The President visited the Tabernacle at a later hour, and 8,000 people were in attendance at the Presidential Concert, given in his honor.

NEW YORK, 28.—The Times' London special says, there is nothing in the present condition of public affairs in England to warrant a particularly hopeful view of the situation. Serious differences in the British cabinet still exist, with no prospect of settlement. The trouble is that the members cannot agree upon the sum to be asked for in the vote of credit, three of the gentlemen in the cabinet opposing the motion altogether. The difficulties surrounding the government begin to tell seriously upon Beaconsfield, and his health, which for several years, has been none of the strongest, gives evidence of breaking down entirely. He looks very ill, and his friends express great anxiety in regard to his condition. The news from Constantinople is far from encouraging. The Sultan is reported to be firm in his opposition to all suggestions of peace. In the meantime Russia is busy proposing terms to Austria in relation to Serbia, under which, it is intimated, she will be allowed to cross the Danube under the guns of Gladova. Added to all these are the evidences of still closer relationship between Germany and Russia, making the outlook anything but a cheerful one for Turkey.

CHICAGO, Ill., 28.—The Tribune's London special says, the papers complain loudly at the demolition of the British Consulate at Rostchuk, which they characterize as something more than a disregard for the ordinary obligations of civilized warfare.

The Tribune's Vienna correspondent telegraphs that a large detachment of the Russian army has crossed the Danube at Gura without opposition.

The Turks seemed to have been lulled into fancied security by the long delay which attended the Russian advance, and to have allowed themselves to be taken completely by surprise. The whole Russian

army is now in motion, and within a few days news of the gravest importance may be looked for. The Russian headquarters will be temporarily established at Banjassa. The work of reducing Widdin has been entrusted to Prince Charles and his soldiers, and they are losing no time in taking their part in the struggle. Already the Roumanian batteries have opened fire on the devoted town which is now face to face with all the attendant horrors of an active siege. It is probable that Widdin will be obstinately defended. Hirzova has been seized by the Cossacks, and is now held for His Imperial Majesty of all the Russias, who soon will be as much at home on the Danube as he is on the Volga.

SAN FRANCISCO, 28.—A press dispatch from Portland says, a special correspondent sends the following from Mount Idaho, under date of 25th instant:

Got through safely to General Howard's headquarters, on Cottonwood, at six o'clock this morning. The command has since marched fifteen miles to this point, where it has been joined by the balance of the detachment commanded by Colonel Perry. The officers and men are in excellent health and spirits. We move this afternoon to Johnson's ranch, ten miles beyond here. The balance of the troops from Fort Lapwai are expected to-morrow evening, which will place a total force, under General Howard, troops and volunteers, of about 500.

The latest intelligence at headquarters from the Indians is to the effect that Joseph and his followers are encamped near Salmon River, at the mouth of White Bird Creek, about six miles from the scene of the late fight with the troops under Colonel Perry, and eighteen miles from Mount Idaho. They are said to number all the way from 99 to 400 warriors, the accounts differing. A great number of renegade Indians, from different bands, have joined Joseph, on Salmon River.

Lieutenant Trimble, with his company and volunteer detachment will, to-night, be at Slate Creek, where about fifty citizens have fortified and held the place.

General Howard intends to reconnoitre and hold Joseph in check till the balance of the troops from the forts arrive, when a battle may be expected.

No further murders have been reported, though the latest information is that the Indians on Hangman's Creek are getting very restless, and a portion have refused to accept any part of the reservation, and left with one of their peaceful chiefs.

It is reported that Joseph is anxious to have a fight with the troops, and he will probably have an opportunity within a few days.

The agent at Lapwai is confident that few of the treaty Indians will join Joseph; and parties, claiming to be well informed, state that the Indians north of Snake and Clearwater Rivers will not assist him, as the Nez Perces declined to help them in the war of 1856.

The Umatillas will be prevented from joining the hostile Indians with much of a force, and from Boise section there are no Indians to come.

A Boise City dispatch says, Chief Winnemucca, of the Piutes, came into Boise City, this forenoon, with twenty warriors, and held a council with Governor Brayman. He declares his friendship, and assures the Governor of his determination to join with the Baunocks and Shoshones and assist the whites against the Nez Perces, if necessary, who are his old enemies. Governor Brayman furnished them some supplies, and they leave town, to-morrow, for Great Camas Prairie, to join Captain Boise Jim, while Winnemucca himself returns to Silver City, and will bring the balance of his people over to Great Camas Prairie.

COLUMBUS, O., 28.—A singular, perhaps unprecedented criminal case, has just been passed upon by Judge Bingham, in the Common Pleas Court. Mrs. Sarah M. Victor, who was convicted in Cuyahoga County, of murder, and sentenced to be hanged, but afterwards had her sentence commuted by the Governor to life imprisonment, confessed her crime while in prison, and subsequently becoming moody and tired of such life, applied to the courts of the city to have the original sentence carried out, on the grounds that she never consented to the commutation.

This was January, 1876. Judge Bingham has had the case under advisement for eighteen months, and now renders an opinion that Mrs. Victor is, in law, an escaped prisoner after conviction, and has issued an order to the sheriff for her delivery to the authorities of Cuyahoga County to await action by the courts of that county.

PLYMOUTH, Mass., 28.—The steamer *Lady of the Lake* exploded her boiler at Silver Lake this afternoon. Six persons were seriously, and perhaps fatally scalded, and twelve less dangerously. The engineer was severely scalded. He reports that he had eighty pounds of steam on and plenty of water.

The boat was set on fire. Several women were severely burned. The ticket seller on the boat thinks all are accounted for. One old lady and child will probably die, the others, it is thought, will recover.

CHICAGO, 28.—A special dispatch says, George L. Crosby, wife and two children were drowned in a creek near Hannibal, Missouri, yesterday, while crossing a bridge over a small stream, swollen by the recent rains. All the bodies were recovered.

The Tribune's Washington special says, the charges have been renewed against Axtell, governor of New Mexico. They are in part from anti-Mormons, who claim that he has become a Mormon Bishop. Others relate to mining interests.

SAN FRANCISCO, 28.—The following has been received per the *Australia* from New South Wales: A remarkable series of waves reached the coast on Friday, 11th of May, at 5 20 a. m. On the 11th the tide gauge at Fort Denison records the first of a series of waves which went on at short intervals all day, reaching a maximum, at about 2 p. m., of three feet six inches of a rise and fall.

At Newcastle, the waves began at 5 a. m., and at 11 30 a. m. the harbor water fell 29 inches in four minutes. The rise is not given. After which, oscillations continued, but were not so great at Ballina. A similar phenomena has been observed all day. Greatest rise was sixteen inches.

Telegrams from New Zealand report similar waves on the east coast from 5 a. m., extending from the Bay of Islands to the Bluff. The greatest range was six feet, the least reported two feet. By late news they still continued.

A press dispatch from Boise City, says, three companies of the First Cavalry, and two of the Twelfth Infantry, now en route to this point, are expected to arrive in a few days. Boise will be made the supply depot and be strongly garrisoned.

Capt. Robbins' company of thirty men are in camp on the Upper Weiser, until joined by the regular troops, with orders to move northward.

The Nez Perces scouts are known to be on the Weiser. Their signal fires have been seen, and they, doubtless have a line of signals established between the Weiser and their camp on Salmon River. This may be nothing more than a precautionary measure to guard against the approach of troops from the south. The position of the hostiles on Salmon River is one of great natural strength, and they will be able to occupy the attention of all the troops who may be sent against them. It will be impossible to prevent them from receiving reinforcements from the Indians disposed to join them, who can reach them in small detachments through a country so perfectly known to them. It is folly to rely upon the peaceful professions of the Indians. The old men and women will remain upon the reservations or in their camps, while the young men can hold themselves in readiness to take the war path.

The Indian camp on Salmon River is about 200 miles from Boise City. By a shorter route, usually traveled, coming southward, it passes up the Little Salmon River, across the mountains, and then down the Weiser River through the settlements. The hostiles are not likely to come this way unless hotly pressed on all the other sides, or are successful enough to spare a force for raiding the settlements. If surrounded on all sides they will be able to maintain a long and fierce resistance, as the country in which operations will take place is rough and mountainous in the extreme, and full of fortresses and strongholds with which the Indians are perfectly familiar. There is danger that while attention is being directed to their position on

Salmon River, and all the forces are being sent in that direction, the disaffected Indians, who have not yet joined the hostile camp, may open the game in other quarters.

NEW YORK, 29.—The Times says, \$8,000 worth of smuggled laces were found in a house on Spring Street, to-day. In addition to the laces a large batch of letters from smugglers were obtained, which contain information that will be of great value in assisting the future operations of the Custom House agents.

Secretary Sherman leaves on Monday in the revenue steamer *Grant* for a cruise along the coast from Chesapeake to Maine, for the purpose of examining the life-saving service, coast survey, light-house system, and revenue cutter service, these all being under the direction of the Treasury. The cruise will occupy three weeks.

The Tribune says, it has been known for a long time that the systematic thievery of ale and lager beer kegs and barrels has been going on here. One firm lost 4,600 at one time. The thieves are supposed to be an organized band, who have the barrels refurbished to destroy identification, and sell them to the less prosperous brewers. A quarter of a million dollars has thus been purloined in three years. Detectives have recently been put on the track, and some startling developments will soon be made.

A Bozeman, Mont. dispatch says, Howard, a scout sent by Mills, from Tongue River, a month and a half ago, has returned, and reports that he found Sitting Bull, with 350 lodges, at Cypress Hills, in British possessions. Howard is married to a niece of Sitting Bull, and was in his camp eight days. Sitting Bull told him that Custer's men fought like devils, and Custer was the bravest man he ever saw, repeatedly charging and killing Indians with his pistol. Tom Custer's company was nearly all killed in a hand-to-hand fight with the Indians. Sitting Bull said Custer was a great fool to attack so large a village with so small a force.

A special cable dispatch states, that bloody fighting is going on at Pyagos, on the Danube. The Russian troops are crossing en masse, and engaging the Turks, who are making a desperate resistance. The slaughter on both sides has been terrible. The Turkish gunboats are also engaged in the battle. Late advices from Turkish sources state that the Turkish forces claim a victory in the battle near Geirvin, on Tuesday, and that the Russians lost 3,000 men.

HELENA, Mont., 29.—Fred. L. King shot and killed J. W. Burnell, at this place, on Wednesday afternoon. Cause—woman. Burnell was a native of Maryland. King was arrested and admitted to bail in \$2,000.

The following is self-explanatory:

Deer Lodge, Mont.,  
June 27th.

To Gov. Potts, Helena:  
I am in receipt of the following from Postmaster Dickinson:

Missoula, Mont.,  
Monday, 1.26 p. m.

John Summers and Mr. Wilkinson, just arrived from Corvallis, report that a Nez Perces Indian, who talks good English, came from Lewiston, and says the Indians are coming into Bitter Root, and will come into the head of the valley and clean it out, and if the Flatheads don't join them they will clean them out too. The Flatheads have driven all their horses out of the valley, and the squaws and children are going up Lolo Fork.

A Nez Perces chief told Major Whally that the Nez Perces were going to clean out Bitter Root Valley, and that the Flatheads would join them on the first, as near as I can remember.

Five a. m., Tuesday—Later—Anthony Chaffin left here for Gird's Creek, about one o'clock this morning to try and persuade the people to remain a little longer, as John Summers was instructed to be back at Corvallis at day light. This whole valley is ready to move in here to-day, if they hear nothing favorable. Henry Burkhouse moved his family in last night.

(Signed)  
JAS. MILLS, Secretary.

Governor Potts has made arrangements with Gilmer & Salisbury to forward the necessary arms and ammunition to Missoula, and has also directed Secretary Mills to repair to the same place forthwith, and report the situation. There is great uneasiness among the settlers of