

THE GOLDEN SIDE.

"There is many a rose in the path of life,
If we would but stop to take it;
And many a tone from the better land,
If the querulous heart would make it.
To the sunny soul that is full of hope,
And whose beautiful trust ne'er faileth,
The grass is green and the flowers bright,
Though the winter storm prevaileth.
Better to hope, though clouds hang low,
And to keep the eyes still lifted,
For the sweet, blue sky will soon peep
Through,
When the ominous clouds are rifted.
There never is night, without a day,
Nor an evening without a morning,
And the darkest hour (so the proverb goes)
Is the hour before the dawning.
There is many a gem in the path of life,
Which we pass, in our idle pleasure,
That is richer, by far, than the jeweled
crown.
Or the miser's gilded treasure.
It may be the love of a little child,
Or a mother's prayer to heaven,
Or only a beggar's grateful thanks,
For a cup of water given.
Tis better to weave in the web of life
A bright and golden filling,
And to do God's work with a ready heart,
And hands that are prompt and willing,
Than to snap the delicate, minute threads
Of our curious lives asunder,
And then blame heaven for the tangled
ends,
And sit, and grieve, and wonder."

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 22.—Interviews with the officers of the bark *Pearl*, which has arrived from Fox Islands, Alaska, elicit the information that there is a probability that in Siberia there are several of the crew of the whaling bark *Napoleon* which was wrecked about two years ago off the Siberian coast. There were two boats' crews that were never heard from after the wreck, among the last being the first and third mates. A piece of wood was secured by the *Pearl* from the natives on which were carved the initials which are supposed to be those of J. B. Vincent, of Martha's Vineyard, Massachusetts, who was one of the *Napoleon's* crew. Other letters and characters, under date of this year, seemed to be at a village near Cape Navorin, Siberia. Captain Healy, of the revenue cutter *Bear*, will endeavor to solve the mystery while in Siberian and Alaskan waters.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—A committee of the western and southern tobacco men called on Commissioner Coleman to-day, headed by ex-Congressman Willis, to set forth their grievances regarding the recent report of Statistician Dodge upon the acreage of tobacco, etc. Commissioner Coleman replied warmly, endorsing Prof. Dodge. If any mistake had been made it would be found to have been a mistake of the head alone.

PHILADELPHIA, August 22.—According to a semi-official statement, Prince Ferdinand's proclamation has been wrongly understood. The Prince never proclaimed Bulgaria's political independence. He has always been ready to respect the Berlin treaty.

WINNIPEG, August 22.—The injunction has not interfered with the Red River Valley road yet. Track laying will be commenced as soon as the grading is finished.

The only thing of note occurring in connection with the Red River Railroad matter to-day, was the futile attempt of the sheriff to compel the graders to destroy the fences they had erected. The sheriff was afterward ordered by the local government to serve injunction papers on pain of dismissal. The road will be graded to the boundary this week. The government is determined to continue the work to completion.

NEW YORK, August 22.—There was a large meeting of socialists at the Cooper Union this evening called to denounce the action of Henry George. Speeches were made and resolutions were adopted denouncing George, his platform and his following. Every mention of his name was the signal for hisses and cheers. The red flag was carried into the hall and waved from the platform amid great applause.

NEW YORK, August 22.—The Pacific Steamship Company executive committee has decided to resume the payment of dividends. The directors meet Wednesday and will declare a dividend of one per cent. It was decided inexpedient to reduce the capital stock from twenty million to ten million dollars. A reconstruction company is under way and strong people will be added to the board of directors. The resignations of a number of directors are already practically in hand.

NEW YORK, August 22.—The hearing before Judge Bookstaver to-day in the *Henry S. Ives & Co.* assignment, resulted in directions from the court that *Ives & Co.* must appear before the referee and disclose the whereabouts of the missing books.

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 22.—The city presented an extraordinary spectacle this morning owing to the flooded condition of the streets. The rain of last night was the heaviest of the season and inundated many streets. The shops are being pumped out.

BUTTE, Montana, Aug. 22.—Alfred Krelser was killed by falling into a deep cut on the Montana Union. The

horse was killed. The coroner's jury censured the railroad company for leaving the cut unfenced.

OTTAWA, Ont., August 23.—The fisheries department have received information of the seizure of more Canadian sealing vessels in the North Pacific Ocean by a U. S. cruiser. It is learned that the commander of the U. S. cruisers that are in the Alaska service have been ordered to seize all sailing vessels found in Behring Sea unless they are the property of the Alaska Fur Co.

OTTAWA, Ont., August 23.—An application for the extradition of two half-breeds recently arrested in Montana, on suspicion of having been concerned with the murder of Hector McLeish, near Wolsely, N. W. T., has been made to the Washington authorities.

LONDON, August 23.—Six bodies of victims by the accident to the spectators of the boat race on the Thames yesterday have been recovered.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 23.—An official report says the prospects for the Russian wheat crop of both winter and summer wheats are favorable in most districts. In the government of Taurida, however, they are unfavorable.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 23.—A telegram from Merv says the Amer of Afghanistan's life is despaired of. One of his feet has been amputated owing to gangrene, and it is feared that the shock will result in death.

NEW YORK, August 23.—The exports of merchandise last week were \$6,241,000. Total gold imports so far this week, \$620,000.

VIENNA, August 23.—Archduchess Maria Josepha is dying from puerperal fever.

LONDON, August 23.—In the bicycle contest at Shields to-day, Woods, of Philadelphia, beat Beatersley by 25 yards in the mile race. Time, 2.45. Temple, of Chicago, beat Wood in the two mile race. Time, 4.45.

COLUMBIA, S. C., August 23.—It is probable that the loss on the rice crop will exceed \$100,000, estimated two weeks ago. Discouraging news continues to come from the flooded districts of lower Carolina along the Sumter and Savannah rivers. The very serious question now before the rice planters is what disposition is to be made of the negroes on the plantations until the first of next year. There is no way for them to earn a living and in the meantime they will have to be supplied with food. If nothing is done for these negroes during the next four months they will starve.

OSARK, Mo., August 23.—The Bald Knobbers are again in Ozark and the first day of the trial found the court crowded with anxious spectators. Judge Hubbard opened the court Monday. He gave instructions to the grand jury that they had a better opportunity to investigate the acts of the Christian County rebels than the former inquiring tribunal possessed, as the backbone of the organization had been broken.

Just before court adjourned, John Wilson threw himself upon the mercy of the court, pleading guilty to whipping Green Walker. As this is the first plea of guilty for a Bald Knob assault and there are about ninety-five similar charges, the pending decision of the court is looked upon with the deepest anxiety.

PARIS, Aug. 23.—The *Republique Francaise* says: An *entente cordiale* between England and France in respect to the New Hebrides could be easily secured if England were willing to stop her absurd calumnies and the rhodomontades of Australians. England, who divided New Guinea with Germany, cannot oppose the annexation of the New Hebrides to France, but she can demand that the French shall not send there recidivists and convicts. The mutual exercise of good will would banish the present irritation, which ought never to have existed.

PITTSBURG, August 23.—The International Stove Moulders' Union has suddenly determined upon demanding an advance in wages varying from 10 to 15 per cent. all over the United States and Canada. The men are to continue at work for two weeks in order to finish what patterns they are at present engaged upon, then a strike is to be organized and if at the end of a week the advance is not conceded 5 per cent. additional is to be asked. There are in the union 13,000 members and 3,000 more who can be accounted for.

WASHINGTON, August 23.—A telegram has been received at the War Department from Major Handlett, commanding Fort Du Chesne, Utah, dated August 19th, through General Terry, saying: "Colorow has his followers with him, about 150 in all, including men, women and children. There are no indications of his being reinforced. All the Indians at Uintah and Ouray want peace. I believe Colorow would come to the reservation if he could get there without being attacked. Most of the party who went out with Andrews have returned to the agency frightened back. They claim that Colorow's camp could not be found. Great anxiety is felt regarding Chipeta. If the cowboys have harmed her I anticipate it will end in serious trouble."

This is the first time the name of Chipeta has been mentioned in the reports from the Indian troubles. Although nothing is known of her here, it is presumed at the War Department that she is either a relative of Colorow or a daughter of some prominent Ute chief.

A telegram has been received at the Interior Department from Senator Ter-

ler at Denver, to the effect that if the Ute Indians in Colorado are not returned to their reservation, there will be trouble.

The acting Secretary of the Interior Department has requested of the War Department that as the aid of the military seemed to have been invoked to prevent a threatened outbreak and to preserve peace, that while the force of troops is in the locality of the Indians, all proper means may be used by it to induce the Indians to go and remain upon the reservations.

PHILADELPHIA, August 23.—The executive committee of the new political party recently organized under the name of "The American Party," has issued an official call for a national convention in this city on the 16th and 17th of September.

The convention is called for the purpose of completing the organization and promoting the party's objects, among which are: To emphasize and perpetuate the sentiment of Americans; the restriction of immigration through a revision of the naturalization laws; the reserving of American lands for American citizens only; to abolish polygamy in the United States immediately and entirely; to adjust the relations between labor and capital on a permanent basis of equity and justice.

LONDON, August 23.—In the Commons this evening E. Robertson (liberal), member for Dundee, referring to the proclamation of the Irish National League, said he had examined the returns upon which the proclamation was issued, and he failed to find any mention of the league. He asked if the government would submit the evidence upon which the house would be enabled to discharge its duty under the statute and decide whether the proclamation declaring the league dangerous on specified grounds of criminality should be confirmed.

Smith, government leader, said it was not the government's intention to submit any additional papers.

Lord Harrington did not know that the government intended to proclaim the league until after a decision had been reached. As soon as he learned the government's intention he sent a strong remonstrance to Lord Salisbury. Lord Harrington believes the proclamation ill-advised and dangerous and unnecessary.

GALVESTON, Texas, August 23.—The news special from Austin says: The jury has brought in a verdict of "not guilty" on the second count in the Washington County election cases now on trial in the United States District Court. The second count charged the destruction of the ballot boxes by the defendant. The jury disagreed on the count charging conspiracy and interference with the election officers. Judge Turner declared the defendant not guilty on the second count, and said there had been a mistrial on the other counts, and continued them to next term. These are the cases that were investigated by the senate committee last winter.

DENVER, August 23.—A dispatch from Meeker, dated 22d and Glenwood Springs 23d, says: No news has been received from Sheriff Hendon and posse of seventy-five men who left here Sunday morning to arrest the two Indians indicted for horse stealing, and fears are entertained for their safety. A courier arrived a few minutes ago and reported that a band of 100 bucks from the Utah agency had been making their way toward Colorow's camp on Milk River. This news was of such a serious character that General Reardon, who is camped about twenty-five miles from here, on Piceance Creek, with a company of militia, will immediately move into Meeker for the better protection of the town. It is reported that Chipeta, the widow of Ouray, the most powerful chief who ever ruled over the Utes, was killed by the sheriff's party in the first encounter with the Indians. If such be the case, it is thought serious trouble cannot be averted.

WINNIPEG, Manitoba, August 23.—Application was made this morning on behalf of Sir Donald Smith to prevent the Red River Valley road crossing two lots of his near Morris. This will open another legal battle.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 23.—Governor Washington Bartlett, who has been in a precarious condition for some time, was stricken by paralysis last night, and there is little hope of his recovery. About three months ago the governor, worn out by several months of arduous labor in the way of his office in San Francisco, in his campaign through the state and in the governor's chair during the session of the legislature, went to Highland Springs. He was in a feeble condition and his symptoms were diagnosed and indicated Bright's disease of the kidneys. He recovered somewhat and these symptoms departed. Several weeks ago he went to the residence of his cousin and physician, Mrs. Guckel, in Oakland, where he is at present. The governor himself is aware of his

CRITICAL CONDITION.

and this afternoon directed that a dispatch should be sent Lieutenant Governor Waterman immediately upon his death. All his relatives have been summoned and are now near him. The Governor's mind is still clear, but his utterance has become so thick that it is scarcely distinguishable. Governor Bartlett is a democrat, and was elected to office last November. In the event of his death he will be succeeded by Lieutenant-Governor R. W. Waterman, who is a republican.

GALVESTON, August 23.—Information has been received here that Richard Stewart, of Chihuahua, Mexico

and Texas, has been confined for the past four months in a dungeon at San Juan, on a trumped-up charge of fraud. It is believed the object of the incarceration was to obtain his property which is going to ruin in the hands of the Mexicans. He represents his condition as deplorable, and appeals for government action. He is a brother of colon Stewart, United States District Attorney.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 23.—Mr. Kappel, corresponding editor of the *American Banker*, says: Among the matters to be discussed at the convention of bankers, which meets here in October, will be the question of uniformity in checks and the use of safety paper for checks, drafts and other papers. The most important question will be some plan whereby the circulation of bank money can be secured by bond deposit every few years. The silver question and the proposed amendment to the banking laws for the protection of depositors in national banks, section of by Comptroller Trenholm, suggested attention. The amendment will also call for where the president proposes that where the president and cashier of a bank are directors, there shall collusion between rectors to prevent cashier. Congress will be asked to amend the Canadian treaty, so that absconding financiers will not be secure from punishment by crossing the border.

WASHINGTON, August 23.—Warrants for pensions amounting to \$10,253,000 were issued from the treasury to-day. Notwithstanding this large payment the excess of government receipts over expenditures since the first of the present month is about three million half millions.

The Ottawa dispatch stating that the commanders of United States vessels in Alaska waters have been ordered to seize all vessels not owned by the Alaska Fur Company, is incorrect. The instructions were to prohibit the killing of seal, walrus or other animals within the limits of Alaska and the waters thereof, except under the provisions of the statutes. The exceptions relate to the right of the Alaska Company to take seal in limited numbers from the islands of St. Paul and St. George, and the right of the natives to kill for food and clothing.

OSTEND, August 23.—An affray arose between the Belgian and English fishermen to-day, and the gendarmes were summoned to quell the disturbance. They charged upon the mob with bayonets and seriously wounded many. Further trouble is expected.

NEW YORK, August 23.—The creditors of Mitchell, Vance & Co. learned to-day that the assets of the company are only \$750,000. It now appears that the entire capital of \$1,300,000 has been sunk. Secretary Bunker said to-day that in order to pay the creditors the stockholders would probably have to sell their stock. He could not say when the creditors would be paid.

HAVANA, August 23.—The Governor-General of Cuba, after making a personal inspection of the custom house, has discharged all the employees. The port applauded his energetic action.

ST. PETERSBURG, August 23.—The government has issued a ukase claiming as Russian territory all uncultivated lands on the banks of the River Murghan, and ordering that such lands be colonized and cultivated.

PARIS, August 23.—Seventy-two department councils have elected a republican bureau, and ten have elected a conservative bureau.

NEW YORK, August 23.—The resignation of Wm. H. Growell, vice-president of the Phoenix Insurance Company, was accepted to-day. George Sheldon was elected in his stead. E. W. Crowell and Samuel Tupper were dropped from the board of directors. This, with the recent death of Oliver Hoyt, left four vacancies. The following were elected: Austin Corbin, Henry W. Maxwell, Wm. B. Kendall and E. E. Knawell. Up to the present time the business of the company has included three branches, fire, marine and inland. Inasmuch as the fire insurance as carried by the company all through its history has been exceedingly profitable, and the company has lost money on its marine business, the board propose to confine their operations hereafter to fire and inland business.

ROME, August 23.—At Malta during the past 24 hours there were nine new cases of cholera, and four deaths.

PHILADELPHIA, August 23.—President Cleveland has accepted the invitation tendered by the University of Pennsylvania, the Philadelphia Library, the American Philosophical Society, the Franklin Institute, the College of Physicians, the Law Academy and the Historical Society, to attend a banquet in his honor on Saturday evening, September 17. On the afternoon of the same day the President will attend a banquet tendered him by the Muerian Society.

CROSTADT, August 23.—The Czar and family sailed for Copenhagen to-day.

CHICAGO, August 23.—The Colored Masons' National Convention began here to-day.

PARIS, Aug. 23.—Thousands of people are camping in the streets waiting for the execution of Franzini.

SOFA, August 24.—M. Stoll and Grekoff have refused to join the ministry, which will apparently be composed of nonentities, as all the leading men of the country are holding aloof.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—The Argentine Republic 5 per cent gold loan of 10,291,000 pesos will be introduced on the Berlin bourse to-morrow. Advance sales at

91 per cent are brisk. The loan is offered at 90.

COLOGNE, August 24.—The *Gazette* says negotiations will shortly be opened between Germany and France regarding the expulsions. France only agrees to negotiate on the reopening of the chambers, reserving meanwhile the right to retaliate for expulsions from Alsace-Lorraine.

LONDON, August 24.—The *Daily Telegraph* commends the American peace memorial and says: "There should be no question burning enough to justify war between the two great English-speaking nations, who are of common blood and have a common language and literature. If the memorial proves successful, it might lead to European international arbitration."

SCRANTON, Pa., August 24.—General Master Workman Powderly has made public a letter denying that he is in any way connected with the American party.

NEW YORK, August 24.—Mrs. Grover Cleveland arrived here early this morning. She was accompanied by General Greeley and wife and several friends. At half past eight the party left for Washington.

MANCHESTER, England, August 24.—The *Guardian's* commercial article says: Although the market has presented a generally firm appearance, the tone has been flat. The reason for this is evident; buyers have found that despite the short crops of cotton in the past two or three years, the supply of cloth has always been sufficient, and that the efforts to raise prices on the strength of reports of insufficient crops have usually proved a failure. The market is more than ever dependent upon the condition of distribution centres. Yarn is generally quiet. Exporters have placed a few orders. Home demand is poor. Buyers are increasing in caution. Cloth steady. Inquiry in a rather hesitating than in a free one. There is a little inquiry for creases, but merchants having bought good cloth. Better makes of shirting rather free. Things in moderate inquiry and about 10s of printing and other finishing cloth. Prices are weaker. Common and medium, steady demand slow.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—The President's attention was called to-day to a matter lately appearing in the *New York World*, to the effect that he was not properly supporting the commissioners appointed to examine the affairs of the Pacific railways, and giving as proof of the charge what was alleged to be the contents of the President's answer to Chairman Pattison's dispatch, proposing assistant counsel in the proceedings against Leelan Stanford. The President said: "I have no time to read or reply to the misrepresentations of opposition newspapers, and I am not at all afraid that they will succeed in deceiving the people as to the policy or course of the administration touching the matters in question, but if there is a man, woman or child who would feel easier after reading the dispatch which I did send to Governor Pattison, they can have it."

"EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, August 24, 1887.
Robert E. Pattison, Chairman U. S. Pacific Railway Commissioners, San Francisco:
Upon your statement that the judgment counsel should be employed, I authorize and approve such employment.
GROVER CLEVELAND.
LONDON, August 24.—The *Star* of Montreal's missing boat has been picked up and the seven passengers and six members of the crew who were in it are safe and well. The rescue was made by a German vessel named *Mahlde*, which arrived at Falmouth to-day.

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 24.—The Porte has telegraphed Prince Ferdinand that it disapproves his entry into Bulgaria without the sanction of the powers.

M. Valkovitch, the Bulgarian agent, has handed the Porte a telegram from Prince Ferdinand expressing his devotion to the Sultan and asking permission to come to Constantinople to pay his homage in person. The prime minister will reply informing the Prince that the Sultan cannot accede to the proposition.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 24.—Governor Bartlett has been resting easy to-day, and seems to have revived somewhat from yesterday's paralytic stroke. There is little if any reason to hope for his recovery, yet his death may not occur for several days.

WEXLS, N. H., August 24.—General Black, commissioner of pensions, is reported quite ill with inflammatory rheumatism, at his residence at Stepton.

DUBLIN, August 24.—The Irish board of guardians has adopted an official resolution defying the government's proclamation against the National League.

LONDON, August 24.—Mr. Gladstone, Sir William Vernon Harcourt and others had a long conference this morning in reference to the proclamation of the National League. An open air meeting was held at Westminster this evening for the purpose of denouncing the government's action in proclaiming the league. Sir William Vernon Harcourt addressed the meeting. He quoted Chamberlain's statements of Saturday to the effect that Ireland was

FREE FROM CRIME.

"And yet," continued the speaker, "Messrs. Chamberlain and Collings,