

PRESIDENT REACHES THE PACIFIC COAST

Arrived in Seattle Two Weeks After Leaving Boston—Goes To Tacoma Then South

MEETS AN OLD SWEETHEART

Finds Love of Country Everywhere And Local Pride Increasing as He Goes Farther West.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 29.—President Taft reached the Pacific coast tonight just two weeks after his start from Boston. During all of this time he has been steadily heading for the west. Here a new phase of the journey begins and when he leaves Seattle for Tacoma on Friday afternoon and leaves that city at midnight his course will be south until Los Angeles is reached, and then comes the turn once more to face to the rising sun.

The president and his party were met at the union station by a reception committee of two dozen members. The space in the station through which the president and his escort passed was roped off and a large body of police kept back the crowd.

The visitors entered automobiles and, preceded by a troupe of mounted police, drove to the Hotel Washington, a mile distant, where a reception in honor of the president was given by Mrs. Richard A. Ballinger, wife of the secretary of the interior.

After half an hour at the club the president and his escort went to the Hotel Washington, which will be the home of the visitors until their departure for Tacoma Friday evening.

In his Yakima address the president also took occasion to pay a tribute to Senator Wesley L. Jones of Washington, who joined the party at Spokane yesterday. Gov. Marion E. Hay of Washington, in introducing the president, said that it was through Mr. Jones that the president had received the national ticket of the Republicans party and the vice-president in 1912. He "placed in nomination the Hon. Wesley Jones."

PRaises SENATOR JONES.

"In nominating Senator Jones for a place on the ticket," said the president, "I did not know why Gov. Hay would not name him for the presidency, for you are not in the habit of taking a back seat out here. You only want the best. Whenever you put Senator Jones he can be counted upon to do the right thing at the right time, and that too without any brash hand waving. I will tell you, he is doing it. If you nominated him for the presidency I shall be glad to go before the country and testify to my own knowledge of his worth and ability, as I am doing here."

In the throng that greeted the president at the courthouse were a large number of Grand Army veterans and the members of the Woman's Relief corps.

"I am honored by the presence of the Grand Army men," said the president, "and by the ladies who, while they do not wear uniforms, suggest the presence of the woman's relief corps. I have seen the photo of visiting Grand Army men at many places on this trip, and it is most inspiring to have brought back the memories of the time when it cost blood and courage

S.S.S. CURES BLOOD POISON

When the blood becomes infected with the virus of Contagious Blood Poison, the symptoms are soon manifested. The mouth and throat ulcerate, copper-colored spots appear, a red rash breaks out, the hair begins to come out and usually sores and ulcers show themselves on different parts of the body. At the first sign of the disease S.S.S. should be taken, for the trouble is too powerful and dangerous to trifl with. If allowed to run on the tendency is to work down and attack the bones and nerves, and sometimes it makes a complete physical wreck of the sufferer. The disease can make no such headway if S.S.S. is commenced and used according to directions; its progress can be stopped, the poison removed, and health preserved. S.S.S. goes into the blood and removes the insidious virus, cleanses the circulation and makes a complete and permanent cure by driving out the cause. S.S.S. quickly takes effect on the blood, and gradually the symptoms disappear, the health is improved, the skin cleared of all spots, sores and blemishes, and when S.S.S. has thoroughly purified the circulation no trace of the disease is left. S.S.S. is a purely vegetable remedy, cures Contagious Blood Poison because it is the greatest of all blood purifiers, tested and proven for more than forty years. Home treatment book and any medical advice free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Chas H. Fletcher*. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Pergo, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulence. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, 25 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

WHAT THE KIDNEYS DO.

Their Unceasing Work Keeps Us Strong and Healthy.

All the blood in the body passes through the kidneys once every three minutes. The kidneys filter the blood. They work night and day. When healthy they remove about 500 grains of impure material daily. An unusual amount of this impure material is left in the blood. This brings on many diseases and symptoms—such as in the back, headache, nervousness, hot, dry skin, rheumatism, gout, gravel, disorders of the eyesight and hearing, irregular heart action, convulsions, dropsical deposits in the urine, etc. But if you keep the filters right you will have no trouble with your kidneys.

Mr. Joseph Sister, 552 West Third Street, Salt Lake City, Utah, says: "The statement I gave for publication in the Associated Press that Dr. Lyon's Pill will help good and healthy people confirm all I then said in their favor. Yet may continue to publish my testimony. I was subject to attacks of headache and there were other annoyances in evidence that caused me great distress. I tried many things, but the spell of kidney disorder was too strong. In order to build up my system, and to add to the strength, the exercises, the wealth and the prosperity of the country which they saved.

"Just in front of me," continued the president, "I see a monument that brings back many memories, that I always like to refer to and emphasize. The monument I understand to be to one of those who is often referred to as the 'founding fathers' of the country. In order that the duty which this government had there should be performed and a supervision extended and add green a people who by the providence of God were put under our guardianship.

"Only those who have been in the Philippines know the sacrifices and the difficulties to which our brave soldiers have been exposed. Once those who have been in the Philippines know and have a proper pride in what they did there, for they were called upon not only to meet a few most dangerous, fighting in oriental fashion, but after they had conquered them they were put in a position where they had to exert their self-control and a guardian spirit, the far-sightedness of the nation that only men in the American army are capable of, and so whenever I meet one who has been in the Philippines there is a bond between him and me that makes me happy, and I hope that in the audience which I am addressing there are a number of those who went out there and now retain in sweet recollection the hardships which they had to undergo and the beauties of far-distant scenes of the Pacific ocean.

CLIMAX APPROACHES

In a speech at the luncheon tendered the Yakima women, the president said: "I have been going west and I have been approaching a climax. I found that the people in Chicago were fairly well satisfied with that large city and thought everything centered there and should itself with reference to Chicago. Then I came to Milwaukee, then to Des Moines, then to Omaha, then to Colorado, and there I struck the region of the apple. The peaches played some part in it, but the apple was developing. I came to Utah and I found it still stronger, and then up into Idaho and then to Spokane where I did not find that Spokane was likely to be the place where we should be. Now I am going to the west, and I think that is going to be one of the most successful farmers of your district. At any rate if she can cultivate the good will of the fruit as she did the men in my neighborhood she is bound to succeed."

HOPPITY HOP.

Are you just barely getting around by the aid of crutches or a cane? Unless you have lost a limb or have a severe sprain, you can get along without a cane, sprain, stiff joints, or anything of like nature use Hallard's Snow Liniment and no time you can throw away your crutches and be as well as anyone else. \$1.00 and \$1.50. Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept. 112 and 114 South Main St., Salt Lake City.

"Protect yourself and family." Johnson & Ewing, 1014 Boston Bidg.

UNITED STATES WILL MAKE NO PROTEST

Washington, Sept. 29.—The statement that this government has decided to make a formal protest against the treatise between China and Japan is denied by competent authority to be unfounded. It is said to be doubtful whether Secy. Knox has given the matter any consideration.

The provision in one of the treaties that China must consent Japan before she can extend her present railway system in Manchuria is not regarded with favor. It is held that Japan by exacting such a pledge is violating that article in the Portsmouth treaty whereby Japan and Russia agreed not to obstruct each other's influence in China. The Chinese government might take up the commercial development of her empire.

It is also pointed out that while China has arranged with China for building railways in Manchuria for which Japan is to furnish part of the capital, her insistence on China's consulting her before building any extension of the imperial Chinese railway system is not made with approval by the Chinese.

By this concession Japan would in a large measure, it is said, control the mining resources of a very large part of South Manchuria which might prove a serious blow to the interests of the Chinese railways which may be constructed later.

GEN. GRANT MARCHED FOR GOOD GOVERNMENT

Washington, Sept. 29.—Gen. Frederick D. Grant, commanding the department of the lakes, and Secy. Dickinson discussed informally at the war department this afternoon the criticism which has been directed at the former because he appeared in the uniform of his rank at the head of a so-called temperance march in the city of Detroit. What passed between the two men was not disclosed. Mr. Dickinson said he had mentioned the subject to Gen. Grant when he called at the department of the lakes from the Hudson-Fulton celebration in New York. In the absence of the latter, which W. H. Michaels of the executive board of the United States for Local Self-government, called to the office of the secretary criticizing Gen. Grant, the master could not be treated officially, and it is believed the secretary's reference was just.

Earlier in the day Gen. Grant justified his action in appearing in the parade on the ground that it was a demonstration in favor of good government and was a temperance march.

Assuming that orders were issued to Gen. Grant to march in the parade, Secy. Dickinson holds that the former's protest thereto cannot be regarded as an official protest, as giving the government's stamp of approval to the object of the demonstration.

COL. W. R. MORRISON DEAD.

Waterloo, Ill., Sept. 29.—Col. W. R. Morrison, for many years a leader of the Democratic party and a veteran of the Mexican war, died tonight.

Mr. Morrison was elected to Congress in 1862. While chairman of the house ways and means committee he introduced the tariff measure known as the "Morrison bill." He was reelected to Congress in 1864, and in the same year was appointed to the interstate commerce commission by President Cleveland, remaining in that position for 10 years.

WHY WHITNEY DID NOT GO BACK

Engines of the Jeanie Were Not Working in a Satisfactory Manner.

AS TO DR. COOK'S EFFECTS.

Did Not Know at Time That They Were of Such Great Importance.

New York, Sept. 29.—The following dispatch was received by the Associated Press from Harry Whitney, the New Haven humorist, who arrived at St. John's, N. F., yesterday by the steamer Jeanie on his way home:

"Stephenville Crossing, N. F., Sept. 29.—So many questions are being asked me by different papers that I decided to make the following statement through the Associated Press: My reasons for not going back to Etah after Dr. Cook's things were that the engines of the Jeanie, one of the smallest boats that ever went to the arctic, were not working satisfactorily and we were depending partly on sail which failed to catch the wind all the time."

For sale by all dealers. Price 5¢. Foster-Mithun Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

earth. I am glad to find the spirit increasing until I reach the topmost of civic enterprise and commendable municipal conceit in Seattle.

PREST. TAFT MEETS AN OLD SWEETHEART

North Yakima, Wn., Sept. 29.—President Taft met an old sweetheart of the village to which our reporter went this morning. Those who have been in the Philippines know and have a proper pride in what they did there, for they were called upon not only to meet a few most dangerous, fighting in oriental fashion, but after they had conquered them they were put in a position where they had to exert their self-control and a guardian spirit, the far-sightedness of the nation that only men in the American army are capable of, and so whenever I meet one who has been in the Philippines there is a bond between him and me that makes me happy, and I hope that in the audience which I am addressing there are a number of those who went out there and now retain in sweet recollection the hardships which they had to undergo and the beauties of this section of the Pacific ocean.

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