

behind Salt Lakers in point of raising early strawberries.

**Indicted.**—An indictment having been found against Brother Alfred Best, on the charge of unlawful cohabitation with his wives, he was arrested at his farm yesterday by Deputy Marshal Greenman, and notified to appear to-day before Commissioner McKay and give bonds. Accordingly he came into town this afternoon and appeared before that officer, who fixed his bonds at \$1,000. They were furnished by Messrs. Rudolph Alf and D. L. Davis.

**Shot Accidentally.**—Yesterday's C. P. passenger train brought to Ogden a man named John Smith, of Carson, Nevada, who had been accidentally shot while on the cars. It appears, according to the Ogden Herald, that several passengers were standing in the aisle of one of the emigrant cars, taking a drink from a bottle, when another individual approached the group, presumably to join in the same pastime. As he came near, a pistol, which was in his pocket, was discharged by striking a seat. The bullet entered Smith's leg, embedding itself in the fleshy part of his thigh. The wounded man, whose injury is not thought to be dangerous, was taken to the hospital at Ogden, where he was made comfortable.

**The Storm.**—The storm which commenced at a very early hour this morning is quite general throughout the Territory. At Provo the wind which accompanied the rain was so violent that the roof of the co-op warehouse was blown off, and Z. C. M. I. of this city had to send down a force of men this afternoon to repair the damage.

The vast amount of rain which has fallen has greatly swelled the various mountain streams, and as a result many of the farms in the lower portions of the valley will be inundated and the crops considerably damaged.

City Creek is the highest now that it has been this year, and the large dam put in near the head of the water-works this spring commenced to wash away this forenoon. Superintendent Outinger sent up a number of men, who are busily engaged in repairing the break and preventing further damage. Watermaster Winder is also out with a force of men laboring to prevent the canal from giving way on account of the extra amount of water which it now contains.

**Not Identical.**—Some instances have occurred of late wherein two of the benevolent institutions of this city have been confounded in the public mind. We allude to the Deseret Hospital and the Sisters', or St. Mary's Hospital. The ladies of the Relief Societies among the Latter-day Saints having been the prime movers in establishing and carrying on the Deseret Hospital, it is not difficult to see how the mistake of supposing it to be called the "Sisters' Hospital" should be made. The latter name, however, more properly belongs, not to a Latter-day Saint institution, but to that of the Catholic Church, in which a certain order of "Sisters" are the ministering spirits, and which, by the way, is a very worthy institution. The name of "Deseret," which is applied to the hospital in which the Latter-day Saints are chiefly interested, and of which they are deservedly proud, is one that is peculiarly "Mormon," in fact, taken from the Book of Mormon, and which signifies "the honey bee." The insignia chosen by the pioneers of this Territory to designate this particular part of the Union was a hive of bees, and the title under which they petitioned to be admitted to the rights of State government was that of "Deseret." In view of these facts and the well-known industrious and self-sacrificing characteristics of the honey bee, no more appropriate name could have been adopted for the noble, benevolent institution which it represents.

Our object in calling attention to this matter is not to disparage the Sisters' Hospital, but to impress upon our readers that it and the Deseret Hospital are separate and distinct, and should not be confounded.

**Arrested for Libel.**—Yesterday afternoon Mr. Chas. Hemenway, editor of the Ogden Herald, was arrested on a charge of libel preferred by Nathan Kimball, who was tried in the Alderman's court the day previous for an assault upon Mr. Hemenway.

The complaint charges the accused with having published the following alleged "false, scandalous, malicious, and defamatory libel":

"In this connection, it may not be too much of a digression to note the fact that Nathan Kimball, the foreman of the Grand Jury of this Judicial District, and the most of his associate jurors, are totally irresponsible financially, and every other way. Kimball is not even a taxpayer and he was doubtless chosen as the foreman of the Grand Jury on account of his known bitter hostility to the 'Mormons.' He claims to have \$100 worth of taxable property, but the interest on his just debts would probably amount to more than that every year. His character is that of a blowhard and a blisk, and he is not fit to be trusted with any position of responsibility, for his impecunious condition renders him susceptible to corruption, and his violent malice can be indulged with impunity, because it would be useless to bring action against him to recover any damages at law, and as for sending the dirty-hearted old sycophant and back-biter to prison for any criminal malignity that he may be guilty of—why that would be a blessing and not a punishment to 'General' Nathan Kimball."

The accused was taken before U. S. Commissioner D. W. Felshaw, pleaded not guilty, waived examination, and was placed under \$1,000 bonds to await the action of the grand jury. L. W. Shurtliff and C. F. Middleton becoming his sureties. Subpoenas were served on Mr. E. H. Anderson, business manager, A. D. Chambers, foreman, and A. W. Millgate, city editor of the Ogden Herald, to appear as witnesses.

#### FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY JUNE 6

**Arrested.**—Yesterday afternoon a warrant of arrest was served on Nicholas B. Milco, who stabbed a man in a row in a saloon about a year ago. Milco was bound over to await the action of the grand jury, and that body found an indictment charging him with an assault to commit murder. His bail was fixed at \$700, J. McVicker and L. Benites signing the bonds.

**Stricken with Paralysis.**—By letter from Joseph T. McEwan, of Provo, to his brother Henry, of this office, we learn that their mother, one of the old residents of Provo, who has attained the advanced age of 84 years, was stricken with paralysis on Tuesday last, and has since then been gradually growing weaker. Her left side is deprived of all power of exertion, and she has to be helped whenever she wants to move; she is also somewhat bloated, but she does not seem to be in any pain. Fears are entertained that she will not survive many days.

**Diphtheria.**—Diphtheria has been reported from various quarters in this county within the past few days, the greatest fatality being at Big Cottonwood, where a Norwegian, by the name of Engelbrigt Canutesen, has lost four children—all he had—ranging in age from 3 to 12 years, between last Saturday and Wednesday. Two of the children were attended by a German doctor who lives at South Cottonwood, who treated the disease after a fashion of his own, and, as the result proved, unsuccessfully. A child in another family in that vicinity is affected with the disease, but it is said to be recovering.

**Unlawful Cohabitation.**—The following dispatch appears in the Sacramento Record-Union of June 4:

"PRESCOTT, June 3.—Edmund Ellsworth, a Mormon, under indictment of the District Court here for polygamy, was allowed to-day to withdraw his plea of not guilty and plead guilty to unlawful cohabitation. Before being sentenced, he stated that he understood the law, and in future would obey it. Chief Justice Howard then sentenced him to pay a fine of \$300, or imprisonment in the Territorial Penitentiary at Yuma for 60 days."

We refrain at present from making comments, as the particulars have not yet reached us.

**The Jordan Overflowing.**—This morning the river Jordan is overflowing its banks, on both sides, completely flooding the level country for a considerable distance. The water is now but four inches below the high water mark of last year, and is still rising. The surplus canal, which was intended to prevent such an occurrence as this, is not yet opened, and in fact, considerable work will yet be required before the necessary relief can be obtained. Now is the time that the city and county authorities should come to the aid of those living in the district liable to inundation, and by vigorous and concerted action make an outlet for the large quantity of water now coming down. This work, to be of benefit, must be promptly attended to, and we hope that no unnecessary delay or neglect will be permitted to interfere with that course which the circumstances urgently require.

**From the Scottish Mission.**—We were pleased yesterday to meet our young friend, Elder James G. Crane, son of Bishop Crane, of Herriman, who returned on Tuesday last from a mission to Europe, upon which he started on the 10th of April, 1883. He was at that time only just turned seventeen years of age—very young to go out into the world as a missionary and meet with the opposition which a Latter-day Saint has to face in advocating the unpopular doctrines of the Gospel. He had, however, inherited sufficient of his father's pluck and zeal to make him equal to the emergency, young as he was, and from personal knowledge we can say that he labored with good effect and to the utmost of his ability during his absence, spreading a knowledge of the Gospel. During the whole of his stay in Great Britain, with the exception of a short time spent in visiting Ireland and Wales, his labors were confined to the Fifeshire Ayrshire, Edinburgh and Glasgow districts of the Scottish Conference. His health was not very good a part of the time while he was away, and he does not now look so rugged as he did before he left home, but he will doubtless soon recuperate. He feels thankful for the experience he has gained while abroad, and is glad to be home once more.

**The Suits Against Crismon.**—Our readers will remember that about a year ago the Territory and county entered suits against the bondsmen of ex-Assessor and Collector Crismon, for the recovery of some \$65,000, the amount of taxes unaccounted for, which stood against the collector's account. For over a year now these suits have been dragging their weary length through the courts, without much good being accomplished. Mr.

Crismon, at the onset, turned over about \$20,000 to his bondsmen besides all of his exempt property, in order to secure them.

A compromise has just been effected by which the claims of the Territory against the defendants have been paid in cash, and the county has accepted, in satisfaction of its claims, certain assets in the form of canal and coal stock, real estate and the list of delinquent taxes which were charged against Mr. Crismon.

Thus the matter is settled as between the bondsmen and the Territory and county, but this compromise will not effect, in the least, those who owe delinquent taxes, as the county will push their collection with as much, and perhaps more, vigor than the bondsmen have been doing.

#### DIPHTHERIA REMEDY.

SALT LAKE CITY,  
June 5th, 1885.

Editor Deseret News:

Seeing that dread scourge diphtheria is again on the rampage, would it not be as well to disseminate among the people all the remedies most popularly understood? Here is one said to be a certain remedy and preventative, used by a North Carolina physician for upwards of twenty years, and which is vouched for by a correspondent of the Pioneer Press as being infallible:

#### RECIPE.

Chlorate potassa, dr. ii.  
Mur. tinc. iron, fl. (fluid) dr. ii.  
Syrup ginger, fl. oz. ii.  
Water, fl. oz. vi.  
S. Two teaspoonful every two or six hours in a little water for children from four to ten years.

GIBBON, M. D.

As a preventative, give the chlorate of potassa and muriate tincture of iron solution three times a day to children, slightly diluted with water, and in treating the disease the dose may be given every two hours day and night until the system becomes perfectly saturated and the disease yields.

In the more aggravated cases, where we find deranged secretions with high fever, we give early in the disease an emetic of ipecac or a decided dose of calomel, to be promptly followed by the solution of potash and iron. This treatment, if properly persevered in, will do much to eradicate this troublesome disease from any community.

PRO BONO PUBLICO.

#### FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, JUNE 5.

**Notice.**—The St. George Temple will close on Friday, July 3rd, and open on Tuesday, September 1st, 1885.

JOHN D. T. McALLISTER.

**Pocket Book Lost.**—If the person who found a pocket book on Saturday last, containing a number of due bills issued by General Tithing office, P. W. Madsen and Z. C. M. I., will leave the same at this office for the owner, he will confer a great favor upon him.

**Kicked by a Horse.**—A young man by the name of John Stockings, son of the late E. I. Stockings, of South Jordan, met with a painful accident a few days since. In a playful spirit he took hold of the tail of a horse which another boy was riding, when the animal kicked viciously at him, striking him on the jaw, cutting a gash from his mouth down to his neck and loosening a number of his teeth. He was brought into the city to receive surgical assistance.

**Davis Stake Conference.**—By letter from James H. Wilcox, we learn that a Conference of the Davis Stake was held at Centreville on the 6th and 7th insts., upon which occasion no special business of importance was transacted. In addition to the usual business of conferences some excellent instruction was given by Apostles F. M. Lyman, John Henry Smith, and H. J. Grant, and Elders S. B. Young and Robert Campbell.

On account of the stormy weather the attendance was not so large as usual, but an excellent spirit prevailed during the Conference.

**Bishop Harris Dead.**—By a special telegram received from D. E. Harris, of Monroe, we learn that his father, Bishop Dennison L. Harris, died on Saturday last at that place, of pneumonia, and his funeral will take place to-day.

Deceased, who was a nephew of Martin Harris, one of the witnesses to the Book of Mormon, has been a member of the Church almost ever since its organization, and been known as a faithful, conscientious man. For a number of years past he has been Bishop of the Monroe Ward of Sevier County.

**A Water Question.**—The case of the Lehi Irrigation Company, appellants, vs. Stephen Moyle, et al, respondents, was being heard before the Territorial Supreme court this afternoon. The irrigation company claim that their ditch, running from the mouth of American Fork Cañon to Lehi, has been continuously broken by the respondents, and the water taken therefrom, while Mr. Moyle and his co-defendants make a general denial of the accusation. In the First District Court judgment was given the defendants, and the motion for a new trial, made by the irrigation company, being overruled, an appeal was taken.

**Struck by a Train.**—At about 20 minutes past 12 o'clock to-day, as Mrs.

Celia Swanberg, a Scandinavian lady aged about 40 years, was crossing the Utah Central track just within the north side of the depot, she was struck by the forward car of the gravel train which happened along just at the time. Mrs. Swanberg, who has but one arm, was carrying a bundle of chips on her back, and did not notice the approaching train, or understand the shouts of the train men to get out of the way. She was knocked down and her head badly bruised and cut, there being a large gash across the forehead, one on the upper lip, one alongside the nose, and several smaller ones about the face. She was taken to the Deseret Hospital, where her wounds were dressed by Dr. H. J. Richards. It is believed that her injuries will not prove serious.

**An Aged Veteran Gone.**—Last Saturday morning, Brother William Wilding, perhaps the oldest person in the Territory, died at the residence of his youngest daughter, Mrs. O. B. Shaw, in the Seventeenth Ward. He was born in Northamptonshire, England, Nov. 11, 1783, and was consequently nearly 102 years of age. He had never been sick in his life, and might have survived several years longer had it not been for an accident which he received a week previous to his death. He was out in the yard, performing some trifling labors, when he fell, sustaining such serious injuries that he had to be carried into the house and has since been confined to his bed.

Brother Wilding was baptized in Jan. 1840, by Elder George Simpson, and emigrated to Utah in 1868, since which time he has resided with Mrs. Shaw who is herself 64 years of age. He has a son living in England and another in Ohio. He was a man of steady habits and seldom allowed his peace of mind to be seriously disturbed.

The funeral services were held at the residence yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, and appropriate remarks were made by Elders C. R. Savage, Nathan Davis, E. B. Tripp and Bishop Tingey.

**The Simpson Bigamy Case.**—This morning the appeal on the order overruling the motion for a new trial, in the case of the charge of bigamy against Thomas Simpson, was argued before the Territorial Supreme Court, Chief Justice Zane presiding, Associate Justices Powers and Boreman present. Simpson was indicted by the grand jury July 12, 1884, and on March 11, 1885, was found guilty; on March 14, his attorney, Mr. Whittemore, moved for a new trial, Judge Zane overruling the motion, and sentencing Simpson to imprisonment in the penitentiary, where he has since been confined.

The attorney for the appellant alleges that the Court erred in charging the jury as follows:

"You are further instructed that it is not necessary in order to establish a marriage between the defendant, and the woman, Hannah Powell, that a marriage certificate, or any other record, evidence of such marriage should be procured; neither is it necessary to produce any witness who was present at such marriage; you may infer the marriage from the deliberate declarations, or admissions of the defendant that this woman was his wife. If you believe, from all the evidence in the case, that such declarations and admissions were in fact made by him."

The appellant claimed the error to be in charging that a valid marriage could be proved by the declarations or admissions of the defendant alone, without reference to other circumstances; and argued that it was necessary for the prosecution to prove that the first marriage was valid in the country where the ceremony was performed, in prosecutions for bigamy.

District Attorney Dickson argued that the alleged first marriage of the defendant could be established by his deliberate admissions and confessions. That as the first marriage was alleged to have taken place in England, and no evidence whatever of what was necessary to constitute a valid marriage in that country was introduced, and there being no statute in Utah regulating marriages, it was proper to presume that a common law marriage was valid. Such a marriage could have been entered into without witnesses or ceremony, and without a record, and in that event the deliberate admissions of the parties themselves would be sufficient proof. The District attorney cited, among other authorities, the instructions to the jury in the Miles case, sustained by the Territorial and United States Supreme Courts, that the marriage could be sufficiently proven by the admissions of the defendant, without other evidence.

The case was taken under advisement by the Court.

#### PRIESTHOOD MEETING.

The Priesthood of the Salt Lake Stake of Zion met in the Assembly Hall at 11 a. m. on Saturday.

All of the Wards of the Stake were represented except the 20th Ward of the City, and the Pleasant Green, Draperville and Brighton Wards of the county.

The 4th, 8th, 9th, 10th, and 16th Quorums of Elders were not represented. There was a good showing of the Quorums of the Lesser Priesthood from the country Wards, while those of the city were poorly represented.

Eight brethren were recommended to be ordained Elders, and the proposition was endorsed by the unanimous vote of the meeting.

A resolution of the High Council was read discountenancing the practice of holding Bishop's courts on the Sabbath day, which in a few instances was found to have been done.

Elder John Henry Smith, of the Quorum of the Twelve, who was present was the principal speaker, and gave much valuable and timely instruction. The subjects touched upon were: the keeping of the Word of Wisdom, the necessity of Bishops fully understanding the character and conduct of men, young or old, before recommending them for ordination to the higher Priesthood; the preaching of the Gospel in its purity by the Elders without reflecting disparagingly to other sects and denominations; that no Elder in Israel could entertain for one moment the idea that some men were advocating, of a compromise of even one principle of our faith, etc. It was also asserted that the trials of to-day were only a part of the legacy bequeathed by the Almighty to His people, and that we might expect from this time on, only short intervals of peace and rest from persecution, involving as it does in many instances imprisonment, which some of our brethren are suffering to-day. The more strict keeping of the Sabbath day was also advised, and that visiting of friends on that day as well as pleasure-seeking in other channels, be avoided, for this was a law which the Saints had covenanted to observe. The Presidents of quorums were entreated to watch over, admonish and reprove, if need be (but in meekness,) those over whom they had jurisdiction, that a healthy condition might exist in all the organizations.

Adjourned to meet on Saturday, July 4th, 1885, at 11 a. m.

#### ACTS OF A BIGOT, AND THEIR RESULT.

##### PROVERBS.—CHAPTER I.

1. The ways of a bigot are always inconsistent and unjust when relating to an individual or party in opposition to himself.
2. Because he sees nothing good, great or praiseworthy that does not originate with those of his own kind.
3. A bigoted man, when possessed of power is extremely dangerous, for he uses it to the hurt of his fellows, and that too without mercy.
4. And should he sit in the judgment seat, woe betide those upon whom he shall pass sentence, for he will use his discretionary power to the utmost limit against them.
5. He would chain the mind, endeavor to suppress the honest expression of thought and even use illegal and unjust methods to accomplish his ends.
6. He vainly imagines that the mind of man can be compelled to yield to his dictation, as the body can be incarcerated in a dungeon according to his will.
7. He forgets in his blind zeal that all men are born equal, and should be awarded equal rights and privileges.
8. All of his acts tend to oppression, and are only equalled by the rule of the wicked, that causes the people to mourn.
9. He will excuse the vilest sinner, and declare the law was not made for the wicked, but for the righteous.
10. He will commit without evidence, and boldly declare that the "opportunity to do wrong" is all that is necessary to justify a trial of the accused.
11. In judging those not of his own party, he sees only wrong in right, error in truth, impurity in virtue; hence all of his rulings are founded on injustice.
12. He will even distort words and give their very plain meaning a false interpretation.
13. He will justify himself by declaring that to be law that was never intended to be such.
14. In passing sentence upon an accused person he will mourn because the penalty is altogether too light.
15. Thus is the bitter hate of his narrow soul made manifest, to the disgust of all noble-minded persons.
16. He allows no opportunity to pass without inflicting punishment upon those who differ with him.
17. Those who are liable to be tried by him had better hide themselves away, for naught but unrighteous judgment will he render.
18. A bigot cannot be shown his errors, for he is without reason, and will not be convinced.
19. He is like the fool, of whom Solomon said, "Though though bray him in a mortar with a pestle, yet will not his foolishness depart from him."
20. The power of a bigoted man is, however, of short duration; though the mischief that he performs during the period of his rule is often incalculable and so widespread as to cause serious disaster.
21. For he labors with all of his might and rests not, hoping to immortalize his name by his diligence in persecuting those who are opposed to him.
22. In his madness he forgets that the measure he meets out to others will surely be meted out to him for reward, with interest added thereto.
23. For though he may justify his own acts, yet will he stand condemned of man and God, and cannot escape their judgment.
24. Thus in the end will the bigoted man inherit shame and disgrace, instead of the glory he sought to obtain.

PROVERBIALIST.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla is a highly concentrated extract of Sarsaparilla, and other blood-purifying roots, combined with Iodide of Potassium and Iron. Its control over scrofulous diseases is unequalled by any other medicine.