

in Utah's capital. For a year prepartions have been made for the entertainment of the honored guests, and now that the reunion is ended and the Veterans have gone we can look back upon the efforts made by the citizens with satisfaction. From the many kind expressions by visitors we know that they felt at home in the City of the Saints. They appreciated the hospitality tendered them. They were delighted with the conditions here, and they will carry with them to their homes and friends the best of impressions. They know now that the peo-

to refute any such statement. No one has ever asserted, for instance, that Senator Reed Smoot is not in politics. All the world knows that he is, and all the world also knows

that he has been sustained at every

overlying or nothing-but-lying. Neither

the "Mormon" press nor the speakers,

The Secretary of the Utah State nor anybody else has, to our knowledge, Peace society, at the suggestion of Proever asserted that "the prophets were fessor Torild Arnoldson has forwarded of melodies unheard by ordinary mornot in politics," to quote the exact to the international congress at Stockwords of the author. So the 500 pages are utterly wasted if they were written holm, the following:

FOR THE SAKE OF PEACE.

"Belleving that disputes between two parties, whether individuals or nations, cannot with impartiality be settled by the arbitrament of either, without an infraction of justice; "Belleving, with His Majesty, the late king Oscar II, that the Hague Tribunal is the proper authority to which international disputes not sol-vable by diplomatic means should henceforth be submitted:

ders for us when he successfully translates to our understanding that which he has learned from the masters. And while the refinement and the sense of spiritual insight that come to

"Low spirits" is one excuse for much selfishness. It is doubtful whether any-one has a right to be melancholy ir, a world so full of joy, where there is so much to live for; besides, it is a miserable piece of egotism to thrust one's low spirits upon others. The sel-fish idler is condemned by everyone, but the one who wastes his time groan-ing and complaining until he becomes a chronic hypochendrize, is a hard "Low spirits" is one excuse for muc

Dr. Botler who made the famous re-

mark about strawberries.

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No.

ple of Utah are as patriotic, as loval, and as warm-hearted toward the soldiers of the Civil war as any citizens anywhere. They know that Utah, notwithstanding slander, is an Amerlean state in every sense of that word. We repeat what we have said before, that the people here love and respect the soldlers because they offered themselves in their youth and early manhood upon the altar of patriotism, in order to save the Union. We love them for, this, and still more because after the fearful conflict, they have given their influence as citizens for the preservation of popular government. God bless the Veterans in their declining years, and may their presence prove a new incentive to patriotism! May it strengthen in the present genaration, and generations to come, the determination to keep inviolate the institutions for which they offered their lives!

The Latter-day Saints have always been a loyal, patriotic people. Loyalty is part of their religion. In defense of the Constitutional rights of American citizens they gave up their homes their property, and, many of them, their lives. In order to realize their ideal under the American flag they came to Utah, like a band of Pilgrim fathers, and laid the foundations for an American state. They know what it is to struggle for country, for home, for the Flag. And they know moreover that the final struggle for the Godinspired instrument of freedom against the forces of bigotry and darkness, is yet to come. They know this by the light of the prophetic word which never fails. They are preparing for it. And whenever the conflict comes, no matter what form it may assume, they will be ready to stand by me Constitution and the government We love the soldiers. They went to the war with brave hearts, at a time when nothing but war could settle the questions at issue. War then was inevitable. At the same time we look forward to a blessed era of universal peace upon the earth, when civilization shall have lifted mankind above the war level; when deeds of manhood and heroism will be measured by new standards. That time will come. And that will mean the solution of every auestion that now causes strife, no only between nations but between classes and individuals. But this does not make us think less of the soldier. who fought bravely in a righteous cause! into meetings of a purely religious

God bless the Veterans!

IRRIGATION CONGRESS.

The Irrigation congresses are among the most important gatherings of a reneral nature, held in this country. The first was held in New Orleans in The seventeenth is being held

conference for many years as an Apostle of the Church. So it is evident that Mr. Gibbs alleges that he starts out to combat an asseveration that was never made. What a waste of effort! School. boys demolishing their own snow-men at least get good exèrcise and fun out of their play, but what does Mr. Gibbs get out of his? He is attacking a phantom of his own imagination.

No one denies that some Church men as American citizens, have interested themselves in the political affairs of the State, or the communities in which they live. We even assert that under the laws of the land they have a perfect right to do so; and further, that it is their duty, as good citizens, to do so. We assert that Senator Smoot, Hon. Heber J. Grant, President Roberts, President Morris, President Mc-Lachlan and others, have just as much right to engage in politics and to use their influence for good government, according to their views, as have Messrs. Kearns, Lippman, Martin and Black, and some others that could be

mentioned. This proposition is unassailable. What we deny is that the Church is being used for the furtherance of politics. We claim that neither Republicanism nor Democracy nor any other

political faith, is being enunciated from the ecclesiastical pulpits. We claim that the Church organization is never being used for the furtherance of political aspirations. We claim that one man is as free as any other to vote and to use his political influence as his conscience dictates. We claim that the Church believes in the separation of church and state into two perfectly independent spheres, and that this distinction is observed in Utah to the fullest extent, as far as the Latter-day Saints are concerned.

This was fully established during the investigation of the right of Hon. Reed Smoot to his seat in the United States Senate. It was proved that "the Mormon voters of the State adhere more closely to party lines than the non-Mormons do." It was proved that since 1900, at least, "the Mormon Church has not controlled, or attempted to control, elections in Utah." (Proceedings Before the Committee, Vol. iv Page 524.) During the last county election here some prominent Church men took a more than usually lively interest in politics and even occasionally brought the discussion of the questions at issue

character. But the conditions here

were exceptional at that time. The Church was assalled from the political

platforms, by so-called "American"

leaders and orators. One of them

threatened to use the county offices

These suggestions may not be adopt ed by the present congress, but some time the Hague tribunal, or some similar court, will have to depend on a strong police force for the execution of its decrees. A court without a strong arm is but a cripple. And because that time will surely come, the suggestion is timely. It is the dream of today that becomes the reality of tomorrow.

APPRECIATION.

Those who heard the singing and the organ solos on Friday evening in the Tabernacle will no doubt agree with the writer that the Salt Lake public is to be congratulated upon the unusual ability of those in our midst who cultivate the arts of song and melody. t may not be amiss to observe, in relation to this species of "divine harnony" that we seem to have a larger number of excellent song and instrumental artists than most other communities are favored with, while our choral units undoubtedly stand forth with an impressive fulness and richness of beauty in rendition that wholly captivate the special lovers of music as well as the larger and thoroughly appreciative public.

When, for example, the choir renders "Twilight," the subdued "whispering" seauty of the exquisite piece produces on the mind of the listener the effect of a peace, a tranquility, a serenity and a quiet rapture that can be understood by all who experience it, but can scarcely be explained to those who are

less susceptible to the undefinable charm of such chastened melody When, on the other hand, the mingled grace, glory, and sublimity of the "Hallelujah Chorus" burst upon the

for purposes of persecution. He ansense with all the mighty appeal to the nounced the program of the party to be emotions which that masterpiece carto send twenty-six men to jail, or into ries when rendered by the select hunt Spokane. Washington, and this is exile, mough the only offense charged dreds of the Tabernacle choir under aid to be the greatest in the history against many of them was that they the magic sway of Stephene; when, the

those who undergo this training, will always be a sufficient vable by diplomatic means should henceforth be submitted; "Belleving that this international tribunal should be upheld in an effectcompensation for the years of toil which excellence in music demands, it may interest them to know that the "And believing that the pledge here proposed would be conducive to a gradual reduction of armaments; general musical public, whose only qualification to speak and judge is admiration for and real delight in this "The Utah State Peace Society re-spectfully moves that the Eighteenth International Peace Congress at Stockform of beauty, is more or less aware of the deeper significance of the service rendered to the community by the deholm pass a resolution which shall embody the following suggestion to the next Hague conference: "That the various governments pledge votees of the divine, "sphere-descended naid" called music.

tion a record of the things he had per-

ceived. But before these things can

become ours, we must become like him

We, too, must be carried into the region

tals ere we can truly appreciate; and

this service the singer or musician ren-

A WARNING EXAMPLE.

themselves to place at the disposal of the Hague Tribunal, if necessary, their entire armies and navies for the even-tual enforcement of its decision against Everybody has heard something "That the conference appoint a com-mittee of three of different national-mittee of three of different nationaliabout the Jukes family. But the Indiana State Board of Charities again brings the facts relating to that family ties, which, at the bidding of the Tribunal, shall exercise the highest command over the said armies and nato public view, showing the cost to the state, morally and otherwise, of a worthless life.

vies, with authority to appoint among themselves, one as commander-in-chief, provided that the latter must not be-long to the refractory pation." Max. the progenitor, was born in New York in 1720. He was a drunkard who spent most of his time in idleness. Little else is known about him. Of his descendants, 1,200 were identified as having been occupants of penal and charitable institutions previous to 1824. Not one was ever elected to a public office, and not one ever served in the army or navy, or contributed anything to the public welfare. On the contrary, they cost society over \$1,000 each, or a total of \$1,250,000. Three hundred and

ten were in poorhouses, 2,300 years in all; 300, over one in four, died in child-

hood; 440 were viciously diseased; 400 were physically wrecked early by their own viciousness; 50 were notorious prostitutes; 7 were murderers; 60 were habitual thieves; 130 were convicted more or less often of crime.

And yet there are people who question the duty of the state to try to limit drunkenness by suitable legislation. There are individuals who contend that shops where drunkenness is fostered are "legitimate" and entitled to the protection of the state. They know not what they are doing. The argue for the warming of a viper in the bosom of the state. They defend one of the main sources of crime, poverty, insanity, and disease.

> Crazy Snake is aestivating undisturbed.

What's a summer home without : mother?

No amount of talk is a substitute for

hard work In this world things go a good deal s you think they go

An honest steelyard is a near approach to the golden rule,

Gone but will never be forgotten-the Grand Army of the Republic

The new tariff bill has some counter

t chronic hypochondriac, is a hard vorker from the trouble he takes to find trouble.

The best prescription for depression of spirits generally is work-work which is all absorbing, not work hunt-ing for trouble. One way of paralyzing our faculties is to allow them to waste our faculties is to allow them to waste with disuse. Employment keeps away the rust. It keeps the mind and heart alive to the interest of the day. Many old men break down and become child-like because they abandon business, and thus lose much of their every-day interest in the world around them. It is not uncommon for old people to take up courses of study and success-fully pass through them. All such os fully pass through them. All success-cupations serve to keep the interest alive in something besides mere selfish-ness, and do more toward warding off "the blues" than all the medicines in the drues stores the drug stores.











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