

BULKLEY AROUSED NO LITTLE FEELING

He Prevented Senate from Coming to an Agreement to Vote On Income Tax.

HE DID NOT GIVE ANY REASON

Borah in Opposing Corporation Tax, Said He Was Following in Footsteps of His Party Leaders.

Washington, July 1.—The senate "came within one" today of agreeing to vote next Tuesday on the entire income tax amendment to the tariff bill, including the corporation tax substitute. The compact was prevented by the objection of Senator Bulkley. His opposition aroused no little feeling.

The proposition took the form of a request from Senator Flint, in charge of the tariff bill in the absence of Senator Aldrich, for unanimous consent to vote on the Bailey-Cummings income tax amendment, and all of the amendments to the amendment at 12 o'clock next Tuesday, with the understanding that the senate should remain in session until all these questions should be disposed of, and that no adjournment should be taken until the senate created a general flurry in the senate.

LIKE A SEWING BEE

The proceedings for a brief time took on the appearance of a general conversation at a sewing bee. One senator after another expressed his consent to the proposition until for a few moments it looked as if all objections would be brushed away. Just as the vice president was stating the agreement for about the third time, Mr. Bulkley loomed up and proceeded to say that he could not agree that the vote should be taken at the time specified. He did not give his reason and he was immediately beset by a dozen or more senators in the hope of prevailing upon him to desist from his opposition.

It turned out that while he was opposed to the corporation tax amendment, his real reason was that he expected to be absent from the city next Tuesday and did not want the vote recorded while he was away. He expects to be in Connecticut with the president next Tuesday.

He did not change his mind, but when the senate adjourned many of the Connecticut senator's colleagues were hopeful that he might be inclined to do so tomorrow.

It was evident when Senator Flint made his proposition that the discussion of the income tax question had been almost, if not quite, exhausted. There were today several speeches for and against the measure, Mr. Borah leading on in favor of the income tax and Mr. Root following on the other side and advocating the corporation



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tax, but opposing the income tax. Other speakers of the day were Senator Clapp and Senator Owen, favoring an income tax with incidental remarks by Senator Flint and others.

It was evident throughout the entire day that the corporation tax question had failed to arouse as much interest in the senate as had been expected, and some suggestions were heard in support of a proposition looking to the postponement of the entire income tax question, including the corporation tax and inheritance tax, until next session. The fact, however, that the president is strongly urging the tax corporations stood in the way of the acceptance of any suggestion of this kind, and it was not seriously urged.

CORPORATION TAX.

The corporation tax as a measure for the defeat of the income tax was again the subject of comment in the senate today. The reference was made by Senator McCumber. Mr. Borah of Idaho had resumed his speech, which he began yesterday, when he was interrupted by Senator McCumber, who disavowed any sympathy with Senator Aldrich's remarks as to his opposition to the corporation tax. He declared that Mr. Aldrich had spoken for himself alone and not for members of the finance committee generally.

"The personal reasons for that senator" (for his support of the corporation tax) said Mr. McCumber, referring to Chairman Aldrich of the finance committee, "were not put forth in the committee in any respect. I do not understand that a single other member of the committee agreed with him in that respect."

"Should the senator from North Dakota not poll the finance committee before he attempts to voice their views?" inquired Senator Clapp.

Denying that he had attempted to voice the sentiment of the committee, Mr. McCumber declared he only wanted to make clear the fact that Mr. Aldrich did not voice that sentiment. He added that he would prefer the income tax to a tax on corporations if it could be made constitutional.

BORAH HITS OUT.

"I will show later," said Mr. Borah, "not only from the statement of the chairman of the finance committee, but will prove beyond a doubt that this corporation tax had its origin in a desire to defeat the income tax. Any man who had served its purpose it would, 'an ignominious death.'"

In opposing the corporation tax, the Idaho senator declared he was following in the footsteps of leaders of his party. He recalled the corporation tax proposed by the party as a war measure in 1898, declaring it was rejected by the Republican majority as a matter of expediency, not because the tax was not necessary, but because of the principles it involved. He read extracts from a speech by Senator Lodge made in 1898 in strong opposition to the corporation tax then proposed by the Democratic minority.

Senator Borah charged that the men who were advocating the plan of substituting the income tax question in the states for amendment of the Constitution would be found against it when it reaches their own states. This charge aroused Mr. Flint of the finance committee, who said he would favor the amendment in California and expressed confidence that the amendment would carry. He predicted that the corporation tax would not be repealed as Mr. Aldrich had prophesied, and that the people would have nothing to do with the disposal of either question, as everything would be left to Senator Aldrich, who had shown himself strong enough to prevent the enactment of an income tax law when there was a majority in the senate for that tax.

Mr. Bourne of Oregon predicted the enactment of the corporation tax amendment into law would result in the publicity of corporation affairs and eventually be of much advantage to the public. The question of revenue, he said, was secondary.

ADMINISTRATION'S CHAMPION.

Senator Root, champion of the administration and one of the authors of the amendment, followed Senator Bourne. He said the first draft of the corporation tax amendment was made by the attorney-general on request of the president. This draft, in the handwriting of the attorney-general and interlined by the president himself, was sent to the ways and means committee, he said. That committee had preferred the inheritance tax, but where the senate finance committee had struck it out, the corporation tax amendment had been slightly amended and brought forth again.

"Gentlemen may say I am for a corporation tax to beat the income tax," said Mr. Root. "I am for the corporation tax because I think it is better policy, better patriotism and higher wisdom than the general income tax at this time and under these circumstances. I wish to beat the income tax provision because I think it is wise."

Advocating the pending provision for a corporation tax, as opposed to the Bailey-Cummings income tax amendment, Mr. Root said:

"The corporation tax saves all of the provisions of the income tax that are excellent and can be enforced. The income tax is, to my mind, unjust, unjust and unconstitutional, while the corporation tax is wise and just and constitutional."

He viewed the income tax as a means for dislodging the protective tariff and declared, in his judgment, the proposed income tax would raise from \$150,000,000 to \$200,000,000 annually.

"I think," said the New York senator, "the United States ought to have the power to lay and collect income taxes because I want my country to have the power to summon every dollar possible to its relief in times of stress."

He said he would advocate the approval by the legislature of New York for the proposed constitutional amendment for that purpose. Replying to Mr. Bacon, Mr. Root said those who had considered and framed the pending corporation tax had agreed that they could not reach the bonds of corporations in the hands of the bondholders and at the same time frame a law in accordance with the decisions of the supreme court.

Mr. Bacon suggested it would be within the power of these corporations to convert their stock into bonds and thus defeat the payment of the tax. He was prevented. It was to avoid that, Mr. Root said, that the provision was placed in the amendment preventing the payment of interest on indebtedness in excess of the amount of its capital stock.

Mr. Bacon thought this was not sufficient, as the amount of stock of the corporations could often be increased by a mere resolution of a board of directors.

CLAPP'S CRITICISM.

Severely criticizing the corporation tax, Senator Clapp called attention to the president's message, in which he said savings banks and building and loan associations should be excepted from the provisions of such a measure. He wished to know whether that corporation tax measure, he said, provided only for honest returns for the purpose of taxation. It was not framed, he said, to bring about any secret agreements that might exist between corporations, and was, in fact, a mere myth. Denouncing the corporation tax as a plan to shift the burden of taxation on consumers, Mr. Clapp predicted its early repeal when the people come to understand its real meaning.

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Salt Lake today, 6:15 to 7:15. Fifty men.
Free concerts. Round trip 25c.

CAUSE OF WOMAN SUFFRAGE GROWING

Rev. Anna Shaw as President of National Woman Suffrage Ass'n Reviews Progress.

CRITICIZED THE TARIFF BILL.

Inconsistency of Government is a Serious Commentary Upon Justice Of American Manhood.

Seattle, Wash., July 1.—The forty-first annual convention of the National Woman Suffrage association opened its sessions in Plymouth church this afternoon with all of the general officers present and nearly all of the famous leaders of the movement.

Mrs. Emma Smith Devoe, president of the Washington association, welcomed the delegates, and Mrs. Mary S. Sperry, president of the California association, made the national response. In the absence of the international president, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, National President Anna Shaw read the annual report on international suffrage work. Mrs. Shaw said:

THE REPORT.

"I do not wish to take more credit for the international woman suffrage alliance than it deserves, but in the past five years this organization has rendered continuously the formation of new national associations with such good effect that our roll call has stretched from eight to 18. It has stimulated the growth of other associations, and I believe it has been a spur to increased activity all along the line. Our alliance has been able to correct many of the malicious falsehoods which are so continually being spread by the enemies of every country to secure the suffrage for the women of that land upon the same terms on which the suffrage is now or may be granted to men."

In our eighteen affiliated nations we must add Iceland and Austria. Just two months ago Sweden's house of commons passed unanimously a bill for universal suffrage for women. But, alas! there was the house of lords, and we must wait a little longer. When we take into consideration the achievements of Norway, Sweden, Finland, Denmark and Iceland, I think we must give special honor and the first place to the Scandinavian race.

"The papers of Australia are saying that since women have the suffrage there is no power on earth that can prevent the early adoption of equal pay for equal work."

Making her report as corresponding secretary, Miss Kate M. Gordon of Louisiana said that she could not accept a re-election as secretary, but would give all her time to the presidency of the state league.

SECRETARY'S REPORT.

The report of the headquarters secretary, Miss Elizabeth Hauser, was read by Mrs. Harriet Taylor Upton. The report said:

"The year 1908 brought opportunities for special propaganda. Never before did a president of the United States through the medium of the high priest of the anti-woman suffrage cause make a manifesto on the question. Never before did the newspaper interview put to every possible personage, politician or preacher, writer or speaker, inventor or explorer, captain of industry, social worker, actor, prize-

fighter, maid, matron or widow, the burning query, 'What about votes for women?'

"The American Federation of Labor, at its annual convention in Denver, following its long established custom, passed a woman suffrage resolution. The federation is the strongest ally we have, and as it does, two million workers, other important organizations endorsing are the National Council of Women, the Socialist party, the International Bricklayers and Stonemasons' union, the Women's National Trade Union League, the Johns Hopkins Alumni association and the International Cotton Spinners' union."

Mrs. Rachel Foster Avery presided at the evening session, and official welcome to the city was spoken by Mayor John D. Miller.

Mrs. Henry Villard, who has been the recipient of many attentions on account of her connection with the history of the suffrage, responded on behalf of the national association. She described her visit to Seattle 25 years ago when her husband, the builder of the Northern Pacific, celebrated the completion of the road and brought a great number of distinguished people from all over the world to see his work.

Rev. Anna H. Shaw delivered her annual address as president.

MISS SHAW'S ADDRESS.

Rev. Anna H. Shaw delivered her annual address as president. She reviewed the unprecedented impetus that the suffrage cause had received in the United States, in common with the countries of Europe, as the result of the great democratic wave that is sweeping over the nations.

Miss Shaw took up the house tariff bill, in which the duty on women's wearing apparel is greatly increased. Though women have no voice in regulating the tariff or in the expenditure of the money, "which is thus wrested from them," the inconsistency of the government, whose very existence is the result of a protest against unjust taxation imposing a much more grievous burden upon its own citizens, is a serious commentary upon the common sense or justice of American manhood, she said.

She referred to the recent canonization of Joan of Arc as an evidence of the fanatical and emotional character of men, both in their condemnation and in their exaltation of women. She spoke of the great loss that had come to the women in the death of George Meredith, who alone among men writers of fiction had been able to depict a rational and progressive, self-poised woman.

She spoke of the unseated yesterday by the Washington state convention, appealed today to the national executive committee, which is anxious to reunite the warring factions of suffragists in this state and will consider the matter tomorrow.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COLIC, CHOLERA AND DIARRHOEA REMEDY.

"It affords me pleasure to state that I consider the preparation known as Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy the best and surest of good results of any I have ever used in my family," says F. E. Herring, of Mount Aerial, Ky. "This is the universal verdict of all who use this remedy. Its cure has been prompt and effectual that people take pleasure in recommending it. For sale by all druggists."

WEATHER REPORT.

101 degrees in the city only 80 degrees at Wandamere.

SHAKE-UP IN NEW YORK POLICE DEPARTMENT.

New York, July 2.—Whenever there has been a shakeup in the police department, the opinion of ex-Chief of Police "Big Bill" Devery was sought, and following yesterday's upheaval this is what he had to say:

"This fellow Baker is one grand, high class fellow. I don't know him, but from what people tell me, he's all right."

"There is one thing, though, that Baker wants to be careful of. That's the Careys. What's a Carey? Why a Carey is an air waggon and an air waggon is a chap that shoots off hot air for his own amusement. How's that for aggrandizement, young fellow?"

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THE maximum of elegance—the minimum of expense.

If you've got little money and want clothing that will prove its worthiness of price—if you paid twice the price we ask—come to this sale.

"I see they're talking of making young Kelly chief of police. I like Kelly, but if they make him chief, he and I'll have to cross swords. I am still chief of police of this city."

"Well, would you return to the job if you were asked to?" the chief was questioned.

"Say, young fellow, if I thought they were going to offer it to me, I would get on my bathing suit and stay under the water."

HORSE RACES BY ELECTRIC LIGHT AT OGDEN.

Monday, July 5th, Excursion via Oregon Short Line, Round trip \$1.10. Choice of 8 trains. Tickets good for return July 6th.

Try the "Old Swimmin' hole" at Wandamere.

SENTENCED FOR REFUSING TO FIGHT FOREST FIRE

Munising, Mich., July 2.—For refusing to assist in fighting a forest fire, Amil Honka was sentenced to 90 days in the Detroit house of correction. The case, which was heard in Justice Duffey's court here yesterday, is said to be the only one of its kind in the history of the state. A state statute, however, specifically provides punishment for a refusal to assist in suppressing a forest fire. Honka refused to join the fire fighting brigade organized by Deputy Fire Warden W. O. Frost, when the fire was threatening to destroy the settlement of Coalwood.

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