

## The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away call by call.

Bladder troubles most always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is its soon realization. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sized bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

the price up to a level with that of the A-buckles, the first time that this has been so in two years. Mr. Willett, of Willett & Gray, said:

"The coffee-sugar war has been settled beyond any question by a complete arrangement on coffee between the Arbuckle and the American Sugar Refining company. All sugar and coffee interests are now in entire harmony."

J. N. Jarvie, of Arbuckle Bros., says that this report of the settlement is untrue. The Woolson company is untrue.

**Horrible Death in an Elevator.**

Chicago, March 1.—Mabel Preston, a nurse at the Michael Reese hospital and the daughter of a prominent physician in Mason, Ill., met a horrible death in the elevator shaft on the fourth floor of the building last night. From a position on a raised platform the young woman was looking over the wire netting into the shaft to see what was delaying the elevator. She was about 100 pounds and descended on her neck, almost severing her head from the body.

**DOLLY REYNOLDS MURDER CASE**

Dr. Kennedy's Counsel Finds a Double for His Client.

New York, March 1.—Attorney Moore, of the counsel of Dr. Kennedy whose client tried for the murder of Dolly Reynolds declared in a disagreement of the jury, declared that he has found a man who looks like the twin brother of Dr. Kennedy and who was a personal friend of Dolly Reynolds. He said further: "I am of the opinion that this man was with Dolly Reynolds at the Grand hotel on the night of August 15, 1928, the date she was murdered. I do not want to be understood as saying that this man killed Dolly Reynolds, but if he were to come to the front he could clear Dr. Kennedy, of the charge under which he now rests."

The attorney further said that he had informed District Attorney Philbin of this fact and had furnished Mr. Philbin with the man's name, asking him to send for him. He added that Mr. Philbin told him that he did not wish to interfere since he has placed the prosecution in the hands of Assistant District Attorney McIntyre and nothing was done.

**Our Exports to South Africa.**

Washington, Feb. 28.—Secretary Gage today submitted to the House a reply to the resolution of inquiry as to whether our ports or waters have been used for the transportation of horses, mules, or other supplies for use in South Africa.

Mr. Gage says:

1—Our ports have been used for the transportation of horses, mules and other supplies for use in South Africa.

2—Between October 15, 1929, and January 31, 1930, horses, mules and other supplies to the extent of \$26,536,692, went to South Africa.

3—No steps have been taken to prevent the lawful exportation of horses, etc.

4—The number of horses and mules shipped from our ports during this period was 76,632.

Mr. Gage adds that it is not feasible before Congress adjourns to give the shipments by ports in detail. A table shows all the shipments to South Africa, the chief ones being horses, mules, wheat, canned beef and rum. The items of gun powder and firearms are very small.

**A Great Cocking Main Held.**

Elmira, N. Y., March 1.—The biggest cocking main ever held in this State took place within a mile of the city limits last night. Three hundred persons from New York, Buffalo, Washington, Philadelphia, Syracuse, Rochester and other places were in attendance. The main was for \$2,500, with \$50 as a special purse for each battle. New York and Buffalo birds contested and over \$5,000 changed hands. The main consisted of the best seven out of thirteen battles. Buffalo won seven and New York only two.

**Absolute Security.**

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of *Wm. Wood*

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLAD SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION.

Small Pills. Purely Vegetable. *Wm. Wood*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

**Roasted Coffee Advanced.**

New York, March 1.—The price of roasted coffee has been advanced one cent a pound to 10½¢ net by the American Sugar Refining company interests. This brings

## ALL OFFICERS ORDERED TO SPAIN

Those Who Remained in Philippines Must Return.

CABLES CONNECT ISLANDS.

Gen. Young and Thirty-four Volunteers Embark for Home—Rebels Attack Town of Suag.

Manila, Feb. 28.—All the Spanish military officers in the Philippine islands have been ordered, through the Spanish consul general, Senor Marina, to return to Spain. There are probably seventy of these officers who, on account of business interests, were permitted to remain on the islands after the Spanish troops were sent home. They received no salary from the Spanish government.

An American company has negotiated the purchase of the Manila street railway, which they propose to convert to an electric system. Many business men in the Philippines are awaiting the inauguration of civil government to apply for railway, timber and mining concessions.

The government cable has been finished to the island of Jolo, in the Sulu group, and messages are now transmitted to all the southern islands. The cable system now connects Panay, Negros, Cebu, Leyte, Samar, Mindanao and Jolo, and messages are conveyed by means of the heliograph from Bohol to the north end of the island of Mindanao.

The correspondent of the Associated Press here is informed on good authority that the recommendations of the military board of claims in the matter of testing the question of allowance of claims for damages to property resulting from the military operations in the Philippines will be sent to Washington by mail tomorrow for reference to Congress.

The recommendations of the board of claims that the claim of Holman & Co., a Swiss firm doing business at Iloilo on Panay island, be disallowed, has been approved by Gen. MacArthur. None of these claims for damages has yet been allowed, with the exception of a few minor exceptions, in which the claims were peculiar or exceptional; these have been paid from the insular funds.

The claim against the American government of the Manila-Dagupan railroad involving a million and a half, will also be sent to Washington when the case is completed.

Maj. Gen. S. M. B. Young and staff of the Thirty-fourth United States volunteer infantry and nine companies of the Thirty-third, have embarked on the United States transport Logan and will sail tomorrow. En route they will stop at Candon, on the western coast of Luzon, to take on board companies C, E and M of the Thirty-third United States volunteer infantry, who have been released from the quarantine imposed by reason of a slight outbreak of small-pox.

There have been festivities at the town of Catbalogan, on the island of Samar, under the auspices of the Federal party, and on the occasion of Washington's birthday, that evening and during the festivities the insurgents attacked the town in force, but were quickly driven away in disorder. There were no American casualties. It is rumored that the insurgents from neighboring islands are concentrating on the island of Samar.

A band of seventy armed insurgents entered the town of Suag, in the province of South Ilocos, Luzon, where they killed one native and abducted five. At midnight of the same day, they attacked the town of Santa Maria, burning fifty houses. The insurgents were repulsed by the Americans, who had one man wounded. One native and two civilians were killed. The insurgents retreated to the mountains, closely pursued. Their losses were not learned.

**Indian Shot to Death.**

Holdenville, I. T., Feb. 28.—At 12:30 a. m. today John Miller, a white man, shot and killed an Indian, who was masked by a man. Miller was arrested for the murder of Herbert McDade on the 22nd of December last. He was arrested yesterday morning and brought here by train before the United States commissioner.

At an early hour last night the officers, fearing trouble, secretly conveyed their prisoner out of town two or three miles and lodged at the farmhouse of Robert Stewart. At a little after midnight about forty armed men forced an entrance into the house, disarmed the guards and filled the prisoner's body with lead.

**Mrs. Nancy Wright Released.**

Fort Scott, Kan., Feb. 28.—An order signed by President McKinley was received here today, directing the keeper of the federal prison to release Mrs. Nancy Wright, an old woman who has been imprisoned here since last November. She was sentenced by Judge Howell for forging pension papers. The time of her sentence expired two months ago, but she was unable to pay a fine and costs, as required by the court.

**Killed by a Charivari Party.**

Guthrie, O. T., Feb. 28.—William Herrell was married Sunday night and returned yesterday with his bride to Rocky, O. T. Last night a charivari party gathered and some one fired a pistol, the ball passed through the side of the house and entirely through the body of George Herrell, who was asleep on the first floor, killing him instantly. The young man was a brother of the groom. The mother collapsed and is expected to die from the shock of her son's death.

**French Garrison at Tien Tsin.**

Tien Tsin, Feb. 28.—Gen. Voyron, the French commander, relieved the garrison of 4,000 French soldiers stationed here.

It is reported that 10,000 French troops will return to France in March. The Taku harbor is open and steamers are expected to return there shortly.

**ROSLYN FERRELL EXECUTED.**

Murderer of Express Messenger Lane Pays Penalty of His Crime.

Columbus, O., March 1.—With no diminution of the wonderful nerve that has been characteristic of the man since the time of his apprehension for the murder of Charles Lane, on August 1, Roslyn Ferrell, at 12:06 o'clock this morning, walked calmly to the electric chair of the Ohio penitentiary and expired.

Up until 7:30 yesterday evening, Ferrell was in company with his three brothers in his room at the penitentiary. At the time the brothers were asked to retire and Rev. Fathers O'Reilly and Kennedy entered the room and remained with the condemned man until he was pronounced dead. The administered sacraments

In the early part of the evening and the rites had scarcely been concluded and Ferrell proposed a game of checkers with one of the clergy men. Tiring of this after a time he played his guitar and sang until he was summoned to the death chamber.

He walked into the room as calm as if he were merely a spectator. His face did not change color and his steps were strong and resolute. He sat down in the electric chair at 12:06. He was asked if he had any last message and replied in a voice full of strength, and without tremor: "I have nothing to say."

The officials made the last preparations, the fatal current was turned on and at 12:09 he was declared dead.

**Railway Postal Clerks Banquet.**

Boston, March 1.—The fifth annual banquet of the first division of the National Association of Railway Postal Clerks, which includes clerks from the New England States and parts of New York, was held last evening. The guests included C. L. Shaffer of Chicago, president of the national organization, Geo. A. Wood, national secretary, J. A. Kimball, of Columbus president of the Fifth division and E. D. Rutledge of San Antonio, Texas, president of the eleventh division.

**Smuggler of Chinamen Caught.**

Plattsburg, N. Y., March 1.—Special Inspector Guild, of Champlain, N. Y., made an important capture last night when he arrested Jule Coutre of Rouses Point, N. Y., driving eight Chinamen across the boundary line of Canada into the United States near Champlain.

**February Commercial Failures.**

New York, March 1.—Dun's review says:

Commercial failures in the United States during the month of February numbered 1,024, as against 1,242 in January and aggregate liabilities were \$11,267,211, against \$11,290,811. Of the month total 212 were manufacturing concerns, with an indebtedness of \$4,388,741, and 767 were traders, for \$4,444,873, while brokerage, real estate and transporting defaults numbered 55 and were \$2,433,597 in amount. Banking and financial concerns were not included with commercial failures, and of these there were seven disasters in February, with liabilities of \$432,132, compared with eight in January for \$1,070,857.

**Makes Kidnapping a Capital Offense.**

Chicago, March 1.—A special to the Record from Texas, says that the state senate passed finally the bill making kidnapping a capital offense. The bill will go immediately to the house where it will probably be passed without opposition.

**Grace Church Robbed.**

New York, Feb. 28.—Burglars entered the rectory of Grace church on Broadway early this morning. Silverware and other valuables amounting to about \$300 were taken. The remarkable feature of the burglary was that windows leading to the basement were forced open by means of the electric light on the thoroughfare.

**Schwab to be President.**

New York, Feb. 28.—A news association of this city says today:

"It is practically settled that President Schwab of the Carnegie Steel company will be selected as president of the United Steel corporation and there is semi-official authority for the statement that Elbert H. Gray, president of the Federal Steel company, will be named for the chairmanship of the executive committee. Until today it was generally believed that H. C. Frick would be placed at the head of this committee, but the change in program is said to be due partly to Mr. Frick's statements to friends that his other interests would not allow him to give sufficient time to the duties of this important position. It appears to me settled that F. T. P. Lovejoy, of the Carnegie company will be secretary of the combined company."

**South African Securities Advance.**

New York, March 1.—The advances in South African securities of all kinds have been steady and uninterrupted, says the Tribune's London correspondent, being caused by reports that Gen. Botha has surrendered and that the military situation has materially improved. Close observers of the scenes in the mining exchange assert that there is no speculative movement, but merely a better feeling among investors in England and on the continent so that shares are in greater demand and prices are gradually going upward. Orders have come in from France, Germany, Canada and elsewhere, and there is evidence that the South African investors are confident that a speedy revival of the mining industry may be expected.

The day and the hour when the surrender occurred, have been mentioned with such precision that it is suspected that negotiations for the submission of the Boer general have been in progress and that the time and place have been agreed upon. South Africans in London have been holding out on a point of honor, and would abandon the hope. The Boer general has been defeated. Dewet's own plight could hardly be worse. Only a small portion of the remnants of his force has crossed the Orange river, his own passage with Steyn is now contradicted.

**Window Glass Higher.**

Pittsburg, Pa., March 1.—It is reported that the price of window glass will be advanced 25 per cent for March and April delivery and that another advance will probably be made in May.

**Renovating Royal Palaces.**

New York, March 1.—King Edward is not expected to return to London before Monday or Tuesday, says the Tribune's correspondent. He will come to occupy Marlborough house until various changes and improvements in Buckingham palace are completed. The alterations will be extensive and while the gloomy exterior is beyond redemption, the interior will be made more comfortable and artistic. The course of repairs and decorations will be ordered by the board of works, but Queen Alexandra's taste will be consulted at every turn. Marlborough house will be thoroughly renovated in course of the absence of the Duke of Cornwall in the colonies. Another palace which will be repaired and re-decorated on an extensive scale is Clarence house, St. James, where the Duke and Duchess of Connaught will have their permanent London home.

Court functions will be resumed next week and several delegations will be received in state. Court officials are favoring changes which will supply fresh touches of color in the ceremonies. One suggestion is that the offi-

**CHINA PLAYING THE POWERS.**

Negotiating With Russia Regarding Manchuria.

CONGER AND ERNEST SATOW

Reject Proposition to Act as Representatives of the Ministers—Conger Relieved at His Own Request.

London, March 1.—Sir Ernest Satow and Mr. Conger, after consulting with the missionaries, have decided, according to the Morning Post, to reject the Chinese proposition, made on the suggestion of M. Pichon, that they should act as representatives of the ministers of the powers to discuss with the Chinese plenipotentiaries, the missionary question and claims of native converts.

"They are convinced, however," says the correspondent, "that the Chinese are ready to agree to some arrangement for settling this matter."

The Russians are taking advantage of the existing situation and are pressing Li Hung Chang hard to rush through the Manchurian convention," says the Pekin correspondent of the Times, wiring Wednesday. "More than one power beside Japan and England has remonstrated with China against the negotiations that are proceeding at St. Petersburg."

"The time has come when the powers would be justified in interfering in order to prevent China negotiating with a single power, while the peace negotiations remain unconcluded."

Commenting editorially upon Sir Pichon's advice, the Times says:

"The United States and Germany might perhaps be supposed to recognize the mischief China's policy entails, but President McKinley at all events seems bent on peace at any price."

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kin by Mr. Rockhill in charge of the negotiations for the United States. The impression seems to have gained currency that the change was made by the state department because of dissatisfaction with Mr. Conger's action.

It is stated in the department that Mr. Conger was relieved at his own request, and his cable message of last week strongly urged that he be allowed to come home for sixty days, not intimating any purpose on his part to remain longer in the United States. In the same message Mr. Conger recommended that Mr. Rockhill be charged with the conduct of the negotiations, and in so directing the state department had done nothing more than to carry out the request of Mr. Conger.

The leave of absence of sixty days will really cover more than double that period of time, for the leave only operates when the minister reaches the confines of the United States and, according to the regulations, he is allowed thirty-five days to make the journey to his home and as much time for the return trip. As it is not expected that he will be able to get away from Pekin, owing to the ice, much before the middle of March, he cannot be expected to return to his post, even if he desired to retain his ministry, until the latter part of next summer.

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FATAL ECONOMY.

VERY old maxim declares that it isn't economy to pick up pins; the time is worth more than the pins. Similarly it is not true economy to do without Ivory Soap; your health requires the daily removal of the bodily excretions which are discharged through the pores of the skin. These tiny mouths must be kept open, and they should be opened only with a pure soap.

IVORY SOAP—99% PER CENT. PURE.

cers of the yeoman of the guard shall wear the pink uniform with plumed hats, which was used during the period of the Stuart kings, the red costume with purple and gold stripes, remaining unchanged for the men.

**WHITE-LAW REID ON THE PRESS.**

Says It Is Generally Fair and Often Misrepresented.

New Haven, Conn., March 1.—White-law Reid gave his second lecture before Yale students last night. He began by referring to the question asked by the New York correspondents' club: "How can the influence of the press be increased?"

He said that Catholic, Confucian and agnostic in the persons of Cardinal Gibbons, Wu Ting Fang and Andrew Carnegie had replied in substance, "tell the truth and be fair."

"It was an ill omen," said Mr. Reid, "that influential sections of the community seem sometimes to have persuaded themselves that many newspapers do not try either to tell the truth or to be fair, except in so far as they feel sure it will pay. Yet in this the critics judge the newspapers with more unfairness and untruthfulness than any of the newspapers ordinarily display themselves."

Mr. Reid said that the most of the libel suits brought are unjust. "People who have characters to protect," he said, "resort too rarely to the law against libel, but those whose characters could hardly be injured are the first under the guidance of lawyers looking for their pay to a share in the verdict to institute libel suits as a means of speculation on inadvertent errors."

"Unhappily the curious state of the law and the lingering effect of old decisions that ill-fitted modern conditions combine to promote this unfortunate reversal of what every jurist and every good citizen has at heart. It is the rule of 'compensatory damages' that makes the law which honest men hesitate to use in their own just defense a perfect fountain of speculation for men who have no character to lose, to shrinking from disagreeable surroundings, and consequently no reluctance to enter the courts on an ill-odored quest for cash."

The speaker gave instances where slight errors had been taken advantage of by persons who were guilty in worse ways. He continued:

"Without questioning in the least the learning or the uprightness of many judges who are still apt to hold differently I venture to point out that a reasonable liberality as to the amount of evidence about general character in the case of inadvertent and unimportant inaccuracies would be in the interest of the honest press and of the community."

The lecturer next entered upon a discussion of probable changes in the newspaper of the future, dealing first with Mr. Harnsworth's recent experiment with the New York World.

"The first-class daily paper of the future," he said, "is not likely to come in the form of a book or even of a pamphlet. Whatever its form or quality of contents, the people that read it, will pay for it. It will not be an alms institution conducted chiefly by the advertising business of the country for the benefit of the read-

**Remarkable Cures of Rheumatism.**

The editor of the Vindicator has had occasion to test the efficacy of Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice with the most remarkable results in each case. First, with rheumatism in the shoulder from which he suffered excruciating pain for ten days, which was relieved with two applications of Pain Balm, rubbing the parts afflicted and realizing instant benefit and entire relief in a very short time. Second, in excruciating rheumatism in the hip joint, almost prostrating him with severe pain, which was relieved by two applications, rubbing with the liniment on retiring at night, and getting up free from pain.

**Labor Troubles in Calabria.**

Rome, Feb. 28.—Troubles have broken out in Calabria, the southern part of Italy, owing to the misery which the peasants are undergoing. They demand the parceling out of feudal lands in order that they may cultivate them. The prefect has been compelled to close the gates of the town of Haven-na, which is protected by troops, in order to prevent its invasion by thousands of peasants out of work. The prefect has promised to inaugurate relief work.

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**"I am for Men"**

**HENRY GEORGE**

**5c. Cigar**

Smokers wonder why the Henry George is a so much finer smoke than any other five-cent cigar—We will tell you—THE COMBINATION OF TOBACCOS WHICH IT CONTAINS IS DIFFERENT FROM THAT USED IN ANY OTHER FIVE-CENT CIGAR, and is the manufacturer's secret. The smoking public get the benefit—Try one and you will join the ranks of steady Henry George Smokers.

**Hemenway & Moser, Distributors**  
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.