

Unable to Meet Payments on Stock. He Loses Control of Mercantile Nat'l Bank.

HOLDINGS REVERT TO GOULD.

William Nelson Cromwell Says it is The Intention to Reconstruct The Institution.

New York, Jan. 8 .-- Unable meet payments due on his stock in the institution today, F. Augustus Heinze lost control of the Mercantile National bank, the conduct of which, as its president, had brought about his artaignment in the United States circuit court earlier in the day on charges of over-certification

over-certification. One year ago Heinze bought a con-trolling interest from the Goulds, with whom he pledged his holdings as se-curly for his promise to pay for them in full within one year. This loan of \$1,200,000 was due today to Edwin Gould and William Neison Gould party in the bank before the Mercantile was added to the Helnze-Morse-Thomas chain of financial house. Up to the last moment allowed him Helnze struggled to meet his ob-fications, and so to retain his banking interests. His failure was chronieled in the following statement, issued by Mr. Cromwell after an afternoon's con-ference of the parties concerned: A STATEMENT.

A STATEMENT.

"The Heinze stock in the Mercantile

to plead to similar indictments. Who they are or when their arrests are to be expected, could not be learned at the United States district attorney's office. It is known that the grand jury is not yet through with its inquiry into certain banking conditions exposed by the recent financial flurry. United States Dist. Atty. Stimson, who was seen after Heinze's arraignment, said:

said: "It would be improper for me to're-veal the evidence I have lest I give my case away, but I can say that the investigation is not yet over." Upon leaving the federal building Heinze had nothing to say, further than that he would not leave the city mitil a disposition of his case had been

Soon afterward, accompanied by his counsel, Edward Lauterbach, Heinze joined Edwin Gould and William Nel-son Cromwell in the conference which ended in his returning to them the bank shares for which he was unable to

Mix half ounce of Concentrated oil of pine with two ounces of glycerine and a half pint of good whiskey: shake well each time and use in does of a tea-spoon to a tables_conful every four hours

TRY THIS FOR COLDS.

and use in does of a tea-spoon to a tables_conful every four hours. This is the formula prescribed by the renowned throat and lung specialist who established the camp for consumptives in the pine woods of Maine. He do-clares that it will heal the lungs and cure any cough that is cur-able and will break up an acute cold in twenty-four hours. The ingredients can be secured from any druggist at a smill cost and is easily infxed at home. Be snar act to buy the ordinary buik oil of olne nor patient medi-cline imitations. They will pro-duce nausea on account of the impurities they contain and fre-quently do permanent injury to the kidneys. The real "Concentrated" oil of pine is put up for medical use in balf ourse vials inclosed in

pine is put up for medical use in half ounce vials inclosed in the second second second pro-tect it from heat and light.

influences. This opportunity came to. day. A new directorate, practically installing the former magnate is now expected to restore the institution to its old-time standing. For years the bank had been under the control of the Gould interests, and then Heinze, who was branching out as a banker, and, with associates, was striving to secure direction of a number of local banks, acquired considerable holdings in the institution. He succeeded when he obtained about 8,000 shares of the stock from Edwin Gould and 1,009 from W. N. Cromwell. It was report-ed at the time that the purchase price was \$325. Heinze paid part cash and gave his notes for the remainder. These hotes, it is said, ran for six months, when they were renewed. Charles W. Morse and E. R. and Or, iando Thomas had previously secured considerable of the hank's stock, and with Heinze's holdings, they were easily able to make him president and to elect the directorate. Both Morse and the Thomases are supposed to have already disposed of their inter-ests, Concerning a report that Heinze-and Morse had a misunderstanding over the illifated bull campaign in United Copper, which was about to culminate in a law suit, John C. Tom-inson, personal coursel to Heinze, said tonight: "No papers have been drawn. It is true that there has been a general dis-

Inson, personal coursel to Heinze, said tonight:
"No papers have been drawn. It is true that there has been a general discussion of Mr. Heinze's affairs, but no definite action in any direction has been decided on. The relations of Mr. Heinze and Mr. Morse have been most personal course have been most been decided on. The relations of Mr. Heinze and Mr. Morse have been most personal to the said." "Now that Mr. Heinze no longer has anything to do with the institution in an official capacity, we intend to begin to reconstruct the bank. It is now our intention to proceed to regain the ground that it lost. It had always been a good, old, conservaive institution, with an excellent business, and we believe that it will recover within a short time. With the interests who now have control, there can be no more talk about the possible inquidation of the bank."
The to what effect the change might have on the possibility of law suits not prepared to express an opinion. "These matters of Heinze's balance with the bank, will have to be taken care of in the future."

A NEW CATHOLIC DIOCESE.

Created in Illinois and to be Known As Bishopric of Rockford.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—A new Roman Cath-olic diogese was created in the state of Illinois yesterday. It was carved out of the arch-diocese of Chicago, and will be known as the bishopric of Rockford. A new bishop will soon be provided for it. He will have his cathedral in Rock ford and his residence will also be in that town.

town. The new diocese will comprise 12 coun-ties in the northwestern section of the state, and have at the start a Catholic population of 100,000. It was formed at a meeting here, presided over by Arch-bishop James E. Quigley and attended by the three suffragan bishops of the state, the Right Revs. J. L. Spalding, Peoria, James Ryan, Alton, and J. Janssen, Belle-ville Jaines Ryan, Atton, and a value will be The bishop of the new diocese will be a suffragan to the Chicago archdiocese, making four suffragan bishops in the state where now there are only three.



It is Claimed That the Coming Expo-

sition is Entitled to One-Queer Misunderstandings.

Special Correspondence.

Washington, Jan. 7 .- The Jamestown exposition, held last year in Virginia, was such a failure and will first and last cost Uncle Sam so much money that most congressmen gasp if the suggestion is made to help out any more of these exhibitions. And yet they will be called upon this session to do that very thing. They are going to have a big show out at Seattle in

to have a big show out at Seattle in 1969. The Seattle boomers have been in town for several weeks. They are not going to ask for an appropriation directly in aid of the exhibition. They merely want Congress to fork over about \$1,509,000 so that the govern-ment may be properly represented. They claim that this was done for all past expositions and that Congress should not make a notable exception by leaving the Seattle show out in the cold.

NOT MUCH CONSOLATION.

The government will have to do some fine bookkeeping and also probably go into the real estate business to get back its money from the Jamestown corporation. If the officials of that exposition are put on the rack and asked by some unfeeling congressman what was accomplished in having an exhiwas accomplished in having an exhi-bition that they promised would be both instructive and profitable, they will have to reply, as did the captain of a whaling fleet sent out years ago by a rich New Englander who upbraid-ed the skipper for not bringing back any bone or blubber. "Well, even if we didn't get any whales we had a mighty fine sail."

WAYS FOR THE WILY.

WATS FOR THE WILL. Last fail Senator Lodge delivered be-fore the Central Labor union of Bos-ton a speech in opposition to the pub-lic opinion bill as reported to the Mas-sachusetts house of representatives. This was an act to authorize the sub-mission to voters on official ballots at state elections of questions of public policy. Senator Hale thought so much of the speech that he has had Congress print it as a public document for gen-eral distribution. When Mayor Tom L Johnson of Cleveland was a mem-ber of Congress he tried to have a big book on the single tax, written by the ber of Congress he tried to have a big book on the single tax, written by the late Henry George, printed as a public document, but objection was raised. One day the objectors were not look-ing, and Mr. Johnson obtained leave to extend his remarks in the Record, and all of the book was published under that siy arrangement.

UNCOMMON AT LEAST.

Focht. This is a name. It's a pe-culiar name, isn't it? And yet who knows but what that cognomen may yet become a household word? It be-longs to a statesman. To relieve the suspense, Mr. Focht is a member of Congress from the Seventeenth dis-triet of Pennsylvania. His first name is Benjamin, and it is followed by a K, but in the Congressional Directory Mr. Focht doesn't let us know what Mr. Focht doesn't let us know what that stands for. Mr. Focht, in addi-tion to being an embryo statesman, is also a newspaper man, for the story of his life furnished to the directory by

Washington, Jan. 8 .- In the presence **Tooth Powder** of the entire house, Representative Williams of Mississippi and Representative DeArmond of Missouri, whose Cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth, and physical encounter on the floor of the house, just before the Christmus ad-

journment attracted general attention loday engaged in an exchange of amenities which was generally accept-ed as a public announcement of their respective intentions not to permit their personal differences to interfere with the courteous discharge of their pub-lic duties. A superior dentifrice for people of refinement Established in 1866 by dutles

lic duties. The incident occurred in connection with an effort by Mr. Dalzell of the committee on rules to got the house to agree to a rule giving right of way to the bill authorizing the codifica-tion and amendment of the penal laws of the United States and limiting gen-eral debate to four hours. Saveral Democratic members ex-expressed the opinion that the rule was a scheme to sidetrack other legisla-tion.

WILLIAMS AND DE ARMOND

ion

Bilious?

Mr. Dalzell, however, refuted this. Minority Leader Williams 'came to

the rescue and favored the rule, saying that Congress ought to get rid f of the report as it embodied the re-sult of the labor of the commission i for 10 years. He said the matter was wholly non-partisan in every way. HAVE BECOME RECONCILED was wholly non-partisan in every way. To the surprise of everyone, Mr. Williams then yielded 10 of his 20 minutes' time to Mr. DeArmond of Missouri, who politely bowed his ac-knowledgements. The two men con-stitute the minority of the committee on rules and are necessarily thrown together in the committee's work and other members of the house expressed satisfaction over their evident inten-tion to preserve amenities in their official relations.

official relations. Mr. DeArmond attacked the rule ba-cause, in his opinion, the bill, which is a very long one, would be used as a buffer the entire session against other and more important legislation. Mr. Williams was vigorously supported by Sherly of Kentucky, Watkins of Loui-siana, Houston of Tennessee and Maccon of Arkansas, all members of the committee of revision of the laws. The rule was passed by an over-whelming majority, despite efforts by Mr. DeArmond and seven adherents to secure the year and mays and the house at once proceeded to the con-sideration and reading of the bill. sideration and reading of the bill.

"How are your bowels?" the doctor always asks. He knows how important is the ques-tion of constipation. He knows that inac-



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DON'T

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ADVERT



"When attacked by a cough or a cold,

farm products in the Ozark region of his state, Senator Warner of Missouri happened to remark to a friend that it was also a great fruit country. The gentleman has a Virginia friend who has a most profitable orchard in the Shenandrah valley, from which he made many thousands of dollars this year from his apples. Meeting the lat-ter, he told him that grape fruit could be successfully and properly raised in the Ozark country. "Can it be possible?" asked the Virginian. "I always thought grape for warm or tropical climates. That is well worth looking into." A few days later Senator Warner's friend mentioned that he had given this valuable information to the Vir-ginian. "I never said we could pro-duce grape fruit in Missouri. I said it was a 'great' fruit country. You mis-understood me."

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was a 'great' fruit country. You mis-understood me." "As much so as dld a negro servant in Washington who was instructed by his employer to remove from a pair of trousers some large spots of paint and have them in his room bright and early the next morning,' replied the sena-tor's friend.

"Deed, boss,' exclaimed the darkey, 'I done my bes', but dot paint it seem like won't come out.'

The won't come out.' "Have you tried ammonia?" asked the employer. "'No, sah.' said the grinning negro; 'I ain't tried 'em on me, but I knows dey'd fit me to a gnat's heel.' "The darkey fell heir to the trou-sers."

WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS

Cuticura succeeds in curing the worst forms of itching, scaly humors.

MARRIAGE LICENSES. Ellis Island Officials Object to Law Requiring Them.

New York, Jan. 9.—The immigration officials and the missionaries stationed at Ellsi Island, the immigrant receiving station, object seriously to the new law in New York state requiring licenses to marry. Scores of couples arrive at Ellis Island with the expectation of marrying as soon as they reach this county. Under the old arrangement these couples were at once married by the ministers who are stationed at the island as missionaries of various religi-ous societies. It is the rule not to allow unmarried women to enter the country unless there is some one to care for them and provide that they shall not become public charges. Under the new law the missionaries cannot nerry the couples who arrive at the is-island without licenses and the immi-New York, Jan. 9 .- The immigration many the couples who arrive at the is-island without licenses and the immi-gration laws do not make any provision for prosper to brids and at the second going to the city hall to secure licenses. The city clerks finds it impossible to ac-cede to Commissioner Watchorn's re-quest that a license bureau be opened on the island and the officials are in a quandary. Whenever possible men and women detained at the island who wish to marry are paroled in the care of women detained at the island who wish to marry are paroled in the care of missionaries who lead them to the city hall and assist them in securing licenses. In such a case, however, the responsi-bility for their return is with the mis-sionary and it is probable that it is only in exceptional cases that they wint be willing to assume the risk. Com-missioner Watchorn has asked Wash-ington for a ruling on the matter.

RANK FOOLISHNESS.

bank shares for which he was unable to pay. It is said that the transaction was not concluded until every means by which Heinze might have held his interest bad been exhausted. After the collapse of the Urited Copper pool and the subsequent clear-ing house investigation of the Mercan-tille bank, when Heinze resigned the presidency, and the directors likewise resigned, the copper magnate declared that he would still hold his stock. The bank, however, had been adversely af-fected by the trouble, and it was gen-erally believed that a way would be found agin to bring it under the Gould that he would still hold his stock. The bank, however, had been adversely af-fected by the trouble, and it was gen-erally believed that a way would be found agin to bring it under the Gonld

DISTURBED THE CONGREGATION

of his life furnished to the directory by himself says that he has been editor and proprietor of the Saturday News of Lewisburg ever since he was 18 years old. That was not long ago, for he is only 44 years of age now. Focht tells us further that he is the author of the present ballot law of Peneverania and other immortant of Pennsylvania and other important legislation. Besides retaining his newspaper, Mr. Focht is also engaged in railroad and industrial operations, with headquarters in Philadelphia and New York. Speaking of the normal yield of

"When attacked by a cough or a cold, or when your throat is sore, it is rank foolishness to take any other medicine than Dr. King's New Discovery." says C. O. Eldridge, of Empire, Ga. "I have used New Discovery seven years and I know it is the best remedy on earth for coughs and colds, croup, and all throat and lung troubles. My children are subject to croup, but New Discovery quickly cures every attack." Known the world over as the King of throat and lung remedies. Sold under guaran-tee at Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept., 112-114 Main. Salt Lake City. 50c. and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

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