

DESERET EVENING NEWS

Organ of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints.

LORENZO SNOW, TRUSTEE-IN-TRUST.

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SALT LAKE CITY, - OCT. 3, 1900.

CONFERENCE NOTICE.

The seventeenth semi-annual conference of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints will commence on Friday, October 5, at 10 a. m. in the Tabernacle in this city.

LORENZO SNOW,
GEORGE Q. CANNON,
JOSEPH P. SMITH,
First Presidency.

SUNDAY SCHOOL UNION CONFERENCE.

The semi-annual conference of the Deseret Sunday School Union will convene Sunday, October 7, 1900, at 7 p. m., in the Tabernacle. It is desired that each Stake of Zion be represented at this meeting, and that Stake superintendents, officers and teachers attending the General Conference of the Church be present.

A cordial invitation is extended to the public.
GEORGE Q. CANNON,
KARL G. MAESER,
General Superintendency of Sunday Schools.
HORACE S. ENSIGN,
General Secretary.

HINTS TO THE CITY COUNCIL.

When the people of Salt Lake City voted for the issuing of bonds in the sum of \$250,000, it was with the distinct understanding and pledge from the city authorities, that the funds thus raised were to be expended, immediately, to increase the water supply and improve its distribution. And one of the purposes specially named, was the lowering of the channel from Utah lake to increase the supply from that source.

In this, of course, some of the canal companies are interested, and they will doubtless be willing to do their part in accomplishing the necessary work, that they may secure their share of increase in the water. But there seems to be a lack of interest on the part of the City Council and of co-operation with those canal companies, so as to arrive at a definite understanding and a vigorous prosecution of the labor to be performed.

It is true that some men and teams are and have been at work on this job, but it is a question whether the city is using that due diligence which the law requires, to entitle it to the claims for water which it is endeavoring to establish. It is whispered around that some members of the Council have been persuaded not to move in this important matter, but to delay rather than push the work. We hope this is only rumor. But while the public are not saying much, they are like the boy who didn't talk but "kept up a devil of a thinking."

If the city's claims should lapse, from lack of due diligence in the performance of necessary work in the proper direction, there will not be wanting interested parties who will take advantage of the neglect. And it is hinted that they are now on the watch for just such a contingency, ready to jump whenever the situation seems to justify the movement.

There is a mystery, too, attached to this affair that needs some light. A big dredging machine, it is said, is being built near Lake Shore in Utah county, just such a concern as would be needed in extensive work on the channel, and no one seems to know whom it belongs to. There is such secrecy surrounding the matter that it suggests some ulterior purpose. At any rate, it is worth looking into, for it is not designed without an important purpose.

We wish also to call the attention of the city authorities to the fact, that this is the most propitious time to push the work of lowering the channel. In a few days the water supplies for some of the canal companies will be shut off, and this will afford better opportunities for dredging than at any other season. This ought to be taken advantage of and diligence should be exercised.

This is a matter of great importance to the people of this city and county. Indifference, neglect or delay will be duly noted, and it will not turn to the advantage of those officials who are responsible for it. The city council will have to wake up to the necessities of the times, and also take care that the money raised from the sale of the water bonds is used only for water purposes.

The bonds ought to have been disposed of long ago. That failing, they should now be sold to the best possible advantage, and then the council should be strictly scrupulous in the disbursement of the money in conformity with the pledges given before the bonds election.

Let the work promised be prosecuted,

and let the rights of the city be so protected, that no private company or individual shall be able to step in and take advantage of any negligence or oversight. The public interest should be paramount, and the greatest possible good should be secured to the greatest possible number.

AMERICA'S GREAT DANGER.

Another terrible crime has been committed by a mob in Alabama, in revenge for an alleged outrage. The victim, as usual, was a negro, and death by hanging was considered too good, by the inhuman executioners. So he was tied to a stake. Enraged beings heaped around him combustibles, and finally set fire to the pile. In the flames and smoke the wretch expired, and the mob feasted on his shrieks and death agony. The report of the inhuman deed is wired to all parts of the country, and hardly a word of condemnation is added to the awful story of cruel lawlessness.

One would think the patriotism of the United States should be aroused to some action, by these repeated outbreaks of mobocracy. Lynch law means disregard for the law and the overturning of the courts. It means the usurpation by the mob of the power delegated to the executive arm of the government. It is revolutionary in its nature; it is a defiance of popular rule as regulated by law. And yet, some fall to see in it a menace to the country. A great many failed to see the danger that slowly arose out of the negro question once before, but it came nevertheless, and the country was drenched in blood.

Crime breeds crime. Its offspring is lawlessness. Nothing is more detrimental to the progress of civilization, than brutality. Civilization means a constant struggle for emancipation from a condition of brutality, and every relapse into it makes the previous victories gained, to some extent useless. In climbing a summit, every fall makes it that much more difficult to regain the lost ground and to advance.

The American people have been entrusted with a form of government founded on the best principles ever given to man in this world. But this is a sacred trust, and it is given for the benefit of all mankind, just as the moral code in ancient times was entrusted to one chosen people, for the good of the entire race. This Republic has been blessed with intelligence and unlimited resources, that it should form a central luminary in the constellation of the kingdoms and empires of the earth. But if the people are not true to this trust; if they permit liberty to be prostituted in broad daylight, by anarchy; if they slumber, and neglect to cleanse their sacred inheritance from the seeds of oppression that have blown to our shores from benighted lands, the result will be, finally, that the trust will be withdrawn and the custody of the divine gifts be given to another. History abounds in warning examples. Great empires have fallen. Their civilizations have been buried beneath the dust of ages, because they neglected the special mission that was theirs. Governments that do not suppress lawlessness, have no business to exist. They are useless as factors in the progress of civilization. A certain period they may be tolerated by the Providence that rules the destiny of nations, but the time cometh when they will be swept away by the besom of destruction, as was the Jewish state by the Roman hosts.

The danger of the anarchy that finds its expression in lynchings cannot be too much emphasized. It is time for true patriots to come together and devise means for its suppression. If the criminal laws are inadequate, let that defect be remedied. But whatever is the law, in the name of justice and righteousness, let it be respected by all citizens.

HEAR THE DOCTORS.

The doctors, at their meeting Tuesday night, paid attention again to the supposed danger of a smallpox epidemic, and one of them is reported to have said that he looked for a more violent form of the disease the coming winter. Is this not rather extraordinary, in view of the quite general vaccination during the last scare, and the alleged virtues of that operation? But it will be remembered that the same gentleman last fall predicted a more violent outbreak during the then coming winter. Perhaps his worst fears—of hopes—may not be realized. The doctor, according to the report, expressed his desire that the medical association petition the next Legislature for "more stringent laws" and "more power to health officers and quarantine physicians." Under the influence of a burning desire for more power, he may possibly magnify whatever danger there may be, or even see it where it does not exist; hence a discriminating public will not be panic-stricken at the prediction, uttered in connection with the expressed wish for more arbitrary power. Nor are wise legislators apt to yield to the demands of petty officers who seem to be suffering from a violent form of imperialism.

A notable feature of the smallpox discussion was this, that one of the doctors, according to one report, was told by a colleague, that if he had been a thorough convert to the vaccination theory, he would not have taken the stand he did, that this was not genuine smallpox. This is a piece of precious information. If the speaker is reported correctly, he conveyed the idea that the diagnosis of the disease is different, according to the different views on vaccination, subscribed to by the doctors. Is this true? Do some doctors evolve from their own pet theories a diagnosis of a disease merely for the pleasure of testing a favorite remedy of theirs? If one physician does not see smallpox on account of his aversion to vaccination, may not another think he has found that disease, only because he looks at the patient through his firm conviction of the virtues of an antiquated remedy?

We do not care to discuss this matter any further, but it is not going out of the way to say, that even if isolated cases of smallpox do occur, there is no need of a panic. Public scares are the worst features of epidemics. Physicians who know their duty, will do all in their power, while fighting disease as best they can, to allay fear. San-

Francisco not long ago suffered a great deal from the inconsiderate doings of a health board that was bound to have a plague scare worked up, but the people called a halt, and the petty officers had to yield. Impartial investigation proved that there was no plague epidemic, except in the imagination of some health officers. Can such be trusted with arbitrary power, to the injury and ruin of the business interests of a State?

Science has established the fact that healthy living, in clean surroundings, is the great preventive against sickness, epidemic or otherwise. On that, the reliance for health must be placed. As to vaccination, as a remedy for smallpox, the opinions of the medical world are divided, and on the anti-vaccination side are men of as high repute as Dr. Vogt, of the University of Berne, Switzerland, professor of hygiene. As long as it is indisputable that the opinions of authorities are divided, it seems like ruthless tyranny to agitate for compulsion on one side or the other. We hope the people will assert their constitutional guaranteed rights, against all efforts at dangerous and unnecessary limitations.

TOLSTOI'S EXCOMMUNICATION.

The report from Switzerland that the famous Russian author and philosopher has been excommunicated from the Russian church, is not surprising. It is strange that some mark of government disapproval has not been placed upon him long before this. Tolstoi has hitherto mainly busied himself with spiritual subjects, placing no practical obstacles in the way of the Russian government, but lately he has expressed himself on the questions of property rights, and the philosophy of non-resistance, and should his views on these matters become general, some social conditions would have to be changed and militarism would die of starvation. Besides, Tolstoi handled the Czar's peace propositions in a rather sarcastic manner, notwithstanding the imperial gifts that were bestowed upon him in public. In all probability, the government has deemed it necessary, in some way, to put a mark on him, and excommunication from the church was chosen in preference to imprisonment or expatriation.

In this, the Russian government showed good sense. To slap the philosopher in the face by the mailed hand of the civil arm, would have been more imprudent than to hit him with the silk-gloved hand of the church. Political persecution would have made him a martyr, while excommunication merely is a notice to the orthodox Russians that the authorities do not approve of his theories and ideas. This was well known and cannot materially affect the status of the philosopher. His last book, "Resurrection," pictures Russian life, social, administrative, and ecclesiastical, in a manner that must be rather irritating to the Russian authorities. The proceeds of the sale of this book are, besides, to be devoted to the liberation of a persecuted sect, and naturally all this was more than the government could bear in silence. He had a long time since excommunicated himself from orthodox. His cause, too, will receive a new impetus. Everybody will like to see the book that was so offensive to the government, and the sale will be greater than it could have been through any other mode of advertising.

Easier said than done—"On to Los Angeles!"

Very often a man on the stump finds himself on a stump.

"There is no place like home" to the reluctant school-boy.

One of the worst things attending a presidential campaign is the poll evil.

About the most disagreeable things in politics are past utterances. They are the true ghosts of the past.

What strange creatures men are! Here are many members of either political party "boiling" their tickets because they cannot swallow them.

Lorenzo Marques advises say that Oom Paul is so surrounded by restrictions that he is practically a prisoner. And he isn't a "Prisoner of Hope," either.

Bad as the Filipinos may be, they have never burned anyone at the stake. Indulgence in this savagery is left for the "civilized" people of an American State.

The Board of Education, as suggested by the "News," has refused to eliminate the half-pay clause from the teachers' contracts. The action of the Board will meet with the people's approval.

For the success of either political party the "News" has no concern, but it is deeply interested that all qualified voters shall register that they may not temporarily lose their elective franchise. It is the plain duty of every qualified citizen to register.

Few men in Utah have had more respect shown them at their death than the late Dr. John R. Park, and few men have deserved more. To him the educational interests of the State owe a great debt, one that can only be repaid by grateful remembrance.

The question of Senator W. A. Clark's actual connection with the Salt Lake and Los Angeles railway was settled to the general satisfaction by his outspoken sentiments and wishes both to the City Council and the assembly at the Alta club on Tuesday evening. The road will be built.

Hon. Thos. Kearns showed his usual public spirit, in tendering the banquet at the Alta club to Senator W. A. Clark, and surrounding him with representative men of different views in religion and politics. As the host of the occasion he acquitted himself admirably, to the universal approval of his guests.

The American people will approve the attitude of the administration in refusing to accede to Germany's proposition to punish the instigators of the outrages in China before negotiations shall be entered upon. That would be to hang the culprits first and try them afterwards. International lynch law is

to be condemned as well as any other lynch law.

The Chinese situation remains much as it has been for some weeks past. The waiting and non-activity may be only preliminary to the diplomatic stage of they may be the calm before the storm. The whole eastern situation is pregnant with events that are destined to change the political face of the world and give history an entirely new trend.

It served those people right who, when they invited a rank "Mormon" hating itinerant to preach to them, were treated to a partisan political stump speech. After what he has done in defaming their Church, they showed poor judgment in taking him into their religious circle. Treat your enemies with courtesy but do not fold them to your bosom.

Admiral Kempf has cabled Secretary Long that the gunboat Villalobos and her crew are safe, the report about their loss being false. This is good news, but the country still anxiously awaits news of the fate of Captain Shields and his little command. It is by no means improbable that the reports regarding their capture or killing may be false. May they be!

The burning of the negro at Electric, Ala., is a disgrace to our civilization. It is true, doubtless, he made an assault upon a white woman, but the law provides a punishment for that offense, and the law should be permitted to take its course. There is no crime, no matter how heinous, that could justify the burning alive of a human being. The black man's deed was terrible; the white man's revenge was horrible.

The great coal strike continues, but thus far the miners engaged in it have committed no offense against persons or property. This lawabiding course cannot fail to win for the strikers the sympathy of the people of the whole country. It is when strikers permit lawlessness to enter their ranks and dominate their councils, that they incur public condemnation. Thus far the Pennsylvania miners have not laid themselves liable to the charge of lawlessness.

THE ATTACK ON ROOSEVELT.

Cleveland Plain Dealer.
If the assailants of Roosevelt expected to make votes for Bryan by their course they were laboring under a great mistake. If they supposed for a moment they would win the approval of Mr. Bryan by their superserviceable zeal their mistake was greater. Mr. Bryan's condemnation was instant and unequivocal. Both in the present campaign and in that of four years ago he has manifested a chivalrous spirit towards his competitors, saying nothing unkind of them and discountenancing any act of discourtesy. His action in rescuing his friends in Lincoln, Neb., to remove from the windows all Bryan portraits during the visit of Governor Roosevelt to that city is an illustration of his spirit.

New York Evening Post.

It is hard to interpret the assault upon Gov. Roosevelt at Victor, Colorado. If it was intended to have a political effect, it would have none other than to add to his popularity and to increase the number of votes for the ticket on which he takes care of himself. Nobody with a grain of experience, nobody possessed of the reasoning faculty, could imagine any other consequence to flow from it.

Chicago Times-Herald.

So far as Governor Roosevelt is concerned he has so thoroughly demonstrated his ability to take care of himself in any and all emergencies, that the people will not be very apprehensive regarding his personal safety in Colorado. A man who faced Spanish bullets and shot Juan Nolasco in the chest, and who has been shot by stones from howling ruffians in Colorado. The fact is, the ordinary political campaign is a very tame affair for the strenuous rough rider.

New York Mail and Express.

Making all allowance for high color in the report of the riotous attack upon Governor Roosevelt and his party near Cripple Creek, it appears sufficiently disgraceful, but it is to be remembered that the Cripple Creek district is little more than a big mining camp, overrun with lawless elements and little subject to restraint from "constituted authorities." The disturbance seems to have been started by irresponsible hoodlums, and it is quite probable that only a small part even of the rough crowd of miners had any active part in it.

Chicago Record.

The sensational scenes at Victor, Col., where Governor Roosevelt was attacked by a mob, stirred, fortunately, in a milder way than a scrimmage of a few bruises, but it might easily have had consequences which would have shocked the entire country. With a man of Governor Roosevelt's temperament and a mob animated by unrestrained passions, the incident might have assumed the proportions of a determining factor in the campaign. As it is, however, it is bad enough, and so far as it will arouse indignation as an attack upon a candidate in a campaign year, it will be likely to have just the effect the mob desired. Nothing is quite so sure to turn sympathy toward a man in this country as a lawless physical assault upon him while he is in the pursuit of his duties.

Troy Press.

Mob violence always curses the cause which it disgraces. The reviling and stoning of Governor Roosevelt in Colorado are degraded by a lot of decent Democrats, and probably regretted by no one more than William J. Bryan, who is a man of brains and realizes the folly of riotous outbreaks. Presidential elections cannot be won by bludgeons and brickbats.

RECENT PUBLICATIONS.

Harper's Weekly for September 23 treats, among other subjects, on "The Trust Issue," "Mrs. Eddy and Advertising," "The Strike Situation," "The Chinese Soldier," and "The Game of Shopping."—Harper & Brothers, New York.

In the current number of Harper's Bazar attention is given to a number of topics of special interest to the ladies. Among these are, "Mrs. Marchetti's Singing Lesson," "Child Life in China," "Lace-making as an Art," "Luncheon Tables" and "Autumn Recipes." There are several pages of fashion plates.—Harper & Brothers, New York.

The frontispiece of the October number of Harper's Magazine is entitled "She Rose," illustration for "Michael and Angela" by P. de Myrback. The list of contents comprises a large and well selected collection of literary offerings, among which are: "Wei-Hai-Wai," "Poulney Rigdon," "Eleanor," a novel, part I, Mrs. Humphrey Ward; "Michael and Angela," a story of Hugo, not Exiles, part I, Gilbert Parker; "The Lost Dog," a story, Mary E. Wilkins; "The Mantle of Elijah," a novel, part

WEEK'S SPECIAL BARGAINS!

Sale Week Commences,
Monday, October 1st.

These are Choice Bargains for Ladies and Children, and for Families. Note the Prices and come and Examine the Goods.

SILK SALE.

Black Taffeta Silk, sold regularly at 55 cents a yard, will be sold next week for—
50 cents per yard.

DRESS GOODS SALE

Beautiful Black Pierola Dress Goods, silk finish, sold regularly at \$1.00 per yard, will be sold next week for—
75 cents per yard.An elegant line of fine corded, small figured effects, worth 85 cents a yard, will be sold next week at—
50 cents per yard.

We carry the most complete line of Dress Goods in the City—all the new effects in stock.

KID GLOVE SALE

Ladies' two-clasp P. K. sewn gloves (warranted real kid)—blacks, tans, modes, greys and browns, all sizes; regular price \$1.50; special for this week
Only \$1.25.

HANDKERCHIEFS.

Ladies' Scallop Embroidered Handkerchiefs, worth regularly 25 cents, at—
15 cents.Ladies' Scallop Embroidered Handkerchiefs, worth regularly 35 cents and 40 cents, at—
25 cents.Ladies' unlaundried Hemstitched and Embroidered Linen Handkerchiefs, worth 25 cents, at—
16 2-3 cents.

GREAT SALE OF REMNANTS of Wool and Cotton Dress Goods for This Week.

Z. C. M. I.

T. G. WEBBER, Superintendent.

QUILTS, ETC.

We are showing the most beautiful line of Winter Quilts in Down and Cotton, in Silk and Satene Covered, ever shown, which we will sell next week at—
20 per cent off.Special Sale on Cotton Blankets for next week. Our regular \$1.50 Blanket will be sold for—
\$1.10.For next week we will give 20 PER CENT OFF on all Cotton Blankets in stock.
20 per cent off.

Quilt Coverings in Satene and Silkolines, in beautiful patterns suitable for covering quilts.

UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY.

We are showing the most complete line of Ladies Knit Underwear and Hosiery this season that has ever been seen in this city.

FOR NEXT WEEK ONLY we will open the season by selling - - - - - lined Union Suits worth 60c, for—
30 cents suit.Our regular Winter Weight Ladies' Sanitary Balbriggan VESTS and DRAWERS, cheap at 50c, to commence the season go at—
40 cents each.Children's Bicycle School Hose, Fleeced-lined, very Elastic and JUST THE THING FOR ROUGH WEAR - - - - - Regular 35c HOSE, THIS WEEK ONLY—
25 cents pair.

STAPLE DEPT.

Fancy Elderdowns in stripes and plain; all colors; sold regularly at 60 cents, on sale this week for—
35 cents a yard.Special Sale on FALL CUTTING FLANNELS, in all colors. One lot sold regularly at 12 1/2c a yard, on sale this week for—
10 cents a yard.One lot Colored Outing Flannel, sold regularly at 10 cents a yard, will be on sale at—
7 1-4 cents a yard.

Flannelettes for Ladies' Shirt Waists, our regular line, we will sell 10c a yard goods at, . . . \$1.25 12 1/2c a yard goods at, . . . \$1.50 15c a yard goods at, . . . \$1.75 17 1/2c a yard goods at, . . . \$2.00

TABLE LINENS.

Special Sale Next Week in Table Linens and Napkins. We will have on sale during the week the most complete line of Linens ever offered to the public at reduced prices. All new this season. We will give our customers
20 per cent off
on all linen stock this week.

CLOAK DEPT. SALES

SEASON'S OPENING SPECIALS. Two Specials in Child's Reeder Jackets. The first is a Jacket in Mixed Goods, nicely trimmed, sizes 6, 8 and 10 years.
For \$1.05.The next is a neat Jacket in Fancy Mixtures with Pebble Cape, worth \$2.00.
For \$1.50.

Extraordinary Values in Ladies' Skirts.

A collection of about fifty in Plaids, Mixtures and Checks. Instead of \$6.50 they'll be—
\$3.25.Another lot, assorted kinds, your choice for—
\$1.25.A large line of Misses' Skirts, just the thing for school, will go at—
Two-Thirds Regular PriceVI. Israel Zangwill: "The Chinese Re-
sentment," H. H. Lowry: "A Bicycle of
Cathay," a novel, part V. (conclusion.)
Frank R. Stockton: "Waterways of
America," Alexander Hume Ford, and
"Two Brothers," a story, Seumas Mac
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GEORGE D. PIPER, Manager.Clay Clement and
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"A GREAT OBSTACLE."
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Friday, October 5th,
"THE NEW DOMINION."No advance in prices, 25c, 50c, 75c,
\$1.00. Matinee 25c and 50c.Next Attraction:
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