DESERET EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. V. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH TERRITORY, SATURDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 30, 1871. NO. 33.

Leader Paper of the Rocky Mountain Region.

THE EVENING NEWS.

[Published every morning except Sunday.]

One Copy, one year $10 00
" " six months 5 50
" " three months 3 00

THE DESERET NEWS:

SEMI-WEEKLY.

[Published every Tuesday and Saturday.]

Terms for the Semi-Weekly:

One Copy, one year $6 00
" " six months 3 50
" " three months 2 00

DESERET NEWS: WEEKLY.

[Published every Wednesday.]

Terms for the Weekly:

One Copy, one year $5 00
" " six months 3 00
" " three months 2 00

OFFICE:—Cor. South and East Temple Sts.

GEORGE Q. CANNON, General Business Agent.

THE NEWS BOOK AND JOB PRINTING OFFICE

Possesses facilities for the execution of all kinds of Book and Job Printing.

BOOK BINDING AND PAPER RULING

GEORGE Q. CANNON,
EDITOR & PUBLISHER.

RUNNING OUTLINE OF THE TICHBORNE TUSSLE.

One of the comic papers recently had a cartoon which fairly represents the hold that the Tichborne romance has taken of the English public. John Bull was shown carrying the "Old Man of the Sea" on his shoulders and finding it as difficult to get rid of him as ever did the victims whom Sinbad told to get free from their persecutor. Everything else the cartoon tells us must give place to Tichborne. We have already endured it for so great a length of time that I can hardly say how long it has been or will continue to be the topic of paramount attention. Judges, jurymen, and counsel have already made preparations to meet the possibility of their dying before its termination. It lasted forty days before the long vacation, and the plaintiff's case was only just begun. How long more it will run neither jurymen nor counsel can say; but as it is certain that we will have to send you constantly fresh instalments of it, I have thought it well to send you on a resume of the case so far as it has been made public, so that your old readers may refresh their memories, and your new circle may be placed *au courant* with this celebrated cause.

After much difficulty in securing a jury the case of the claimant was stated by Sergeant Ballantyne, one of the most eminent members of the English bar, on May 11. As will be remembered by those who have read Mr. Samuel Warren's famous novel of "Ten Thousand a Year," the most important cases frequently have as defendant one who is not really so, but only by a legal fiction. As in that famous suit in which the effect of Gammon & Snap, Mr. Titlebat Titmouse, was the plaintiff, and a tenant the nominal defendant, in a suit for ejectment, so in the Tichborne trial the defendant is a Colonel Lushington, tenant of the Tichborne estate in Hampshire. The real defendants are the guardians of the infant known as Sir Alfred Joseph Doughty Tichborne. The plaintiff claiming to be the uncle of the child and the right to dispossess him of the estates and title which are now held by him and which are of large importance. In the generation preceding the plaintiff there were three brothers Tichborne: the eldest died childless; the second, who had assumed in consideration of an inheritance the name of Doughty, left one daughter, Kate, afterwards Ratcliffe, but no son; and the third brother had two sons, Sir Roger, whom the plaintiff claims to be, and James, who died young, leaving a posthumous child, Alfred, who at present holds the estates and title.

Sir James Tichborne married a French lady, daughter of an English gentleman and a French woman. They had a very unhappy life, making the life of their child, Roger, "a hell upon earth," as he felicitously describes it. His education was entrusted to a Frenchman named Chatillon, and was grossly neglected. When his family returned to England, he was sent in 1845 to Stonyhurst, the great Catholic college, to school; but owing to various causes, chief of which was his want of preparation and his gross ignorance of the English, he made little or no progress. Examined at Sandhurst for the army; he made a wretched examination, but the examiners were not particular, and he was passed. He joined the Carabineers in 1849, at Portobello Bridge. In 1850 he visited Tichborne, and there met his cousin Kate Doughty, with whom he fell in love, whom he wanted to marry, and with whom, as he says, he was more familiar than was right. Refused her hand by her father, and unhappy in the army and society where his peculiarities had made him ridiculous, he determined to leave England. Before doing so, after consultation with Mr. Hopkins, an eminent solicitor, Mr. Slaughter and Mr. Gosford, the Steward of the estate, he made a will. He then sold out of the army, and after visiting his father and mother in Paris he took passage in the Pauline for Valparaiso. About this time he was slight, with light hair and eyes, and by no means bad looking. He was about 5 feet 8½ inches high. During his sojourn in France he fell on his head, receiving a wound which left a large mark. While in the army he had a serious fainting fit, from which he recovered only when the surgeon bled him in the ancle—both of which marks the present claimant possesses, and medical evidence is forthcoming that he could not have inflicted them within any recent period. Before leaving he left in the hands of Mr. Gosford a sealed packet, the contents of which were known to no one. The *soi disant* Tichborne declares that he can tell its contents if it is introduced by Gosford. When the Pauline sailed from Havre there was on board with Roger Tichborne a lady servant named Moore. The vessel reached Valparaiso in June 1853, and the pair then proceeded to Santiago, where Moore fell ill and Tichborne left him to go to Valparaiso; from there he went to Melipilla and remained three weeks knocking about. Then he returned to Valparaiso, from which he sent home some birds, feathers and skins. Having taken a coasting voyage in the Pauline, he returned to Valparaiso and to Santiago, and then crossed the continent to Rio Janeiro. He took passage in the Bella for New York. That ship was lost. The news having come to England the next of kin administered the will of his father and took possession of the estates, Sir Roger having been treated as defunct. Instead of all the crew of the Bella having been lost Sir Roger states that two boats left the ship; one of these was lost; from the other he was picked up by an American bark in a state bordering on insanity, and was brought to Melbourne in July, 1853—just in the gold fever. In company with a Mr. Foster, son of the Attorney-General of Australia, he went to Bolendale, Sippland. Here he attracted Mr. Foster's attention by his riding, an accomplishment of which he was master before leaving England. He afterwards went to Daigo, where he accepted manial employment, calling himself Thomas Castro, in memory of a companion at Melipilla. When at Daigo he met Arthur Orton, whose name figures so often in this trial, "a butcher of the butcher type—the butcher type of Wapping." This is the man whom the defendants claim is now personating Sir Roger Tichborne. For a long time these men associated together. One of the most important questions the jury will have to decide is whether Tom Castro was Arthur Orton or Tichborne. In 1861 they visited Wagga Wagga. In 1865 Tichborne married.

While all believed in the loss of the Bella, his mother, Lady Felicite Tichborne, hoped against hope and never ceased searching for him. In 1865 Tichborne heard of their efforts through an attorney named Gibbs, who had seen the advertisements, and suspected that Castro and the missing baronet were one. After awhile he wrote to his mother from Wagga Wagga, on January 17, 1866, his last previous letters having been dated in April, 1854. In this Australian letter he alluded to two circumstances, known only to her and to himself. She, however, did not accept this statement as proof, and wrote back to him to that effect. He wrote in reply, giving further particulars, amongst others that he had been recognized by Bogle, a black servant of the family, whereof it may be said that the apparent theory of the defence was that Bogle had posted Orton on all matters concerning the family. After going to America Tichborne returned to England in December, 1866. He then went to Paris to see his mother and was immediately recognized by her. A suit was thereupon commenced for the restoration [of the estates. It was resisted by the possessors declaring that the claimant was not the man he pretended to be. Commissioners were sent out by both parties to South America and Australia. The *soi-disant* Sir Roger courted the strictest scrutiny, and for the purpose of proving his identity held interviews with men of all ranks and positions who knew him in early life. His fellow-officers and soldiers in the Carabineers, fellow-students in the College of Stonyhurst, his solicitor, Mr. Hopkins; in fine, even his own mother declares that he is Sir Roger Charles Tichborne. The trial commenced on May 10th, and after the examination of a number of witnesses the claimant was first placed on the stand on May 30th. He was examined through four days, and for twenty-three days was subjected to the most searching cross-examination that the solicitor general of England, Sir J. D. Coleridge, was capable of conducting. He was then re-examined for two days, and on July 7th the court adjourned until Nov. 7th. The proceedings since then have been regularly reported, and it is unnecessary to repeat what has been said.—*London Correspondence N. Y. World.*

[SPECIAL TO THE DESERET NEWS.]

By Telegraph.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

EASTERN DISPATCHES.

Men Lost at Sea—Tweed Resigns and Surrenders—Fatal Boiler Explosion.

NEW YORK, 29.—The *Nautical Gazette*, of this city, has received a report from Boston to the effect that the United States frigate *Wabash*, on her passage across the Atlantic, encountered a severe gale, in which thirty to forty men were lost overboard.

Tweed surrendered to the sheriff this morning, and his son Richard has been accepted as surety in the place of Farley. G. W. Connor has been appointed commissioner of public works by the mayor, who received Tweed's formal resignation. These events created quite an excitement. After the necessary requirements in regard to the change of sureties were complied with, Tweed went to his office at the department of public works and introduced his successor to the clerks and employees.

Judge Gilbert of Brooklyn, granted an order this afternoon for dissolving the Atlantic Insurance Company of Brooklyn, and the Manhattan and the Security of New York, on application of the receivers.

Gen. La Cecilia, a noted communist, and his wife, arrived yesterday on the *Europa*.

ALBANY, 29.—The new bridge across the Hudson is completed, and trains are passing over.

WASHINGTON, 29.—No business will be transacted in any public offices from to-morrow afternoon until Tuesday morning.

The Secretary of the Treasury, to-day, addressed the following letter to all collectors of customs:

"Sir:—The rules in regard to appointments in the civil service of the government, prepared by the commissioners in the civil service, and approved by the President, will take effect on Monday next. On and after that day appointments and promotions in your office will be made in accordance with these rules, as far as is practicable. It will be necessary to designate a committee of competent persons, to make a competitive examination of the candidates for appointment, and for promotion, and until an appropriation shall have been made by Congress to defray expenses, it will be necessary to name as commissioners, persons who are already in the service of the government, and connected with your office. I have therefore to request that you will give me the names of three persons, who are in your opinion the best qualified to perform that duty, and unless objections shall appear, your recommendation will be approved. You will receive here with a copy of the report of the commissioners, together with reductions approved by the President, which, until otherwise directed, will be the guide for your conduct in this business.

The total U. S. currency of all kinds outstanding at this date is $299,004,710.

The Postmaster General to-day, ordered an extension of the mail service on the Central Pacific branch of the railroad from Chico to Tehama.

The public debt statement for the present month will not be issued until Tuesday, January 2nd.

In accordance with the suggestion of the civil service commission, the President will appoint, as regular examining boards, three persons from each of the different departments of the government, who will personally conduct all examinations of applicants, being governed in their action by such regulations as may from time to time be established by the advisory board. It is probable that the duties of the latter board will not be such as to require a continuous session, but that it will only be necessary for them to meet at stated periods.

PHILADELPHIA, 29.—The frigate *Chattanooga*, sunk at League Island, was used as a storeship; the machinery had been removed, as she was a complete failure as a vessel.

BALTIMORE, 29.—The boiler of Harrington Bros. steam mill, at the corner of Pratt & Fremont St., exploded this morning; one of the proprietors was killed and several persons severely injured. The building is a wreck.

WESTERN DISPATCHES.

Elected — Recaptured — Retrenchment urged—More Rain.

SAN FRANCISCO, 29.—J. Franklin and C. Lewis were elected to the Republican committee from the First ward, at the primary yesterday.

John E. Dunn, who was shot by officer Jehu while attempting to escape on the way to the county jail, having escaped from the hospital, has been again corralled by the police.

Manager Laidley, of the industrial school department, reports that the institution is heavily in debt, the cost of supporting each inmate for the last year having been $262 50. Retrenchment in every department is earnestly recommended.

It rained almost incessantly all night and the morning opened with a very heavy and prolonged thunder shower, the water coming down in torrents, with a strong wind from the south west, which is still blowing almost a gale. The clouds are now broken, and we are having the first square glimpse of sunshine for two weeks. The rainfall in the twenty-four hours, ending at 8 a.m., was seventy-six hundredths of an inch, making 24 32-100 for the storms, and for the season 18 43-100.

EUROPEAN DISPATCHES.

Gambetta Give Good Counsel—Coalition Against Gladstone. A Royal Letter.

PARIS, 29.—The *Official Journal* denies that the Germans have made any arrests of French citizens to be held as hostages.

The committee on the bank of France are disposed to increase the circulation of the bank three hundred million francs, instead of six hundred millions, as demanded by the government.

Gambetta, while at Versailles recently, addressed the Republicans, counseling patience and moderation.

The committee of the assembly, on the reorganization of the army, proposes to make the terms of the military service five years, and active duty, four years in the reserve, and six years in the second army of the reserve.

LONDON, 29.—Alarmed at Gladstone's republican tendencies, the conservative section of the liberals, led by the Duke of Somerset and Viscount Halifax, are seeking to form a coalition with the tories, for the purpose of electing Bouverie, Speaker of the Commons, instead of Brand, and to compel the retirement of Gladstone.

This afternoon the papers publish a letter from Her Majesty, Queen Victoria, in which she says she desires to express her deep sense of the touching sympathy expressed for her family, by the whole nation, at the illness of her dear son. The universal feeling, says the Queen, shown by her people during the painful and terrible time of the Prince's illness, their sympathy with herself and her daughter, the Princess of Wales, and the general joy manifested at the improvement in the health of the Prince, has made a deep and ineffaceable impression upon her heart. The manifestations of the people's sympathy, she added, was nothing new, she met with the same sympathy ten years ago, on a similar occasion, when came he loss of the main stay of herself and family.

THE NEWSPAPER BUSINESS.

Few enterprises are as expensive as newspapers, and few are so laborious, troublesome and unremunerative. Great as was the cost of publishing them before the war, it is much greater since. Except in large cities, where the almost infinite small profit on each issue counts up by means of an extended circulation and liberal advertising, the publication of newspapers entails a loss upon the publishers, every year adds to the expense of publishing city newspapers. At the North, in the dense population of the great cities, where enterprises of all sorts are eagerly pushed by advertising, many newspapers realize large fortunes by means of the aggregation of small profits, but in the less crowded cities of the South few newspapers can do more than barely sustain themselves under the augmented pressure of expense. Few people have any conception of the vast expense and infinite trouble connected with the publication of newspapers, of the number of persons employed in the different departments, and of the vigilance, unremitting labor, perplexity and wear and tear of feeling entailed. Every week the bills have to be paid. There is no rest day or night. When other people are abed asleep newspaper people are at work. Those who every day get their newspapers and see them looking so fresh and full, little dream of the labor, care and money that have been expended upon them. For a few cents they have the world in miniature presented to them every day. All the news of the previous day has been gathered from all quarters, far and near, carefully collated and attractively printed. There is the the foreign news, intelligence from every quarter of the country, and relating to all conceivable subjects, and the local and domestic news. The business man finds the information he needs, the politician finds chronicled all the events in the political world, the literary man, the general reader and the lover of gossip each finds waiting for him the dish adapted to his taste. All this varied mass of matter has been gathered, arranged, printed and distributed within twenty-four hours.

One would suppose that the public would bear almost any amount of expense to have every day such a diversified and interesting mass of news and reading matter served up to them, but strange to say the public are as unreasonable as to complain often times of the little expense they are put to, to secure so many advantages. Nothing is more prevalent than unreasonable complaints about newspaper subscriptions. Many persons, indeed, appear to think that they not only ought to have the privilege of directing the course of the newspaper they take, but that it ought to be furnished to them for nothing.

A long observation and experience have satisfied us that there is no class who confer so many benefits upon the public and are so poorly rewarded as newspaper men.—*Richmond (Va.) Whig.*

"BEST BOTTLED ALE & PORTER" at Phil. Margetts'. d13 1m

SUMMONSES.—We are now prepared to supply Justices of the Peace with Blank forms of Summonses. Other Blank forms also for sale at this Office. d22,a104w-1d

TO ALL CONCERNED.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons claiming to be entitled to the Ranges or Lots included in the entry of the town site of Salt Lake City, made by Hon. D. H. Wells, Mayor of said City, that the Recorder's Clerk will be prepared from and after the 15th day of December next, to file any declaratory statement, as contemplated by Sec. 3 of an Act entitled the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Utah, approved Feb. 17, 1851, prescribing rules and regulations for the execution of the trust arising under the Act of Congress entitled "An Act for the Relief of the Inhabitants of Cities and Towns upon the Public Lands," approved Mar. 2, 1867.

Parties intending to file such declaratory statements must have the same properly made out, accurately and carefully describing the lands, lot, block, or share or parcel thereof claimed, before presenting them for filing, as in no instance can the clerk be the agent or attorney of any party in drawing up or preparing the same.

E. SMITH,
Probate Judge for Salt Lake County.
Salt Lake City, Nov. 27, 1871.

TOWNSEND HOUSE,
SALT LAKE CITY,
THE LEADING HOTEL
Of Utah.
JAMES TOWNSEND, Proprietor.

THIS HOTEL is centrally and pleasantly located, well furnished, and has accommodations for 150 Guests.

THE PROPRIETOR is now preparing to build large additions to the Hotel, which, when finished, will render it the

Most Complete Establishment in the ROCKY MOUNTAIN REGION!

TAYLOR'S HOTEL,
ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN,
West side East Temple St.

Rooms Newly Furnished,
BY THE SINGLE NIGHT, WEEKLY OR MONTHLY,
On the Most Reasonable Terms.

TAYLOR & CUTLER,
d3 1y PROPRIETORS.

AMERICAN HOTEL!
A Select First-Class
HOUSE,
ONE BLOCK EAST OF THEATRE,
Salt Lake City.
TERMS:—$3 Per Day.
Board, without rooms, $10 Per Week.
J. C. LITTLE, Proprietor.
Salt Lake City, May 24, 1871. d278 1f

TEACHERS ATTENTION!
MISS IDA IONE COOK
HAS BEEN ENGAGED to give practical instruction in most approved methods of Teaching, Reading, Arithmetic, Geography and Grammar, and in best methods of Discipline, at the
UNIVERSITY BUILDINGS,
On Saturday forenoon of each week, during such hours as will suit the convenience of those Teachers who desire to attend.
Teachers desirous of further qualifying themselves to discharge their duties with dignity and ability should embrace this favorable opportunity.
Normal Class to commence on Saturday the 9th of December, at 10 a. m.
ROBT. L. CAMPBELL,
Salt Lake County Supt. of Common Schools.
d264

UTAH BREWERY,
Near Union Square,
NINETEENTH WARD, SALT LAKE CITY
R. B. MARGETTS,
Is prepared to supply Families and others with
ALE AND PORTER
BY THE KEG,
Delivered at their Residence or at his establishment.
Parties wishing to be supplied for the Holidays will please forward orders immediately.
Kegs furnished. d23 w46 1m

BILL LUMBER!
I AM PREPARED TO
Saw and Deliver,
On the Shortest Notice,
LUMBER AS PER BILL,
RED AND WHITE PINE,
LUMBER AT THE MILL,
TWO AND A HALF PER FOOT.
Liberal Price Paid to persons desirous of doing HAULING.
H. W. BRIZZEE, Parley's Park.
H. DINWOODEY, Agent, S. L. City. d258 1y

WHITE AND RED
Pine Lumber!
OF EVERY KIND
FOR SALE AT THE
Mouth of Deer Creek,
American Fork Canyon, by
SANDERS & PRATT.
d 193 tf

CORN
and
OATS
For Sale by the
CAR LOAD
Or Retail.
T. R. JONES & CO.
Half-a-block South of U. C. Depot.
d188 tf

NEW
LUMBER YARD
T. R. Jones & Co.
HAVE established, in addition to the fine assortment of Lumber heretofore kept on the R. R. Depot Block, a Lumber Yard on what has been known as the
"BEST END,"
South-East of R. R. Passenger Depot,
Where he intends to establish a business in the Lumber trade that will
Eclipse anything heretofore offered in regard to quality assortment and cheapness.
d28

40,000 Pounds
IRON & STEEL
O. H. BASSETT.
d139,tf

Z. C. M. I. BOOT & SHOE DEP'T,
At the Sign of the BIG BOOT!

Every style and quality of Boots and Shoes made to order. Satisfaction guaranteed.
ALWAYS ON HAND, A LARGE AND CHOICE STOCK OF
HOME-MADE AND IMPORTED BOOTS & SHOES
A full assortment of Shoe Findings, Horse Collars and all kinds of LEATHER.
RIDES WANTED.
H. B. CLAWSON, Sup't.

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR HOLIDAYS!
Daily Arriving at Z. C. M. I. Clothing Department,
Gents' Suits, Youths' Suits,
Boys' and Children's Suits,
Overshirts and Underclothing,
Dress Shirts, Collars and Cuffs,
A great variety of Men's, Youths' and Boys'
HATS & CAPS, HATS & CAPS!
Comforts, Scarfs and Neck Ties, very suitable for Christmas and New Year's Gifts.
Particular attention directed to the "Gilmer" and "Salisbury" Felt Collars.
BLANKETS AND BUFFALO ROBES.
A Beautiful Assortment of
LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S TRUNKS.
See the Novelty Trunk at $3.75.
CARPETS AND FLOOR CLOTHS.
Chinchillas, Beavers and Cassimeres
The largest stock in Utah.
All Kinds of Gentlemen's and Boys' Clothing Made to Order in the Newest Styles.
A Large Arrival of Gents' Boots and Shoes.
d21 1m H. B. CLAWSON, Sup't.

GEORGE C. BATES,
Attorney at Law.
OFFICE—Temporarily with the United States Marshal. d201

A. HUCGAN,
Attorney at Law.
OFFICE—Up Stairs, above Daft's old Store, Opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.'s, East Temple St., Salt Lake City. d201

A. MINNER,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR.
Office at residence, 2d South st
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.
All kinds of legal business promptly attended to. d88 tf

THOMAS FITCH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
OFFICE—First South Street, Fourth door East of Hooper, Eldredge & Co's bank. d174

WILLIAM Y. LOVELL,
Attorney at Law,
KIMBALL BLOCK, Opposite TOWNSEND HOUSE. d273 tf

E. M. BARNUM,
Attorney at Law,
SALT LAKE CITY.
OFFICE, in KIMBALL BLOCK.
Special attention given to Titles, Mortgages, Sales or Litigations in Mining Claims and Real Estate.
Collections made or business done in any part of the United States by Association of reliable Attorneys. d232

BANK OF DESERET,
SUCCESSOR TO
HOOPER, ELDREDGE & CO.
Corner East Temple and First South Streets
SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.
Paid Up Capital ..... $100,000.
BRIGHAM YOUNG, President,
H. S. ELDREDGE, Vice Pres.,
WM. H. HOOPER,
WM. JENNINGS,
JOHN SHARP,
FERDINAND LITTLE,
L. S. HILLS, Cashier,
DIRECTORS.
Receive Gold Dust, Coin, Exchange, Land Warrants, Valuable Papers, and Collections Made and Promptly Remitted.
Foreign Exchange for Sale. d257 tf

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF UTAH,
SALT LAKE CITY, Utah Territory.
HEBER M. WELLS, President.
CHAS. H. DALTON, Vice President.
ANTHONY SOMERS, Cashier.
Transacts a general Banking business.

Thos. R. Jones
BANKING HOUSE
A. W. WHITE & CO.
Bank Kimball Block.
SALT LAKE CITY. d187 tf

J. P. BEEM,
HOMŒPATHIC PRACTITIONER
Office and Residence:
1st South Street,
EAST OF NEW CITY MARKET. d264 tf

DRS. J. M. & F. D. BENEDICT,
Surgeons and Physicians
RESIDENCE—FIFTH WARD,
Two blocks south and three east of Tabernacle. d165 tf

MRS. S. F. LOVELL,
LADIES' FURNISHING STORE
MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,
No. 99, KIMBALL'S BLOCK.
First South Street. d106f

MRS. W. T. BOWER,
MILLINER,
KIMBALL BLOCK,
107, FIRST SOUTH ST.,
Salt Lake City. d142

DECLARATORY STATEMENTS
PROPERLY MADE OUT FOR OWNERS OF CITY LOTS.
In conformity with Public Notice of Chas. E. Smith, Probate Judge, published in the DESERET EVENING NEWS, 8th November, 1871.
We also draw all kinds of Instruments in Strict Accordance with Law and Approved Custom, and give Special Attention to the Drawing of Wills and Testamentary Documents.
CLAYTON & JONASSON,
OFFICE, 4th Door South of Godbe's Corner. d317

MUSEUM & MENAGERIE
Opposite the entrance to the Tabernacle,
Proprietor, JOHN W. ROBINSON, Jr.
ADMISSION, 50c.; CHILDREN, 10c.
Open from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.
UTAH AT A GLANCE.
A Bird-Eye Animate Panorama of the Wild Scenery of the Mountains.
Just by ..... d

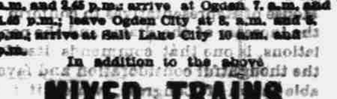
COAL, COAL.
WE ARE PREPARED TO SUPPLY THE CELEBRATED
WEBER COAL,
By Car Load or Retail,
DEPOT—AT U. C. R. R. YARD.
CITY OFFICE—Room adjoining Bank of Deseret, Main Street, Salt Lake City.
Coal Delivered in any part of the City.
BATEMAN & CO.
W. W. REID, Agent.

GILMER & SALISBURY'S

DAILY
STAGE LINES
THROUGH
Utah, South-east Nevada and Montana,
Leaving Salt Lake City Daily, running South to
Tintic, American Fork, Mount Nebo, Sevier, St. George, Utah; and Pioche, Nevada.
Passing through
Provo, Springville, Spanish Fork, Payson and Creek, Quicken Creek, Round Valley, Fillmore, Corn Creek, Beaver, Minersville, and
All the principal towns and Mining Camps in Southern Utah and South-east Nevada.
Also leave Corinne, Utah, Daily, running North to
Virginia City, Helena, Fort Benton, Deer Lodge, Cedar Creek mines, and passing through all the principal Towns and Mining Camps in Montana.
PRINCIPAL OFFICE,
Wells, Fargo & Co. Building,
SALT LAKE CITY.

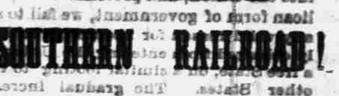
RAILROADS.

UTAH CENTRAL RAILROAD
Pioneer Line of Utah.



ON AND AFTER
MONDAY, JULY 17th
1871,
Trains will leave Salt Lake City daily at 6 a.m. and 2.45 p.m.; arrive at Ogden 7 a.m. and 4.45 p.m.; leave Ogden City at 8 a.m. and 5 p.m.; arrive at Salt Lake City 10 a.m. and 7 p.m.
In addition to the above
MIXED TRAINS
WILL RUN
DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,
Leaving Salt Lake City at 8 a. m. and 6 p. m., and Ogden at 6 p. m.
Passengers will please purchase their tickets at the offices. Fifty cents additional will be charged when the fare is collected on the train.
For all information concerning Freight or Passage, apply to
D. O. CALDER,
Ticket and Freight Agent.
JOHN SHARP,
Superintendent.

UTAH SOUTHERN RAILROAD!



MIXED TRAINS
RUN
DAILY.
Leaving the Utah Central Depot, Salt Lake City at 7.30 a.m.; Draper 8.30 p.m., and Sandy Station (nearest point to Little Cottonwood Canyon) at 6.10 p.m.
FARES:
Salt Lake to Big Cottonwood Station $1.00
" " Sandy " 1.00
" " Draper " 1.25
Twenty-five cents additional will be charged when the fare is collected on the train.
FERNMORE LITTER,
Superintendent.
D. O. CALDER,
General Freight and Ticket Agent.

Central Pacific Railroad

[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

COLLEGE SCRIP!