

DESERET EVENING NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING.
(Sundays Excepted)
Corner of South Temple and East Temple
Streets, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Horace G. Whitney - Business Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES.
(In Advance)
One Year \$5.00
Six Months 2.50
Three Months 1.25
One Month50
Saturday Edition, Per Year 2.00
Semi-Weekly, Per Year 2.00

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the EDITOR.
Address all business communications and all remittances to:
THE DESERET NEWS,
Salt Lake City, Utah.

Entered at the Postoffice of Salt Lake City as second class matter according to the Act of Congress, March 3, 1879.

SALT LAKE CITY, MARCH 25, 1907.

CONFERENCE NOTICE.

The Seventy-eighth annual, general Conference of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints will assemble in the Tabernacle, Salt Lake City, on Friday, April 5, 1907, at 10 o'clock a. m. A full attendance of the officers and members is hereby requested.

The general Priesthood meeting will be held in the Tabernacle on Saturday, April 6, at 7 o'clock p. m.

JOSEPH F. SMITH,
JOHN R. WINDER,
ANTHONY H. LUND.

The annual conference of the Sunday School Union will be held in the Tabernacle on Sunday, April 7, at 7 o'clock p. m.

JOSEPH F. SMITH,
General Superintendent.

WHERE THE LADIES ERRED.

The Outlook is another of the influential publications of this country, that upholds the decision of the Senate in the case against our senior Senator. That journal, in its issue of March 2, gives a clear review of the points involved in the controversy, and then makes these pertinent remarks:

"We have not read all the evidence in this case. Life is too short. But we have read with care the protest against Mr. Smoot's election signed by representatives of the League of Women's National Organizations, and presented to the Senate by Senator Dubois, of Idaho, and we find in it no reason stated that justified their demand for Mr. Smoot's exclusion. They have not expressed, and they cannot express, too strongly the importance of protecting the purity of the home and the sanctity of the family. But this cannot be done by asking Congress to violate both the spirit of the Constitution and the principles of political justice."

This is the view all fair-minded men and women must take of the matter under discussion. It is too bad that so many good and honorable women were led astray by political conspirators, and made to clamor for the violation of the law of the land and every principle of justice. They did not mean to do this. They should be thankful that the Senate stood firm between them and their ill-directed enthusiasm, and their experience should warn them against further yielding to the representations of the anti-"Mormons," be they politicians in plain or in ministerial garb.

Some of our critics have said that the "Mormons" are "gloating" over the victory, as if it were an endorsement of the Church. The fact is that the vote of the Senate was equivalent to a declaration that the many charges against the Church had been proved false, or, at least were not sustained by the evidence produced. But that is not the chief point in the controversy. The conspirators hoped to establish a precedent upon which to base further agitation to deprive every "Mormon" of his political rights. Disfranchisement for religious belief was the great question before the Senate, no matter how it was disguised. The Senate decided that the members of the Church are entitled to the Constitutional prerogatives that every other citizen enjoys. This is a long step forward from the position taken by some in authority during the mobbing in the infancy of the Church.

Endorsement of the principles proclaimed by messengers of the Gospel, commonly known as "Mormonism," is not looked for from the legislative assemblies of the country, not even from Congress. That is outside their domain. But those principles are steady, unshaking, as enlightenment proceeds. Those principles are being preached today from many a pulpit. They are set forth in the literature of the day by many thoughtful authors. This is one of the strange facts, that cannot be explained upon any other supposition than that "Mormonism is true."

The Outlook considers that it was a "mistake" to admit Utah to the Union of States, presuming that the Territory was "known to be dominated by an organization which is both ecclesiastical and political," but as this is contrary to the facts, no "mistake" was committed.

ENGLISH SUFFRAGETTES.

Utah women in common with such others of their American sisters who enjoy the rights and privileges of the franchise, are just now watching with great interest the warfare their sex is making in England in the hope of becoming bona fide electors on an equal footing with their husbands, fathers and brothers. From the very outset the government has looked upon the movement with frowns and suspicion, and has done its utmost to throw obstacles in the way. It argues that the government idea of doing things will be entirely upset if the women are given the rights for which they are contending, as there are something like a million more women than men in Great Britain. Complete enfranchisement of the sex, therefore, is not a pleasing thought to the "lords of creation" who have been accustomed to run things according to their own notions and caprice. For some reason, not explained, it is assumed that all of the women would vote one way and for a particular policy—hence the antagonism. From this distance it hardly seems that the suspected danger is very grave. Rather does it sound like a campaign cry to defeat the movement. In this country there has never been any trouble upon that

when they descend to falsehood about the "Mormons;" when they misrepresent and caricature their teachings; when they enter into unholy alliance with the apologists for a corrupt city government and the defenders of infamy; when they forget their calling and appeal to the secular power for aid in a warfare that should be entirely spiritual; when they become only persecutors, they must not be surprised if they are branded as hypocrites and as such find their usefulness gone. The "Mormons" welcome educational influences. They know that intelligence is the glory of God. But they hate the bigotry and charlatanism that seem to be the chief stock in trade of so many of the mountbanks that have made it their little business to reform Utah. Even the respectable ministers, we believe, are ashamed of them.

AN ALLURING LIGHT.

Readers of the Salt Lake Tribune were almost dazzled by a gleam of light in its editorial columns yesterday. The principal article was double headed and pulsating with the possibilities of Salt Lake's immediate and ultimate future. It was to all intents and purposes a genuine rift in the clouds of which the paper has been the storm center for the past several years while its ignorant and incompetent owner has paraded his political disappointments before all people. During this whole period, he has, as one campaign orator rather inelegantly but expressively put it, "gone up and down the face of the earth with a sore toe begging every passer-by to stop and examine it and listen to his tale of woe." But returning to the rift heretofore referred to, it caused some folk to think for a moment that the sheet was about to mend its ways and commence boosting instead of knocking. This suspicion was strengthened by a really meritorious cartoon and a page or two of fairly readable and accurate news. Aside from these features, however, an examination disclosed the fact that a new course has seemingly been decided upon, and that is to knock and boost at the same time. It can point to its hostile editorial on the destiny of Salt Lake, for the people who have stopped advertising in it on account of its rule or ruin policy, as showing that it is a really sin-pure pusher for the town's good. It will direct the attention of disgusted real estate men to a page of commendable building news, in attempting refutation of the well established charge that it is doing more harm to Utah than all other causes and combinations rolled into one. Then it will wink the other eye and chuckling tell such members of its clientele, who like toiled hierarch for desert at every nook of the day, and who prefer strife at any price, "Don't you see that while we had one boost editorial we had three against dark, benighted and priest-ridden Utah. O, we're on to our job all right. We can do two things at the same time just as well as one."

And so the faint and flickering ray of light that readers of the journal saw yesterday, is nothing more nor less than an ignis-fatuus to deceive and mislead. Advertisers who have stopped patronizing it for business reasons will readily see through the scheme, and the really men of the city will be no less slow to understand the game. The sheet has no intention to stop its campaign of slander and vilification. Hereafter it will simply praise in one column and defame in another. It evidently proposes to make itself the greatest Janus faced journal of the age.

NOTABLE PEACE CONGRESS.

A peace congress of more than ordinary importance will be held in New York next month. It is the first of its kind in this country. The promoters of it evidently mean to make a demonstration that will impress the world. From the notices of this intended gathering that have come under our observation, it is learned that the commercial interests of New York will be represented there. The legislature of the state will be asked to send an official representative, and the legislatures and chambers of commerce of other states are to be invited to send delegates to the meeting. Every important European country will also be represented by distinguished men. It will, therefore, be an international gathering.

Among the speakers announced are Secretary Root, Governor Hughes, Mr. Carnegie, Mr. Bryan, Archbishop Farley and Andrew D. White. The congress will close with a public banquet, at which Presidents Roosevelt and Diaz are expected to speak, and at which the governor General of Canada, Lord Grey and Ambassador Bryce may be present.

Utah ought to be fully and adequately represented at that congress. The people here are interested in the cause of peace, as in every movement for the promotion of the happiness of mankind.

ENGLISH SUFFRAGETTES.

Utah women in common with such others of their American sisters who enjoy the rights and privileges of the franchise, are just now watching with great interest the warfare their sex is making in England in the hope of becoming bona fide electors on an equal footing with their husbands, fathers and brothers. From the very outset the government has looked upon the movement with frowns and suspicion, and has done its utmost to throw obstacles in the way. It argues that the government idea of doing things will be entirely upset if the women are given the rights for which they are contending, as there are something like a million more women than men in Great Britain. Complete enfranchisement of the sex, therefore, is not a pleasing thought to the "lords of creation" who have been accustomed to run things according to their own notions and caprice. For some reason, not explained, it is assumed that all of the women would vote one way and for a particular policy—hence the antagonism. From this distance it hardly seems that the suspected danger is very grave. Rather does it sound like a campaign cry to defeat the movement. In this country there has never been any trouble upon that

score, as voters the fair sex have shown themselves quite as able to think and act intelligently and independently on political matters as the men.

One decided set-back to the proposition has been the extreme rancor that has characterized the debate which is waging so furiously. The government has been denounced in no uncertain fashion, and accusations have been indulged that have disturbed the general equilibrium almost up to the throat itself. An indignation meeting was held in Exeter Hall, London, a week or two ago, to "grill" the government and appeal to the women of the kingdom to array themselves against it. Among the speakers was the distinguished Rev. Mr. Ailed who had previously attended a debate on the question in the House of Lords, from which he had come away with a sense of defeat, dismay and disgust. Speaking for the cause, he declared with eloquent fervor that "nothing since the coming of Christ would do more for humanity than the enfranchisement of women," a sentiment that was so vociferously received as to almost break up the meeting. Israel Zangwill said that the day was past when a woman should content herself with simply being the "rib of a man." Mrs. Humphrey Ward wanted a partial enfranchisement only. For local elections it was a woman's right, in her opinion, but the vote on parliamentary and imperial matters, she thought should be withheld. Marie Corelli, the renowned novelist is out against the movement with all the fire and force of her virile personality, and in a pamphlet on the subject asks the question: "Shall we make a holocaust of maidens, wives and mothers on the brazen altar of party?" But while Corelli's views are read with interest, they have failed to convince the women of England that they are wrong in their resolve for complete enfranchisement, which they have vowed they will work for ceaselessly until victory shall crown their efforts.

March is the true brain storm month.

The milk of a well pastured cow does not need to be pastured.

How is it that people so often start in wrong to right their wrongs?

Do the souls of muscular Christians weigh more than those of others?

According to the affidavits Thaw is a most beautiful example of mens sana in sano corpore.

At any rate Abe Ruef can truthfully say that though a prisoner he is a distinguished one.

"Mrs. Warren's Profession" is to be sent on the road. It should be sent "over the road."

Short weight butter does not weigh on the consciences of those who sell it because it is so light.

A London critic says that laughter is immoral. And yet, on a much higher authority, "there is a time to laugh."

Those Roumanian farmers charge all their troubles to the farming trust. It's a wonder they didn't charge them to the smelter trust.

A census bureau special report on national wealth shows that Uncle Sam is a hundred and seven billionnaire with a few hundred millions to boot.

Those Maldivian peasants have been Roumanianizing on their wrongs so long that they just couldn't stand it any longer and have started in to right them.

Of course it would be an easy matter for Japan or any other country to attack the United States, but to defeat and impose tribute on the United States is an entirely different thing.

Senator Tillman says that he is opposed to government ownership of the railroads. Then why doesn't he advocate it instead of boosting it along? He must know that his opposition will aid the movement.

Abe Ruef threatens to make some startling disclosures. If he will but run through the story of his life from his boyhood days till the imminent deadly graft that will do for all sensational purposes.

A citizens' committee of San Francisco is proposed to supervise the supervisors and look after the public welfare generally. It is not a bad idea, but the best time to carry it out is election day. The good people of that city have brought their disgrace upon themselves through lack of public spirit and neglect of civic duty.

And now scientists are afraid we have not earthquakes enough for the safety of the world. John Milne, the seismologist, is in a London dispatch quoted as having said that the world, which normally experiences earthquakes, has been strangely and ominously quiescent for the last fortnight, which suggests that something is threatening. But what?

BELLONA'S LENGTHY EARS.

New York Mail.
It was a mule that did it. The cause of the mysterious war between Nicaragua and Honduras has been unfolded. Copies of the official communications exchanged between the ministers of foreign affairs in the two countries have been received at Washington, and they disclose that the cause well was the alleged theft of a mule belonging to Irene Salgado, a resident of Honduras, by thirty-five Nicaraguan cavaliers. You might have guessed it. The good old Spanish proverb, "It is a waste of labor to shave an ass," is disregarded in that section of Latin-America that borders on the Caribbean. "Cherchez le mulet" takes its place.

NO FAVORS TO ANYONE.

Minneapolis Journal.
Will not the general public be better off when there are no special or reduced rates for anybody? It may be hard on sales and conventions and other institutions which have long been favored with special rates, and could not have succeeded without them, but there is nothing quite so important in the whole rate readjustment business as that common carriers and public servants should play no favorites. There may be no favoritism in a special reduced rate open to the public, but even such a desirable privilege ought to be weighed carefully as against the good of an

even flat rate for everybody all the time, and no favors to see that it is not overestimated.

PRESIDENT'S NOTABLE VICTORY

Chicago Post.
Seldom has a President won a more striking victory than has come to Mr. Roosevelt through the railways' exchange of front. He long ago foresaw what the transportation men only now are realizing, that some kind of control was the best for the companies and for the people. And both these interests will share in the benefits which seem destined to follow the White House conference.

MAY SUPPLANT GASOLENE.

Exchange.
Chas. E. Lucke, assistant professor of Mechanical Engineering at Columbia, who has been conducting for the United States government a series of tests on alcohol as a fuel for engines, has reported a 29 per cent increase of power may be obtained by the use of alcohol as a fuel. According to Dr. Lucke, alcohol, on account of its greater safety and its adaptability to the work, is likely to supplant gasoline as a fuel for boats immediately, while in the case of automobiles those who are willing to pay a little more may rid themselves now of the offensive odor of gasoline. At the same time securing a fuel that is much easier to handle and safer to store. Dr. Lucke predicts that in time, as kerosene and its distillates become scarcer and dearer by reason of the exhaustion of natural deposits, alcohol may entirely supplant the kerosene and gasoline engines. The results of Dr. Lucke's experiments are made public in Bulletin 277, issued by the department of agriculture, which gives also the results of experiments conducted by S. M. Woodward, United States irrigation engineer.

JUST FOR FUN.

His Reason.

John M. A. Long—I tell you, trusts are getting to be terrible things in this country.
Goetz Dunn—Sure thing. Why, there's that horrible trust that Skinnem has formed. It's outrageous. He won't sell me a single share of it.—Ex.

Well, What Did He Decide.

Kindheart to man who had slipped on the ice—Did you fall?
Strongheart—Fall? Not I merely sat down to think over this Japanese school question.—Ex.

Wouldn't Bother.

"Mike," said Plodding Pete, "what would you do if you had a million dollars?"
"A million dollars?" rejoined Meandering Mike. "I wouldn't bother imagining a million. I'm no piker."—Washington Star.

Lodging Charge.

"Fare, please."
The passenger looked up in surprise. "I have paid you one fare," he said. "Sure you did," responded the conductor, "but when a blockade lasts more than a week, we charge for lodging."—Philadelphia Ledger.

Nobody'll Get Hurt.

No one can complain that the people are not interested in great national, even international questions. In the campaign in the Sixth Congressional district of Virginia, the principal issue is whether this country should sell the Philippine Islands. It is to be hoped that this question, so vital to the interests of that district will not be permitted to split the party, or embroil the country in war.—Columbia State.

Colonial Impudence.

Porto Ricans want a native of the island appointed colonial secretary. We have a lot of would-be officeholders up this way who will regard such a demand as a piece of inexcusable impudence.—Chicago Record-Herald.

Identified.

A teacher showed his small pupils a zebra, saying, "Now, what is this?"
"A horse in a bathing suit," was the prompt reply.—La Caricaturista.

SALT LAKE THEATRE

Geo. D. Pyper, Mgr.
All Week Beginning Tonight.
Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.
Ernest Shipman and William G. Colvin Present.

THE BONNIE BRIER BUSH!

Jan MacLaren's beautiful story of AUSTRALIAN SCOTLAND

Prices—Evening, 5c to \$1.50; Matinee, 2c to 75c.

Orpheum

MODERN VAUDEVILLE.
ALL THIS WEEK!

Louise August & Co.
4—Rianos—4 Cameron & Flanagan
Auric Rigwell Le Gette
Appleby Kneadrons

Every evening (except Sunday) 7c.
Box Seats 50c.
Daily Except Sunday and Monday 50c.
Box Seats 75c.

Grand Theatre

A. M. Cox, Manager.
TONIGHT AND ALL WEEK.
Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.
The Famous Original.

Murray & Mack

IN
AROUND THE TOWN!!

Handsome Costumed Chorus of Prestigious Girls.
Original New York Cast and Production.

LYRIC THEATRE


Sullivan & Considine, Lessees.
VAUDEVILLE SUPREME!!

Evenings, Two Performances, 7:30 and 9:15.
Matinee Daily Except Sunday at 2:30.

PRICES—NIGHTS—10c, 20c, 30c.
MATINEES—10c, 20c.

ALFRED L. FARRELL REGITAL

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH
TOMORROW NIGHT!!



Easter Apparel!

Make Your Easter Selections Immediately to Avoid Disappointment

THE great inaugural event of Spring modes will soon be here—do no longer delay your choice of appropriate clothing. The magnificent variety of beautiful and becoming Spring necessities we are now showing will please you. Eton, Prince Chap and English Cutaway suits, in the newest and most popular fabrics, ranging in price from \$16.00 to \$75.00. Panama skirts, novelty goods skirts, black dress skirts of French voile and Silk skirts, a really beautiful display from \$6.00 to \$32.50. New arrivals and the creations of our Millinery experts have brought our Millinery showing up to the standard of one week ago, a visit to this section of our store will be found worth while. To complete your Easter outfit we would remind you of gloves, dainty hosiery, neckwear, jumpers, Marie Antoinette ruffs, stock collars, turn-over collars.

Z. C. M. I. **Z. C. M. I.**

OUR DRUG STORE IS AT 112-114 MAIN STREET

The New Dancing Academy,
COLUMBUS HALL
No. 21 West First South St.
Dancing taught quickly by an improved method. Waltz and Two Step in three lessons. Beginners class every Tuesday Eve. 8 to 11 p. m. Advanced Thursday and Saturday Eve. 8 to 9 p. m.
Afternoon classes every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
Socials every Thursday and Saturday Eve.

AUDITORIUM!
RICHARDS STREET.
WHO'S YOUR GIRL?
POPULAR LADY VOTING CONTEST.
Last week of Contest and great interest is being taken.
She can have a beautiful, Up-right Piano FREE, a pair of Gold Plated Ball-bearing or a pair of Nickel Plated Ball-bearing Roller Skates. Each admission ticket will be provided with a Voting Coupon. Write the name of your favorite Lady on the coupon and deposit it in the ballot box at the entrance to the Auditorium. Coupons are good for date of issue only. Ballots will be counted by competent judges each evening and the result posted on bulletin board in the lobby of the Auditorium. Piano on exhibition in the window of the Clayton Music Company, Main Street.
Ladies admitted free, mornings and afternoons, except Saturdays. Music by Held's Band.
Rink opened mornings, 10-12; afternoons, 2-5; evenings, 7-9 to 10:30.

CONOVER
Mason & Hamlin, A. B. Chase, Cable, Adam Schaaf, Kingsbury & Wellington.
PIANOS
We have the largest and best stock of Pianos to select from in Utah.
A car of Conover just arrived. Mason & Hamlin, Chicago Cottage.
ORGANS
Buy of the Reliable
CHAMBERLAIN MUSIC CO.
21-23 Main Street, Salt Lake City.

June Weddings
We are prepared to print the latest styles in invitations and announcements for weddings any month in the year.
The Deseret News.

June Weddings
We are prepared to print the latest styles in invitations and announcements for weddings any month in the year.
The Deseret News.

June Weddings
We are prepared to print the latest styles in invitations and announcements for weddings any month in the year.
The Deseret News.

CUTLER BROS CO.
36 MAIN STREET.
New Lot STETSON New Lot
Men's Work Pants And Other Makes Buster Brown and Sailor Suits Worsteds
\$1.75 **\$4.00**
Worsted Pants **\$4.50**
\$3.00 **\$5.00**
to **\$4.50** 75c to **\$4.50** Men's Hosiery and Neckwear
We are the Original Knit Goods House for Utah.

STAMMERING CURED OR NO PAY!
YOUR RAILROAD FARE AND BOARDING EXPENSE RETURNED
IF WE FAIL TO CURE.
The only school in the world making this offer. I have cured every case coming to me, and I know I can cure you or I could not afford to make the above extraordinary proposition.
My prices are reasonable. Send for my book giving full information, etc. References: Deseret National Bank, State Bank of Utah, Salt Lake City; Provo Commercial and Savings Bank and State Bank of Utah, Provo, Utah.
The Bassett School for Stammerers
WM. E. BASSETT, DIRECTOR, PROVO, UTAH.

Over Twenty Million Dollars
Paid San Francisco claimants by the following companies represented in our office.
Hartford Fire of Hartford
North British & Mercantile of London
London Assurance of London
Phenix of Brooklyn
Hamburg-Bremen of Germany
Teutonia of New Orleans
Agricultural of Watertown, and
Seattle Fire & Marine of Washington.
Still on Jan. 1st, 1907, they had assets of over
One Hundred Thirty-Five Million Dollars
LEFT
In addition to fire we also write plate glass, boiler, burglary and accident insurance, and issue contract, judicial and fidelity bonds.
HEBER J. GRANT & CO. Salt Lake City, Utah.
20-26 South Main St.
"WE CAN WRITE YOUR INSURANCE."

Bennett Glass & Paint Co.
THE GLASS PAINT OF THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE
67 WEST FIRST SO.
For Backache, Rheumatism and the Kidney and Bladder
Pineules
Sold by Z.C.M.I. Drug Dept., 112-114 Main