

EVENING NEWS.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAYS EXCEPTED
AT FOUR O'CLOCK.

DAVID O. CALDER,
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Wednesday, September 25, 1873.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

—One hundred and thirty thousand dollars damage by fire at Alameda, Mass.

—Garland, the music teacher, who, yesterday, shot himself, cut his throat and mangled his skull, is not yet dead, and it is said that he may recover.

—A Chicago special gives an account of the career of Fisher, late assistant U. S. attorney for the district of Columbia, which shows him to be a notorious, but a bungling, thief, his rascality having been discovered.

—A terrible account of suffering and death in Texas, caused by the recent storm, comes in to-day's dispatches: several towns have been washed away, and most of their inhabitants drowned; the sufferings of the survivors are terrible.

—Official stealing caused the suspension of the Mechanics' Bank at Montreal.

—A newspaper war, caused by the late financial panic, is on the tapis in San Francisco.

—The Russian troops took possession of Khokand on the 10th inst.

—The editor of the Berlin paper, the *Gazette*, has been sentenced to five months imprisonment, for publishing an article insulting to Bismarck.

—Prince Adalbert of Bavaria, the member of parliament for Arnheim, Ireland, and Horatio Stone, the famous sculptor, are dead.

—The Spanish government announce the intention of maintaining the royal prerogative, in regard to the circulation of the mintage.

—It is said that perfect order now reigns in Mississippi.

—Ten thousand dollars damage by fire at New Albany, Indiana.

NEWS NOTES.

Chicago is erecting 10,000 dwellings this year.

"Why I Studied Law" is the title of Kate Stanton's last lecture.

Five hundred-dollar violins are made by machinery at East Braintree, Mass.

As might have been expected, British seamen propose a statute to their friend Pilsnitz.

Carlyle is opposed to suicides, holding that all should live as long as breath lasts. So they do.

A French priest has refused two millions of francs bequeathed to him by his brother because the brother had led a wicked life.

Instruction in swimming is to be added to the curriculum of the Holyoke, Massachusetts, female seminary.

The water in the Hudson river is remarkably low this season. The steamboats and cableboats frequently run aground.

Governor Osborn says that the surplus grain raised in Kansas this year, if loaded in cars, would make a train 1,600 miles long.

"Spain's most urgent need," says General Jovellar, "is the end of civil war." There is an opinion as to an opinion.

Some Salisbury (Del.) farmers say they have tried in vain to make peach brandy this year, the saccharine material being absent from the fruit.

A benefactor of his race wrote to the New York Times to say that a piece of ice applied to a mosquito bite will instantly allay all irritation.

Mr. Robert Dale Owen's health has so far improved that he is able to drive out. He is said to look quite well, and appears to be nearly recovered.

A baby without a spine has ventured into the world by way of East Haven, Connecticut. Babies may all have spines, but there are plenty of adults who are without a backbone.

The Boston Post is unanswerable for the assertion that partridges are sold as "owls" in Connecticut until the law allows shooting of them.

The English language is more spoken than any other of the civilized tongues. Even in Paris there are few shops where English is not spoken.

Thiers says to the German Catholics who want to make a pilgrimage to Lourdes: "Pray as much as you like and how you like, but in the name of politics pray somewhere else."

Miss Clara Morris sailed from Havre for the United States on the 9th inst. She has been under medical treatment in Paris, and her health is restored to a considerable degree.

One of the greatest events of the present dramatic season in London will be a performance of "Macbeth," with Rosina as "Elizabeth," Salvini as "Macbeth," and Madame Ristori as "Lady Macbeth."

Professor Hayden desires to have the statement that is now going the rounds of the press, that he owns 3,000 head of cattle in Colorado, corrected. He has never owned a head of stock in his life, and does not expect to.

Helen Reddick writes to the New York Evening Post that she will become exact in a few generations more, unless some improvement is made in houses, to abolish stairs and the necessity of some climbing.

A Providence lady was out horseback riding the other day, when a tramp jumped out and seized her bridle. She replied with a succession of blows of her riding whip, so heavily laid on that the highwayman was glad to get away.

DEATH OF AN ENGLISH FREETHINKER.

THOSE OF OUR READERS who are familiar with the intellectual movement in England, twenty to twenty-five years ago, known in connection with free-thought, secularism, and infidelity, will well remember the name of one of its ablest advocates, both in the press and on the platform—Joseph Barker. He died at his home near Omaha, Sept. 15.

He was born in Leeds, May 11, 1805, and was early initiated into the Methodist church, and an able and successful preacher therein before he was twenty-one. He joined the Liberal movement in England, was chosen as a member of Parliament, arrested and confined by the government as a dangerous agitator, liberated and acquitted. In 1849 he came to America, and resided at Salem, Ohio, associating himself with the anti-slavery cause, lecturing and debating upon slavery and infidelity.

He afterwards returned to England, and lectured there. Again he came to America, and in 1850 he removed to Nebraska, selecting and opening a farm a few miles west of Omaha. In 1860 he again returned to England, where he was re-initiated into the Methodist church, and resumed pastoral relations with it, remaining in England until a few years ago.

The later years of his life, until his strength failed, says the Omaha Herald, he devoted to preaching Christianity wherever he had advocated infidelity.

He was a man of great natural ability, plain, clear, and forcible, both in speaking and writing, ready, easy, deliberate, fertile, self-possessed, and equable as a public speaker, with a remarkable flow of appropriate and vigorous language, clad in a very decided Yorkshire brogue. While he was devoting much of his time to attacking the religions of the time, we never heard of him attacking "Mormonism," but we have heard of him speaking favorably of the Latter-day Saints.

The Omaha Herald terms him "one of the ablest men we have ever known," and says—

"About twenty years ago this distinguished man came to this territory with his family to make his home in Nebraska. We have known him well during all these years. It has been our fortune on many occasions to listen to addresses delivered by him on a variety of topics, to read the productions of his pen, and to hear him discuss in conversation those subjects to which he devoted the powers of his extraordinary mind. We can fully say that few men were more gifted either in intellect or moral qualities. His natural abilities of the very highest order he added the cultivation, which came from the habits of the laborious student, and a strong and vigorous thinker. His mind was active and his energies were untiring. He had a large brain and a splendid physique. His temper was even and balanced; he was a man of remarkable firmness and self-control. We knew him best when his powers, mental and physical, were at their maturity, and we can say that amongst all the men we have ever met it has not been our fortune to meet many whom we regard as his superiors."

"As a public speaker he was clear, strong, able. It was in no controversial debate that he shone with peculiar splendor. Few men better knew the art of discussion. In the days when he gave his great abilities to advocating the views of infidelity, he encountered the ablest men in this country and in England. The friends who differed with him and regretted that the abilities of such a man should be employed in breaking down the Christian religion took pride in his powers as a debater. We doubt whether he was ever overmatched."

"As an author he was not demonstrative; he illustrated his utterances with a simple gesture. His speech was slow, logical and methodical. He imparted strength to it by his evident sincerity, for he was a man of conscientious and strong convictions. His language was simple and plain, and his logic was powerful and convincing. He was a man of genial heart and generous disposition. Socially he was one of the most pleasant men we ever met."

HELMHOLD AGAIN RELEASED.

DR. HELMHOLD did not stay long under arrest at Newport. His friends, on hearing of his being in custody, set to work promptly to effect his release. Theophilus is described in the Philadelphia Enquirer of Sept. 16—

"Clarence Delinger, Esq., counsel for Dr. Helmholt, was much surprised on learning that the Doctor had been arrested in Newport for the amount due to the city. He contemplated spending a week or two longer in Newport, but on account of the Ocean House being so full, he was left without sufficient cash in hand to meet his bill at a moment's notice; nor was time given him to procure a remittance, but he was ruthlessly hauled off to the Sheriff, under the peculiar laws of that town. Mr. Delinger, on hearing of the arrest, yesterday morning, sent a telegram for the amount due by Dr. Helmholt. A reply was received stating his indebtedness to be \$100, whereupon Mr. Delinger promptly deposited this amount with the Western Union Telegraph Company of this city, and their telegram was sent for immediate payment through their office in Newport, and his instant release. Mr. Delinger says that the Doctor's estate in this city alone amounts to upwards of \$300,000, besides the estate held by his wife, amounting to some \$200,000 more."

THE OUTRAGE MILL FOR SALE.

THE Philadelphia Times is inclined to be rather severely facetious upon the outrage mill business, saying that on account of the dull times the mill is closed until further notice; that the great public has ordered it to be closed; that it has been running on half time lately, and has long been in a shaky condition; that it was run as long as it was profitable, and finally run into the ground; but that if anybody wants a first-class outrage mill, with all the modern improvements, it can be had, cheap for cash, at any time.

The Times should not shout that bargain so loudly, for the ringleader hereabout evidently have had half a mind to import that mill to Utah. Indeed it is likely that

By Telegraph.

FROM WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

Last Night's Dispatches.

FOREIGN.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, 21.—The Times, this morning, publishes a letter from Vienna, which contains some interesting details of the insurance in northern Bosnia, and of the fugitives who have been driven into Austria. It says that the cause of the sudden failure of the movement is attributed to the fact that the insurgents were not prepared without arms and ammunition, and that many villages remained passive. Two Austrian commissioners have been sent to ascertain from the refugees the causes of the insurrection; the latter state that the Hercegovinian insurgents, who fled to Bosnia, arrested the elders of the villages and some of the most influential men, under the pretext that they were the accomplices of brigands. Thirty were thus arrested in one village, and were only released upon payment of a large sum. Upon a threatened repetition of these outrages, the villagers fled to the mountains with their families and flocks, and prepared to resist, and the rising assumed the character of retaliation, the fugitives disclaim any connection with the Hercegovinian insurgents, and declare that they never should have thought of rising if they had not been provoked.

DEAD.

John Vance, member of parliament for Armagh city, is dead.

A REQUEST FROM THE NUNCIO-GOING TO ROME.

A Madrid telegram states that the Papal Nuncio has asked for the institution of legal proceedings against the bishops, in virtue of the provisions of the concordat.

A dispatch from Berlin announces that the bishop of Munster, against whom proceedings for deposition from his see are pending, has gone to Rome.

FRANCE.

The Bernese Postal Convention.

PARIS, 21.—The French government has notified Switzerland that the provisions of the Bernese postal union, relative to communication with Great Britain through France, may go into effect immediately; the French government will make, before the 1st of January next, the same concession respecting communication with America.

PRUSSIA.

An Editor Imprisoned.

BERLIN, 21.—The municipal court of Berlin sentenced the editor of the German newspaper, the *Volksrecht*, to five months imprisonment for having published an article insulting to the chancellor and inciting to disobedience of the laws.

THE RUSSIANS IN KHOKAND.

Advices from St. Petersburg announce that the Russian General Kaufman occupied Khokand on the 10th of the present month, without resistance, the greater portion of the Russian troops remaining in a fortified camp outside. All the Russian prisoners have been delivered over to General Kaufman, and the Khan has accepted all the conditions of peace.

SAVARIA.

The Royal Prerogative to be Maintained.

MUNICH, 21.—Prince Adalbert, uncle of the King of Bavaria, is dead.

SPAIN.

The Royal Prerogative to be Maintained.

MADRID, 21.—It is stated that the government has determined to pursue an energetic course with regard to the circular of the Papal Nuncio, and will fully maintain the royal prerogative in the premises.

CONSTITUTIONAL URGENT-BOND.

The *Gaceta* will, to-morrow, publish a ministerial circular to the prefects, urging cancellation on all liberal monarchists.

TROOPS FOR CUBA.

Reinforcements to the number of 18,000 will go to Cuba by the fifteenth of November next.

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES.

EASTERN.

The Career of a Hanging Thief Closed.

CHICAGO, 22.—A Washington special says that the reign of Fisher in the courts of this district is now happily at an end. It possesses features of interest almost to be believed; nearly every day of late has revealed some scandalous proceeding of the past. The stealing of the papers of the district cases from the police court has been traced to young Fisher, former assistant district attorney, and to-day he was committed to jail on a charge of \$4,000 bail to await the action of the grand jury. It appears that they hung man had purloined the papers for the purpose of private speculation. The vice investigation now under way here also indicates that this same Fisher stood in for shares in the *Awag* of the burglar who robbed the *Bank of America* here, or so many valuable silks. His release of Snyder, through securing a false presentation of bail, has been fully developed in the investigation. The career of Fisher is now ended for the time being, and under the reform begun here by the attorney general, he is being punished for his many crimes.

250,000 FIRE.

BOSTON, 22.—The silver works of the Whiting Manufacturing Company at Alameda were destroyed by fire to-night; the loss estimated at \$100,000. F. S. Draper & Co., and Smith & Glendon, jewelry manufacturers, were also burned, the loss here is \$100,000. The property is well insured.

THE MOST OF THE MANUFACTURED GOODS WERE IN THE VAULTS; SHOULD THIS PROVE TO BE RUINED THE LOSS WILL BE MUCH GREATER.

NOT TO BE REVERSED.

NEW YORK, 22.—The announcement of the death of Professor Garland, who attempted wife murder and suicide at New Brunswick, is premature; the physicians who were first summoned after the tragic occurrence found him in a comatose condition, which was mistaken for death; all their skill was directed to saving Mr. Garland's life, and it was not until two other physicians arrived that the astonishing discovery was made that he was still alive. His skull was removed from the brain and the windpipe sawed up, when he was able to talk, and may possibly recover.

Sailed.

The new ship *Big Bonanza*, built for the New York and Pacific trade, sailed to-day for San Francisco.

LIBERAL CONVENTION.

ALBANY, N. Y., 22.—The Liberal State convention met to-day, and continued, with Jno. Cochran chair man.

250,000 FIRE.

CINCINNATI, 22.—The Times New Albany special says that Peter Fisher, a member of the legislature, was burned this morning; loss \$10,000.

RETURNED.

WASHINGTON, 22.—Dr. Lindeman, director of the Mint, has returned from his visit to the Pacific coast, and expresses himself satisfied with the operations of the mint, and indicates that at San Francisco.

MISSISSIPPI QUIET.

The Attorney General has received several telegrams from Mississippi, from persons of both political parties, expressing their satisfaction with Governor Ames, which is described as having had a very salutary effect; the telegrams also mention that perfect order reigns in the lately troubled district of the State.

Governor Kellogg, of Louisiana, called upon the Attorney General, and the Attorney General's entire respecting affairs in the South, especially regarding Mississippi and Louisiana. Gov. Kellogg expressed his satisfaction with the entire approval of the course of the latter in the Mississippi business, and coincides in the views of others, that the letter to Governor Ames must exercise a good effect not only in Mississippi, but in Louisiana and other parts of the South. The governor also stated that political matters in Louisiana were now remarkably quiet, and there were no indications of a renewal of such disorders as have recently characterized the condition of affairs in that State.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

WORCESTER, Mass., 22.—The Democratic State Convention met to-day, and was called to order by Col. Washburn, chairman of the State Central Committee, who announced that their last year's campaign for Governor Ames was a success, of Springfield, had declined to serve again, and they would also need a new candidate for attorney-general. Hon. Edward Avery, of Worcester, was chosen permanent president. Governor Ames was renominated unanimously, and Gen. W. F. Bartlett, by acclamation, for Lieut. Governor.

LETTER FROM THE VICE-PRESIDENT.

BOSTON, 22.—The following is published—

"NATIEK, SEPT. 22nd."

"To the editor of the Boston Journal."

"I find in your paper of this morning, a dispatch from Worcester, stating that Vice President Wilson would accept the republican nomination for governor. I consider it the greatest compliment ever paid to him. Highly as I should value such an honor, some of the trade at New York, whose sale rates, or 15 per cent. lower than any goods of equal merit in this market."

THE DISNEY NEWS WEEKLY.

For Wednesday, Sept. 25, 1873.

SIXTEEN PAGES AND EIGHTY COLUMNS OF READING.

Printed on Strong, Heavy Paper.

Partial Table of Contents.

Discourse by President Brigham Young, Remarks on the Resurrection, by Elder John Taylor.

Visit to Salt Lake.

A Rich Jew in Jerusalem.

Three Entertaining Girls.

The Troubles in Tallahatchie Co., Miss.

Fatal Steamboat Wreck.

Terrible Aerial Ladder Accident.

Weak Delusions.

Served Him Right.

Must have Senators.

The Shoes on the Other Foot.

The Season.

Some Results of the Fair.

Observing the Sabbath.

Happy Massachusetts.

The Nevada Indian Scare Fizzle.

Alleged Cause of the Indian Trouble.

Advise Given to the Indians.

Unworthy Business.

First in the Row.

Wheeling Into Line.

Matters Judicial.

Starling Encounter With a Grizzly.

Tramps and Their Eccentricities.

The Fox in the Household.

We Need a Revival.

The Beecher Bus.

Hambling Thoughts on a Great Subject.

Anomalies of Territorial Government.

A Pay-day Meeting Fizzle.

Gales and Floods in Texas.

Washington's Vision.

A Brave Girl.

A Lower Pay Rate.

Change of Judge and Times of Holding.

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LIBERAL INSTITUTE.

SATURDAY and MONDAY, Sept. 25th & 27th.

MR. CHARLES VAVIAN.

Has the honor to announce one of his PARLOR ENTERTAINMENT.

As above, Mr. Vavian's entertainments have been uniformly successful, and have been enjoyed by the past four years. He will be assisted by

Madame J. Relfarth,

KOREANA and

Professor Hoseman.

PIANIST and VOCALIST.

Selections from the best Masters will be given, and Mr. Vavian's own compositions will be sung and played.

THE THOUSAND MILES AWAY.

As sung by him over three hundred consecutive nights in this city.

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Secured Seats, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

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FOR RENT.

A family, two blocks west of Post Office, also an excellent cellar. Inquire at this Office.

MINING STOCKS.

MORNING BOARD.

San Francisco, Sept. 22.

510 Andes, 34 1/2; 34 1/2; 34 1/2; 34 1/2.

210 Baito, 3 1/2.

215 Baito, 3 1/2; 3 1/2; 3 1/2; 3 1/2.

215 Baito, 3 1/2; 3 1/2; 3 1/2; 3 1/2.

450 Comstock, 45; 45; 45; 45.

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