

tinuing six days. The two tracks of the association has been especially prepared for these races, the trotters having been sent elsewhere. Owners of stables now here express themselves more than satisfied. Since last fall more than \$15,000 has been expended in beautifying the grounds, which are pronounced the best in the country. The great event of the coming meeting will be the Garden City Cup, dash two miles and a quarter, all ages. There are 38 entries, including "Mollie McCarthy," "Clara D. Lottery," "Artful," "Belle," of Nelson, Edenburg, "Janet," "Dave Moore," "Bell Dillon." There will be 10 to 15 starters, and as the track is the very best one it is expected the record for that distance will be lower. All the horses here are well. Col. E. J. Baldwin, the California millionaire, owner of "Mollie McCarthy" and other horses, arrived to-day. Henry Schwartz, another California turfman, has a stable here and will visit Jerome Park and Saratoga. On Saturday, the first day of the meeting, there will be two important races, the Pacific Hotel stake for two year old colts with 40 entries, and the Illinois Derby for three year old colts with 45 entries, also a purse race 1½ and a mile heat, hurdle race over four hurdles. Three to four events each other day.

NEW YORK, 18.—The following is dated Panama, the 5th: The U. S. steamer *Adams* arrived on the 4th from Callao, May 27th, bringing the following details of recent events; the Chilean fleet appeared off Callao on the 22d, but learning the first division of the Peruvian fleet had gone south, steamed away in pursuit. Meantime the Peruvian fleet learned from passing vessels and by telegraph, that the Chilean ironclads had sailed from Iquique, leaving there only a small wooden corvette, the *Esmeralda*, the dispatch boat *Covadonga*, and the transport *Limari*. The *Huascar* and *Independencia*, Peruvian ironclads, immediately steamed to Iquique and attacked those vessels. The *Huascar*, after summing the *Esmeralda* two or three times to surrender, which was answered by broadsides, at last rammed the latter, which sank almost immediately, carrying down about 150 men. About 40 men were rescued and sent ashore as prisoners. Meantime the *Independencia* made a chase after the *Covadonga* and the *Limari*, which the commander was anxious to capture, but not destroy. The *Covadonga*, whose captain was very familiar with the coast steered very close courses, leading the *Independencia* into water where she was certain of destruction. The *Independencia* followed blindly, and at Point Gruesa, going at full speed, struck a rock and became a total wreck. The *Huascar* came to her assistance and finding it impossible to save her, took off the crew and part of the armament and set fire to the vessel to prevent her falling into the hands of the enemy. The *Covadonga* and *Limari* escaped. Commander Moore of the *Independencia* is half mad in consequence of the loss of his ship and is guarded against attempting his life. The *Huascar* and *Independencia* had orders to proceed to Antofagasta to destroy the water condensers and Chilean vessels found there, but the loss of the *Independencia* obliged the *Huascar* to return to Pisagua, which port she again left on the 23d, with the *Chalaco*, it is not known whether for Arica or Antofagasta.

Presidents Prado of Peru and Dasea of Bolivia are in Arica. The *Oroya* landed in Pisagua 600 Bolivian troops, provisions and artillery. Prado will immediately take command of Dasea Bolivian contingent, now numbering nearly 8,000 men, and a movement will be made southward toward Pisagua, unite with the Peruvian armies stationed in the province of Tarapaca. The losses by the recent bombardment of Pisagua amount to \$2,000,000.

The *Tribune* says on the Utah case: There is some talk already it seems of endeavoring to secure a pardon for the man on the usual plan of hardship, the first sentence under the law, etc. We hope and believe no such argument will influence the President for a moment. A man who lives openly in disobedience of a statute which has been in force 17 years knows what he is about. Every polygamist in Utah deserves all the penalties the law can inflict. The law has triumphed over barbarism at last. Now let its reign be undisturbed.

The *Herald's* London special says: Rev. Talmage preached to-day at the Islington Presbyterian church to an enormous congregation. Much curiosity was evinced by the people to see the famous American preacher. A dense crowd blocked the streets leading to the church. Enthusiasm was immense. Half a mile before the Presbyterian church was reached the carriage of the reverend gentleman was lifted from the ground and carried bodily to the church. It was one of the most tremendous ovations paid to an American minister in London.

NEW YORK, 18.—A short but destructive wind and rain storm occurred yesterday afternoon. A great number of trees were prostrated, some houses were unroofed, and plate glass windows were broken. A sail boat upset in North River the inmates being rescued with difficulty. There was another storm in the evening, during which the Coney Island steamship *Twilight*, crowded with returning excursionists, was run into off the battery by the *Thomas Collyer*, of the same line. The excitement was great aboard the *Twilight* for a time, but all the passengers were safely landed by the *Collyer*. The *Twilight* was badly damaged.

CHICAGO, 18.—The *Times's* Washington special says: The President is not fully determined regarding the vetoes. The democrats still threaten if the bills are vetoed they will adjourn and throw the responsibility on the President. Should this threat be carried out, the President has indicated he would call another extra session of Congress within 24 hours, especially as any failure of means to carry on the courts would be attended with the most disastrous results. There remains but 16 days of the present fiscal year. Meanwhile mercury is slowly creeping up toward boiling. To-day the thermometer was up in the nineties, while the breeze that blew across the smoking pavements felt like the breath of a furnace.

The *Inter-Ocean's* Washington special says: As to the prospective vetoes, the case stands thus: the judicial bill will be vetoed, the army and legislative and executive bills may be and the latter probably will be, as several of the President's advisers think that clearly hasty and ill advised legislation, within the meaning of the Constitution.

The House election committee will present a report that the sitting members in the contested districts are entitled to seats, the democratic members of the committee taking the States right ground that the State had the right to change the constitutional time for election, and the republican members the ground that the constitutional time was observed in the election. Two democrats dissenting, believe the contestants have a right to the seat.

The movement has assumed definite shape to return Jeff. Davis from Mississippi, as Senator, in case his disabilities can be removed. His friends say he would disarm criticism by becoming the leader of the moderate element in Congress. If the homeward tide continues as for a few weeks past there will shortly be no quorum in either branch.

SAN FRANCISCO, 18.—Hong Kong, May 21.—Grant's party briefly visited Swatow on May 13th, Amoy, May 14th and Foochow, May 15th. The demonstrations were unimportant owing to his short stay. He arrived at Shanghai on the U. S. ship *Ashuelot*, May 17th, and was received on landing with unprecedented manifestations of greeting in the presence of a crowd comprising almost the entire foreign community and a great number of Chinese. An address was delivered on behalf of the citizens, to which Grant responded with what many regard as peculiar significance, saying he wished he had known 10 years ago what he had lately learned and that his experience in this part of the world would be of great interest and possibly of great use in the future. In the procession to the residence of the U. S. consul, where he remains while in Shanghai, the volunteer rifle corps detached the horses from his carriage, and themselves drew the vehicle to its destination. Several days were occupied with receptions of foreign consuls and Chinese dignitaries among whom was the Viceroy of Nankin, who was sent from Peking to bear the welcome from the Central government. Grant will proceed in the *Ashuelot* to Chefoo and probably to Tientsin. The *Richmond*, however, arrived at

Hong Kong May 15th and was immediately dispatched north for the service of the party if needed. It is now expected that his sojourn in and about Peking will occupy considerable time, possibly till the beginning of July, although as heretofore no definite announcement is made.

New government orders are issued for the strict enforcement of the laws against the growth of poppies and the use of opium by the official classes.

The leader of the Annam rebellion still maintains his fortified position but makes no further advance.

Yokohama, May 31.—From present indications Grant is expected to arrive at Nagasaki on the first or second week of July. He will be received there by a deputation of high Japanese officials including Yoshida, late minister at Washington. A Japanese iron-clad will be placed at the disposal of the party. If agreeable, arrangements will be made for visiting the battle fields of the late civil war in Kinsin, the southwestern island of Japan. Part of the journey to Tokio will be by land and he will probably arrive August 1st. After a round of entertainment under government auspices in the capital and vicinity, Grant will visit Yokohama and accept the hospitalities of the United States consul general and others.

Japan continues to exercise firmness with regard to Rinkin. The Ex-King, so-called, is required to come to Tokio without further delay, the plea of protracted illness not being recognized. In consequence of the report that a party of Rinkinians had gone secretly to China to urge active interposition, Japanese consuls in China have received orders to arrest all such and send them to be dealt with in Japan. Meanwhile vigorous measures of improvement are instituted, schools are established, the Harbor of Naga protected, a light-house erected and steam communications with Japan are largely increased.

Bingham, United States minister, returned from America, May 21st, and resumed the duties of his office. He was received by the Mikado May 27th.

Eisendeeher, German minister, returned after a year's absence May 23d.

Negotiations for a treaty revision are progressing cautiously with the most of the European diplomatic agents.

Prince Henry the Second, son of the Crown Prince of Germany, arrived Yokohama, May 23d, and took up a residence at the Imperial Summer Palace in Tokio, May 20th. He was received next day by the Mikado to whom, on behalf of the Emperor of Germany, he presented the order of the black eagle. He was entertained with great sumptuousness by the Japanese government.

Two discharged police officers, detected last December in a conspiracy to assassinate Twakura, second minister under the throne, were sentenced to five years imprisonment.

A large quantity of Japanese exhibits for Sydney, Australia, exposition were dispatched hence May 23d.

#### FOREIGN.

LONDON, 12.—A Simla special says: Reports have been received that a fresh massacre of the royal princes at Mandalay is prompted by the King of Burmah.

To-day, Charles Garrett, of Drummondville, while walking the streets of Weland, Ontario, was shot fatally, by Wm. Alexander. The cause of the shooting is that Garrett seduced a lady friend of Alexander's.

Russo-Bulgarian authorities with a body of Russian troops, have taken forcible possession of the frontier districts claimed by Servia, driving out the Servian officials. The population are angry and discontented at the action of the Russians.

Algerian advices are to the effect that the insurgents appear to intend fleeing in the direction of Tunis. They number 800 foot and 100 horsemen.

More than 600 pardons have already been granted by the German Emperor in celebration of his golden wedding, principally to persons imprisoned for offences against himself. It is believed 200 more will be granted almost immediately.

LONDON, 13.—The Governor-General of Moscow has found it

necessary to extend martial law to the five adjacent provinces.

The Sultan has determined to sanction the reforms demanded by the people of Crete.

Russia has proposed that Aleke Pasha will not be allowed to summon Turkish troops without the consent of the international commission. All the powers have concurred in the proposal.

Odds of 200 to 80 on Hanlon have been taken.

The bark *Collector*, from Arendal, Norway, was sunk by the steamer *Order*, just arrived from Bremen, June 8th, in latitude 47 01, longitude 8.09, and four of the crew and passengers of the bark were lost.

At the Ascot to-day, Hardwick's stakes were won by Chippendale, Silvio second, Lancasterian third. There were 10 starters. The distance was a mile and a half.

LONDON, 14.—The interest at Newcastle in the Hanlon-Elliott's boat race is something extraordinary. Canadians never miss an opportunity of betting odds on Hanlon.

A parliamentary committee has reported that the electric lighting system is sufficiently developed to allow its being economically used for public but not domestic purposes.

The arctic exploring ship *Resolute*, which formed part of Captain Austin's expedition in search of Sir John Franklin in 1850, is to be broken up at Chatham dockyard. Ornaments and pieces of furniture will be made from the best timbers, which the Admiralty intend to present to the President of the United States as a souvenir of the occasion when the *Resolute* was found by American whalers, abandoned in the ice, and the government of the United States had her repaired and refitted and presented her to the British Admiralty.

BERLIN, 14.—The German Reichstag has approved the treaty with Samoa. In the debate on the treaty, Herr Von Kusserow, counselor of legation on behalf of the foreign office, declared that Germany had no intention of forming colonies. He expressed his approval of the project of a steamer line between Polynesia, China and Germany, and announced the impending conclusions of the treaty with the Sandwich Islands on the most favored national basis.

The Emperor and Empress were highly gratified at receiving from Evarts, American Secretary of State, a message in the name of the President and people of the United States, congratulating their majesties on their golden wedding.

The Berlin magistracy unanimously elected Herr Forckenbeck their representative in the upper house of the Prussian diet.

The North German *Gazette* states that the corvette *Hansa* has been ordered to Valparaiso.

LONDON, 16.—The long distance championship contest for the Ashley Belt was begun at Agricultural Hall, this morning, four contestants appeared; John Ennis, of Chicago; "Blower" Brown, of Turnham Green; R. Harding, of Blackwell, and E. P. Weston, of New York. Rowell will not start because his doctor says he cannot use his injured foot for a fortnight. He therefore forfeits his stake and the belt.

Betting is 6 to 4 on "Blower" Brown.

At half-past 9 this morning, the score in the pedestrian match was as follows:

Brown 56 miles; Weston 53; Ennis 46; Harding 42½ miles.

Harding was off the track, it is believed used up.

This afternoon Ennis began to show signs of indisposition and at two o'clock was quite sick; at this time the following was the score: Brown 79 miles, 10 laps; Weston 77 miles, 3 laps; Ennis 62 miles, 6 laps; Harding 58 miles, 4 laps.

Over 80,000 persons witnessed the boat race between Hanlon and Elliott, and the greatest excitement prevailed. Hanlon was the favorite at 100 to 30. The struggle for two miles was the most exciting ever witnessed. Hanlon won the race with great ease by nearly a dozen lengths.

The start was made from the point of the Mansion House. The weather was fine, though dull, and the water was beautifully smooth. There was an immense concourse of spectators and 20 steamers laden with passengers followed the race. Five to two on Hanlon had been laid during the morning but he came into much better favor just prior to the start. Elliot won the toss and took the northern shore.

After some delay at 12 15 the men got off to a capital start, Hanlon dashed in a stroke at the rate of 42 to the minute, and at once drew to the front. Elliott struck at the rate of 40 to the minute and exerted all his enormous strength, but splashed now and then, and his boat did not travel well. Hanlon got a lead of 4 lengths. At Red Hough Bridge, time for the mile six minutes 11½ seconds, the Canadian led by five lengths. Hanlon now slowed down and contented himself with keeping the advantage and evidently won very easily by eight lengths in the good time of 21 minutes and one second. There was an enormous crowd at Scotswood who cheered Hanlon to the echo.

A Texas chap shot five men and no attention was paid to it, but one day he stole a mule, and in less than an hour the infuriated citizens hanged him.—*Oil City Derrick*.

"What made you steal that waterproof cloak?" demanded the judge. The culprit whispered, "I was trying to lay up something for a rainy day."

Instructor in logic to Mr. H.—"By what method of reasoning do you infer that a bullet is hot after it strikes a target?" Mr. H.—"By picking it up, sir."

An inkeeper observed a postillion with only one spur and inquired the reason. "Why what would be the use of the other?" said the postillion; "if one side of the horse goes the other can't stand still."

"My lord," began a pompous young barrister, "it is written in the book of Nature—" "On what page, sir—on what page?" interrupted the judge, with pen in hand.

#### Solid Merit will Tell.

For all the bitter opposition of jealous rivals, no better illustration could be had of this fact than the immense sale already attained by the great Throat and Lung Remedy, Dr. Aug. Kaiser's German Elixir. For the cure of Coughs and Bronchial Affections, it is truly wonderful, even those suffering from Consumption in advanced stages find great relief, and numbers of patients have found, to their delight, not only relief but cure. It being perfectly harmless, makes it at once popular with mothers, who of all others have felt the necessity of such a medicine. The genuine bears the Prussian Coat of Arms, the fac-simile signature of Dr. Aug. Kaiser, and has his name blown on every 75 cent bottle. A trial size may be had for 25 cents.

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