REDUCTION AND INCREASE.

Another Special Session of the City Council, Saturday Night.

THE SALARY CUTTING FARCE.

An Abolished Office Resurrected.—Chief Shimber's Pay Raised.—The Health Commissioner Heard.

Another special session of the City Council was held on Saturday night, Mayor Hardy presiding. All the members but Kaetzel—who has been absent for several weeks—were in attendance. The meeting was for the further consideration of the report of the finance committee recently submitted.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

That part of the report referring to the health department was first read and discussed. It stated that the committee considered a health commissioner at $1000 per year, a sanitary inspector at $1500, a city physician at $900, a clerk at $900 and three nurses at $900, a total of $5000 per year, or $416.66 1-3 per month.

Irvine moved that that part of the report recommending the abandonment of the office of city physician be not concurred in.

The motion was seconded by Holmes.

Bell was in favor of maintaining the office of city physician and health commissioner.

Ewing doubted if a competent physician could be employed for $1000 per year.

Bell was of the opinion that that would not be difficult as it would not require more than one-fourth of his time.

Holmes said it was a well-known fact that the present health commissioner had been idleful; every member of the Council knew that. If he had been faithful the sanitary condition of the city would be better than it is.

Bell explained that the ground he occupied the last report more than others were a month at his work for the city; that time was devoted to preparing his report.

Hardy understood that the sanitary inspector was the man who went into the hallways and byways and it was he who assisted in the stamping out measures.

Hansen opposed the proposition to combine the offices, saying that a competent physician would not be tempted with the salary, cases about town.

Ewing spoke again against abolishing the office.

Pedrick thought that the health commissioner should be given an upper bunk, he had not seen of him performing a single duty pertaining to his office. Such an official should be an inspector in the full sense of the term.

Ewing's motion finally prevailed.

Pedrick moved to restore the salary of the health commissioner from $1000 to $1200 per year. Lost.

On motion of Moran, the section referring to the sanitary inspector was referred to the sanitary committee. The remainder of the report was adopted.

WATERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

The next item was the watermaster's department; it provided for a watermaster at $1200 per year, five deputies at $900 per year.

On motion of Wandland, the salary of the watermaster was reduced to $1000.

On motion of Moran the salaries of the deputies were increased to $1000 each.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

The report read: "Chief relief at $1000, five men at $60 per month, twenty call men at $50 per month, twenty call men at $40 per year, a total of $44,200 per year, or $3683.33 1-3 per month."

On motion of Beardsley, Chief Shimber's salary was raised to $1200.

A communication was read from Chief Shimber. Among other things it recommended that the salaries of the firemen be increased. In case the recommendations are adopted, the expense of maintaining the department will be $2000 per month more than at present. Referred to the committee on the department.

On motion of Moran the office of assistant city jailer was abolished.

After further of the proceedings Mayor Sackin called Councilman Lindsay to the chair and left the council chamber.

The question of dispensing with the guards for city prisoners was referred to the committee on prisons.

The recommendation relating to the engineer of sewer construction, was on motion of Moran, adopted.

ASSESSOR AND COLLECTOR.

The recommendation provided for an assessor and collector at —— per year, one assistant at $1000 per year, and two assistants at $1200 each per year. Referred to the finance committee.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Recorder Stanton then read the following recommendations of the committee: That the office of assistant city jailer be abolished; that the guards for prison labor be discharged for the present; that the duties of the assistant of sewers at $3 per day, and his assistant at $2.25 per day, be performed by the personnel employed in the city engineers department; that there be created the office of water and road commissioner at a salary per annum fixed by the Council, whose duties shall be to protect the city's rights and interests in land and water owned by the city, and shall also perform the duties now performed by the watermaster, said water and road commissioner to appoint one clerk at a salary not to exceed $900 per annum, and no county for such appointee to participate in the waterworks department; that the City Council fix the cost to the citizen for removing such dead animals, such foul or putrid matter, and for cleaning such sewer and cesspool.

The following amendment was added to the report:

That the duties of land and water commissioner be performed by the superintendent of the Jordan and Salt Lake canal at a salary of $5 per day from April 1st to October 1st.

Dale said it looked like a big slave proposition. It was a well-paid one no doubt. He was opposed to the employment of men who spent all their time sitting in offices. The city had too many such men now. They carried everything under their hats.

On motion of Simmons, the vote whereby the office of house inspector, at a salary of $1000 per year, was abolished, was made previous was reconsidered and the office restored.

Dales then moved to reconsider the vote whereby the salary of the city attorney was cut down from $2000 to $1500.

Hardy spoke against the motion. He thought there should be more officers in the interest of economy. The only way to reform was to reform. If abolished officers were to be restored and salaries raised to the manner they had been, it would cost more to maintain the city government than formerly.

Dale also opposed the motion, saying that he did not know who the next city attorney would be, he didn't care to work hard like another.

Adjourned until Tuesday evening at 7:30.

WHEN LINCOLN WAS AFIRE.

In the Time of Greeley It Was the Favorite Expression.

We also now refer to the subject of a great name in the attempt to a lot of gold in a dream during last week in the Lincoln mine by a stockholder of Chicago and a resident of Denver, Colorado, and located the mines, but only looked in. No one dared to enter in a picture from Denver, the sole owner of the mine and religion. [illegible] the gold gave the lad the Bible and [illegible] the people of the mine [illegible] and [illegible] and all the long winter time in the mine, and kept on the [illegible] of Lincoln. He a great [illegible] Lincoln [illegible] Lincoln [illegible] Lincoln