

NO ENDORSEMENT FOR KEARNS BILL

The International Mining Congress is Against It.

DEFEATED BY VOTE, 95 TO 3.

Resolution Passed in Favor of Establishment of a Department of Mining.

Mont. Sept. 4.—At the meeting of the International Mining Congress this morning the Kearns bill, providing for a change in the mining laws of the country so as to establish square claims and do away with extralateral rights, was defeated by a vote of 95 to 3. The matter was the first order of the morning and the attendance was large. There was a heated discussion, but when the roll was called the only two votes were in the affirmative were from California and Missouri. All the other delegates voted solidly in the negative. Delegates from Washington, D. C., declined to vote.

After the vote was announced, Mr. Kearns offered a resolution to the effect that the congress go on record against the Kearns bill and to send a recommendation to the United States Congress that the bill do not pass. This motion was carried without a dissenting voice.

An effort was made to have the name of the organization changed from the International Mining Congress to the American Mining Association, and to subordinate organizations in each of the states, and this matter came up for further discussion this evening. It was claimed by those opposed to the change that the effort to change the name is to make a corporation of the congress on behalf of a few men who are the present owners of the name, and to use the name for their own benefit and to the detriment of the mining industry. Professor J. A. Holmes of Chapel Hill, N. D., is the leader of the movement and appears to be supported by men of prominence at Washington, D. C. In connection with the change of name and method of electing delegates to the congress, it is proposed to create an associate membership and allow miners and others to become members upon the payment of \$1 per year.

Prof. Holmes made the statement that the organization would have a membership of at least 1,000 miners in each of the states, who would pay their dues, but who would not be entitled to a voice in the congress. He said that in all the various mining camps and numerous miners would join the association. Under the recommendation of the committee on resolutions, which Prof. Holmes is a member of, all matters pertaining to the details of the new organization are to be left to the executive committee.

The movement met with fierce opposition and many of the western delegates denounced the whole scheme and stated that the adoption of it would mean the disruption of the congress. The present outlook is that the movement will not meet with success. L. Bradford Prince of New Mexico, who is not in attendance at the session, sent the following resolution: "Resolved, That the magnitude and importance of the mining industry, which has reached over a billion of dollars of annual product, calls for the establishment of a national department of mining, the chief officer of which should be a member of the president's cabinet."

Resolved, That the Congress of the United States is respectfully requested to provide by law for the location and working of mines of the reserved lands, gold, silver and quicksilver, Spanish and Mexican grants. The resolution was passed. A resolution endorsing the establishment of a federal department of mining was passed without a dissenting voice. The following resolution, introduced

Cure for Asthma and Hay Fever

The statements published below confirm the claim of Dr. Schifmann that his remedy is an absolute cure for Asthma and Hay Fever.

Mrs. Mary Zichery, Pleasant Hill, La., says: "I have found your Asthma Cure a permanent cure for Asthma, for which I used 17 years ago. I have never had the slightest return of the trouble since. I have also found your remedy excellent in Bronchial Affections."

A Hay Fever sufferer writes: "I have had Hay Fever for 14 years. I bought a package of your remedy (Schifmann's Asthma Cure), of our druggist and due to its use this is the first summer that I have not been troubled." Mrs. Frank Guilfoyle, 627 Ridge Avenue, Roxboro, Philadelphia. Sold by druggists at 50c and \$1.00. Send 25c stamp to Dr. R. Schifmann, Box 890, St. Paul, Minn., for a free sample package.

by Col. Frank V. Drake of Oregon, was unanimously passed:

"Whereas, The Lewis & Clarke centennial exposition to be held at Portland, in the state of Oregon, in the year 1905, is to be international in character;

"Whereas, Said exposition will, for the first time in history, afford opportunity for a comprehensive presentation of one of the world's chief industries, namely, mining; and the precious metals in the immediate locality of production; therefore, be it

"Resolved, That the International Mining Congress views with approval the purposes of said exposition and recommends co-operation of states and individuals in presenting this feature of industry at said exposition."

The Business Men's association of Great Falls, Mont., extended a cordial invitation to the members of the congress to visit that city.

SENT POISON THROUGH MAIL

Veterinary Surgeon Sends Poisoned Powder to an Old Neighbor.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Sept. 4.—Bailley Kerekes, a Lowell veterinary surgeon, was today arrested by officers of Iowa county, charged with sending a poisoned headache powder to George Merritt of Saranac.

Merritt received through the mail a powder purporting to be a "day salve" sample. About a month before a similar powder was received through the mail by Mrs. William Klump. She took it and was made seriously ill. The officers believe that they have traced the package received by Merritt back to Kerekes. Merritt formerly lived on the farm where Mrs. Klump lived, and like Mrs. Klump, he was Kerekes' nearest neighbor. The powder he received was postmarked Lowell and the writing on it has been identified as identical with that on the packages received by Mrs. Klump and Mrs. Miller of Lowell.

Kerekes is about 46 years of age and single. The arrest is the result of an investigation covering several months.

Having No Work, Suicided.

Des Moines, Ia., Sept. 4.—Because they could not get work, James B. Taylor and his wife, Ann, wrote a letter to the public blaming the greedy corporations and trusts for their failure. Then they turned on the gas, and at noon today the husband was found dead and the wife dying in their room at a boarding house in this city. They came here from Ottumwa two months ago.

Big International Bank.

New York, Sept. 4.—Plans were made today at a meeting of the directors of the Mexican Trust bank for the formation of an international banking institution, capitalized at \$10,000,000 and designed especially to operate in Latin-American countries. The scheme involves the consolidation of the Mexican Trust company's bank and the Corporation Trust company. The combination is to be known as the International Bank and Trust company of America. The directors of both the merging corporations have signed the consolidation agreement, and a majority of both concerns already have signified their approval of the plan.

Idaho Crop Report.

Boise, Ida., Sept. 4.—The hay season is nearly over in the northern counties and more than half of the crop has been baled. In the southwestern counties the third crop of alfalfa is ready for harvest in sections and making rapid growth in all localities, with the

water for irrigation generally sufficient. In the central and eastern counties most of the second-crop alfalfa is in the stack and much baling done. The grain harvest is nearly complete throughout southwest counties, but this work continues active in Latah, Kootenai, Fremont, Bingham, Benewah and Bear Lake counties. Most of the best land grain in the eastern counties has been harvested. Farmers of Nez Perce county are in the midst of the hay harvest. Threshing made good progress last week, and as this work proceeds it is found that the yields of fall and spring wheat, oats, buckwheat and barley are fully up to the average, except in the Lost River section and a few other localities, where the season has been unfavorable.

All kinds of fruits are ripening rapidly. The apple crop will be above the average; prunes of the Italian variety will yield probably two-thirds on an average and the quality promises to be excellent. There will be nearly an average crop of pears, and late peaches are quite abundant. Cantaloupes and watermelons are ripening more rapidly than there are means of shipment for, and the quality of this product is excellent.

Sugar beets made rapid progress last week and the weather was exceptionally favorable. The yield of beets in the Mountain Home section will reach expectations.

The mountain ranges are drying rapidly, but stock continues to be reported in good condition. Cattle are generally reported in excellent condition.

Engineers Bar Negroes.

New York, Sept. 5.—The National Association of Stationary Engineers in Boston, according to the Times special, by a vote that was almost unanimous, adopted an amendment to its constitution forbidding negroes from membership.

In the debate the southern delegates took the ground that it is impossible for the negro to enjoy the social privileges as the white and therefore he should not be allowed to join a white man's organization.

Heavy Floods in Japan.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 4.—Mail advices from Japan say the heavy rains followed by floods, have caused heavy loss of life and great damage to property in some of the districts of Japan. In Hiroshima seventy-nine lost their lives and twenty-nine were injured, while many houses were washed away and vessels wrecked. In Yamaguchi seventy-six were drowned, thirteen crushed to death, eleven washed away with their houses and eleven injured. Several thousand houses were inundated. In Saitama province two persons were drowned and four crushed to death.

CASES AGAINST SPECIAL OFFICERS IGNORED.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Sept. 4.—The grand jury today ignored the cases against the special officer at the Wanke colliery arrested on a charge of manslaughter at the time of the riot two weeks ago.

The action establishes a precedent in that men employed to protect life and property about the coal mines who may in the discharge of their duties, shoot and kill, cannot be held for the crime of murder or manslaughter.

The four men who were arrested for the killing of Daniel Sweeney, a night watchman at a mine in Nanticoke, were today indicted for murder.

NO CONFIDENCE IN PRESIDENT.

Such the Declaration of the Anti-Imperial League.

Boston, Sept. 4.—After a meeting of the executive committee of the New England Anti-Imperial league today the following declaration, signed by George S. Boutwell, president, and Irving Winslow, secretary, was issued:

"The rumors which have appeared recently that the anti-imperialists would suspend agitation for the present and wait the result of President Roosevelt's policy are without any foundation whatever. On the contrary they declare that they have no confidence in President Roosevelt's policy or purpose as declared in his recent speeches, and that the anti-imperialists will aid in the election of members of Congress who are opposed to continued occupation of the Philippines and who are in favor of the establishment of an independent government without delay."

Washington's Ancestral Home.

London, Sept. 5.—The Daily Chronicle this morning says a wealthy American has purchased Sulgrave Manor, Northamptonshire, the ancestral home of the Washington family.

MARTINIQUE SURELY DOOMED

Belief on Island is That It Will be Totally Destroyed.

PELEE'S MOUTH ENLARGING

Eruption of Aug. 30 Most Violent of Any—Two Thousand Persons Perished Last Wednesday.

New York, Sept. 5.—It is generally believed that the island of Martinique is doomed to total destruction, and the fear is that when the catastrophe comes, Guadaloupe will be visited by an all-devouring tidal wave, cables the Point-a-Pitre, Guadaloupe, correspondent of the Herald. Business is absolutely at a standstill. Few shops are open, and if it were not for the efforts of a small number of more valiant souls, hundreds would starve to death here because of their fear of a more terrible death.

Details that have been received during the last two days prove that the eruption of Pelee grows in size. It is now of enormous proportions. Morne La-Croix, one of the peaks that reared skyward from the south side of Pelee has fallen bodily into the crater and has been completely swallowed. There seems to be a side pressure in the crater and the burning chain widens perceptibly every day.

Clouds no more hang about the crest of Mont Pelee. The terrific heat seems to drive everything away. The column of flame and smoke rears directly into the heavens so that its top is lost to sight. In the darkness of the night it has the appearance of a stream of molten iron, standing fixed between heaven and earth. From Morne Cape the relief troops were compelled to make a quick retreat, although they succeeded in taking out a few wounded.

The entire country nearly to Fort de France is buried under a deep cover of ashes. This has made it almost impossible to find the bodies of those who have perished while fleeing to the seacoast.

Constantine Carra, one of the few who succeeded in escaping from Morne Rouge, after the explosion, found refuge on the steamer Esk. She was with 12 others in her house when Pelee gave its first warning of the disaster which it was about to pour upon the village. She said that the first explosion destroyed many houses. She was hurried with great force against the wall of the room in which she was sitting. On recovering from the shock, she ran outside, and there saw three separate tongues of fire sweeping down from the mouth of the volcano. The earth shook with such great violence that she could not regain her feet. She was blinded by the glare of the flames. The heat was so terrific that her flesh was blistered. She awaited the death she believed to be inevitable. Fortunately the flames swept to one side of her and she was saved.

At Grand Anse the tide swept three feet in shore destroying many houses and drowning scores of inhabitants. Even at Fort de France the most stout of heart have lost courage. Col. Le Coeur has reported to his government that it is his opinion the entire island of Martinique will have to be abandoned. He asks for assistance in transporting the inhabitants to the other islands of the West Indian group.

TWO THOUSAND KILLED.

Castries, Island of St. Lucia, B. W. I., Sept. 4. (S. P. M.)—The royal mail steamer Yaro arrived this evening from the island of Martinique. She brings the report that a violent volcanic eruption occurred there last night and that about 2,000 persons are said to have perished. A large number of people are leaving the island.

It was quite dark here at 5:30 o'clock this morning. At that hour the sun

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was obscured as it is during an eclipse. The British steamer Savan, Capt. Hunter, arrived today from the island of Trinidad; she was covered with dust, reports that she ran into a dense cloud of dust while 25 miles south of St. Vincent.

CONSTANT DETONATIONS.

Paris, Sept. 5.—The Paris edition of the New York Herald publishes a dispatch from Point-a-Pitre, island of Guadaloupe, F. W. I., dated Sept. 4, which says that constant detonations heard there last night indicate a terrific volcanic eruption on the island of Martinique.

Thick black clouds were seen to the southward of Guadaloupe, and the heat at Point-a-Pitre was intense. The population was said to be greatly alarmed, fearing a tidal wave in the event of the collapse of Martinique.

Danish Ministerialists Gain.

Copenhagen, Sept. 5.—Complete returns of the recent elections by the electors of members of the landsting show ministerial gains insuring the government majority in the landsting and the ratification of the treaty providing for the cession of the Danish West Indies to the United States. The landsting meets in October.

JEWISH COLONIZATION SOCIETY

Report on Accounts of the Baron de Hirsch Trust.

New York, Sept. 5.—A detailed balance sheet of the account of the Jewish Colonization association, the trust created by the late Baron de Hirsch, with a total endowment of \$20,000,000 for the purpose of helping his countrymen, has just been made public for the first time since its establishment. The association is best known by its efforts to colonize in Argentina. Hitherto the accounts have been kept secret.

The balance shows that \$2,919,537 was spent in 1901 on new land for colonies and \$65,000 for administrative purposes. American organizations received \$40,000 by way of subventions, \$100,000 by way of loans for agricultural work and the settlement of individual farms.

In Russia the association spent \$100,000 on schools, \$50,000 in subventions, \$150,000 for erecting workers' dwellings in Poland and \$20,000 in loans.

In Roumania, the schools cost \$150,000 and \$175,000 was given in subventions besides \$5,000 in loans.

Palatine subventions of \$600 for schools, \$20,000 by subventions, while Asia Minor absorbed \$65,000.

The most remarkable item in disbursements is a loan for the weavers of the province of Dobruva amounting to \$170,000 and the purchase of land in Galicia for the purpose of colonization, requiring an outlay of \$120,000. The administrative expenses were \$135,000, or about 7 1/2 per cent of the total expended.

Death Follows Insult to Woman.

Chicago, Sept. 5.—Resenting an alleged insult to woman, a tenant of the building of which he was the janitor, Amash Haymer, 73 years old, has shot and almost instantly killed Henry Martin. The dispute of Martin and the janitor was in the fourth story of the building when Martin stepped on the porch and asked for William Garloff, a former friend.

After being informed that Garloff no longer lived in the building, Martin attempted to enter the kitchen of Mrs. Albert Baird, with whom Garloff had formerly lodged. Mrs. Baird then approached and with a few words with Martin appealed to the janitor to eject the visitor saying she had been insulted.

Haymer ordered Martin to leave the premises and on the latter's refusal picked up a chair to enforce the demand. The men fought down two flights of stairs. Haymer gained the lower floor and his opponent picked up a revolver, returned and fired two shots.

Haymer surrendered himself to the police, claiming he shot in self-defense.

New York-Chicago Boulevard.

New York, Sept. 5.—As a first step toward the construction of a New York-Chicago boulevard, William B. Dickinson, treasurer of the New York and Chicago road association, will start for the latter city today in an automobile. He will report to the association after a close inspection of the roads.

Mr. Dickinson's plan is to carefully inspect every bit of highway along the route.

STATEMENT BY BALDWIN.

Explains Again Why He Did Not Reach the Pole.

London, Sept. 4.—In response to a telegram from the Associated Press Evelyn B. Baldwin has telegraphed to the Associated Press an explanation of his failure to reach the pole and the cause of his dispute with Capt. Johansen of the American, as follows:

Tromsø, Norway, Sept. 4.—The public has been deceived by false reports regarding the expedition. Nearly every member has been faithful, and my comrades ought and must have due credit for their work in establishing large depots at Camp Zeigler during March, April and May. Sometimes they had to traverse the same route 10 times. Open sea near the depot at Teplitz bay prevented us from reaching the Duke of Abruzzi's headquarters, and poor ice conditions in 1901, prevented us from establishing depots north 180 degrees 22 minutes. In this connection the death of half our dogs necessitated the postponement of going to the pole. Nothing favored returning via Greenland.

I believe the record of being farthest north could have been broken, but it would have exhausted our supplies and destroyed the hope of finally reaching the pole.

Sing Master Johansen's demands to become the America's master were untenable and unbearable. His threat, Dec. 15, to take possession of the ship as captain, and deal with the crew in accordance with his will, might have spoiled the expedition's plan if enforced. The ice pilot, as well as the first mate, who had long experience in polar ice, is entitled to recognition. Johansen's refusal to obey the ice pilot's orders and his declared unwillingness to take the advice of my representatives on the sleigh expedition, together with other well-founded reasons stated to the American consul now here, caused his discharge and the promotion of three of his countrymen, who all followed me to the high expedition and obeyed with pleasure the orders given by myself, my representatives and the ice pilot.

U. S. EMPLOYEES PROTECTED

Mayor of Cheyenne Issues Proclamation on Subject.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Sept. 4.—Mayor J. L. Murray today issued the following proclamation:

"I hereby give to all employees of the Union Pacific Railroad company and all others interested that

ample protection from personal injury will be given to employees when traveling the streets of this city, and that all the resources of said city will be made use of, if necessary, to secure such protection."

This is a result of alleged threats made by Union Pacific strikers against the strike-breakers in the local shops, who fear mob violence if they come into the city to trade or mingle with business men and others. Mayor Murray has doubled the police force, and if the strikers attempt to interfere with the new men they will be arrested and prosecuted.

Quay and Platt Confer.

New York, Sept. 5.—Senator Quay of Pennsylvania is in this city en route to Manila at an earlier date, Mr. Guidi, the apostolic delegate to the Philippines, will sail from Marseilles Oct. 1, and is due to arrive at Manila Nov. 14. Archbishop Chapelle of New Orleans has called his congratulations to Mr. Guidi on his appointment.

A special session of the Pennsylvania legislature is said to have been favored by both as the best method of securing a settlement.

Guidi Sails Oct. 1.

Rome, Sept. 5.—On account of the impossibility of securing berths for Manila at an earlier date, Mr. Guidi, the apostolic delegate to the Philippines, will sail from Marseilles Oct. 1, and is due to arrive at Manila Nov. 14. Archbishop Chapelle of New Orleans has called his congratulations to Mr. Guidi on his appointment.

Negro Sold Into Slavery.

Shelbyville, Ky., Sept. 5.—Fisher Millon, a negro, tried before Judge Davis in the county court, has been found guilty of vagrancy and sentenced to be sold into servitude for a period of 12 months, the highest penalty.

Dutch Capture Gajas Forts.

Rottterdam, Sept. 5.—The Rotterdamse Courant today prints a dispatch from Batavia, capital of the Dutch East Indies, announcing that the Dutch troops had captured two fortresses of the Gajas tribe in the province of Achin, Sumatra, killing 83 of the defenders. Five of the government force were killed and seven were wounded.

No Porto Rican Police in Politics.

San Juan, P. R., Sept. 5.—The insular chief of police, Frank Teicher, has returned here from the United States. He has expressed the determination that the police shall not interfere in politics and no further rioting is expected.

Actress Shoots an Actor.

New York, Sept. 5.—Julia Packey, an actress, has shot Julius Bardoss on the stage. The couple had been engaged but Bardoss' affections had cooled and he had given up his fiancée.

In the play Julia had to shoot Julius, who acted as her sweetheart. Bullets were placed in the revolver instead of blank cartridges, with fatal results.

Afterwards Miss Packey committed suicide by opening her veins.

Patrick McHugh a Bankrupt.

New York, Sept. 5.—According to Dublin dispatches by the way of London to the Times, Patrick A. McHugh, M. P., has been declared a bankrupt on the petition of County Sligo Solicitor Penton on account of damages—£2,500—which Penton obtained recently against McHugh for libel and conspiracy.

A bankruptcy official is reported to have taken possession of the real estate, etc., of the Sligo Champion, which was edited by McHugh.

WAITED ON GOV. STONE.

Committee Urges Him to Call Session of the Legislature.

Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 4.—Gov. Stone was waited upon by a committee from the state legislative board of railroad employees of Pennsylvania this afternoon and requested to take immediate steps to bring about a settlement of the strike in the anthracite regions, and if necessary call an extra session of the legislature for the enactment of a compulsory arbitration law.

The committee presented a signed statement setting forth that the strike is causing much distress among the anthracite miners and their families, hardship to millions of people and proving disastrous to the business interests of the state. The committee stated that the railroad employees depend upon the coal traffic for four-fifths of their living and that they were not making as good wages as before the strike. He said the board was preparing a bill which its members believed would end the strike and prevent strikes in the future if it should become a law.

Gov. Stone replied that if, by calling a special session of the legislature, a law could be passed that would be constitutional and would settle the strike and prevent others, he would not hesitate to call a special session.

Gov. Stone also said he regarded the strike as of sufficient public interest to justify an extra session of the legislature if it would solve the difficulty, but he would not call a special session in the interest of speculation or for political effect if no satisfactory law could be passed or good come out of it.

Woman's Nightmare

No woman's happiness can be complete without children; it is her nature to love and want them as much so as it is to love the beautiful and pass, however, is so fraught with dread, pain, suffering and danger, that the very thought of it fills her with apprehension and horror. There is no necessity for the reproduction of life to be either painful or dangerous. The use of Mother's Friend so prepares the system for the coming event that it is safely passed without any danger. This remedy is always applied externally, and has carried thousands of women through the trying crisis without suffering.

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Here Are Expansion Sale Specials in Wearing Apparel, for the Great Army of School Children That Will Cause the Swiftest Sort of Selling!

100 Girls' ready to wear sample dresses, in all sizes and prices, each at less than cost or production.

Boys' Bicycle School Hose, in sizes 6 to 10, the well known "Sandow" and Sampson brands, best 25c hose in America, on sale at..... **19 cts.**

Children's Extra Quality Heavy Fast Black Cotton Hose, with double sole and knee and 3-thread heels and toes, extra special for Fridays and Saturdays, at..... **15 cts.**

MISSES' SKIRTS AND JACKETS.

GREAT SATURDAY SALE! Expansion Sale Prices knocked to the four winds.

MISSES' SKIRTS, sizes 30 in., 32 in., 34 in., 36 in., 38 in. In blue, red, brown and pearl grey, all wool suitings, prettily trimmed flounce and flare, lined with percale and velvet bound, reduced from \$5.00 and \$4.00 to—

\$2.00 and \$3.50.

MISSES' JACKETS, 3/4 and reefer styles, sizes 4, 6, 8, 10, 12 and 14 years, in all shades, former prices were \$2.50, \$3.50, \$4.50, \$6.00 and \$7.50, now—

\$1.35, \$1.98, \$2.98 and \$3.75

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BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS—A few small lots of two-piece and three-piece Suits of the latest styles and fabrics in a large assortment of tweeds, cassimeres and chevots, values to \$4.00, ages 9 to 16 years, special..... **\$2.50**

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Jim Dumps an automobile bought Which didn't auto as it ought. No skill could keep it in repair, And bills increased poor Jim's despair. Such trials now glance off from him, For "Force" has made him "Sunny Jim."

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