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DESERET NEWS PUBLISHING CO.


## A SWEDISH COLONY FOR UTAH.

The *Svenska Folkets Tidning*, a paper published in Minneapolis, Minn., says there are a number of persons in the East interested in a plan for sending colonists to Utah. A meeting was recently held at Rockford, Ill., at which occasion the report was read by a committee previously selected for the purpose of investigating the country. The place selected is in the vicinity of Corinne, Box Elder county, and the committee had found everything satisfactory. Samples of the agricultural products of the locality were exhibited and much admired. The subject of the practicability of the plan was discussed at length and resulted in fifty-three persons signifying their willingness to start for Utah. The intended colonists are said to be Swedes.

In the locality mentioned there is much valuable land to be transformed into prosperous farms and comfortable homes, and the right kind of settlers, bringing with them industrious and frugal habits, should do well there. Such settlers will be as welcome in this Territory as anywhere in the world, and they will find as good neighbors and as true friends as can be found among the children of men. It has been and still is the firm belief of the majority of the people here that the time will come when the valleys of the mountains shall be recognized as one of the most desirable spots on earth, and that people should flock here for refuge in times of danger. As years go by and the scroll containing the history of the nation is unfolded, it becomes more evident that the expectation will be verified. With the arrival of new settlers the particulars about the country will be better known; the mist of dark fables will be dispersed and more people will come to dwell where peace and loyalty reign supreme. Utah is destined to emerge from the obscurity into which she was once so undeservedly plunged, and her people are to be misrepresented, not as represented by those who never knew them, but as they are, the messengers of peace and good will to all.

## NOTE THE SIGNS.

The Utah courts had further business with the "Industrial army" train stealers today, and to all probability will have still more before the matter is finally disposed of—a result which it is to be hoped will be reached without undue rudeness or severity, but with a firm regard for the necessities of the case in maintaining law and order and upholding the duly constituted governmental authority in the Republic. The so-called "Industrialists" have quite a number of sympathizers who make themselves known in speech at least whether or not they contribute to the fund which bears the cost of food and other expenses of the "army," and which comes largely from the pockets of non-sympathizers who are unwilling to permit their fellow beings to suffer unnecessarily from hunger or other privations. Many of the sympathizers declare loudly against the political methods in vogue among those who control the affairs of the greater government and to which are attributed the evils which the "army" design to remove.

Assuming this basis as correct, it is urged as a justification for the train stealing and defiance of law in this Territory and the surrounding states. Even if these premises and this reasoning were correct, in what way can they be made to apply in justification of the case here? There is no claim, nor can there be in any sense of fairness, that the administration of affairs here is responsible in the least degree for the ills that afflict the country. Yet the people of this Territory, on whom there is no blame, have their expressed will set at naught by the violation of their laws, and which, through their duly appointed officers, they insist on the preservation of order and obedience to law. They are openly defied, and made to foot a needless heavy expense. This defiance of the local officers and claim to immunity from punishment under the law is a direct assault upon the right of self-government, and when the people get to thinking calmly over the matter will be so regarded and treated by them.

This view is the one that is being taken and acted upon in other parts of the West, and induces a condition that the "Industrialists" who talk about "persecution" will find it exceedingly difficult to cope with. In California the "Industrial army" has found its great impetus from the West. From California comes the warning of its end, brought about by its own lawlessness. Today eighty-five of the "army" members are in jail bars, and others are being hunted down by the officers. Beyond this, the people are being aroused and are open their purses. They thought to take advantage of the anti-Chinese sentiment, and in doing so went to Vacaville, and demanded that the Chinese and Japanese laborers be discharged. The employers refused, and the cabins of the orientals were broken into and robbed, the people beaten, and considerable property destroyed. Two valleys were thus raided, and the "industrials" regarded the affair as a huge joke, by which they were having lots of fun and their exchequer was being greatly replenished. But the people were angered and the marking of arrests soon put a serious face on the affair. A meeting of representative citizens was held, a committee of safety appointed, and resolutions were adopted demanding the immediate and agreeing that the people would hold themselves "in readiness to assemble with arms wherever the committee deems it necessary and gives notice, in order to suppress any riotous assembly that may threaten or endanger the peace and good order of the community." The citizens also pledged themselves that when the ordinary legal machinery was insufficient for protection they would unite and use such force as would "secure the safety of persons and property, whether it be needed to disperse or to capture criminals or so-called Industrial armies."

The manipulators of this "army" movement may take warning from such incidents as these. While they prate about their proceeding being not "a forerunner of that to come," and declare that they want "reform, or better revolution," as was done in this city and is commonly talked among them, it would be well for them to realize that their revolutionary proceedings will not be submitted to without a desperate struggle by the men of the American people. Many of the labor element have been carried away by the first tide of sympathy, but when they see the real purpose of the "industrial army" movement as it is being carried out by manipulators as unscrupulous as were ever French anarchists, their sober second thought will bring them into a position to teach agitators and revolutionists that they will not have everything their own way. The leaders of these misnamed "Industrial armies" had better, for their own welfare, note the signs of the times. The tide has turned against them in the West. The people are being aroused to the true state of affairs and the promise of future danger if allowed to go unchecked.

## GETTING THEIR EYES OPEN.

It is no new thing to the people of Utah to witness the surprise and in a sense disappointment of usually well informed visitors here, who have come filled with immaturely and absurdly unknown views of the conditions and characteristics of those who reside in these valleys, but who have been assured of receiving incontrovertible evidence that their former sources of information were wholly untrustworthy. One of this number is the postmaster of Tipton, England, who made a trip to Utah last summer. The gentleman on his return from visit of what he saw here, and so great was the interest manifested that a short time since he was requested to give a public lecture on the subject and responded.

In his opening remarks he mentioned the uneasiness he felt at making a visit to this Territory, owing to the awful tales he had heard, some of them direct from the lips of an anti-Mormon believer who had resided here, and who gave "graphic accounts of murderous, treacherous, wicked and immorality with which he said the Territory of Utah was reeking." The Tipton postmaster then goes on to say: "With my mind well stored with this useful information I was ushered into a peaceful, industrious, well-ordered community, where I drew near to this worse than heathen country. Before I left my native land, friends tried to dissuade me from taking a journey so perilous, and if I did persist in going to be well provided with revolvers, knives, etc., to my defense."

He entered the quiet city of Utah on a Sabbath morning, Fast Day, and on going cautiously to the street was somewhat startled by the sight of a Mormon church and a Gentile chapel. There he got up at a hotel kept by a Mormon, by whom he was shown the Tabernacle, B. Y. Academy and other buildings of interest. Regarding the day more in sorrow "The Sabbath day at least was kept, in quiet respect, and on the gentile church was heard the songs of praise from the house of prayer," and of his first evening in Utah, at the hotel where its proprietor, he stated: "While we were eating most day over and the sun was setting in the west, we looked out over together to our relation Palmyra, and with a peace I cannot describe retired to bed and to rest." He went to Nephi yesterday and spent the Fourth there, witnessing the celebration. He says:

"While the proceedings were going on I took over a mental view. There was a gathering of the whole city from the oldest to infant in arms to the lovely meeting. There was not one shabbily dressed sister or rowdy looking brother in the whole company—not a rag, nor a tatter, nor a speck of dirt, nor a poorly-clothed face. The street crowd and the guiding children were remarkable, for joy shone upon every countenance and glee flashed from every eye. There were many from other parts the gentlemen and the ladies would have done credit to the Tipton musical. I met in my friend Adams. Where are the poor and the poverty-stricken? No, we have none. I need to myself. Where is the anarchy, and where the men of blood? Where the women driven about like sheep, and where the "bigotry" that brought the people Mormons, Presbyterians and Methodists to mingle in the same house of prayer and now together at the same house of prayer? My feelings of doubt and alarm had given place to peace and tranquility. I had sympathy with Ruth when she said, "Thy people shall be my people, and thy God shall be my God." There was certainly no convulsion, a fascination, one would have says we here, but another motive spoke me onward.

The lecturer gave an amusing account of an argument which he had with an old gentleman who held some extremely radical religious views, and at its conclusion remarked: "I have retired against and alone with the humble farmer class, taken a good square meal with the well-to-do tradesman and fruit grower, and have fellowshipped with the millionaire of Salt Lake City, but nowhere did I find a fellow-man or one to try to take a mean advantage." He told how he visited different parts of the Territory, his impressions of Salt Lake City where he was the guest of N. A. Empey, Esq., of his attendance at the Chinese Day celebration in the Tabernacle, and closed his address with the following language: "Life among the Mormons is worth living, and if all the nations of the world were as sober, industrious and as righteous as Utah we should be at least 1,000 years nearer the Millennium."

Utah has suffered greatly from misrepresentation in the past, but the intelligent people of every nation are learning to realize the fact that such a condition as she has been described by her enemies does not and never could have existed here. It is beginning to dawn upon the world that the inhabitants of this Territory, Mormon and non-Mormon, are as a rule, thrifty, honest, industrious, peaceful and enterprising citizens whose virtues are not exceeded by any other community on the globe. People are getting their eyes open to the truth, and in this respect the past year perhaps presents a record that exceeds any previous similar period.

# HOME INDUSTRY

## A WORSTED MILL WILL SOON BE IN OPERATION.

We suggested not long ago that a worsted mill would be a great acquisition to the line of home industries, and it is with gratification that we are now able to state, upon positive assurance, that such an enterprise is an assured fact, and machinery ordered, so that in the near future people will be able to wear fine worsted suits entirely of home production.

Since we have been able to sell worsted suits at less price than woolens or cassimeres have formerly sold at, the demand for these goods has increased wonderfully. Where last year we were selling the blue suits in black at $25.00, we now sell clay worsted at $22.00, and cost not for $15. Perhaps the figures may not be very encouraging to those interested in this new enterprise. But for their gratification we will say these are prices at which goods could not regularly be made, but we have taken the benefits of offers made for large quantities of goods offered at a sacrifice by those who were compelled to raise money at any cost.


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172 South State Street,

SALT LAKE CITY, - - UTAH.

Central Theater,

[illegible], Manager.

Tonight, LEORA LANE, in

"Woman vs Woman."

[illegible]

Bicycles

BROWNING BROS.

[illegible] Main St., Salt Lake City, Utah.

[illegible] Washington Ave., Ogden, Utah.

"Rambler Bicycles."

[illegible]

## WANTED.

A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. [illegible]

A SITUATION BY A REGISTERED [illegible]

MANAGER WANTED TO APPOINT [illegible]

GENERAL AGENTS WANTED—SELLING [illegible] SOLE MFG. CHEMICAL CO., [illegible] Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—ADVICE TO THOSE DESIRING TO WORK [illegible]

WANTED—LIST OF GENTLEMEN TO [illegible]

THE PARADIS.

FIRST-CLASS SHOE AND BOOT REPAIR. [illegible]

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GOOD PAYING BUSINESS. WILL [illegible]

10 ACRES WITH WATER RIGHT, [illegible]

40 ACRES WITH 15 CRACKS WATER [illegible]

5 ACRES, WATER RIGHT, HOUSE, [illegible]

2 NEW COTTAGES, NICE LARGE [illegible]

## TO TRADE.

FARMS AND RANCHES FOR CITY [illegible]

## MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY AND FARM [illegible]

INSURANCE CO. MONEY, 6% TO 8 PER [illegible]

$100 TO $5,000 [illegible]

## MISCELLANEOUS.

R. T. LLOYD, BROKER, [illegible]

NOTICE

I WISH TO INFORM MY FRIENDS AND [illegible]

Real Estate

For Sale or Trade in all parts of the city. Jay R. Stephens, 23 Union National Bank Building.

I HAVE A NEAT 4 ROOMED HOUSE, [illegible]

A BRICK COTTAGE WITH 5 ROOMS, [illegible]

I HAVE A FINE FARM OF 80 ACRES [illegible]

I HAVE A NUMBER OF BUYERS FOR [illegible]

IF YOU HAVE A HOUSE YOU WANT [illegible]

NEGOTIATE LOANS AT A LOW RATE [illegible]

A NICE BUILDING LOT FOR SALE IN [illegible]

2 NICE FRUIT HOMES ON THIS SIDE [illegible]

IF YOU ARE THINKING OF BUYING A [illegible]

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A NICE HOME, HOUSE PAINTED, [illegible]

SEVERAL 8 ROOM FINISHED, WITH A GOOD [illegible]

I HAVE A SMALL HOUSE WITH SIDE [illegible]

If you have any or farm property you want to sell or exchange, don't fail to call on

JAY R. STEPHENS,

Room 23 Union National Bank Block.

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT [illegible]

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SALT LAKE CITY

CALIFORNIA BREWERY.

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WE HAVE IT

MAKE YOUR HOMES ATTRACTIVE.

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CURTAINS AND APPOINTMENTS, IN GREAT VARIETY.

LINOLEUM AND OIL CLOTHS, IN ALL NEW PATTERNS.

Chinese Matting in assorted widths. Lovely for Bedroom in Summer.

Rugs, Mats, Table Covers, etc., etc., and General Furnishings.

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JAS. H. MOYLE, Attorney at Law, [illegible]

L. M. WADDELL & THOS. ADAMS, Attorneys at Law and Land Attorneys, [illegible] McCornick Block, Salt Lake City.

RICHARD R. SHEPARD, Lawyer, [illegible] Commercial Block.

YOUNG, YOUNG & MOYLE, Le Grande Young, Richard W. Young, Oscar W. Moyle, Attorneys at Law, Deseret Nat. Bank Bldg., Salt Lake City.

J. F. GUSTIN, PATENT ATTORNEY, [illegible]

J. R. WALTER, Attorney at Law. Practice in all the courts of the Territory. Room 8, 120 Main Street, Salt Lake City.

CHERRY & CHERRY, Lawyers, Rooms 9 and 10, Walker Bros. Bank Building, Salt Lake City.

CHAS. M. CANNON, Dentist, Rooms 206-7 Constitution Building.

DR. J. R. KEYSOR & BRO., Dentists. Rooms 2 and 3 South Auerbach Building. [illegible] Main Street.

DR. J. THOMAS, Surgeon Dentist, 10 Main St. All work guaranteed. Anesthetics Administered.

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& CORFT.

LEADING MERCHANT TAILORS.

SUITS TO ORDER, $15 TO $30.
PANTS " " $4.50 TO $15.
SUITS MADE IN 24 HOURS.
PANTS " " 7 HOURS.

PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED. FIRST-CLASS WORKMANSHIP.

133 WEST SECOND SOUTH.

LADIES SHOULD WEAR OXFORDS ON FINE DAYS.

WE HAVE THEM IN ALL STYLES, FROM 75c TO $4 PAIR.

DUNFORD'S

Ladies' Feet

LOOK SMALLER IN OUR NEW STYLES OF SUMMER FOOTWEAR. WE HAVE THE

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PRETTIEST
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LINE OF LADIES' LOW SHOES EVER BROUGHT TO SALT LAKE. SPECIAL REDUCTION OF 25 AND 50 CENTS PER PAIR ON ALL LOW SHOES. ALL GRADES, ALL SIZES, ALL WIDTHS.
SHOES FOR EVERYBODY.
BUY YOUR CHILDREN'S SCHOOL SHOES FROM THE LEADERS IN FOOTWEAR, 170 MAIN STREET.

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UTAH AND CALIFORNIA FRUITS AND VEGETABLES FRESH EVERY MORNING.
COMPLETE LINE STAPLE AND IMPORTED GROCERIES. POULTRY, FISH AND MEATS.

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SUITS TO ORDER $15, $18, $22 AND UPWARDS
PANTS TO ORDER $3.00, $4, $5 AND UPWARDS
OVERCOATS $14 $16, $18, $20 AND UPWARDS