

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

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U.S. PACIFIC IMPROVEMENT.

When the business of the railway location bill gives a full estimate of the improvement made in financial affairs generally. In this respect the advance in the west is of a satisfactory character, although we have yet got back to that businesslike prosperity condition which is desirable, when there is remunerative and good for all, but the time is steadily drawing near. The improvements of the railways in this section for 1895 show comparative progress as compared with the past two years. The latest news of that kind is the Union Pacific railway's statement of earnings and expenses for the months of March, 1895 and 1896. This shows a gain in surplus earnings over every branch except the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe, the Atchison, Topeka and Western, and the Kansas City and Omaha road, all situated in Kansas. The aggregate surplus for the entire system is positive in March last as compared with January—\$1,257,645.00 as against \$1,252,004.41 in March of last year—a gain of \$15,644.21. The first three months of 1895 show a gain of \$20,000,000, or nearly double last year's surplus. The expense of operating the short line this year has been about 60 percent of the gross earnings, while last year it was about 75 per cent.

THE "INDEPENDENT" AND THE NORRONS.

The New York Independent is one of the ablest weeklies published in the English language, its high standard being due in large measure to the care with which it selects its contributors. Notwithstanding its almost pressurization, however, there occasionally creeps in one of that mass whose bunglings brought sin and sorrow from the beginning because of the descriptiveness thereof. An illustration of this kind is given in the last number of the Independent to hand—the issue of May 14. In it appears a two-and-a-half column article headed "Mormon Priesthood in Politics," written and compiled by one Eugene Norris, who is somewhat known in this city.

He opens his disquisition with the grave announcement that "there is something extremely pathetic in the present attitude of the Mormons" in their commissaries them with the phantom assurance that "they are really an honest people, dominated and led by those who are using their Church position, not for the spiritual good of their followers, but to give themselves greater riches and power; and he pleads that the Mormons "do not live to give up the faith for which they have suffered so much," adding that they are "graciously being driven to a cynicism that cannot but prove deplorable," and "are groping for some middle ground where it will be possible to retain both their faith and their members and wealth."

The only feature which gives the article prominence is the résumé he characterizes of the journal in which it appears and which is deservedly held in high esteem by a large number of people and this fact brings the effusion forward as one of that class which has done more unjustifiable injury to Utah in times past, in being wilfully and deliberately misrepresentative of the sentiments and positions of people here. The article succeeds to review some local events of the past few weeks and contains nothing either new or interesting to residents here, but much that is injurious to the state which disseminated elsewhere. It makes some reference to the recent address to the Saints, by which Church officials were reminded that when they proposed to temporarily abandon their Church duties for other callings common courtesy and discipline required that they consult with their ecclesiastical superiors if they would retain their ecclesiastical position but this mainly a rebuke of the "spook" story of a local attorney who was a member of the Legislature, and tends as an established fact that which presents a base which made his pleasure the laughing stock even of his best friends. It also sets in some surface "diverting bait" which brings "many hookers."

All this would be something if it had any interest at all, when repeated here, where people know better, but the publication in the Independent makes it more serious matter, since it will be to injure this state to the minds of those whose confidence and knowledge is greatly as is apparent to their plighted lot of the people here. We have the satisfaction, however, of knowing that the people of Utah are becoming better understood through direct acquaintance, and we will pass on, we have done so many similar occasions, without trouble to do so in detail to

expelred fugitive criminals in the authorities referred to. There is no surprise here of the intention from such a source, but the wonder is how the Interim comes to be imposed upon by a legal or transparent and available.

HOLESLESS SUPPLEMENT.

The general attitude of Spain in the Cuban question is almost identical. The government rule holds every endeavor to settle the disturbance, in the eyes of the people, both in Spain and other European countries, as a sign of weakness and vacillation, while others are "blazing." It is to the effect that for the moment, upholding the former would always have been greater. The failure to catch those "blazing" and assume a successor to the fact, the symmetry of the Cuban in the United States goes to work to make an effective campaign impossible. Thus it is said. In this light, who would have believed that the 100,000 Spanish soldiers are powerless before a little band of Cuban rebels, only because the sentiment of the United States is against Spain, although this continent has experienced more remarkable expression than vigorous, continuous and resolute in Congress, and the dispatch of a few titles and some authorizing documents ought to be left to evading their own internal affairs, and soldiers should sleep.

One striking sign in this business is the A. P. A. attitude of strict abstinence. If the doughty Orator is a mouthpiece for the Presidency—but there seems to be little doubt that even will be the case—it is perhaps little as well that this several country is getting into the field right now, as the laws it makes can be set aside. It makes the right promised by its delegates at Washington yesterday, it may as well be upon such a nation and under such circumstances, that the author is effectively aided by the American people to this end, in that the more justless situation is created by A. C. Achinstein, Gillies, when the Catholic church as a body will take up the fight on its own account. The way to save the business with God results to the country probably is for the people generally to stop the contest before it goes any farther as a political fight against a church. If so, let us have it as it is done.

well, that same spirit of partition has a very high place among them. All they can do is to offer to the rights of independence at their disposal, without a struggle which would, when strength of numbers permit, reach much further than the walls here.

There has been a great hue and cry over the church, attacking the state, and the A. P. A. has carried it to the full extent in the crusade against the Catholics. The indications now are very strong that the church will be on the other side, but, as far as the Catholic church will stand with strict rules, then will be a battle royal before the church is ready. Neither the Catholics nor any other body of religionists, will sacrifice their rights of independence at their disposal, without a struggle which would, when strength of numbers permit, reach much further than the walls here.

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