The Evening paper is the paper of Today, the morning paper is the paper of Yesterday.

DESERET EVENING NEWS.

5 O'clock -EDITION.-

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

NO. 277 MONDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1895. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. VOL. XXVIII.

VISIT TO GLADSTONE.

The "Grand Old Man's" Message to the American People,

RELATING TO FREE TRADE.

The Armenian and Other Questions Discussed—The ex-Premier Still Vigorous.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—Ex-Postmaster Thomas L. James, who has just returned from Europe, gives to the press the following statement of his visit to Gladstone:

"I never had met Mr. Gladstone, and I was very anxious to have that pleasure. He is a man for whom I have a great admiration, and I was naturally curious to see him and hear him talk. No, I was not disappointed in him. He was very much the man I had conceived him to be, and he shows no signs of mental or physical decay. If the Tories think that he is going out without making his mark, they have made a mistake. Mr. Gladstone is a remarkably vigorous man now. In his recentcitation at Chester, despite his sixty-five minutes and his other half of a hour minutes was as full of fire as the first. He has a remarkable voice for a public speaker. It is something like that of Joseph Choate, and as clear, but stronger.

"During the course of our conversation Mr. Gladstone affirmed again his sentiments on the Armenian question, and said in effect that the civilized world would not let the outrages continue or goon without reparation, and that the Mussulmans must stop. Mr. Gladstone is a most fascinating man in conversation and he is ever ready with a reply. Some one present remarked that England had secured free trade through protection.

"I want you to take this message to the American people for me," said Mr. Gladstone, "tell them that we in England think that when the United States of America wages free trade she will be the greatest commercial power on the face and earth, and we will meet England that. When the United States adopts free trade she will have fifty to sixty per cent of the carrying trade of the world and England will take 25 per cent more than she has today."

The conversation turned on races, and Mr. Gladstone remarked that, as a rule the Kentucky horse not good speaker. He contended that their efficiency was a very poor consolation. 'Americans,' he said 'have an excellent proverb. Irish are a nation of horse racers. What capabilities are there about the Irish that when they have their right of Judicature cannot long be deferred, they will, and it will come speedily, if they stop stop quarreling among themselves.'"

SCHWINHERR'S TROUBLES.

Called for Violating the Law in His Season of Liquor.

ROCHESTER, Ill., Oct. 21.—George Jacob Schwinherr, the famous Mozart, will appear in the circuit court here Monday, October 28, in answer to an information charging a violation of the April term on the grounds that he was living illegally with the members of the Rock of Zion, a short distance from this city.

Hypocrisy, no doubt, will play an important part in the trial. It would be a mighty fine joke if it should turn out that the author of the "Schwinherr" poem was the most power than Dr. Mauroch within, and has used it successfully on scores of subjects.

The features of the celebrated case will be the argument brought up by the prosecution to show that Jacob Schwinherr has been violating the law in his relations with the Rock of Zion. The state has tried to indict Schwinherr before, but has never succeeded. The idea is that the indictment has been secured given the prosecution sufficient argument in the belief that the technicality on this occasion will be sufficient to establish his guilt. Schwinherr's raving discourses, the theory of his church in regard to never being represented in court since the crushing onslaught against him in the Cauley damage suit in Chicago, Will have two ways to defend him.

Carl Michelson, one of the male leaders of the "Doves," has deserted Jacob Schwinherr and has joined friends in Rockford. He will be retained as a witness for the prosecution. In an interview he corroborates the testimony of young Lyman Gage Cauley, another witness, in regard to the influence exercised by Schwinherr. Michelson was interviewed with a professional hypnotist as a subject, and he said that he had seen Schwinherr's influence paralyzes of a hypnotic character. The witness, he declares, are completely in his power.

The year apparently has been a bad one on the calendar have which compelling the property of Zion, and the unity trips to Rockford are to be made in the style that formerly marked the visits of Schwinherr, the baronche being conducted by a plain country newspaper, the high stepping horses by a pair of more moderate gait, and the immediate overcoat of the "master" for an unpretentious sister. Hymns, however, the change in the scene is attributed to the fact that his temporal property is still in danger, and that since a display may lead to a seizure of all his possessions on the ground that he is successfully served by a sheriff last spring.

YOUNG BARBAY'S DEATH.

Details of the Fearful Event as Published to His Father.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—A dispatch to the World from Paris says:

The details of the deplorable death of John W. Barbey Jr., as furnished his sister, the Princess Colonna, are as follows:

Young Barbey was taking luncheon on Friday afternoon with two friends, Jones, Lynch and Digby, when a horse chase match was proposed. Barbey suggested that a gallop would be more immediately after lunch, but the suggestion was overruled and the horses were brought out. Jones was a half broken colt belonging to the stables of the chateau which Barbey had rented. Mr. Barbey mounted take one himself, rather against the protest of his friends, and they started off around a circular course. The colt was frothing and Mr. Barbey's co-companions easily distanced him.

On the second round they noticed that Barbey looked rather flushed as they passed him. On the third round they found Mr. Barbey lying on the ground. He was carried to the house and a doctor was summoned.

The physician on his arrival two hours later, first bound up the injured head. On further examination he found a leg broken and the knee contusioned.

During the examination the sufferer looked up and smiled. The doctor said: "If I had seen this first, I need have done nothing for the wound. He is paralyzed from the waist downward and less no pain. Even could he survive he would be a helpless cripple for life."

Mrs. Barbey, his mother, went into the country on Friday to make a tour through Normandy with her friend Lady Mary Lloyd-Wardle. The telegrams could not find her until morning. Mrs. Barbey and her children have been living at the hotel, but the body has been taken to the house in Rue de Tilsit, which has been closed since Mrs. Barbey took a residence in London.

U. P. REORGANIZATION PLAN

Explanation Given by a Member of the Government Directorate.

Preparation to Create a Street Line Under One Management from Omaha to Oakland.

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 21.—I. N. H. Patrick, the Omaha member of the Union Pacific government directorate, expresses himself at length upon the report of that board relating to the road's reorganization. He says: "We propose such action in foreclosure as will give a direct line under one management from Omaha to Oakland. The advantages of this cannot be overestimated. It would bring about greatly reduced rates between Omaha and the coast." The plan, in short is this:

Foreclosure of the mortgages, the sites under them of the revocation of the lease of the Central Pacific, the putting aside of all the contracts and and compacts under which now monopolize the Union Pacific, and the disposition of it in a manner to operate in unison with interests. Mr. Patrick continued: "I think we can be operated continuously the revenues will be such as to induce capitalists to go into it. I have every reason to believe it will be done."

ALASKA BOUNDARY LINE.

Citizens Greatly Exercised over the Question.

SEATTLE, Wash., Oct. 21.—The citizens of Alaska are greatly exercised over the boundary question and are prepared to take steps in the matter without delay. They do not want the Canadians to get the Klondike portion of the United States annexed to British Columbia and say they will fight before they will see it taken.

Europe Indifferent to Silver.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—James R. Eckels, comptroller of the currency, reached Washington last night on his return from Europe. Mrs. Eckles accompanied him. He said he devoted some time to an investigation of the question of silver. The case of bimetallism in Europe, he said, is not receiving much attention. The British government will have to take the initiative in any move toward bimetallism, and it does not seem inclined to do anything at this time.

Wants the Republican Convention.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—The Morning Advertiser says that San Francisco is making a determined effort to induce the managers of the Republican national committee to select that city as the site of the next national convention.

It is possible that if Senator Matt Quay can pull in his customary powerful work, the scene may shift towards Pittsburg. Chairman Joseph H. Manley of the Republican executive committee is so sure that San Francisco will finally be chosen that he is already on his way there to make the preliminary arrangements. Mention General J. B. Clarkson, of Iowa; Samuel Fessenden, of Connecticut; Garret A. Hobart, of New Jersey, are strong candidates for vice-president.

Senator William M. Hahn, the personal representative here of William McKinley, has been inclined, for the sake of the ticket, to favor either City of Cincinnati, but he is now said to have been practically won over to the Pacific slope side.

VENEZUELAN SITUATION.

The United States Ought to Interfere, Says Senator Davis.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 21.—In the course of an interview on the Venezuelan matter, Senator C. K. Davis, for a long time chairman of the Senate committee on foreign affairs, said: "Considering the present situation in Venezuela and the action of the British government on the subject of Corinto, I say most confidently that the United States ought to intervene in the business or formally end by proclamation the Monroe doctrine as a sort—you will not be longer frighten."

The senator gave at considerable length the history of the original acquisition of that doctrine by President Monroe and outlined the troubles over the boundaries between British Guiana and Venezuela, adding:

"I do not apprehend any war with England arising out of existing conditions, nor out of anything which we can foresee. Hose is a prudent nation with all its power, and no one dreams the commission of Canada a footage of paces to the United States, for containing the utmost that she can hope to get it indeed by war. I think that firm remonstrances an attitude so surprising that it will demonstrate the certainty of warlike action sufficiently to cause Venezuela to assert our dignity, secure our and vindicate our principles."

Evidence of an Active Volcano.

FORT TOWNSEND, Oct. 21.—Further evidence of an active volcano in the Olympic mountains have been received and serve to confirm the report of Professor Alexander of the Smithsonian Institute. Two young men of this city, Ben Pettigrew and Charles Sally, are just in from the Olympic mountains, where they have been hunting elk and report that while traveling a series of slight earthquake shocks, occurring on a per of two weeks, flames and huge volumes of black smoke were observed ascending from one of the smaller peaks. The flames would shoot up and then great volumes of black smoke would belch north. Pettigrew and Sally hurried back to Port Townsend for a fresh supply of provisions and will make an effort to locate the supposed volcano.

DEUPRLY SICK.

Durant's Attorney Not Able to Appear in Court.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21.—R. N. Dunphy, the principal defender of Durant, will not appear in court today when the trial is resumed. He is still a very sick man and although the physician reports that the attorney is on the road to recovery, it is very doubtful if he will be strong enough to leave his room during the coming week let alone appear in court. The symptoms of paralysis which were so manifest when Mr. Dunphy was first taken ill have not left him, notwithstanding the skillful treatment and nursing he has received.

It is understood that in the event that Mr. Dunphy is not sufficiently strong to come to court when all of the evidence is in, District Attorney Barnes will consent to a continuance, until such time as Durant's lawyer should be able to present his arguments to the jury.

KILLED AT CRIPPLE CREEK.

Revolvers, Shotguns and Rifles Called Into Play.

DENVER, Oct. 21.—A special to the News from Cripple Creek, Colo., says: Town Marshal Dan Bennett, of Goldfield was instantly killed this afternoon and Frank Stephens, Andy Doyle and Frank Stephens seriously wounded in a spirited battle in the little town of Goldfield, at the foot of Bull Hill, in which revolvers, shotguns and rifles were all called into play.

A month ago trouble was caused by the confiscation of a revolver by a police officer. The weapon was the property of Frank Smith, a saloon-keeper, who demanded that it be returned to him. Doyle was a friend of Smith's, both claiming that he was entitled to the weapon. Doyle and a friend named Cook, both the Kansas Doyle, again presented the claim to Marshal Bennett, who refused to give the revolver up.

The marshal and Deputy J. F. Burt retreated to a cabin for the purpose of arranging their arms. Smith and Cook stationed themselves about a hundred feet from the cabin and awaited the reappearance of the officers. The marshal and his deputy each strapped on with a revolver in hand. Bennett called to the two men to throw up their hands, and as they did not promptly, began firing.

The battle was short but desperate, though the four men kept firing rapidly for several minutes. Town Marshal Bennett fell dead, with a bullet through his brain, and Smith went to the ground with two bullets in his body. A pool of pain came from Frank Stephens, a bystander, one of his arms being almost torn from his body. Andy Doyle had taken the part of the officers. A bullet hit his thigh.

Cook and Smith are in custody. The battle caused intense excitement over the hills.

The First They Left Behind.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 21.—Emma Bell, the well known actress who has been taking one of the leading roles in "The War of Wealth" company, that has just closed a successful engagement in St. Paul, was left behind when the company left last evening. She was injured by a fall two weeks ago and was also tried to resume her place daily, but was unable to appear on the stage, and is suffering severely from nervous prostration.

Trouble for the Greeks.

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—Trouble is ahead for the Greeks of the University of Chicago. It has just leaked out that at the faculty meeting Saturday the question of allowing fraternities to remain in the university was again taken up, and a strong party favored a complete withdrawal of the permission given them to enter. The matter was not definitely settled, but was referred to a second committee, which is to report next Friday. If any such measure is adopted, it will mean trouble and lots of it for the wearers of the pins, ornamented with mystic devices and Greek letters.

DEVASTATING CUBA.

Homes of Wealthy Spaniards Burned to the Ground.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—Under date of October 21, the Cuban Junta has received advices from Havana by a special messenger as follows:

A dispatch comes by way of Santo Spiritus stating that in Medidas, the principal buildings in the plantation of Don Enrique Merlin have been destroyed by fire. In the city of Santo Spiritus alone fifteen houses belonging to the most of Spaniards, among them the private residence on his plantation have been destroyed by fire within the past week.

A message from Sancti Spiritus has been received from Matanzas, stating that many fires of incendiary origin have occurred in that city also during the past week. The aggregate losses will reach many thousands of dollars.

The house burned in each case belonged to wealthy Spaniards.

Three inclosure suburban residences in the Santiago district, Vicayra, Pinalto and Tejemaro, the property of wealthy Spaniards who had been contributing money to the government, have been burned by insurgents. Loss $70,000.

DECLARED OFF NOW.

The Exchange of Words Between Corbett and Fitzsimmons.

MANAGER BRADY'S NEW OFFER.

He Will Match His Champion Against Any Man in the World for $50,000.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Oct. 21.—The fight between Corbett and Fitzsimmons is declared off by the Florida Athletic club. At a conference this morning between the managers of Corbett and Fitzsimmons, the claim was that the contest be postponed until November 11. Brady acquiesced, Julian would not. The contest was declared off. Brady then said he last say, that Corbett would meet any man in the world. Fitzsimmons preferred, on November 11th, the man to be named within twenty-four hours. Vendig announced that he would match Maher against Corbett and Fitzsimmons. Brady then said he would put O'Donnell, the contest between Maher and Corbett to be for $50,000 a side.

BOILING OUT A FIRTCH FIGHT.

DALLAS, TEX., Oct. 21.—George W. Taylor, chief of the Gilbrin, Oklahoma, fire department, who was to fight Stone to a lay before Dan Stuart an offer of $15,000 for the chance of Corbett to have the prize fight pulled off here and will be here tomorrow. Dallas fancy on his way home. He says Corbett told him he would not go into the ring for anything but a Dallas fight. Corbett is willing to fight for Fitzsimmons. As duty limited fight is possible in Arkansas, he believes Corbett will finally be accepted by Stuart and the Florida Athletic club.

EMANUEL CHURCH.

Another Winner Found by the Prosecution.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21.—The prosecution in the case of H. H. Holmes, has found a witness who will testify that everything was not right in Emanuel church prior to the murder of Blanche Lamont and Minnie Williams. Tale William is a colored footback by the name of Bald Wilson. Tonight he was served with a subpoena, and said the story to Deputy Sheriff Cogan.

"I know King and Durrant as well that they talked freely before me," said he. "At first I was surprised that such religious young men should be carrying on in such a fashion, but after a while I concluded that they were about the same as other young men. I learned from the boys that they themselves that they were taking girls to the church every night. I often heard them tell of the fun they had there and of the different girls who accompanied them. I know myself of Eve girls was used to go to the church at night with these boys. The people in the church would be very much surprised if they knew who the girls were. They all belong to respectable families, and the worst of it all is that their parents never dreamed that such things were going on."

A WONDER OF THE DEEP.

Fish Caught at a Depth of a Mile and a Half.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 21.—The fish commission's steamer Albatross has returned from the north with a species of dolphin of the deep that is certain to be the wonder of the naturalists the world over. It is a fish, but differs in nothing anything ever caught before, and is in no way resembling ordinary fishes. It was scooped in by a dredge that was at the time traveling along the bottom of an ocean a mile and a half deep.

Professor Townsend, the learned man who had a fit of the centipedes when this peculiar marine monster was removed from the net on the deck of the Albatross, is of the opinion that the fish would not have been able to live much higher up in the water than where it was found. Such is the makeup of the slimy fish that the pressure would instantly burst the cellular pains whenever it came anywhere within a mile of the surface of the sea.

Certain it is that the very act of bringing this fish near the surface of the sea killed it. When the enormous pressure was taken off its vital organs, the fish's stomach burst and its bladder began to puff up. Its bladder was forced partly out through its mouth and its eyes were driven forward out of their sockets.

The fish will be forwarded to the Smithsonian Institute.

Gen. Campos Not Insane.

NEW YORK, Oct. 21.—Dr. Wm. Shaw Bowen writes to the New York World from the city where he is staying for a few days:

"The report from Cuba that Gen. Campos is insane is probably unfounded. Its value as news is on a par with hundreds of the so-called news of the Cuban rebellion. If there was been any departure from the normal in Gen. Campos's condition the message has occurred since I saw him last, a fortnight ago. The same report had been circulated by the Cubans for several weeks before my last visit to him.

Committed Suicide.

ST. PAUL, Oct. 21.—A. E. Adams, of Spokane, Wash., was found dead in his room at the Sherman house this morning. It is believed he committed suicide.

THE CORNETT FIGHT.

Italian Corpse Case and Difficulty in Bringing Them Together.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Oct. 21.—Attorney General Kinsworthy went to Little Rock today with a transcript of the evidence and records in the Corbett habeas corpus case, tried on Saturday before Chancery Judge Leatherman. The supreme court will review the case at the earliest practical moment, and may do it today.

General Kinsworthy said he believed the supreme court would reverse the chancellor's judgment, but refused to say what he contemplated doing. He said he believed the decision was not correct. He would not disclose, if he knew, what action Governor Clark would take, should the supreme court sustain the decision.

The Florida Athletic club will meet representatives of Corbett and Fitzsimmons about noon for a conference of the affairs of agreement. Julian, who has full power from Fitzsimmons to act, says positively he will not sign. Brady says Julian should bring his man here and all the men and Corbett settle the matter in Dallas.

TO ATTEND THE EXPOSITION.

Arrangements for the Trip of the President and his Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—Arrangements have been completed for the trip of the President and cabinet to Atlanta to attend the exposition. The party consists of President Cleveland, Secretary and Mrs. Carlisle, Postmaster General and Mrs. Wilson, Secretary Herbert and Mrs. Herbert, Secretary and Mrs. Olney, Secretary and Mrs. Lamont, Secretary Morton and Miss Morton, Secretary and Mrs. Lamont, Mrs. Herbert, wife of the attorney general, and Private Secretary Thurber. The train will be one of the best ever run out of Washington. Private car "Williamsburg" will be for use of the President. The train will be made up exclusively of Pullmans, with the exception of one Southwestern Vestibuled Limited, which leaves Washington at 10:01, the Presidential train leaving at 11 o'clock.

Woman's Temperance Union.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 21.—Mrs. Stevens, vice president of the W. C. T. U., opened the convention this morning in the absence of Miss Willard. Dr. Mary Wood Allen, superintendent of the purity department, read her report. Mrs. Emelie D. Mead, superintendent, received an "purity in literature and art." Mrs. Naomi D. Tomlinson, of Pennsylvania, national superintendent, read a paper on parlor meetings.

Supposed to Have Been Drowned.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 21.—The little ferry house in the Algiers Ferry house to the Bishop wharf where the ferry boats land, broke down last evening. Thirty people had gone down on it and lost more or less serious injuries. Annie Moulin, aged 9, Mary Sam, 11, and an unknown woman and child are supposed to have been drowned.

The new ferry house at Algiers landing of Canal Street ferry was used yesterday morning for the first time. As the ferry boat, Thomas Pickles, heavily loaded, was landing, the slem butted against the pontoon and the iron span parted, throwing over 100 people into the shallow water near the river bank. Amid the screams of women and the cries of children, the men on the pontoon, in the ferry house and on the boat set about the work of rescue. They succeeded in saving all except two children and one young woman.

FREE MASONS IN SESSION.

Important Questions to be Discussed by the Council.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—The supreme council of inspectors general of the thirty-third degree of the ancient and accepted Scottish rite of Free Masonry, in the southern jurisdiction of the United States, mother supreme council of the world, began their biennial session at the House of Temple here today, and will remain in session until Friday or Saturday. Lieutenant and Acting Grand Commander Thomas Richard Caswell of California, presided, and the usual committees.

The first business of importance will be the election of a grand commander to succeed the late Philip C. Tucker or Texas, who died in the house of Temple should a year ago. It is understood Caswell will be elected without opposition and his election will come practically along the line. All officers of the supreme council are elected for life. Important questions will come up for consideration, among them that relating to the status of deputies to communicate degrees and collect fees for the supreme council. The question of merging the southern and northern jurisdictions, which was agitated some time after the death of Albert Pike, will not be brought up. It is said to be practically decided that while the closest fraternal relations will be between the northern and southern bodies, there are many reasons why an organic union is inexpedient and impracticable.

A Wisconsin Fire.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., Oct. 21.—The business portion of Fairchild was burned this morning. Loss, $75,000.

To Force Higher Wages.

LEAVENWORTH, Kansas, Oct. 21.—Three hundred miners employed in the north Leavenworth coal shaft quit work this morning and visited the Home Riverside mines for the purpose of inducing the men employed there to quit. The North Leavenworth company is paying 60 cents a ton and the Home company pay 70 cents. A strike seems almost certain. The walkout is to force the Home company to pay 80 cents.

Suit for Divorce.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 21.—The papers in the suit for divorce by Colonel Samuel P. Colt were filed this afternoon.

Died Together.

BERLIN, Oct. 21.—A dispatch to the Tageblatt from Vienna says Field Marshal Count Andrassy and wife have committed suicide.

EPIDEMICS IN CHICAGO.

Diphtheria and Typhoid Fever Caused by Impure Water.

CHICAGO, Oct. 21.—The health department today declared both diphtheria and typhoid fever epidemic in Chicago. The department reported 350 new cases of diphtheria last week, 49.19 per cent of which were fatal. The epidemics are charged to impure water. The health commissioner has issued a warning against drinking unboiled water.

Defeat that is a Victory.

DETROIT, Oct. 21.—Don M. Dickinson was defeated for nomination for mayor of Detroit in the Democratic city convention today, but the defeat was so thoroughly regarded as a victory. The nominee for Alderman Hain Gilbertwater, the labor candidate, who received 31 votes to 54 for Dickinson on the first ballot. The anti-administration men tried to force the nomination of Dickinson for the purpose, it is alleged, of having him "thrown down" by the voting him up against the Pingree ticket.

Died With Razors.

DENVER, Oct. 21.—Charles Rose is dead and James Strand dying at Walkins, twenty-one miles east of Denver, as a result of a duel with razors. Both men were employed as section hands on the Union Pacific. There has been a kind of long standing between them.

Killed on a Crossing.

SPRINGVILLE, Ohio, Oct. 21.—The east bound morning mail, Pacific Lightning Limited, crashed into a wagon on Miller's station crossing this morning, killing Edward Cooper, Homer Cooper, Jr., Mrs. Cooper, Mrs. Bell and John Campbell, all of Youngstown.

Postmaster Appointed.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—The President today appointed Webster Wagner postmaster at Pasadena, California.

ATTITUDE OF ENGLAND.

Official Announcement Concerning the Ultimatum to Venezuela.

Confined to Forcible Future—Part of the Dispute May Be Arbitrated.

LONDON, Oct. 21.—In view of the many reports in circulation regarding the attitude of Great Britain toward Venezuela, the following official announcement was made today:

"In consequence of Venezuela not offering any apology, or representation to the Queen's message, Marquis Salisbury has taken steps to inform her of what reparation Great Britain requires. But as the relations between the two countries has been broken off some years, communication was not sent through the usual diplomatic channel. As the message has not reached its destination, it is not considered desirable to give the details of its contents, but it is couched in forcible terms and points out that Great Britain will not permit Venezuela to overstep the boundaries marked by the course of the rivers Cuyuni and Amacura, but is willing that the adjudication of the other disputed territory be submitted to arbitration."

The Westminster Gazette says: "Great Britain and the United States are not going to be set by the ears by a pack of Venezuelans. President Cleveland knows we have no intention of land grabbing in South America and that Monroeism had no better friend than the old country. In due time Secretary Olney will, no doubt, tell the Venezuelans that they cannot expect the United States to espouse the quarrel when they deliberately provoke on their limited resources, to attempt to bluff the great powers."

The St. James Gazette says: "They who New York Post fairly supports the Venezuelan claim in the Tribune, and similar publications and politicians whose mouthings on Venezuelan affair are examples of their political use of spouting, fail tell. The United States government, however, is no blatherskite and does not listen to the opinions of advisers of that order. If Venezuela is wise, she will be well and will remember the outcome between England and Nicaragua. Unless President Cleveland is prepared to venture on the dangerous ice of foreign policy and begin a course of courting complications, we may be sure Venezuela will not receive any more backing than Nicaragua."

EQUAL TO ARBITRATION.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—Officials of the diplomatic corps in a position to speak with full understanding on the Venezuelan question, after careful reading of the official statement of the British foreign office, made public in the Associated Press cables today, say it is a decided rejection of the claims made by Venezuela and a negative answer to the request of the United States, that the subject be submitted to arbitration.

The essential feature of the foreign office statement is pointed to as "Great Britain will not permit Venezuela to overstep the line made by the Amacura and Cuyuni rivers, but will submit to arbitration other territory in dispute. It is stated that as there is no other territory in dispute, the British denial of arbitration is comprehensive and complete. The line made by the Amacura and Cuyuni rivers is practically what is known as the Schomburgk line. Included within it is all the territory on the south bank and at the other terminus of the line. The British already occupy the north bank, so that the official assertion of this claim to the south bank gives them practically the great waterway of South America. Included also within line of the two rivers is a large part—probably half—of the tract recently claimed by Venezuela to the United States syndicate.

Under the foregoing circumstances the statement of the foreign office is said to leave open all the basis of compromise or arbitration such as the United States has urged, and to be a final resistance of British sovereignty over the essential territory at issue, covering and commanding the south bank of Orinoco.

KELSEY TO THE PEN

That is the Order Made by Judge Merritt Today.

DID NOT ACT IN GOOD FAITH

In Failing to Pay, Says the Judge—He is Taken Into Custody by the U. S. Marshal.

The Kelsey contempt proceedings were brought to an issue today by an order committing Lewis P. Kelsey to the penitentiary in default of paying the alimony awarded to Hattie Kelsey in her suit for divorce. In rendering his decision this morning Judge Merritt reviewed the status of the case, and the defendant's testimony on Saturday as to the property he possessed and the circumstances thereon, his transfer of nineteen city lots and other property to his mother after the court's order was made, his sale of a good wagon, payment of $100 on his attorney, giving of a $2,500 bond on appeal, and other matters. Judge Merritt then called attention to the fact that the $40 to his mother had been made because he a long time she had been pressing him for security, "and, as he admits, in view of the stage matters were coming to this case." The order of the court then continued: "Defendant refused to say that he had honestly tried to pay the alimony and we find as a fact that he has not made any effort to get the money. He is 37 years old, in apparent good health, and admits himself to be a business man capable of making a fair livelihood."

The court's order to the contempt case then proceeds as follows: "Here is a case where the defendant lives in a valuable house, and with his partner maintains an office and clerk. As an adjunct to the business a horse and buggy is used. The territory his office and his mother, who has property of her own, from which a small income is derived. Something was said about his other interests, although I do not remember that defendant said he supported her. The living expenses of the family are about $40 to $50 per month, according to defendant. He has been able to raise funds to carry on his side of the suit, and has secured four wealthy and prominent business men as his sureties on a bond to secure the payment of $2,500. I am satisfied that his failure to pay the alimony was not the result of an actual inability to pay, and that he could, if he would have no difficulty in providing for funds to comply with the order of the court. The failure to present such order at the time the application for application for suit money and alimony, coupled with the clear admissions in the answer on his facilities, are not without significance here. The conveyance to his mother in the light of his own explanation, together with the alleged sale of his watch, only tend to confirm me in the belief that the present contention of good faith is not true in fact. I find, therefore, that it is not true that defendant is unable to comply with the order of September 30, 1895; and that he has contumaciously neglected and refused to pay the sums of $40 respectively directed to be paid on the 1st and 10th days of October, 1895, as alimony, and he is consequently guilty of contempt of the court, and I adjudge that he be in the power of the defendant to make said payments, and do order and adjudge that he be committed to the custody of the United States marshal in this territory, in his by him confined and imprisoned until he shall stay the order of the court aforesaid, and pay the said sums of money as directed, and be thence discharged by the court. Let a warrant of commitment be made out forthwith."

The order was made out, and the U. S. Marshal allowed Mr. Kelsey, at the latter's request, until this afternoon to decide whether he would go to the penitentiary or pay the money. At the time of going to press, Mr. Kelsey was still in the marshal's office, with one of these prospects before him: either to secure liberty by some move of his attorney, to pay the $50, or go to the penitentiary within a few minutes.

A Still Older One.

In the issue of October 8th last the News published an interview with Hon. Edson Barney, who believed at the time that he was the oldest living member of the Church, having been baptized in May 9, 1835. The News, relying from Arizona, shows Bro. Owens to have been a member of the Church two months longer than his Bro. Edson, and provided both dates are absolutely correct:

WOODRUFF, Navajo Co., Ariz.

To the Editor:

I saw a piece in the News that Hon. E. Barney was the oldest member in the Church. I am sorry he is mistaken. I was baptized the 2nd day of March, 1835, in Portage county, Ohio. I started with my father's family for Kirtland county, Mo., the 2nd day of May, 1835. My father lived the most of the time in Independence, Mo., I saw the mob when they came from where our brethren gave up their arms, and L. W. Hogs was in the rains with his gun on his shoulder. He was Sentenant-governor at the time.

Yours truly,

HORACE S. OWENS.

Probate Court Orders.

In the estate of Theodore Hormeier, deceased, an order was made setting aside Saturday, the second day of November as the time for hearing of will. Maria T. Hormeier petitioned for letters of guardianship in the case of Minnie Henry Allen, Willielina, Theodore and Louis Hormeier, minors, and Thursday, October 24 was fixed as the date of hearing said petition.

In the estate of Caroline C. Donnisse, deceased, C. M. Donnison as administrator petitioned for $150 as part payment of services and Wednesday, October 30, was fixed as the date for hearing said petition.