DESERET EVENING NEWS THURSDAY APRIL 4 1907



is the best and richest coffee I ever

Christmas, the American from Mem-phis. Tenn., whom they believe to be heading an expedition into Nicaragua. although he was reported wounded and captured several days ago by Nicarag-uans. Many of the soldiers, the pas-senergy say are little more than hows

and their confidence in their country appears almost pathetic.

RAILROAD SITUATION.

Washington, April 3 .-- Binger Hermann, on trial for destroying public records, testified in his own behalf today. At the suggestion of his counsel, Mr, Hermann gave a brief sketch of his career. He was born in Maryland in 1843, went to Oregon when he was In 1843, went to Oregon when he ad-if years old, taught school and was ad-mitted to the bar in 1866. That year he was elected to the state legislature. In 1871 President Grant appointed him receiver of public moneys in the Rose-burg land office. He was elected to Congress in 1884, and served 12 years, until the election of Mr. McKinley as president. president

until the electron of all altrinues as president. "President McKinley kindly selected me—or perhaps unkindly." remarked Mr. Hermann, "as commissioner of the general land office." After leaving the land office in 1903, Mr. Hermann said, he had twice been elected to Congress, his last term ex-piring March 4 of this year. Mr. Hermann emphasized the fact that during his public career he took great pains to travel over his state, and in these travels he made many friends. These friends wrote him many letters, and he had never refused to answer a letter. As a consequence, he said that when he went into the land office as commissioner in 1887 he was receiving

when he went into the land office as commissioner in 1897 he was receiving on an average of 10 to 30 letters a day, mostly from his Oregon friends. E. P. Hough, who was a stenographer in the land office under Mr. Hermann, corroborated Chris Muller as to being present in a Portland restaurant with Mr. Muller and Mr. Rittenhaus when Mr. Hermann asked those young men if they had kept their shortband hooks they had kept their shorthand books. He said Mr. Hermann's words were: "I wish you boys had your note books, then we could show to the world

books, then we could show to the world what was in those letters." Hough said he did not remember that Mr. Hermann made any remarks about the destroyed letter books at that time. As to this incident Mr. Rittenhaus has testified that only himself and Mul-ler were present at this interview with Mr. Hermann, and that Mr. Her-mann asked minutely regarding what had been done with the destroyed let-ter books.

E. H. Cortes, who was a messenger in the land office during Mr. Hermann's In the land office during Mr. Hermann's administration, testified to finding two or three old letter books in a store room of the office, the letter books being those of Senator Carter, who was once a commissioner of the land office. Mr. Hermann then resumed the stand and explained that the first day he took up his duties as commissioner he was brought a letter hook marked "private"

by Mr. Hough a letter book marked "private" by Mr. Hough, who had been assigned as his stenographer. It was explained to him that it was the usual custom for the commissioner to use a private letter book for his personal correspon-

Mr. Hermann said that he corre-sponded considerably with he mem-bers of his family in Oregon, and that he wrote his son many letters. He said he had departmental business to trans-act for his constituents and Oregon friends in practically every depart-ment and every bureau of every de-partment of the government. He said his mail was always opened and on his cosk when he arrived at the office, and that very frequently he would find let-ters relating to matters in the general land office. These letters were always sont to the proper divisions for reply and all such replies were written for him to sign.

him to sign. Mr. Hermann admitted in answer to a question by his attorney that he had had aspirations to become United States senator, and that he correspond-

Wahington, April 3 .- Mr. Corea, the Nicaraguan minister, called at the state department today and inquired what authority Phillip Brown, secretury of the American legation to Guatemala and Honduras, had for his interference with the bombardment of Amapala, Honduras, by the Nicargguan forces.

Mr. Corea's advices from his home government show that Mr. Brown went to Amapala by the courtesy of Nicara-guan officers, assuring them that he hoped to persuade President Bonilla to surrender, thus ending the bombard-ment of the city. The Nicaraguans consented to cease firing for 24 hours. Before that time Mr. Brown went to La Uunion, Salvador, and from there he directed a protest on behalf of Sal-vador against the renewal of the bom-bardment of Amalana saving that Salvador against the renewal of the bom-bardment of Amalapa, saying that Salvador would resent such action as a declaration of war by Nicaragua against Salvdor. It is the desire of the Nicaraguan

RUMORED ATROCITIES. San Salvador, Republic of Salvador, April 3.—According to reports circu-lated here from Honduras, when the in-vading Nicaraguan and Honduran rev-olutionary armies occupied Tegucigalpa they plundered the place and murdered several persons. The children of Gen. Carcamo, it is added, were hanged by the invaders. It is the desire of the Nicaraguan government to learn by what right Mr. Brown is acting for Salvador. Such interference on his part is a radical step and all Central American repub-lies are much interested in its outcome. State department officials, however, refuse to disclose what Mr. Brown's instructions have been

refuse to disclose what Mr. Brown's instructions have been. President Bonjila is still surrounded at Amalapa, so far as the state de-partment knows, but the bombardment of the town by Nicaraguan gunboats has ceased, according to dispatches re-ceived today from Secy. Brown. The cruiser Chicago and the gunboat Princeton are both lying near the is-land on which Amalapa is situated. Mr. Brown's dispatches today do not state whether President Bonila has been offered a refuge on the American

been offered a refuge on the American warships, nor whether he has taken any action in behalf of the United States government to protect the fu was looted an of Nicaragua. gitive president

Mr. Brown is at La Union, Salvador only a few miles from Amalapa. COMMENT ON MARINES CASE.

Puerto Cortes, Honduras, March 28 Puerto Cortes, Honduras, March 28, via New Orleans, April 3.—The inten-tion of the United States in landing marines upon the Honduras coast and the evident latitude granted them in protecting foreign life and property is exciting much comment here. It has been remarked as especially significant that the American landing parties, not only here but at Selba and Trujillo, have in each instance placed a Hotch-kiss gun which they took ashore with them so as to sweep the seaward ap-President Receives Many Communications and Suggestions Regarding It. Washington, April 3.—The president has received communications from President A. B. Stickney of the Chicago Great Western, James Speyer of the banking firm of James Speyer & Co. of New York, and Frederick Whitridge, a New York lawyer, all of them bearing on the railroad situation. Mr. Stickney them so as to sweep the seaward ap-

on the railroad situation. Mr. Stickney made a number of suggestions which he thought might be of value to the president in any legislation he may de-size to recommend to Congress. The president today replied to Mr. Stickney's letter and requested that he elaborate to some extent the points he had already brought out. Mr. Whitridge has been invited to come here to confer with the presi-dent and is expected here within the next few days. The foreigners believe that this means the United States will not per-mit the ports to be bombarded. Inas-much as 90 per cent of the houses here and at Celba belong to foreigners, can-non shot fired into either place would do most damage to foreign owned property. It is believed that in these two ports Nicaraguan gunboats will be kept off by the Hotchkiss guns, while at Trujillo, despite the fact that it is a Honduren port, the Honduran gun-boat will not be allowed to bombard in any attempt to recapture the port from the Nicaraguans. Both countries are treated impartialproach. "BRYAN BY ACCLAMATION,"

Both countries are treated impartial-Both countries are treated imparial-ly in this respect. Although the powers granted Commander Fullam of the American gunboat Marietta, which landed these parties, are believed to be sufficiently broad to prevent naval attacks, the foreigners fear that the Americans would not interfere to stop landing narties from charging the lo-Baltimore, April 3.—In an interview today United States Senator Isidor Ray-ner said: ner said: "If the Democratic convention were held tomorrow Mr. Bryan would be nominated for the presidency by ac-clamation. If he receives the nomina-ation I shall support him, not only charging the lo cal garrisons and capturing the ports. The fear, however, that such captures would involve the horrors of a loot has been dispelled, at least for the coast towns where Americans are stationed, by the experience of Trujillo. There the Nicaraguan captors have conducted themselves in a most exemplary man-ner. Reports of conditions at captured interior towns are not so satisfactory. At Trujillo, Commander Fullman is reported to have summarily settled the difficulty arising over the burning of some houses, and also one between United States Consular Agent John T. Givin and the Nicaraguans. Details about either of these affairs are not about either of these analis are not available. At Puerto Cortes a dozen marines comprising the landing party are quar-tered in what is perhaps the most widely known of Honduran buildings, namely, the mansion formerly occupied by the Honduras National Lottery com-mony. The marines occupy a large by the Honduras National Lottery com-pany. The marines occupy a large icom where the lottery drawings were held, and the Hotchkiss gun stands up-on the veranda. This handful of mar-ines is in the midst of about 1,500 Hon-durean soldiers, who are continually busy drilling and throwing up fortifi-cations ations

and the pores of each berry sealed with average cost per pound, and enables us drank since I left the service, from a coating of fresh eggs and pure sugar, to give you better coffee for your '61 until I received your coffee to hold the goodness in and make the money than you can buy in any other yesterday." A soldier knows coffee coffee settle clear and quickly. Better way. There are more packages of yesterday. A soldier knows conce than "fresh roast." Warming a ARIOSA sold in the United States by the taste, and the way it makes him than "fresh roast." Warming a than all the other Coffee packages ARIOSA sold in the United States feel, and would sooner go without little develops the flavor and makes the combined. his bread than without his coffee, grinding easy. Our enormous coffee If your grocer will not supply, write to Arbuckles' ARIOSA was the first business, exceeding the next four largest ARBUCKLE BROS. roasted, packaged coffee, packaged for firms in the world together, reduces our New York C

> ional provision must be made for the tional provision must be made for the army, railways and famine relief. The principal reply to the minister's representation was delivered by the financial expert of the Constitutional Democrats, ex-Minister Kuther, who criticized the budget from the stand-point of the present financial system of Russia, particularly the forms of indi-rect taxation bearing heaviest apon the possibility of making reckless attempta possibility of making reckless attempts to change the system.

BAPTIST CHURCH MERGER.

Cincinnati, April 3.-With a proposition before it looking toward the merger of two great church organizations, the sinth annual congress of the Disciples of Christ met here today. At the E06 con-gress a committee of 10 was appointed to make overtures and formulate a plan-tor closer relations between the Eaplist and the Disciple churches. It is under-stood the delegates will advonte a mer-ger. A proposition to merge the educa-tional with the home and foreign mission-



SPANIARDS FOR HAWAII.

Washington, April 3 .-- On the re-

to 5 p. m. noon Classes every Tuesday. Thursday and Saturday. Socials every Thursday and Saturday Eve.



10c. 20c. 30c. Matinees daily unday. "Get the Lyric Habit."

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Rumors That Cabinet Had Decided to Dissolve it Are Positively Denied.

DOUMA'S DAYS

ated Press is authorized to give a positive and categorical denial to the various rumors telegraphed abroad to the effect that the cabinet had decided to dissolve the lower house of parliament The correspondent learned that a few of the reactionary members of the cabinet maintain that the lower house should be dissolved on any pretext, but the matter hus not been discussed at one of the last three cabinet sessions. The crucial moment, however, is expected tomorrow, when a vote will be taken on the Constitutional Democratic motion to refer the budget to the committee. There is a Social Demo-cratic amendment to reject the budget totally, and the correspondent of the Associated Press has been informed that the passage of this amendment will be regarded as a reason for disso-lution. The vote is expected to be very close. close.

close. The Social Democrats have succeed-ed in aligning the Social Revolution-ists, the Poles and a number of the Group of Toll, altogether 210 deputies, on their side. The Constitutional Depr-ocrats have a slight lead, expecting to have 240 deputies. But the reactiona-ries who are scheming to eventure

death penalty and summary court-martial laws. The council of the empire has reject-ed by 104 votes to 25 a proposal to dis-qualify Prof. Maxim Kovaelvsky as a member of the lower house. His dis-qualification was urged on the grounds that he was a supernumary professor, and upon this basis he had already been disqualified by the senate. The lower house of parliament yes-terday began discussing the budget for 1907. Finance Minister Kokovoff ap-

NUMBERED

Gen. Carcamo was the Honduran commander who defeated the revolu-tionists of Honduras at El Carragal St. Petersburg, April 3 .- The Associearly in January, compelling them to fee to Nicaraguan territory. He was defeated later at San Marcos, but after having been reported killed succeeded in gaining the Honduran lines unin-jured. He then gave an account of the outrages said to have been perpetrated on women and defenseless clizens of San Marcos, which, the general said, was looted and sacked by the soldiers of Nicaragua.

States senator, and that he correspond-ed with many persons in Oregon to keep in constant touch with the politic-al situation. He said his personal cor-respondence also was increased by the respondence also was increased by the fact that he had written a pamphlet describing the western boundary of the houtsiana purchase, and he had sent many of these pamphlets, together with "a few kindly lines," to his friends in Oregon and the west. Requests for state maps, for information regarding homestead entries and letters from per-sons who had contracts for surveys, Mr. Hermann said, were written to him personally. It was this character of cor-respondence that was copied in his pri-vate letter books. The official correspondent of the

respondence that was copled in his pri-vate letter books. The official correspondent of the land office. Mr. Hermann explained, originated in the thirteenth division of that office, where the letters were written. These letters were brought to him daily for his signature. They numbered from 150 to 350 a day. He said he signed these letters without reading them, simply looking at the initials in the corner to see that they came from the proper individuals in the various divisions. During his administration of the land office, Mr. Hermann said, he did not remember having looked into one of his personal letter books. The only use they were ever put to was to obtain the address of some correspondent. He said about a year before his term ex-nired he noticed that these private books were increasing on the soelf very hapidly, and that too many unimpor-tant letters were being copled in these books.

Mr. Hermann described his dally duties as commissioner, saying that it was the busiest bureau in the govern-ment service. During Congress he was constantly visited by senators and rep-resentatives. There are, he said, about 25 attorneys in Washington who devote their entire practise to land matters, and these attorneys called on him frequently. It was brought out that whenever information was given to senators, representatives and attor-neys, orally, no record of the same was kept whether the information was giv-en by the commissioner himself or by the head of any bureau in the office. Mr. Hermann explained the frequen-Mr. Hermann described his daily

the head of any bureau in the office. Mr. Hermann explained the frequen-cy of the visits of Senator Mitchell by saying that Oregon seemed to have more land matters to attend to than almost any other state, and that Sen-ator Mitchell's colleagues, Senator Mc-Bride, was physically incapacitated to set around much. The defense placed in evidence about fool letters written by Mr. Hermann's friends and refailves while he was com-missioner. Many of these letters were copied in the books which have been destroyed. Others were not contest at an all of them vere placed in evi-dence, secording to Atty. Worthing-ton, as showing the character of Mr. Hermann's correspondence.

MAY DAY DEMONSTRATIONS.

MAY DAY DEMONSTRATIONS. Paris, April 3.—Speculation relative to the labor demonstrations May 1. with forecasts of disturbances, occupy a large space in the newspapers to-day. The secretary of the Federation of Labor, when interviewed, declined to disclose the program decided upon. He declared, however, that the atop-page of work would be general in France on that date. The govern-ment's precautions to prevent dis-orders are complete and the officials believe that May day will pass off peaceably. peaceably,

IGNORANT OF CAPITAL'S FALL. New Orleans, April 3.-The unusual incumstance of half of the people of a country, not much over 200 miles broad,

country, not much over 200 miles broad, remaining in ignorance for at least a week of the fail of the capital and the dight of the nation's president, is shown to exist by dispatches from Puerto Cor-tes and by the stories brought here by fruit ship passengers from the Carlb-bean ports of Honduras. As late as last Wednesday fully 1,000 men engaged in a sanguinary half-day's battle at Camaygua, in the northwest half of Honduras. This battle was be-tween 400 revolutionists and troops of Gen. Guerrero, a Graciano Indian lead-er, who was executing an order issued by President Bonilla before he had fiel more than a week previously.

by Presheeft Bondia before as had hed more than a week previously. Guerrero wired the news of his vic-tory to that part of Honduras which was still more or less loyal to Bondia, and ignorant of the disastrous outcome of the war. He did not give the num-hes of killed ber of killed.

ber of killed. Fruit ship passengers all tell of the busy preparations of the soldiers in the Carikbean port towns. They say that these soldiers swarm so thickly that at night a person cannot sile about with-out being continuously challenged to give the password. They also say that these roome are still placing immited these people are still placing implicit faith in the ultimate success of Les



with loyalty, but with zeal and sinceri-The senator, however, strongly favors

SAYS SENATOR RAYNER.

The senator, nowever, strongly layers the nomination by the Democrats of a southern man, and favor Senator John W. Daniel of Virginia. "President Roosevelt will not be a candidate for re-election," he said. Vice President Fairbanks he regarded as nearer the nomination than any other Republican. Republican

Finance Minister Kokovoff 1907 peals to the members to deal with the subject in a mational spirit and not from a standpoint of party politics. He declared he would generally be able to keep the expenditures within the limits laid down in the estimates, but addi-

AMUSEMENTS.

Theater-Last night's breezes from the north blew into Salt Lake the fa miliar figure of Marcus R. Mayer, well remembered as the manager of Patti, Bernhardt, Henry Irving, Ellen Terry, Mrs. Langtry, and numerous others, Mr. Mayer is now in advance of the San Carlo Opera company headed by San Carlo Opera company headed by Lillian Nordica, Alice Nielson, and the tenor Constantino. Mr. Mayer said this morning that the company had created a furore everywhere it had appeared, and he had no doubt Salt Lake would give it an equal stamp of approval. The manager of the company is the well known Covent Garden theater director. Henry Russell, who brought out Emma Eames. Mr. Russell has given his per-sonal attention to selecting every mem-ber of the company, chorus and orches-tra, so that the standard can be guarber of the company, chorus and orches-tra, so that the standard can be guar-naticed. Mr. Mayer says that the com-pany has been doing some lively jump-ing over the coast, skipping the wash-outs in order to get up into the north-west. To get from San Francisco to Portiand, he had to make the trip via Ogden. The company is in the north-west this week, and will finish in Mon-tana. Saturday, April 13, so there will be no chance of any delay in reaching Salt Lake for the opening on Monday, the 15th.

The theater box office today is taking core of the demands of only those who dezire seats for all three performances.

For the first time in years the con-ference dates at the theater will be completely a home Bitraction, as noth-ing from the east happened to be com-ing this way in order to pluck these two plums. The University Dramatic olab will hold the boards Friday and Saturday hights, presenting their re-tent successes. "A Match for a Magis-trate" and "Mr. Bob." The sale is now going on at the box office.

Orpheam-Next week's bill at the Orpheum will comprise the following acts: Ned Wayburn's Dancing Dalsies, actompanying Louise Mink: Elizabeth Murray, Angling consedienne; Quigg, Mackey and Nickerson, comedy and harmony. Dave Nowiln, the man with the flexible voice: La Belle Veola, chan-tuse legere danseuse acrobatique: La-mont's Cockaloos, an entertaining bird noveity, and the kinotrome.

Grand-The Leighton players con-tinue to draw good business at the Grand and the "Standing Room Only" sign is sure to be hung out on the con-ference nights.

Lyric-The attractive bill at this house and the popular prices charged, should draw heavy audiences the re-mainder of the week, when the confer-ence throng begins to put in an appear-

PRINCIPLE NATIONAL CASH REGISTER SYSTEM WITH TWO CASHIERS.



Ben Davis writes:

are very much pleased with our new 106-2 cash register, and cannot realize how we get along without one tot? not We are very much pleased with our new lower that the propert and cannot realize how we got along without one that how, We have been proved of our cash system but can readily see now that without the register it was incomplete. The mere fact that we can, at any moment of the day, see the details i record of our cash, pabl in and out C. O. D. s. sharkes and approvals is in itself worth all the money you ask for the machine. This is the only Shoe Store in U tab using the up-to-date National Cash Register system.

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