DESERET EVENING NEWS SATURDAY DECEMBER 12 1908



NOTES

Of the difficulty with which celebrities escape the lure of the Woman's club escape the fure of the woman's club lecture committee, Madison Cawein, the Kentucky poet, whose works are be-ing brought out in a five-volume limited edition de luxe by mail, Maynard & Co., tells a good story at the expense of Percy Mackaye, the playwright. The chairman of the committee of a Chicago woman's club about a year ago wrote to Mr. Mackaye, asking him to lecture before the members. The proposal was to Mr. Mackaye, asking him to lecture before the members. The proposal was startling to the dramatist, who consult-ed a friend as to graceful modes of declination: "The most business-like way," said this friend, who happened to be an editor, "is to put your price so high that they won't be able to ac-cept. Make it \$500 a lecture." Mr. Mackaye wrote a proposition to that effect only to receive a telegram, "Come at once." Ho went, delivered, as best he could, two lectures, and thereupon had to entertain a proposition for three more. As Mr. Caweln observes, "It is hard to get ahead of the good women who alone make art and literature pos-sible in this country."

"The Witching Hour" is not midnight after all, if we are to believe Augustus Thomas, whose novel from his play the Harpers have just published; it is 2 o'clock in the morning. In both play and novel the hour that the clock strikes is 2_i and 2 it is also in the lit-tle stanza from Bret Harte which rises to the lips of the stately old judge as he muses on his first boyish sweetheart:

"And ever since then, when the clock strikes two, She walks unbidden from room to

And the air is filled that she passes through

With a subtle, sad perfume. The delicate odor of mignonette. The ghost of a dead-and-gone bouquet, Is all that tells of her story-yet Could she think of a sweeter way?'

wearing apparel. There is not a man in the country who can show with such diabolical accuracy how animal eestasy may be mistaken for spiritual enthusi-asm, not one who can so completely divest both worldly and religious cynicicm of its fashion. We do not recom-mend the book, but it is a good one. When a man cannot detect the difference between a hymn-tune and his own procreating instinct he is in dan-ger of hell fire and ought to know it, even if he has to be told.

Booth Tarkington, who will doubt-Booth Tarkington, who will doubt-less always be best known as the au-thor of "Monsjeur Beaucaire" and "The Conquest of Caenan," and Harry Leon Wilson, who won fame with "The Spenders," appeared as collaborators in a story which the Harpers are publish-ing this week. It is called "The Man From Home," and is the book of the play by these authors now running in New York.

Augustus Thomas, author of "The Witching Hour,"-author of the play and novel both, the latter of which the Harpers have just published, although a New Yorker at present, halls from Missouri. The University of Missouri has notified Mr. Thomas that at the next commencement there will be con-ferred upon him the degree of LLD, the degree which it recently gave to Mark Twain. The president of the uni-Mark Iwain. The president of the uni-versity in presenting him for the hon-or referred to Mr. Thomas as the most distinguished living son that Missouri has produced, with the exception of Samuel L (Homas Samuel L. Clemens.

The piquant fact about Joaquin Miller is his neat method of self-advertising. He found that B"itishers best appreciated him when he clothed himself in a

sort of Wild West costume, and so half the time he affected that style of attire. His wild, high-colored "Songs attire. His wild, high-colored "Songs of the Sieras" surprised from British readers that sort of admiration the ar-istocracy of that country afterward ex-pressed for Buffalo Bill and his cow-boys. Then, too, let the cold-bloodod literati say what it pleases, there is a charm in "The Arizonian" and "The Tale of the Tall Alcalde" that is not to be measured with the poetic foot-rule, and the English public were not slow to find that charm. Soon all literary



W. T. Eubank and C. R. Barratt are shown in the accompanying photo-

graph. Mr. Eubank is now engaged in mining in Nevada and for many years was a conspicuous figure in Utah. He was a pony express rider, overland freighter and stage driver by special contract with President Brigham Young. He was a recent visitor in this city. Mr. Barratt is remembered as postmaster of this city for many years, and was a brother of Capt. "Milt" Barratt, whose death occurred recently in this city.

dian-may be pronounced a very un-usual plece of fiction for boy readers. Wabigoon, the principal character in the story, is the son of a Scotch factor and on Indian management of the solution of the soluti and an Indian princess, who live at Wabinosh House, a post deep in the wilderness of Lake Nipigon. winderness of Lake Nipigon. His adventures are frequently thrill-ing, always absorbingly interesting, never unwholesome, and with their wonderful setting, described so vividly

wonderful setting, described so vividly that the reader will never forget it, make up an unusually fine story. The story is well porportioned, not too long, and the interest is sustain-ed to the very end. There is even a hint of a sequel, and every boy reader, and most adults, would like to know how Woonga was punished, and if Rod ever found, his gold mine and married Min-netakl. netakl.

A Little Maid in Toyland, by Adah Louise Sutton, pictured by A. Russell, Whenever Adah Louise Sutton sends out a new book, thousands of youth-ful hearts yearn for just a peep at the treasures between its two covers, and

this year their highest hopes will be fulfilled Sally, the heroine, is the Little Maid, who delights in furnishing a most rav-ishing doll's house. One day when the work is nearly finished, even the gur-get being equipped with a cradle, spinget being equipped with a claute, spin-ning-wheel, and drying herbs, Sally views the kitchen, her chicfest delight. In the refrigerator is a most delectable looking piece of cake, and a tiny piece of it goes into Sally's mouth. She shrinks and shrinks way down to doll size, and becomes a member of the doll household. ousehold.

household, The illustrations are from the pen of A. Russell, the well known illus-trator, who gives six full pages done in colors, and scores of black and white drawings to the book. Bound in boards, cover in colors, quart, \$1, belonging to and uniform with the Billy Whiskers series The Santfield Publishing company, Akron, Ohio.

Toodles of Treasure Town and her Snowman, by Frederick Chapin, draw-ings by Merle Johnson. A most captivating story, given a

beautiful dress; that describes the preent volume Floring Toodles herself hails fron Toodles nerself hans from Florina and the first glimpse we have of her is as she steps into a fairy craft called the Magic Globe, of which a queer little fellow named Pedro is pilot. Together they fashion a snowman, and he comes to life to brighten the tale with his inexhaustible humor. Their destination is Treasure Town, the Land of Good Deeds and Riches, but en route they are unfortunate in being captured by the Harum-Scartenis. After many adventures, they escape by a ruse and adventures, they escape by a ruse and make a triumphant entry into Treasure Town. Toodles is welcomed royally by the queen and when she starts on the return journey bears Wealth and Good Health as gifts to her father. Merle Johnson's illustrations deserve special and particular mention. He has special and particular mention. He has given the book 43 pages in colors, and more than 150 black and white draw-ings, which tell the story by picture as graphically as it is told in words. Large quarto, 217 pages, illustrations in colors, cloth, \$1.50. The Saalfield Publishing company, Akron, Ohio.

_____ mas carol, Dr. Crothers has imbued this little book with a spirit of happi-ness, and these essays have been said to be among the best he has ever written. The volume is furnished with attractife full-page pen-and-ink illustrations and chapter headings by Francis B Comstock, and is bound in red cloth with design in blind stamping and gold lettering.-Houghton Mifflin Company, 4 Park St., Boston; 85 Fifth Ave., New York.

> Our Inland Sea With a Story of a Homestead

question. The asserts that hover-read-ing certainly causes wirkles; not nec-essarily those of old age, but various markings of an "emotional" character. In the course of an interview he said: "Many young women cause prema-ture wrinkles to form on their fore-basis by reading exciting novals. They Some years ago, Mr. Alfred Launourne, the well known author and artist, went to Gunnison island, homesteaded a tract of land, built a cabin and lived there through nearly a year's time with no companions save the guils, the herons, and other denizens of

the lonely place. In this time of lone-ly living and meditation, he gathered a number of realistic impressions that are now being framed into a volume of mingled print and pictures, the liter-ary work being his own and the pic-tures by James T. Harwood, whose la-bor, as Mr. Lambourne says, has been one of love. The story comprises chap-ters of vivid impressions of the won-derful inland sea at Utah's western border; the drawings are an accom-paniment to the author's recitative and song, the whole making a very beautia number of realistic impressions that

song, the whole making a very beauti-ful harmony. Mr. Harwood's work is mostly in the

nature of vignettes, to be used for the beginnings and endings of chapters; and are in purpose symbolisms of the meaning of the author's theme, their treatment ranging from truest grace to the terribly grotesque. There are 21 of these symbolic drawings the most striking and dramatic being a repre-sentation of Time and Death, a great pair of raven's wings overshadowing an hour glass, and a serpent half coll-od and with a wonderful avtression

counteract the making of wrinkles by novel reading? ed, and with a wonderful expression of life and intensity. There are other beautiful sketches, showing grace and poetry of thought, notably "The Flight another system of reading. poetry of thought, notably "The Flight of the Euterflies." and "Blazing Logs," the last a marvel of realism, with the flame and crackle and cheer of a great hearth fire depicted in the black lines. Two idyllic pictures are the "Flight of the Wild Swan," and a "Boat at Rest," the latter a yacht at anchor near one of the bluffs of the isare reading." near one of the bluffs of the is-land. Besides these are larger draw-ings used as illustrations throughout the book. They comprise 17 scenes on the island, and also two lakes of the Wasatch mountains. The first of these, "Springtime on the Heights," shows a glimpse of one of the "Twin Lakes," with the cliffs rising precipitously all around, and a tangle of wild flowers in the foreground. With unmistakaround, and a tange of whith howers in the foreground. With unmistak-able atmosphere of awakening spring in every line, "Moonlight at Lake Lil-ian," is another exquisite suggestive piece, taken from the mountains. "The Silent, Implacable Days," is the title of a drawing in which all the loneliness of uninhabited desert and sea strive for uticance. Another, definite imfor utterance. Another definite im-pression of this brooding atmosphere is "Desolate Shores Edging Utah's Dead and carries in its lines the intangible, but ever present spirit of ione silences. A "Storm" as viewed from the foot of North Cliff, is a marvelous effect of boisterous wind and rolling waves, with spray tossed cliffs, all brought out in line work and especial-

clusive control of the American rights of whatever these magazines might contain that would be of interest to American readers. The copyright di-ficulty is surmounted by an arrange-ment by which proofs of the English articles are to be sent over to the United States well in advance of English publication, enabling the Ameri-can purchasers to put them in type and secure copyright on the day of publication in England, as required by American how American law. The scheme is already in operation, I

hear, and a great mass of English magazine material has gone over to New York for sifting and for distribu-tion of the best of it among appropri-ate editors. Much of it is bound to find its way to the waste basket, as being either too English, or not good enough but there is likely to be a crough, but there is likely to be a residue sufficient to make a consider-able difference presently in the com-plexion of the American imagazines, es-pecially in the direction of literary articles and non-fiction matter generally -for outside of a few English writers like Mary Cholmondeley, H. G. Wells, and Maurice Hewlett it is generally admitted that English short-story pro-ducers, shice Kipling's day, have been by no means up to the general American level.

EFFECT OF SCHEME.

If the new scheme grows to be as big as the plan for selling American big as the plan for senting American magazine material here has become, it will doubtless affect American maga-zine writers, for the English stuff doubtless will be sold at compara-tively low rates. But perhaps that is only fair, for the pieceneal sale of American magazine contents here at American magazine contents here at low rates has certainly cut down the market for English authors—especially or the minor ones-and has corre pondingly benefited the transatlantic writers, either directly or indirectly. This new development of Anglo-American literary relations has more significance than appears at first sight, and is likely to have far-reaching effects in harmonizing the literary tastes of magazine readers on the two sides of the Atlantic. It will make each country better acquainted with the best of the other country's magazine writers —but it will be rough, in the long run, on the second-rate authors on both -but it will be rough, in the long run, on the second-rate authors on both sides. The same thing has already happened with regard to books, and English novelists of the "just-good-enough" class are finding it more and more difficult to market their waves here, owing to the increasing number of American novels published in Lon-

NOVELS AND WRINKLES. "Does novel reading cause wrinkles?" is the latest question agitating society dames who go in for books, "hot from the printing press." A Bond street physician whose practise lies among the "upper iten," and who for obvious

neasons wishes his identity kept secret, has recently answered this singular question. He asserts that novel-read-

heads by reading exciting novels. They sit for hours, often in an imperfect light, their brows furrowed; and, if

the book is a thrilling one, expressing on their faces, unconsciously, the emo-tions it excites."

SHOULD CONSULT MIRROR.

Asked if the reader herself could ob-serve these "emotional lines" while

engaged in the making of them, he re-

"Yes, most assuredly. I should advise

every young girl," he continued. "to get up and look at her face in the glass

after reading an exciting novel. She will not know herself, She will cer-tainly look five or 10 years older than

"The newspaper reader's face is, as a rule quite normal. In an under-ground train, or on other railways, no-

tice the difference between a man read-

ing a newspaper and that of a woman reading an exciting novel. The woman

is absorbed, intent: her brows often contracted; whereas, the man's reading is evidently done with a casual, semi-

critical eye. The news events are evidently not matters of life and death

"What remedy would you suggest to

plied:

to him.

she really is







Willes-Horne Drug Co. Both Phones 374 News Building.

Even an editor may sometimes be moved to enthuslasm, as witness the following letter which the publishers of Zona Gale's "Friendship Village" have just received from the editor of a projust received from the editor of a pro-minent weekly journal: "I have just finished reading one of your recent oub-lications, 'Friendship Village,' by Zona Gale, and cannot refrain from telling you how charmed and delighted I have been with it. In its humor, its quaint-ness, its tender pathos, its deep look into the inner things of life, its de-picting of the good 'home peorle,' its utter wholesomeness, I have not read anything that surpassed it in many years. I have already given my order for several copies to be used about for several copies to be used about Christmas time, but I am afraid I will have to go back for more. I hope the book will have very wide circulation. Unlike so much of the fiction of today. it leaves a good taste in one's monuth."

If women really are, as they are said to be, the greatest readers of storles that describe illicit love, they ought to be diverted by the case for Glibert Neal, a Harper novel of the "triangle" order, which an opposing member of their sex presents with a kind of flerce naivete.

"We cannot," says this lady in the current Independent, "deny that it is one of Mr. Harben's best stories. The characters in it are as real as the earth. And the moral in the tale is as homely as righteousness usually is when it has been bred in the simple hearts of a few decent but unfashionable folk. Yet it is decent but unfashionable folk. Yet it is impossible to give the reader the most interesting features of the story, be-cause they are so seandribusly impro-per. If the author had clothed them with the moral phrasing used by the most advanced writers of indecent fic-tions models have managed to distion, we might have managed to dis-cuss the delicate details of the sin in the story, but he has written it all out with a kind of staring simplicity, as if he had just seen right and wrong turn-ed out of the Garden of Eden without



to find that charm. Soon all literary London was talking of the new west-ern poet. What gave wings to Joaquin's verse was its unstudied quality. Its wild abandon and a certain breadth and swing which even the most critical will not deny him. In those days he came "careless rapture" than any poet this country has ever produced. His ideas were new to England and his point of view so fresh and refreshing that those same Britishers whom Carlyle profess-ed to find so heavily dull and lacking in literary appreciation did not fail to find a sort of delight in Miller's strange songs. Then, too, there was a lift in his best lines, a kind of music that I find in the songs of no other American singer save Lanier. Of course, Lanier, would have nut intermore

Lanier would have put into more scholarly language such lines as the prelude to "Kit Carson's Ride," but he would hardly have given us more sweep and swing:

"Room! room to turn round in, to breathe and be free, To grow to be giant, to sail as at sea With the speed of the wind on a steed

with his mane To the wind, without pathway or route

or a rein. My plains of America! Seas of wild

lands!

From a land in the seas in a raiment of foam,

That has reached to a stranger the

welcome of home, I turn to you, lean to you, lift you my hands.

-From "The Wild Joaquin," by Bailey Millard in the December Bookman:

BOOKS

The Wolf Hunters, by James Oliver

"By the Christmas Fire," by Samuel M. Crothers, author of "The Gentle Reader," "The Pardoner's Wallet," etc., is a Christmas book of most unusual quality and attractiveness. Dr. Croth-American essayists is now undisputed, it at his best in these charming, whimsical, inspiring papers. He writes of Christmas and the literature of disil-lusion of Christmas and the democratic spirit, and of other alled topics, with a delicate suggestiveness and im-aginative charm that will give pleasant and memorable hours to many readers. Like Dickens in his "Christ-

by difficult and excellent. The artist in fact has interpreted in visible form the spirit expressed in the author's story, and the book promises to be a lasting local feature of historic worth.

"Of course, peowas the prompt reply. "Of course, peo-ple will read novels, but I strongly advise them not to read novels for hours at a stretch. Pick up a novel and read it for 10 minutes or so, then nave a rest, and then continue reading, and, above all, do not allow yourself to get too much excited by the book you

CHARLES OGDENS.

NEW LIBRARY BOOKS.

The following 31 volumes will be added to the public library Monday morn-ing, Dec. 14, 1908:

REFERENCE.

American History and Encyclopedia of Music, 10 vols. Catholic Encyclopedia, vol IV. Oxford Dictionary, vol. VI. Utah Gazetteer, 1908-9.

MISCELLANEOUS.

International Library of Technology Sign Making, Placer Mining; Assaying Geometrical and Ornamental Drawing Geometrical and Ornamental Drawing, Carbureters, Gas Supply: Plumbing, Yarns, Geometry: Trigonometry, Ro-entgen Rays, Electricity; Magnetism, Alternative Currents, Morga—Philippines, 2 vols.

FICTION. Cable-Kencald's Battery. Orczy-Elusive Pimpernel.

CHILDREN'S BOOKS, Jackson-Three Little Women

Perry-That Little Smith Girl. Walker-Bird Legend and Life. Wilde-Happy Prince.

A Notre Dame Lady's Appeal

To all knowing sufferers of rheumaitsm, whether muscular or of the joints, sciatica, lumbagos, bachache, joints, sciatica, fumbagos, bachacha, pains in the kidneys or neuralgia pains, to write to her for a home treat-ment which has repeatedly cured all of these tortures. She feels it her duty to send it to all sufferers FREE. You our ourself at home as thousands will testify-no change of climate be-ing necessary. This simple discovery banishes uric acid from the blood, loosens the stiffened joints, purifies the blood, and brightens the eyes, giving elasticity and tone to the whole sys-tem. If the above interests you, for roof address Mrs. M. Summers, Box R, Notre Dame, Ind.



Schramm's, Where the Cars Stop, Sole Agency.

AMERICANS GET RIGHTS. Last month, however, an American firm having its headquarters in London, got contracts from practically all of the leading English magazines, including three haughty reviews, for the ex-



Out of a total of 1.896 in New York City were attributed to carelessness with matches. Only 42 of these were caused by children.

It is estimated defective flues cause about 20 per cent of all fire losses.

Can you afford to be without protection in the



ONDON, Nov. 25 .- Here is first America.

with

The second is the excellent writing. It is unfortunately true that in the con-struction of most juvenile tales, little thought is given to anything save the thought is given to anything save the story, so that this story, in its wonder-ful pictures of the vast stretches of the Canadian snow fields, its reproduc-tion of the atmosphere of the frozen Northland and its excellent characteri-zation of the very few actors in the little drama—particularly the old In-

Curwood, author of The Courage of Captain Plum, Illustrated by C. M. Special Correspondence. The Bobbs-Merrill company, The Wolf Hunters is a story for boys,

The Wolf Hunters is a story for boys, but it is so pleasing to the adult read-er that he does not realize—the fact not having been mentioned—that it is a juvenile until he has nearly fin-ished the story. It is, then, only the manner in which the very slight hint of romance is managed that arouses mis suspicion and finally awakens him to the fact that he has been thorough-ly absorbed in a story intended for young people, and one which he real-izes will be fully as interesting and absorbing to the readers for whom it is intended. There are two reasons for this. The

There are two reasons for this. The There are two reasons for this. The story is sufficiently unusual, and one is plunged into it from the beginning. Let him read one chapter, and he will not voluntarily stop until he has read them all. The plot is well woven-not too intricate—and the story marches straight forward to the end. The second is the avealent writing. It

news of a hig magazine deal that is of especial interest in A good many of the English magazines and reviews that have no American editions have been experimenting at odd times with schemes for selling the right to use their articles in America to American publications. But

ANGLO-AMERICAN



nothing much ever came of it on account of copyright difficulties, and the consequence was that any American editor who was so disposed could crib as much as he liked from English pe-riodicals without paying a cent for it. That wouldn't have hurt the feelings of the English editors so much as if they had been able to return the com-pliment. But unfortunately for them the English copyright laws are such

MAGAZINE DEAL.

Our London Literary Lefter.

that the American editor can easily copyright the contents of his magazine in England without expense, whereas it is almost impossible for the English editor to copyright his material in America without a heavy cost.

Furthermore, enterprising Americans over here acting in behalf of the American editors, sell great quantities of ar-ticles from American magazines to the English editors. The total of such sales have increased from month to month in the past year until there is now quite a steady tide of English money going across the Atlantic, and some of the English magazines have become about half American

become about half American.