THE FIGURE SPEAKS.

WHAT THE GIRL WHO "TRIES ON" HAS TO SAY ABOUT HER WORK.

Wearing Fine Clothes May Be Pleasant, but the Degree of Satisfaction Depends on Whether You Own Them or Not. Conversation of a "Figure."

"I sometimes wish my good looks was in my face," said the pocketbook girl. "It would be useful sure to have my eyes that instead of green, and my mouth little instead of big. However, about that wish to be an. I'm glad I ain't so scrawny as some girls that ain't bad looking in the face. Folks try to console me by saying that there are a dozen pretty faces to one real good figure, but the best consolation I get is the twelve dollars a week that my figure brings me in, now that I've got a place. If I was just one inch taller I'd have got one without any trouble, but though I am the very highest heeled shoe I can find, still I can't make them do with some of them. Who wears them? Why, the women in shoe pieces, of course. You don't think I pose for art classes, do you? Not much. I don't. I'm a figure, and a model.

"Cannot add a cubit to my stature? I don't know what's said a cubit, whatever that may be, to my stature, but I'd like to be just an inch taller. I'm all right in other matters—thirty-eight inches for the bust and twenty-six inches for the waist, with nicely sloping shoulders and a long slender neck—about inches are the trouble with a good many that would like to be figures, and a good many more are all right except for their big waists.

"Now, some of the girls say I'm fated to be thin because my waist is so small in comparison with my shoulders, but I know anybody ever saw me pull and pace as girls do who the one of their corset laces to the bedpost and pull for all they are worth on the other.

"An easy berth I've got? Well, yes, it is easy work in comparison with what some other girls have to do for half the money, but I have the care of the fine stock, and it weighs on my mind. I can tell you, to be half responsible for all those high priced dresses and wraps. And have the most anxiety during sale! It's true my boxes are only from $ till $, but I care my salary as you see the high wages dresses that I wear in the shop. Yes, of course they forward the dresses. I'd like to see myself, with a salary of twelve dollars a week, buying my own clothes and sables, for they wear out, awful quick under the constant putting on and pulling off of sequins and wraps.

COMMON OR BETTER.

"No, I don't do any trying on in the workroom. Figures are reported to do that in smaller establishments, but in our place it is as much as I can do to try on for customers. Some of them will have as many as five ladies standing around waiting to see how sequins that they have taken a fancy to will look on me. First I wonder till I'm as usually by my side to be put through the course and acquirted himself remarkably well, according to Mr. Lane.

"The last hour on the track was a runaway colonel, and it would probably be doing to his natural gait, and it required considerable urging on the part of the rider, Jack Jones, to do all he could to bring him into the required gallop. According to the reporter's view of the matter the exercise caused to fatigue the horses very quickly, for four other gaits were tried, and not all the prig a blanket was thrown over him, and then he was rubbed down and walked by the stable boys until all danger of catching cold was over. The reporter was assured by the fair spectatress that the training of great horses was a laborious task, in comparison with which "riding on the circus" was a recreation and delight.—Chicago Times Star.

How Farmer Lawrence Got His Start.

Sir Thomas Lawrence was one of the great portrait painters in England. He painted very poor, he failed being a sensitive temperament. One day Lord Stadbury's father and mother stopped at the inn, having their young son, the future lord, with them. In conversation the landlord mentioned his name, and one of the young ladies was thrown over him, and then he was rubbed down and walked by the stable boys until all danger of catching cold was over. The reporter was assured by the fair spectatress that the training of great horses was a laborious task, in comparison with which "riding on the circus" was a recreation and delight.—Chicago Times Star.

Electric Pleasure.

The electric pleasure designed for the French government for the suppression of troops is likely to effect a revolution in crafts used for the purpose, for the propulsion of which science has heretofore been used. The new launch is 41 feet 6 inches in length by 4 feet 9 inches beam, with an average draft of 3 feet 3 inches, and will carry forty soldiers fully armed.

Her speed will be eight knots an hour, and she is so fitted as to be either sailed or propelled electrically. The actual cost of the launch is not greater than that of steam vessels with similar carrying capacity, and there is to be taken into consideration the great advantage in not having to wait for steam when the season is over, so as to get things ready.

I hardly ever go on my vacation before the last week in June. Some of the girls in our place say I don't need no vacation, and it's only fun to be wearing fine clothes all the time, so I do, and I don't care if I don't wear them the fun comes in. I like fine clothes as well as other folks, but there ain't no satisfaction in putting 'em on if they don't belong to me, and having a fine sparkling wrap on my back doesn't make me forget that my dinner empire coat only fits and if I buy a silk dress that I know will last me to the one another winter."—New York Tribune.

Cotton Weaving in India.

The weaving of cotton into cloth was first done in India centuries ago. Nothing woven in America can compare with the finely woven cloth made in East Indian looms. One man will take months to compete a single piece, which is so regulatory fine that we cannot describe it but by the really and "woven wind." Who but the elves or the weavers would see seams in a web as dainty as this?

The tree cotton of India, with its sodden purple flowers, is grown about the temples of the Hindoos, and from its pollen fibers is made the material trimmed the dress of the Brahmins—the emblem of their sanctity.—Harper's Young People.

No Trouble.

"Why, Peter, this is the third time you have come here begging. That is rather too much, you know."

"Ah, sah, your excuse, it's no trouble at all. I haven't so far to walk."—Lustige Blatter.

Woman Lawyer.

The pioneer woman lawyer of America, Arabella A. Mansfield, was admitted to the bar in Iowa. In the early days women were prompted by stands to practice before the United States supreme court, and there are seven women who have been admitted at Washington. Mrs. Myra Bradwell edits the Chicago Legal News, and Catherine V. Waite The Law Times. Susan Helmer has compiled, translated, two volumes of Brief Sell's Appellate Court Reports. In a single decade the number of women lawyers increased from one to seventy-five.—Ex.

TRAINING CIRCUS HORSES.

Great Animals Broken Into the Tricks of the Ring with Difficulty.

"Yes, sir," said Dan Lamb, the celebrated four horse rider of Robinson's show, "in my time I have ridden hundreds of horses in the ring but none the least of my work is in training of green animals."

Mr. Lamb then explained that the breaking in of green horses is a hard job and nearly ruins the "gentle" old ponies. "As a rule we turn the horses into the ring home, after first teaching them to gallop round the saddle. The next thing is to get them accustomed to body riders. This they learn in a few hours, and now a lady comes forward. If a novice, she must be soft enough to allow the horses to be used to her skirts, and then the lady must be soft enough to allow the horses to be used to her skirts. As fast as the horses learn to keep in the track the bales of hay are removed, one at a time, until none are left, and the ring is empty. Then the ring is made smaller, which he never thinks of having. As I said, only the best riders are allowed to ride horses, owing to the great danger to novices.

"That 'mechanic' or pulleybis arrangement, you see, is used to keep the shoes from slipping on the floor. It is necessary to their safety. Suppose a rider, even an expert one, wants to learn a new trick. The horse is all probability will say every time the trick is tried. One of the great objects in training is to keep the attention engaged on the track and entirely off the rider. If a horse learns to run regardless of everything that is thrown at him, he is ruined. If by accident the rider falls, the horse must stop at once. This the animal is taught by having the rider step off when the exercise is over, and when the horse is fatigued and wants to stop. Of course, we only choose intelligent horses, and we go to great trouble and expense in getting the best the market affords."

By this time a pair of horses were brought into the ring for a point together. The rider on this occasion was Dan Lamb himself. The two horses mentioned above were "genuine," and kept trotting each other so they actually formed the track, while the rider would step from one animal to the other to his efforts to keep them together. Occasionally he would get a few good strides in, but the other stopped or separated or else broke his footbrid.

On took occasions, in order to save time, the rider would drop skillfully to the ground, take a few strides, and a moment later would be on his feet again trying the same act. In this way he kept going for half an hour, until thoroughly tired, when he dismounted and the horses were led out. They were replaced by a four-in-hand gray animal with long, flowing tail and mane, and after an hour the horse must get through the course and acquirted himself remarkably well, according to Mr. Lane.

The last horse on the track was a roan colonel, and it would probably be doing to his natural gait, and it required considerable urging on the part of the rider, Jack Jones, to do all he could to bring him into the required gallop. According to the reporter's view of the matter the exercise caused to fatigue the horses very quickly, for four other gaits were tried, and not all the prig a blanket was thrown over him, and then he was rubbed down and walked by the stable boys until all danger of catching cold was over. The reporter was assured by the fair spectatress that the training of great horses was a laborious task, in comparison with which "riding on the circus" was a recreation and delight.—Chicago Times Star.

Origin of Well Known Words.

Infinitely our word dollar depends upon a good man's name. The word is an abbreviation of Joachimsthaler, a coin first minted about this in the valley of St. Joachim, Bohemia. The valley (thal) bears the name of the saint.

Bogus is a word recently introduced, but already in use everywhere. A few years ago Captain Charles Cunningham Bogus, an Irish farmer and land agent, argued his tenants, and in revenge they refused to work for him or travel into food. To be even means to withhold common favors from one, or to be mean.

A mortgage is what few millions like to be called. Colonel Mortgage was an officer in the army of Louis XIV. He was so particular about small details, so rigid in his discipline that he was looked upon as a nuisance. His name has come down to us as applicable to a military Miss Nancy Finnikin.

Bogus is the corrupted form of the name Bogus, that of a noted swindler who passed large amounts of counterfeit money in the west some years ago.

Bonfire is a common name for the lambfold of a house. The original was one of the rare third-sailed, good tempered, jolly mariner—but he wasn't in real life. He was a character in Farquhar's comedy of "The Inconstant," written in 1707.—Harper's Young People.

The Silk Threads in Rock Moss.

The paper upon which book notes are printed is called "distinctive paper," because used exclusively by the government bureau of engraving and printing. The silk is sown in it is manufactured and so Glen Falls, Washington county, Pa. An agent of the treasury department receives the paper in bulk from the hands of the manufacturer, and every precaution is taken to keep any of it from being lost.

When this "distinctive paper" is being made, scraps of red silk threads are sown with the pulp in a big tank. The finished material is conducted to a wire cloth which has immense strength and great width, and night remain the silken threads. Next, an arrangement above the wire cloth scatters a shower of fine silk threads, which fall upon the paper in lots to be formed into sheets upon which the fine silk is deposited is used for the backs of notes, each thread being so deeply embedded as to remain permanently fixed. The smooth side of the paper, that in which the red threads show the most, is used for the front of the notes. Each of these sheets are registered as soon as finished.—St. Louis Republican.

Caution.

A teacher in a suburban school gave her pupils twelve minutes in which to write an "essay." A note was the subject selected by her, and the boys were to write in the allotted time, "Note, and the number of lines or words was given them.

Most of the boys wrote and stopped during the whole time allotted, but the teacher was surprised to find that one had the time was within two minutes of expiring. As the scholars filed out she said to him:

"Tommy, did you finish your essay?"

"Yes, ma'am," he answered.

Curious to see what he could have written in so short a time she looked over the paper, and found this:

"I am a mean act alone; my office is the cash branch, my grain the dough."

Tommy was dismissed as firmly informed as for money as the remarkable composition in the expression of consciousness on the top of his head, and following him he saw the "100" mark on his paper.—Youth's Companion.

Improvements in Diver Costume.

The well known French engineer, H. Mercthiary, has made some additional improvements in diving apparatus, and these have received the approving indorsement of the French authorities. In this arrangement, instead of the lamp electric hand lamp employed originally by divers, M. Mercthiary's plan is to affix a light but powerful glow lamp on the top of the helmet, so that the diver's hands are left at all times free for work. The lamp is connected by a conductor with a battery, either on shore or in a vessel above, as the case may be.

An equally ingenious feature is a new method of connecting the helmet with the dress without any loss parts, this being effected by means of only one water tight joint instead of two, as in the ordinary dress. Another advantage presented in this invention is the supply part of collar of the India rubber dress being gripped in between the lower rim of the helmet and the upper rim of the breastplate, and there hold fast against any liability of accident or displacement by gripping pieces attached to the breastplate.—New York Sun.

At a recent Hindoo service in the Kalighat shrine at Calcutta 200,000 persons took part. Three hundred Brahmins conducted the services, chanting the Vedas. Ten thousand human sacrifices were performed for the protection of religion and thousands sang the hymns.

Assurance.

"Will you love me while I am away, Marie?" he said, fervently.

"I will!" she replied as positively that he felt reassured about going.—New York Herald.

An old apple woman known as "Kitty" has just died in London at the age of one hundred and four. She kept a stand near St. James' hall, where she often sold candy to Lord Nelson and apples to Pitt and Fox.

Improvement of Time.

"I wonder if Shakespeare would have modified one of his plays if he had lived until today?"

"Yes, I think of it. He would have taken 'Macbeth,' for instance, and made a tech drama in it. Opheliu could then have committed in full view of the audience.—Life.

When the sable has been severely spatted it remains it immediately to hot water, soaping it in order for dilution or tempo suitable. After it has been taken out of the water keep it bandaged with cloths wrung out of hot water.

The immortal Shakespeare is said to have worn earrings, and Charles I is reported to have been the owner of a magnificent pair of pearl earrings, which he bequeathed to his daughter the day before he was executed.

In its native habitat the shell of the oyster is always a little open, and microscopic, waving hairs are set in corners which carry the food plants to its mouth, where they are engulfed and afterward digested.

The smallest republic in the world is said to be Franciscia, one of the islands of the New Hebrides. The inhabitants consist of 40 Europeans and 300 native workmen employed by a French company.

In ancient times the people worshiped the images of gods, valiant soldiers and wives. Time some of the most important of them were the names applied to the different days of the week.

The great Journal is authority for the statement that sermons are worse by at the union meeting in the Sapphirine practice.

Consumption Cured!

FOR 18 YEARS DR. WM.

HALL'S BALSAM

FOR THE LUNGS.

Has been a never-failing family remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, CONSUMPTION, "LA GRIPPE," SORE THROAT, HOARSENESS, TICKLE NOTES, CATARRAH, INFLUENZA, ACUTE AND CHRONIC BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, WHOOPING COUGH, CROUP, PLEURISY, PAIN IN THE SIDE AND BREAST, SPITTING OF BLOOD, and all diseases of the

Throat, Chest and Lungs

Leading to CONSUMPTION

Dr. WM. HALL'S BALSAM combines no opiates, is pleasant to take, and is warranted to relieve and cure the worst cases of the above complaints within a reasonable time if the proprietor's directions are followed. Sold by all druggists at 25c., 50c., $1.00.

DR. WM. HALL CO., NEW YORK.

Health is Wealth

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of Alcohol or Tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in Insanity and leading to Misery, Decay and Death, Premature Old Age, Impotency, caused by over-exertion of the Brain. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1.00 a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES

To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to return the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by our agents in Salt Lake City, Utah: Z. C. M. I., Drug Department, Main St.

$3000 A YEAR

MONEY

DELINQUENT NOTICE.

The following Stock Mining Companies, Location of principal place of business, Salt Lake City, and the amount of Stock and Levy thereon, Mineral Hill Mining Company, Utah.

NOTICE.—THERE IS DELINQUENT UPON the following described Stock, on account of assessment (or delinquent sale) thereon levied on the 11th day of April, 1891, the amount of such assessment is the number of the corporate Stock certificate, as follows:

Name.	No. of Cert.	No. of Shares.	Amount.
Chas. H. Briggs,	1 to 1a	1,500	$1,500.00
D. F. Walker,	2 to 2	1,000	500.00
H. G. Soot,	3 to 3	2,000	1,000.00
John T. Smith,	4 to 4	1,000	500.00
H. H. Hart,	5 to 5	1,000	500.00
Chas. H. Briggs,	6 to 10	14,750	4,375.00
Geo. S. Peck,	11 to 11	17,000	1,700.00
H. Stackhouse,	12 to 12	2,000	200.00
H. Stackhouse,	13 to 13	10,000	1,000.00
Total Pole,	14	1,000	50.00
J. A. Stewart,	15	2,000	100.00
C. J. Ferguson,	16	4,000	200.00
C. J. Ferguson,	17	4,000	200.00
A. S. Young,	18	2,000	100.00
A. S. Young,	19	2,000	100.00
A. S. Young,	20	2,000	100.00
H. S. Dimick,	21	2,000	100.00
H. S. Dimick,	22	2,000	100.00
W. S. Wheeler,	23	2,000	100.00
A. F. Hemstreet,	24	2,000	100.00
A. F. Hemstreet,	25	2,000	100.00
S. A. Lowe,	26	2,000	100.00
S. A. Lowe,	27	2,000	100.00
F. O. Hill,	28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100	3,750	3,125.00
C. Dodge,	101, 102	200	40.00
C. J. Corfe,	103, 104	200	40.00
H. S. Pade,	105	1,000	200.00
H. S. Pade,	106	1,000	200.00
J. B. Farmer,	107 to 111	500	100.00
	112 to 116	500	100.00
W. P. Lyon,	117 to 121	500	100.00
L. A. Brown,	122, 123	400	72.00
Arthur Brown,	124, 125	400	72.00
J. Sampson,	126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131	600	108.00

Notice is therefore hereby given that so much of the stock as shall be sufficient to pay the amount of the assessment thereon, with the cost of advertising and expenses of sale, will be sold at the office of the Company in Salt Lake City, on Friday the 24th day of June, 1891, at 2 p. m., or so much of the said stock as may be necessary to pay the amount of such assessment, together with the cost of advertising and expenses of sale, by order of the Board of Trustees.

JOHN H. WALDEN, Secretary.

Office—Room 4, Dooly Block, Salt Lake City, Utah. Dated May 30, 1891.

LUCKY BOY MINING COMPANY.

Salt Lake City, Utah.

Notice is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees held on the 1st day of May, 1891, an assessment of ten (10) per cent on the shares was levied on the capital stock of the Company, payable on or before days to the secretary at Salt Lake City, Utah. Any stock upon which this assessment may remain unpaid on the 20th day of June, 1891, will be delinquent and advertised for sale at public auction and unless payment is made before the time of sale, will be sold on Saturday, the 11th day of July, 1891, at the company's office, Liberty Block, Salt Lake City, Utah, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with cost of advertising and expenses of sale.

W. J. BURTON, Secretary.

26 Main Street, Salt Lake City, Utah. Dated, Salt Lake City, Utah, May 30, 1891.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Estate of Jane Wells, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, Percy Wells, Administrator of the estate of Jane Wells, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the said Percy Wells, at his Real Estate Office, Room 4, Dooly Block, in the city and county of Salt Lake, Utah, Territory.

Dated Salt Lake City, Utah, May 30, 1891.

PERCY WELLS, Administrator of the estate of Jane Wells, deceased. June 10-15

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court, in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the Matter of the Estate of Hannah Tait, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Peter Tait, executor of the last will and testament of the said Hannah Tait, deceased, has filed his petition and final account and report of said executor for final settlement of the estate of said deceased, and that the time for hearing said petition and said final account and report of said executor, and the settlement of said estate, is fixed by the order of said Probate Court, to be the 27th day of June, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the court room of said Probate Court, in the City and County of Salt Lake, Territory of Utah, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and contest said final account and report of said executor, and the same will be heard and considered by said Probate Court.

Dated this 4th day of June, 1891.

C. E. ALLEN, Clerk of Probate Court.

By C. E. STANTON, Deputy Clerk. 4tw

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for the Third Judicial District, Territory of Utah, County of Salt Lake.

In the matter of the application of the Cache River Canal and Power Company.

Notice is hereby given, that the Cache River Canal and Power Company, a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of Utah, has presented to the Probate Court of the Third Judicial District, Territory of Utah, a petition praying for the granting of a certain franchise, and that Tuesday, the 30th day of June, 1891, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, is the time fixed by said Probate Court for the hearing of said petition, at which time and place any person may appear and contest said application as to or based.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the Third District Court in and for said County of Cache.

(SEAL.) HENRY G. McMILLAN, Clerk. June 1-w

LEGAL NOTICE.

In the Probate Court in and for Salt Lake County, Territory of Utah.

In the matter of the Estate and guardianship of Joseph L. B. Greaves, et al, Minors.

Order to show cause why order of sale of real estate should not be granted.

SARAH A. MITCHELL SHARON, THE duly appointed, qualified and acting guardian of said L. B. Greaves, C. William B. Greaves, and Charles H. Greaves, minors, having filed her petition herein, duly verified, praying for an order of sale of the real estate of said minors, for the purposes therein set forth, it is ordered that said petition be heard at the court room of said Probate Court, in the City and County of Salt Lake, Utah Territory, on the 6th day of July, 1891, at 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at which time and place any person interested in said estate may appear and show cause why said petition should not be granted to the said guardian, Sarah A. Mitchell Sharon, and that a copy of this order be published for four successive weeks prior to said hearing, in the Deseret Evening News, a newspaper printed and published in said County of Salt Lake.

Done this day of June, 1891.

M. W. MANN, Probate Judge.

Territory of Utah, County of Salt Lake, ss.

I, C. E. Allen, Clerk of the Probate Court in and for the County of Salt Lake, in said Territory of Utah, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the original order of sale of real estate, made in the matter of the guardianship of Joseph L. B. Greaves, et al, minors, as appears from the records of said Probate Court, in my office.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of said court, this 4th day of June, A. D. 1891.

(SEAL.) C. E. ALLEN, Clerk of Probate Court.

By C. E. STANTON, Deputy Clerk. 4tw

NOTICE OF SALE OF REAL ESTATE AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.

Notice is hereby given, that in the Probate Court of Salt Lake County, Utah, made in the matter of the estate of Jane Wells, late of Salt Lake County, Utah, deceased, the undersigned, Percy Wells, Administrator of said estate, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, the following described real estate and personal property, belonging to said estate, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the debts of said estate, and the costs of administration, at the office of the undersigned, Room 4, Dooly Block, Salt Lake City, Utah, on the 20th day of June, 1891, at 11 o'clock a. m. of said day, subject to confirmation by said Probate Court, the following real estate, situate in Salt Lake County, Utah Territory, to wit:

Lots 1 and 2 in Block 1 in Dooly's Addition to Salt Lake City, according to the official plat of said addition, and the right, title, interest and estate of said deceased, Jane Wells, at the time of her death, and all the right, title and interest that the estate may have, or acquire in and to the said premises by reason of said deceased, Jane Wells, or otherwise, or by addition to or out of said premises at the time of her death, in and to the said premises, or any part thereof.

Also the following personal property, to wit: All of Lot 3, and about one third of Lot 4, also in the said Block 1 in Dooly's Addition to Salt Lake City, Utah, and all the right, title and interest that the said deceased, Jane Wells, had at the time of her death, in and to the said personal property, or any part thereof.

Also all right, title and interest of said deceased, Jane Wells, at the time of her death, in and to the following described real estate, situate in Salt Lake County, Utah Territory, to wit: Lots 1 and 2 in Block 1 in Dooly's Addition to Salt Lake City, according to the official plat of said addition, and the right, title and interest of said deceased, Jane Wells, at the time of her death, in and to the said premises, or any part thereof, or any addition to or out of said premises, or any part thereof, and the right, title and interest that the estate may have, or acquire in and to the said premises by reason of said deceased, Jane Wells, or otherwise, or by addition to or out of said premises at the time of her death, in and to the said premises, or any part thereof.

Also all right, title and interest of said deceased, Jane Wells, at the time of her death, in and to the following described personal property, situate in Salt Lake County, Utah Territory, to wit: Lots 1 and 2 in Block 1 in Dooly's Addition to Salt Lake City, according to the official plat of said addition, and the right, title and interest of said deceased, Jane Wells, at the time of her death, in and to the said premises, or any part thereof, or any addition to or out of said premises, or any part thereof, and the right, title and interest that the said estate may have, or acquire in and to the said premises by reason of said deceased, Jane Wells, or otherwise, or by addition to or out of said premises at the time of her death, in and to the said premises, or any part thereof.

Also all right, title and interest of said deceased, Jane Wells, at the time of her death, in and to the following described personal property, situated in Salt Lake County, Utah Territory, to wit:

Beginning at a point south 11 degrees west, 1 chain from the south west corner of Block 1, Plat "A," Dooly's Addition to Salt Lake City, Utah, thence south 11 degrees west, 1 chain; thence north 11 degrees east, 1 chain;