

DESERT EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

VOL. V.

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NO. 4.

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THE EVENING NEWS.

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EDITOR—C. CANNON.

EDITOR & PUBLISHER.

By Telegraph.

PER WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH LINE.

The Cream of the Dispatches.

It was announced at Chicago and New York that the late President Grant would be buried at West Point, N. Y.

Lieut. Gov. Dunn's funeral procession at New Orleans was very large.

The Bowling Green savings bank will probably pay 40 to 50 per cent.

The corner stone of the Iowa State Capitol was laid at Des Moines yesterday.

The U. P. train was nine hours late in arriving at Ogden yesterday. Snow was the cause.

Ponyer Quarterly will call for a new loan of \$400,000 francs at the coming session of the French Assembly.

Mr. Charles Dilke made a speech last night on royalty, at Leeds. There was intense excitement.

It is denied that F. W. Loring, late of camp Whipple, Arizona, was among the killed in the Mackenzie expedition.

The Porto objects to any treaty between Russia and Roumania, modifying the Sultan's jurisdiction.

The weather at Constantinople is unfavorable, and the number of cholera cases is increasing.

Robert B. Prentiss, Grand Master of the Odd Fellows of Virginia, died on the 22nd at Charlottesville.

The Communists who destroyed the residence have been sentenced for terms of from two to twenty years.

Winter has set in unusually early in England. The ponds in the vicinity of London are frozen and skaters are out in force.

Eleven bodies have been recovered of the disaster to the steamer City of New London. None of her missing passengers have been found.

The Belknap county Alms House and outbuildings, Concord, N. H., valued at \$15,000, have been burned by an incendiary.

Wm. M. Tweed has had twenty days extended to him for justification of a suit. The sheriff is made his bail until new notice is given.

The physicians of the Prince of Wales have issued a bulletin in which they state he is suffering from an attack of typhoid fever, but the symptoms are not alarming.

An order for a box of choice grapes for President Grant and another from London for five boxes of California apples for Queen Victoria were filled yesterday at San Francisco.

The Rev. Alex. Ellis, colored, recovered four hundred dollars damages from the Narragansett steamship company for refusing him a seat at one of their steamship tables.

Rumor says that Gen. Schenck has decided to terminate his mission to England and accept the position of law officer of the Northern Pacific Railroad which it is understood has been kept open for him for some time.

The Belgian representatives voted, by a small majority, to sustain the government. The police are violent against the appointment of Decker as governor of Limburg. They made serious disturbances.

A band of from 75 to 100 half breeds from British America, have established winter quarters in the vicinity of the Milk river agency, Montana, with a view of supplying the Indians with liquor and ammunition. They are to be suppressed by the 7th Infantry, their liquor spilled, their hats destroyed, their valuables captured and they driven from the country.

Further particulars of the reception of Grand Duke Alexis are given. Upon entering the White House, he and his suite were at once ushered into the parlors, and the President with Secretary Fish, Postmaster General Creswell, General Foster and Babcock and District Marshal Shoofy came down stairs from the Executive office, and passing through the state rooms, proceeded to the reception parlor where the ceremonies took place. Calvary presented the Grand Duke to the President. Alexis said it afforded him much pleasure to meet the chief of the nation with which his own was on intimate terms of friendship. The President cordially welcomed him, and expressed the hope that his journey here would be pleasant and gratifying. The Grand Duke then presented his suite to the President, and the latter in turn presented the Duke to the Secretary of State and the latter in turn presented the Duke to the Secretary of War. The other part of the company followed.

into that parlor, where a brief general conversation took place among all parties, the Duke addressing himself to Mr. Grant. The interview lasted only fifteen minutes, when the distinguished visitor returned to the State Department. There will be no formal entertainment given to the Duke at Washington. He visits Annapolis today, and returns to Washington tomorrow to leave for New York this afternoon.

Money and Stocks.

NEW YORK, 21.—Gold steady. Sterling 91. Government 101. Erie 101. W. U. T. 101. Quicksilver, 24. W. F. & Co. 57. Pacific 41. 41.

LONDON.—The bill on the Bank of England was increased £30,000. Consols 101 1/2.

PARIS.—Rentes 50 fr. 90 c.

WESTERN DISPATCHES.

Military to enter the War Path against the Apaches.—Col. Crook's force, consisting of 100 men, is now on the march from Fort Huachuca, Arizona, to the mouth of the Colorado river, to the mouth of the Colorado river, to the mouth of the Colorado river.

SAN FRANCISCO, 21.—General Schofield, commander of the division of the Pacific, received from Washington last night a full and explicit order from the war department directing that the campaign against the Apaches be resumed with all the forces available, and that no circumstances be allowed to interrupt the operations until the Apaches are subdued. The order was received by General Crook, who is now on the march from Fort Huachuca, Arizona, to the mouth of the Colorado river, to the mouth of the Colorado river, to the mouth of the Colorado river.

Private letters from Washington say that Collier overstepped his instructions, acting in many particulars without a shadow of authority, and he is considered responsible for the outrages and bloodshed which followed his visit to Arizona.

General Schofield's general order, issued from the head quarters of the division of the Pacific to-day, in accordance with the orders from the war department, provides that all the Indians in Arizona found on the reservations after a certain time, to be fixed by the department commander, are to be treated as prisoners of war, and are to be confined to the reservations, unless by permission of the commander, shall be treated as having left for hostile purposes. Citizens will not be permitted on the reservations, and will be escorted across them by troops to prevent any collision. The issuing of regular rations to the Indians on the reservations is provided for, the utmost care being taken to prevent frauds and the barter of provisions for arms, ammunition, whiskey, or anything else. The Indians are to be registered and each agent is to record with a full personal description, which he must carry at all times. The order concludes:

"Active operations must be kept up against the hostile Apaches of Arizona, and pressed with all practicable vigor until they submit to the authority of the government, cease from hostilities and remain on their reservations. A reasonable time has been given for the Apaches to avail themselves of these liberal terms, the department commander, in his discretion, use the force which he may deem necessary to carry out these instructions and to see that full effect to the policy of the government."

By order of MAJOR GEN. SCHOFIELD, J. C. KELTON, Asst. Adj. Gen.

The Hudson Gold mining Co. has incorporated with a capital of one million to operate in the Cherokee District, Cal.

The weather in San Francisco is still warm and dry.

Joe. Ross, who brought suit to recover \$10,000 damages from the management of the Sacramento Pioneer Lottery and who had been arrested and detained in jail for a violation of the lottery law, has been released on bail.

It is currently reported and generally believed that the Stockton and Cooper railroads have been sold to the Central Pacific Co.

Brigham Young has been indicted and is about to be tried for bigamy. There is no law in the United States which prescribes a punishment for "illicit cohabitation," and it is difficult to understand why this particular phase was selected as the definition of his offense. The truth is, that he has been indicted in obedience to the directions given to the grand jury by Justice McKean, of the United States Court. This grand jury, upon opening its court in Salt Lake City, summoned a grand jury, and from the list of the men who appeared in answer to the summons, selected the names of all who were Mormons. Having thus obtained a grand jury of "Gentiles," he informed the jury that there were certain offenses which were recognized as crimes "throughout all Christendom," and that it was their duty to find bills against persons accused of committing these crimes. "You will find," said the learned judge, "by the same principles of law which govern grand juries in Maine and Montana, in Georgia and Arizona, principles of law everywhere applicable throughout the republic. The crimes of murder, arson, larceny, bigamy, adultery and riot in Utah are the same crimes elsewhere throughout Christendom." Now, it is true, perhaps, that some of these crimes receive some punishment in every country which may properly be said to be a part of Christendom; but the punishment is not uniform in all these countries, nor are the definitions of what constitutes these offenses everywhere the same. But what is of more importance is the question, "By what authority is any one of these offenses, bigamy, for instance, recognized and punished as a crime?" "Christendom," it will be said, recognizes the law of God as the supreme law, but all the Protestants of Christendom hold that this Divine law is contained in the Scriptures of the Old and New Testaments, and in these volumes from Genesis to Malachi, and from Matthew to Revelations, there is not a single injunction against polygamy, while there are many records of the numerous if not innumerable polygamous marriages of men who enjoyed the favor and blessing of God. The truth is, that the

prejudice in favor of monogamy which doubtless exists throughout Christendom, has its origin in the teaching of nature, which produces men and women in about equal numbers, and, perhaps, in the teachings of the Church, which value revelation which is based on traditional authority as highly as revelation which is recorded in the written word. The majority of these who have protested against some of the teachings of this Church have not protested against this particular one of its precepts.

Brigham Young, then, is indicted, and is to be tried for bigamy, and is not quashed, not for any offense against a written law applicable to Utah, but for offenses against the unwritten law of "Christendom"—a law written, indeed, in most, if not in all, the countries of Christendom, but unwritten in Utah, and unwritten in any of the laws of the United States which apply to Utah. We have our doubts as to his conviction under these circumstances. The Petit Jury, which will probably be "packed" by Judge McKean as carefully as the Grand Jury was, may find "guilty," but an appeal from the Court in Utah to the Supreme Court in Washington would most probably result in a reversal of a verdict obtained under such circumstances. It is highly desirable that the practice of polygamy should be abolished all over the world; but we are not been able to abolish it in India, and the United States can scarcely abolish it in Utah by such means as has thus far been adopted.

THE MORMONS.

The policy pursued by the government towards the Mormons seems to us altogether wrong, and indefensible. In 1844 this singular body of fanatics, were driven into exile, and after undergoing many privations and hardships, settled in the valley of Salt Lake. It was a wilderness when they went there; by industry and thrift, they have made it blossom like a garden. For nearly twenty years they have become the wealthiest community on the continent. This settlement for years formed the connecting link between California and the coast. Twenty years ago, the Mormons and their religion were despised and looked upon with contempt. Why is it that the government has not interfered with them before? Why is it that at once upon their settlement in Utah, this singular hierarchy are threatened with the penitentiary? Why not, by wise legislation, have provided for the future, and left the existing social evil to the correction of time and the tide of emigration that is flowing westward, with such relentless sway? The answer is plain. The Mormons are rich, and consequently subjects of plunder. We remember, before these trials commenced, or were perhaps thought of, a gentleman at St. Louis told us that a Federal official said to him, if he could get a feeling against a persecution of the Mormons, his fortune was made, and that he would make out of it a hundred or a thousand dollars. He is now a rich man, and he is a Federal official.

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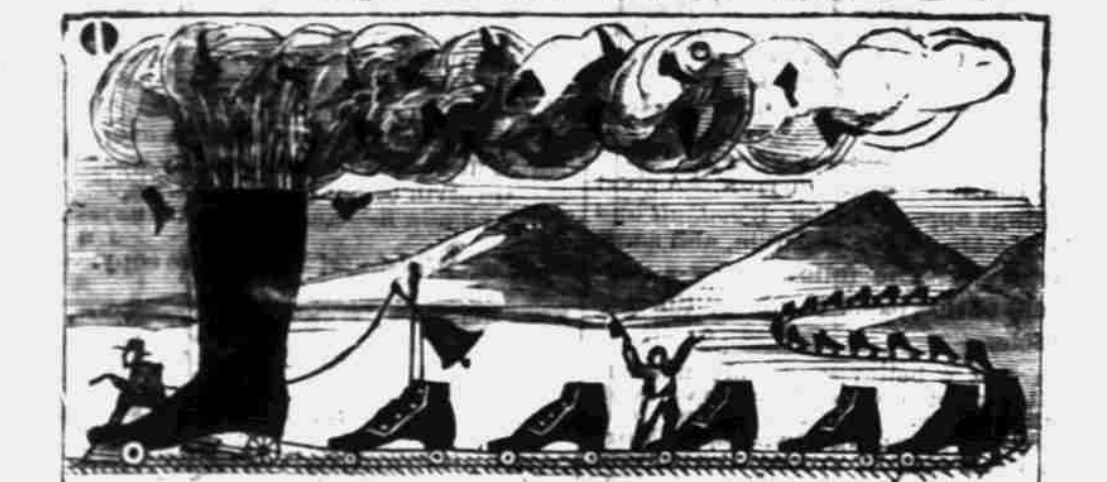
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