

## WIPE OUT AT LAST.

District Attorney Varian Moves to Dismiss Ancient Indictments.

## MOSTLY UNDER THE EDIRDS ACT.

For Polygamy and Unlawful Cohabitation, no Evidence can Be Obtained.

Judge Zane ruled yesterday afternoon an motion of District Attorney Varian, dismissed no fewer than twenty-nine United States cases founded on indictments dating back to the year 1881. They consisted in the main of charges of polygamy and unlawful cohabitation.

Capt. Harry S. Johnson, of the U. S. Weather Service, said that the number of great value and interest and the summary is of value in proportion to the number of stations.

## NOTES BY OBSERVERS.

Fort Det. Cheyenne.—A violent wind-storm, which blew over the thermometer shelter, occurred on the 20th.

Capt. Harry S. Johnson,

Deseret—There was a heavy wind-storm from the southwest on the morning of the 23d, about 10 a.m. It blew E. Alice's house down, and took the roof off the house of Thomas Davis; nobody was killed, but the damage was probably \$1,000.

Orme Creek.—The last five days of the month the wind has blown heavily from a point two degrees east of south.

Carson.—Very high N. wind on 20th, driving sand, difficult to walk on, but about two inches on the average.

Cisco.—Very high wind on the 22d, with a trace of sand and snow.

The mountains are bare and brown, with but few warm days, and little moisture.

The snowstorm of the 24th was very welcome; more is needed.

Mountain Wind.—A new quite fresh and strong wind, blowing from the northwest, on the 20th.

Provo.—The year's crop is all out of the ground. Fall grain is doing well.

A Sharp Query From Millard, Ogan, Millard Co., Dec. 22, 1892.

Editor Deseret News:

On the morning of December 17th two men left Bear Lake, 15 miles below here, for Salt Lake on foot. They passed through here about 8 p. m., following the railroad track, and reached Riverton, a small station further north, about 8 o'clock p. m.

By this time both were half frozen, and one of them, it is said, learned, will be likely to lose both his feet.

The section men at Riverton took them in, dressed their frozen members and kindly cared for them during the night.

The next morning they had to walk on horseback to each other's cabin on horseback was sent back to Ogden next morning with a letter to the constable, who immediately sent a wagon and team to bring them in, and had the horses taken to a stable where telegraphed, upon advice of the telegrapher, to the county prosecuting attorney at Fillmore, asking him to see the poor fellows, and to have no trial, and no punishment, and, asking what should be done with them.

The answer was to the effect that "we cannot do anything with such men, you get rid of them the best way you can."

Now, Mr. Editor, does the law permit the counties to take care of such unfortunate? If so, it ought to be enforced. If not, ought not winds a natural calamity? Is it not the duty of civilization and common humanity?

As to the critics in "get rid of them the best way you can," we are in a quandary as to which of the two ways is better. To let them die in the snow and let them die in the snow, or to cast them into a pit and sentence their death and burial at once.

The latter plan would certainly be more merciful as a means of getting rid of them.

I need scarcely say the advice has not been acted upon.

Yours truly,

W. H. DAVIS, *Atty. Gen.*

Official Review of the Utah Weather Service for November.

The following review of the Utah weather service, for the month of November has just been received:

Atmospheric pressure.—The monthly mean pressure was slightly above the average, being, at the Salt Lake station, 30.30 inches actual pressure, or 30.35 inches reduced to sea-level.

There was but one decided low-pressure area, which occurred on the 24th; the month was therefore pleasant except on that date, when the pressure fell to 29.80 (sea-level), and a heavy snow-storm was general over the greater part of Utah. The storm was intensified by high winds, and followed by a severe cold wave, during which the lowest temperature of the month occurred at nearly all stations. The highest pressure, (30.54 sea-level) occurred on the 19th, and the most rapid pressure fall, 1.10 in., is the greatest on record for any November except that of 1886.

Temperature.—The monthly mean temperature was 30.7° F. in November. It was豫热, about 30.7° in the normal for the Territory, being above the normal in the northern part, and below in the southern. Until the 18th the temperature remained close to the average, but after the 18th a sharp cold wave began, which continued lasting until the 27th.

The warm spell occurred different dates in different localities; the first, with the exception of the 24th to 27th, at various stations.

43.5 was the highest mean temperature reported, occurring at Fillmore, Millard county; 27.7 at Hanksville, Box Elder county.

Temperatures were below the mean in the northern part of the Territory, and above in the southern. The introduction of the cold weather was strongly indicated by the 21st, and it was fully admitted after a long argument by causes.

The first witness for the defense was Charles H. Grant. He testified that he had seen Davis when he was at the Bear Lake cabin, the first time he ever saw him, and that Davis had said, "Wait till I catch up to my ranch and I'll catch you up on the head with a rifle."

The introduction of the testimony was strongly objected to by Davis, and it was fully admitted after a long argument by causes.

The other court business was transacted during the day.

Day 22.—The court sat to receive the impreachment and to pass sentence of imprisonment on the charge of adultery.

John Nielsen, a native of Denmark and a resident of the Territory, was admitted to represent the defense.

John Hague vs. Lewis P. Bullock, et al. decree for \$2000, with interest, taxes and attorney's fees.

**NOTES.**

Antelope River commenced work yesterday on the iron bridge which is across Provo river northwest of this city.

The A. O. U. W. Lodge of this city held its second meeting, on Saturday evening, at the home of T. M. Morris, master turner, G. H. Hopkins, attorney; G. A. Karr, founder; William H. Probert, Shuster; A. McCullum, receiver; H. E. H. Williams trustee.

The month was pleasant and devoid of storms for the most part until the 23d, when a snow-storm came, which at some points was quite heavy. At Hanksville the snow was 10 inches deep. At Salt Lake City 10 inches. At a smaller place, where the snow appeared heavier, 15 to 20 inches.

Health.—The month was healthy, with a strong gale from the west, and continued without intermission until 4 p. m.; 9.7 inches fell.



## BANKS.

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