

as a witness to all nations that Jesus is the Christ, the Redeemer of the whole world!

[Daily Sept. 22.]

GENERAL GRANT'S RETURN.

THE Grant reception at San Francisco was a triumph. Republicans and Democrats united in doing honor to the military chief of America, the foremost man of his party, the representative citizen of the United States, who has made the tour of the world and received in every nation he has visited the greatest tokens of respect that monarchs and governments could bestow. It is gratifying to a lover of his country to think that America receives such distinguished recognition abroad, but rather humiliating to the advocate of human progress to note, that the champion of force receives the plaudits of the world, while the apostle of intelligence would but obtain a passing recognition. Grant the soldier, the slayer of lives, is a hero, the guest of kings and emperors, the fêted of courts and municipalities, the object of the multitude's enthusiasm; while if he had been Grant the humanitarian, the philanthropist, the healer of men, the reformer of morals, the savior of souls, he would have passed around the circle of the globe with but few and feeble tributes of praise and adulation.

If this reception is intended as the beginning of a Grant "boom" for the Presidency, we think it a little ahead of time. If the landing had been delayed awhile it would have been more likely to prove effective. As Grant moves eastward his journey will be a continued ovation, and managed at the proper time would have raised a popular wave of rushing enthusiasm that would have carried all before it and lifted the honored of the nations easily into the Chief Chair of State.

Grant for the next President, means centralization, the increase of the national power at the expense of local government, the strengthening of executive force and the introduction of some elements of monarchism into our republican institutions. His arrival and reception a few months hence would have made this almost a matter of certainty. As it is now it is probable that the excitement will die out before it can be made politically effective.

But, putting these considerations aside, we welcome General Grant to American shores, after his eventful and triumphant trip by land and sea, and hope that the rest of his days may be spent in usefulness to his country and benefit to himself.

Local and Other Matters

FROM FRIDAY'S DAILY, SEPT. 19.

McNee Dead.—Alexander McNee, the man shot by O'Malley in the Grizzly Saloon at Park City, several days ago, died last night, about 11 o'clock. His remains are on the way to this city for burial.

Weather, Crops, etc.—Advices from Minersville report the weather very dry. No rain there for months, except a few storms that did but very little good. Hay and other products were but half a crop. Hay sold in Frisco at \$30 per ton, baled; loose, it brought \$25.

Clearing Away.—The scaffolding on the cupola of the New Tabernacle is being taken down, and the dome and spire now stand out in fine relief and in beautiful proportion with the main building. It was thought, at one time, that it was out of harmony with the rest of the edifice, but it now appears it was the clumsy scaffolding that encumbered it so as to create the erroneous impression. Another argument against criticizing half-finished work.

"Dispatch" Notes.—A tramp was found in a car in Ogden, yesterday morning, nearly starved. He got in at Council Bluffs with only a bottle of water and a few crackers, and was locked in by a confederate.

The house of L. D. Agnew, near the Central Pacific Railroad track, was entered by tramps night before last, about 12 o'clock. Mr. Agnew jumped out of bed on hearing them, when they decamped, but took along some wearing apparel to remember him by.

Terrible Fatality.—A terrible and fatal accident is reported from Stockton. Last Sunday, about 3 a.m., Mark Beecher, engineer at the Great Basin Mine, having just quit work, accidentally, it is supposed, fell into the condenser, which was filled with boiling water. His cries for help brought assistance and he was rescued, but after he had walked to the boarding house, some distance away, it was found that his injuries had been so serious he could not possibly survive. He expired at 10 o'clock that night, after much suffering.

Condolence.—We record with much regret the death of Elder John Evans, who for the past eight years has been chief salesman at Dinwoodey's large furniture establishment. Bro. Evans is well known as a quiet, honest and in every way exemplary gentleman. He was also a faithful Latter-day Saint and has left a clean record. He has also left a large family, numbering fourteen children, who it is to be hoped will emulate the virtues of their deceased father. We sincerely condole with the bereaved, and mourn with those who lament the loss of a good and honorable man.

Deserets Defeated.—Yesterday's game between the Rochesterers and Deserets, was won by the strangers with a score of 17 to 5. The visitors are a splendid looking set of men, and the finest players that have ever come to our city. The Deserets were not in a good condition, and were weakened by the absence of Barker and Duke, two of their best men. Of course they cannot expect, and have not expected, to win a game from the Rochesterers, but they are able to hold their own somewhat tighter than they did yesterday. To-day's trial may tell a better story. The match yesterday was well attended.

Hugged by a Grizzly.—The *Junction* of yesterday morning contains the following exciting adventure:

From a gentleman of this city we learn the full particulars of the encounter Mr. John Whittiker, of Willard, had with a grizzly at that place. It appears that Mr. W., with another gentleman, discovered something going on in his melon patch, near a growth of willows, and on proceeding thither, discovered a grizzly bear with three cubs, which immediately retreated into the willows. The two men started into the willow patch after them, Mr. W. being armed with a gun. The animals were soon discovered, and Mr. W., without any hesitation, walked up to the mother of the cubs, and had actually succeeded in placing the muzzle of his weapon in her mouth, but before he could fire, the grizzly struck the gun with her paw, and such was the force of the blow that the weapon was carried outside the willow patch. The bear then started for Mr. Whittiker, and handled him pretty roughly, biting him in the thigh and shoulder, and otherwise badly injuring him. During the encounter one of the cubs jumped upon Mr. Whittiker's shoulder and bit him. The other man, as soon as the bear attacked his friend, took up the gun and sought to shoot the animal, but Mr. W., for fear of himself receiving the contents, warned the other not to fire. The latter then resorted to stratagem, and seizing one of the cubs made off with it. The mother thereupon left Mr. Whittiker and gave chase to his friend, who let the cub go, and with the wounded man made good his escape. Mr. Whittiker's wounds are not necessarily dangerous.

The day after the fight four men went out with guns and attacked the bear, killing her and her three cubs.

FROM SATURDAY'S DAILY, SEPT. 20.

The Tables Turned.—The cricket match yesterday between the City boys and the Fort Douglas eleven, was won by the former with a score of 57 to 37.

House Burned Down.—Our Tooele correspondent, S. S., writes that on the 17th inst., the house of Rufus Patrick, of that place, was burned to the ground with most of the furniture. The cause was a firebrand that flew out of the stove into a coal oil can, while the inmates of the house were attending to some out-door duties.

Twenty-Eight to Three.—This was the score yesterday afternoon

at the close of the game between the Rochesterers and the Deserets, the visitors, as before, coming out a long way ahead. The Deserets seemed to stand no chance at all in the hands of their doughty opponents, the ineffectual struggle throughout reminding one of the story of the "Giant and the Brave Little Tailor." Only the brave little tailor didn't get away with the giant this time.

The Bar Meeting.—As announced in the News last evening, a meeting of the legal fraternity of the Third District Court was held at 10 o'clock this morning. On motion, Judge Tilford took the chair and Mr. A. S. Patterson acted as secretary. The chairman stated the object of the meeting to be to take steps with a view to reorganizing the judicial system of Utah. All present felt the evils of the present system and the desirability of concerting measures to obviate those evils. He invited suggestions and discussion upon the subject.

Mr. Thos. Marshall then presented the following draft of a bill, as embodying his views of the case:

An Act to provide for proper courts in and for the Territory of Utah.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States in Congress assembled:

1st.—That the Supreme Court of the Territory of Utah shall consist of a Chief Justice and three Associate Justices, any three of whom shall constitute a quorum, and who shall hold at least two terms at the seat of government of said Territory, annually, and they shall respectively hold their offices during the period of four years or until their successors are appointed and qualified.

2nd.—A District Court shall be held in each of the Judicial Districts of the Territory by one or more of the Justices of the Supreme Court, as often as is now provided by law, and at such times and places as are now fixed for that purpose, until changed by the Governor of said Territory. And that the Governor shall have power by proclamation, to change from time to time, the times and places of holding the District Courts in the several districts; two of such Justices shall be assigned by the Governor to the Third Judicial District; that each of them shall hold a District Court therein at Salt Lake City, but either may hold the Court in the other's place, at such other's request, and any of said Justices may act in the district of any other Justice at such Justice's request.

3.—The District Courts held by the two Justices in the Third Judicial District shall be deemed one and the same Court, and the business of said District may be brought indifferently before either Justice thereof, under such regulations as the Justices of that District shall adopt, but subject however to any regulations which the Supreme Court of said Territory may by rule prescribe.

4th.—No member of the Supreme Court shall sit, in the exercise of its appellate jurisdiction, on the hearing, or participate in the decision of any order, judgment or decree made or rendered by him in the District Court, or as District Judge, provided, that whenever, in the opinion of the full bench, more than one member would be excluded in any particular case, by the operations of this provision, then it shall not apply.

Judge Sutherland read a bill similar in its provisions to this, and made remarks supporting his views. He did not favor holding the district court at all times at Salt Lake City, as contingencies might arise demanding sessions at other points.

Judge Hoge did not fully approve of either of the proposed bills, but for the sake of bringing the matter up for discussion, moved the adoption of Mr. Marshall's. This was followed by remarks from Judges Rosborough, Tilford and Snow, the last advocating, instead of the appointment of two judges to the Third District, the creating of a fourth district. The chairman suggested the advisability of appointing a committee to consider the matter and report before final action was taken. It was then moved a committee of five be appointed to whom both proposed bills should be referred, but before it was carried, two amendments were made, enlarging the committee to seven, and referring the whole subject to them for consideration.

Col. Merritt then offered the following proposed amendment to the jury law:

Section 5.—That in the Third Judicial District the clerk of said District Court and the Probate Judge of the County in which said District Court is held, shall select and list four hundred names as the jury list for said district for each year, under the provisions and regulations as now provided by an act "In relation to courts and judicial officers in the Territory of Utah. Approved June 23, 1874."

This amendment doubles the members of jurors now drawn, which is 200.

The committee appointed for the purpose of considering the matter and reporting at the next meeting were Judge Rosborough, Mr. Bennett, Mr. Marshall, Judge Sutherland, Mr. Dunne, Judge Snow and Mr. Maxwell. Mr. Dunne desiring to be excused on account of his limited knowledge of the merits of the case, he having been in Utah but a short time, Judge Van Zile was chosen to act in his place.

The meeting adjourned, to meet next Monday morning, at half-past nine o'clock.

FROM MONDAY'S DAILY, SEPT. 22.

QUARTERLY CONFERENCE.

A Quarterly Conference of the Salt Lake Stake of Zion will be held in the Large Tabernacle on Saturday and Sunday, October 4th and 5th, 1879, at 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. of each day.

A general attendance of the Saints of this Stake is requested.

ANGUS M. CANNON,
DAVID O. CALDER,
JOSEPH E. TAYLOR,
Presidency of the Stake.

Book of Mormon.—The new edition of the Book of Mormon, with foot notes and references, arranged by Elder Orson Pratt during his recent visit to Great Britain, will be ready and for sale at this office about conference time.

Elders Meeting.—The Eleventh Quorum of Elders meet in the 21st Ward School-house, on Thursday evening next, at half past seven. Full attendance desired, as important business is to be transacted.

W. P. AFFLECK,
President.

Emigrants Coming.—By private telegram to President John Taylor, we learn that the emigrants left Omaha for the west at half-past one o'clock on the morning of the 21st inst., in charge of Elder N. C. Flygare. They are destined as follows: Ogden, 113; Salt Lake, 108; Brigham City, 1; Provo, 3; York, 20; Logan, 10; Franklin, 3.

Bar Meeting.—Pursuant to adjournment, the meeting of the members of the bar of the Third District Court convened at the court room this morning, at half-past 9. The names of Judge Williams, of Ogden, and Mr. R. N. Baskin, of Salt Lake, were placed upon the committee of consideration, thus increasing it to five members, and the meeting adjourned until next Monday evening, at 4 o'clock.

Relief Society Conference.—The Quarterly Conference of the Relief Societies of the Stake, will be held Friday and Saturday, Sept. 26 and 27, in the 14th Ward Assembly Rooms. The secretaries of the Improvement and Primary Associations are requested to send in reports as early as possible. The agents of the Silk Association should be prepared to make a report at this Conference. Bishops and brethren interested in these organizations are invited to attend.

Returned Missionary.—Elder A. S. Johnson, who returned last evening from a mission to the Southern States, called on us this morning. During his 20 months' absence he labored in North Georgia and Alabama, having presided over the Georgia Conference since the death of Elder Joseph Standing. Wherever he went he found friends, and more calls to preach than he could accommodate. The last two months he has suffered severely from chills and fever and on account of this was released to return sooner than he would have otherwise done. The mission in the Southern States was in a good condition, the prospects favorable for the spread of the truth and the Saints there very anxious to emigrate.

Stake Meeting of Y. M. M. I. A.—The Regular quarterly meeting of the officers and members of the Y. M. M. I. A. of the Salt Lake Stake of Zion, will be held in the 14th Ward Assembly Rooms on the evening of Saturday, October 4th, commencing at 7.30. As large a representation as possible from every association is desired. It will be well for members from the country wards who come in to attend the Quarterly Conference of the Stake on Saturday, to make arrangements to stay over night in the city and attend this meeting. It will be held in conjunction with the Elders' Quorum meeting.

Two Days Meeting.—Meetings were held at South Jordan on Saturday and Sunday, September 20th and 21st at 10 a. m. and two p. m. of each day. Presidents Angus M. Cannon and Joseph E. Taylor, several of the home missionaries of this Stake and others were present. Remarks were made upon various subjects of importance to the Saints and were delivered in the power and demonstration of the Holy Spirit. The people of South Jordan did all in their power, to make the occasion an enjoyable one to their visitors, and their efforts in that direction were very successful. An especially pleasing feature of the occasion was the inspiring music of the brass band, composed of the South Jordan "Boys," which though having been in existence but about five months, discourses music of a much more creditable character than would be expected of such a recent organization.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Indian war in New Mexico is fairly opened. Read the dispatches.

It is now stated that the water of boiled celery is a sure cure for rheumatism. The celery should be cut into bits, boiled in water until soft, and the water drunk by the patient. Put new milk with a little flour and nutmeg, into a saucepan with boiled celery; serve it warm, with a piece of toast; eat it with potatoes, and the painful disorder, it is said, will soon yield.

The *Woman's Exponent* of Sept. 15th contains an excellent editorial reply to the *Boston Watchman*. It shows that the title "silly women" does not apply to the women of Utah, but has a much more pertinent application to certain ladies who sneer at them; also that there are many homes, but no "harems" in Utah. We are glad to see the "Mormon" ladies speak out in their own defence, and would be glad to notice more reasonings and arguments from them on questions which relate to them as wives and mothers under the system of religion and family order, which makes them the target of the world. Read the *Exponent*.

We see by *Scribner* for the present month that the experiment has been made of sowing oats and wheat together with a view to obtaining a winter covering for the wheat. The seed, in the proportion of one part of oats to two parts of wheat, was sown in the fall and the oats sprang up quickly and were killed by the early frost, the stalks and leaves lying on the ground all winter, keeping the snow from blowing away and preventing the sun from thawing the frozen ground. In the spring the dead oats made a good top-dressing for the growing wheat. The crop of wheat secured on the following season was reported to be excellent, while wheat on adjoining land planted in the usual manner was of no value.

The proposed change in the judicial division of Utah appears to be a good one. There are many reasons that might be urged for its adoption, chief of which are the long distance which litigants now have to travel, especially in the Third District, and the necessity under present regulations of a Judge who has rendered a decision sitting on the same case in the event of an appeal. A fourth district would remedy the first evil, and a provision preventing a judge from acting in the supreme Court when a case he has decided comes up for review, would do away with the second. The subject is worthy of serious attention, and if Congress could be induced to enact something, with a view to benefit instead of hamper and distress the people of Utah, this would be a change that would gratify us.