SALT LAKE CITY, Jan. 23, 1872. Editor Deseret News; Manual of the bA

Dear Sir-Seeing some very important correspondence in the NEWS on Wednesday, upon vaccination, perhaps you will permit me to ask a very important question. question agricultur out

I was born in Prussia and in a city where at that time was a law that all infants at a certain age should be taken to the mayor's house to be vaccinated by a government doctor. Non-compliance was punished by law. If remember right this was the law all over the kingdom of Prussia at that time and soldiers were vaccinated while in the army.

When I reached the age of eight years the smallpox spread all over my native city. I took it, and a very great number in that city perished with the disease, as also did many thousands in the kingdom, all of whom had been vaccinated and revaccinated.

Now I will ask the important question-why did so many have the smallpox in a city and a whole country where every child and even grown up people were vaccinated? How could the disease spread itself all over a city if vaccination would keep the disease

To me it proved that vaccination was of no good whatever to my native city or country, and I think it never proved to be of any good in any other country to this day. The .sd lily vietamitle about

I believe that if we will keep the commandments of God, and obey the counsels of the servants of God, such a disease will never spread in any city or settlement of the saints.

Yours respectfully,

PROVO CITY, Jan. 24th, 1872. Editor Deseret News:

hettingon ern yedt ereted

would be an new without a pre-

Dear Brother-I see by the NEWS of the 20th inst., there is to be a meeting of bee-keepers at Mill Creek Ward school house, February 12th, to which all beekeepers are invited. I am in favor of the organization of a bee-keepers' association separate and apart from stock, fish, fowl, &c., and would suggest that Brother Woodrnff call a meeting of bee-keepers, to be held in Salt Lake City, as soon as convenient, for that purpose. While perhaps it is not necessary for the welfare of the stock interest, to keep up the practice of regular meetings, I do not consider it especially necessary for bee-keepers to meet often for the purpose of exchanging ideas and experience, more particularly at this time of the year, in order that we may gather all the information we can before opening out on our spring work. I can see a prosperous future for bee-keepers in Utah, if we will be up and doing and encouraging others in the good work.

A few words on the different kinds of bees and I close. The Italian bees are the best, hybrids and black bees from the States the second best, the bees from California have done the poorest of all; and I would advise those who wish a cheaper bee than the Italian, to get the black or hybrid, as I have all kinds and speak from experience, although I would be glad to see no more bees brought to this country, except Italians or hybrids.

Hoping to hear of a call from Pres. Woodruff for a meeting of all the friends of bee-keeping, for the purpose of organizing a Territorial Bee Association, I remain a friend to bee-keep-W. D. ROBERTS.

ST. GEORGE, Utah, Jan. 23, 1872. Editor Deseret News:-

Balmy spring-time comes upon us with quickened feet and rosy tread, and although each morning brings a little frost the mercury goes above 60° every day. The plow, spade, and pruning tools are in active operation, and every one seems to have more to do than can be done. Our markets are as bare of produce as a picked chicken, not a pound of grain, flour, fruit, vegetables, nor even sorgum for sale-all, all gone "where the woodbine twineth," to Pioche or some other cash market. Grain brings about five cents per pound and flour eight cents-and everything else in proportion. So we may expect to pay starvation prices till we can gather something of our own produce. Money scarce, of course, and always will be, watil we produce a surplus of something to sell. Well, we shall see what we can do. We know of one alive to this sub-

ject, preparing several acres, soonsto be lessed mediand pull day of planted to vegetable garden, for the to azoota eggal evan odw transle mining camps around!! Our prospects ora shore so shore to assain ratuoitizad for fruit and other crops were never better than now, and the hualid weather and rains the past mouth have caused the feed to start in the hills. The busy hum of the bee breaks the stillness dai | era valeb anot a resta beginn doing floral bloom yet unborn, and the song of the spring bird cheers on to labor and laborate land laborate

Another fine school house is going up in the second ward of our city, and we hope the efforts being made for free transfer for free hope the efforts being made for free schools will be successful. The rock for the temple is being quarried and hauled, and a good corps of workmen are daily engaged in the foundation. Br. Thomsa brought us specimens of excellent sweet oil which he has made from the bere seed. The plant grows luxuriantly bers and promises much in the way of oil for medical use, lucubration, and domestic uses.

Very truly yours, CACPI. DISTRICT COURT IN CHARRES.

CURING MEAT WITH MOLASSES -A French writer, and a good authority, says that molasses is not only oseful in curing hams, but meat may be preserved alone in the most perfect manner, and with the following advantages: It has an agreeable flavor, it produces no where every one had been vaccinated, scurvy or other disorders which result from the use of salt food, and it may be prepared at a moderate price. The process consists simply in cutting the meat in pieces of moderate size and Tropping them into molasses, such as is obtained from sugar manufactories or refineries. The lighter juices of the mest pass out. and the heavier molasses penetrates inward to every part of the mat. When the external molasses has acquired a certain degree of liquidity from the mixture of the juices of the meat, it is a sure sign that the meat is impregnated. It is now taken out of the molasses, thoroughly washed and hung in a current of air to dry. After it is completely dry, it may be packed in boxes and sent over the world without experiencing any change whatever.

> Coroner's juries at La Crosse call it "probable murder" when a corpse is found with seven stabs in the back.

## FOR SALE!

TADIAN BEES! guaranteed in Good Condition, at \$20.

Also, OHIO IMPROVED CHESTER WHITE ENGLISH BERKSBIRE and McGEE PIGS. at less than States prices. Send orders for Bees as soon as possible to R. L. Campbell, Salt Lake City, or to the undersigned, as I contemplate going East in February. For particulars apply to WM. D. ROBERTS, Provo City, Utah Co.

NOTICE! - For Sale-A few Pure Bred Leicestershire Rams, from five months to two years old, showlah assed to amod meyed

Also Boar and Sew Pigs, Silver's Ohio Improved Chester Whites. Apply to no inc.

HATALER ATTOCK OF A HA G. PARK, TROTTE TODING OMEGO Cholos, A. Young

U. S. LAND OFFICE. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH > Jan. 2, 1872, Tull robnexel A Janiera

Complaint having been entered at this Office by Homer Boughton, of But Lake County, Utah, against John Lovin ante for abandoning his Homestead entry No. 712 dated Aug. (26) 1869, upon the -outh East 1/4 of Fouth West 4, and Lot No. 7 Sec. six (6) and Lots No. 1 and 2 of Section seven (7) Township 3 South Range one (1) East, in Sait Lake County, Territory of Utah, with a view to the cancellation of said entry. The said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this Office on the 4th day of February, 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment, and also John Wilson who filed

D. S. No. 2030 for Lots 3 and 6 and South East 1/2 of North West 1/4 and North East South West 1/4 Sec. six (6), 3, South 1 East, is hereby notified to appear on that day and show cause why said filing should not be cancelled.

GEO. R. MAXWELL, d28 1 w50 4 Register.

HA IN CD XX 9 55 Patent Hard Steel

{P} {L} {O} {W} {S} {I}



Made only by

AMES PLOW COMPANY Manufacturers of Agricultural Implements and Machines.

world.

Quincy Hall, . . . BOSTON, Mass. and 58 Beekman St., - NEW YORK. Send for Descriptive Circular. w161y on Tillsnet . Had boom to bescale :

ly, as that industrious insect seeks the WERE SOLD DURING THE PAST YEAR. - Scientific American, June 10, 1871

## WE ODER IL ID 9 STATE OF ALEES

Constituted by the homes of the people, or of anguille all

Received the Great Award of the Highest Sales! and have left all Rivals far behind them! As the following article shows: SEWING MACHINE SALES FOR 1870.

section, which provides for the non-ada being snow blocksded, Pavy will go to The magnitude to which the manufacture of sewing machines has attained is shown by the 'sworn" returns (to which anyone can have access,) of the manufacturers for the year 1870 to the owners of the leading patents, on which they pay a royalty. According to these returns he number of machines sold by each manufacturer in 1870 is as follows:

	The Singer Manufacturing Company	27,833	Difference.	-
	Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Company	83,208	44,625	
	Howe Machine Company	75,156	52,677	No.
	Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Company	57,402	70,431	
	Weed Sewing Machine Company	35,002	92,831	6
	Wilcox & Gibbs Sewing Machine Company	28,890	98 943	
		14,573	113,260	
	Florence Sewing Machine Company	17,660	110,173	
	Gold Medal Sewing Machine Company	8 912		1
7	Ætna Sewing Machine Company	5,806	The second secon	2
	Empire Sewing Machine Company	3,560	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY.	2
ij	Finkle & Lyon Manufacturing Company	2,420	parties after the first to the same	
b	Parham Sewing Machine Company	1,768	to the day of the man that	2
	Wilson	5.0		
ŝ.	And several other Companies who sold a few Machines.	077 808 0	, need to be	3,

It will be seen by this table that the popularity of the Singer Machines far exceeds that of all others, their sale being one-half greater than even that of the famous "Wheeler & Wilson' Machine. This is owing to the fact that the Singer Company have lately commenced making. besides their old and well-established manufacturing machine, what is known as their "New Family Machine," which is selling at the rate of nine to one better than the old style. Their total sales for 1869 were 86,781 machines against the 127,833 of 1870, showing an increase of one half in the latter year."-New York Bun.

The total Sales of "Singer" Machines are very nearly

## THREE QUARTERS OF A MILLION I I

Two Thirds of which were Sold within the Last Three Years, and all are in-

## SUCCESSFUL DAILY USE!

And still there are Agents, for even the poorest Machines, who persist, in the most "un. blushing manner," in decrying ours, as if it were possible for the "Overwhelming and Bapidly Increasing Majorities of Singer Purchasers' to be mistaken.

We are not so vain as to suppose that these large sales are due to superior business capacity so much as to the superior merits of the Singer Machines, as well as the

# THOSE WHO BUY AND USE.

And are personally interested in comparing the merits of the different Machines before making a selection.

WITH ATTACHMENTS FOR ALL KINDS OF WORK.

We claim and can show is the cheapest, most beautiful, delicately arranged, nicely adjusted, easily operated, and smoothly running of all the Family Sewing Machines. It is remarkable not only for the range and variety of its sewing, but also for the variety and different kinds of texture which it will sew with equal facility and perfection, using silk twist, linen or cotton thread, fine or coarse, making the INTESLOCKED-ELASTIC-STITCH, alike on both sides of the fabric sewn,

The only STITCH that is Universally Approved, or is at all adapted to FIRST-CLASS WORK.

Thus, beaver cloth, or leather may be sewn with great strength and uniformity of stitch, and, in a moment, this willing and never-wearying instrument may be adjusted, even by a child, for fine work on gauze or gossamer tissue, or the tucking of tarlatan, or ruffling, or almost any other work which delicate fingers have been known to perform.

All Machines Sold Guaranteed to give Entire Satisfaction!

## Terms to Suit

OTHER MACHINES THOROUGHLY REPAIRED AT REASONABLE BATES!

WE MAKE NO CHARGE FOR CARTAGE WITHIN SALT LAKE CITY! BEWARE of Spurious Needles, Poor Silk, Twist, Linen and Cotton Thread. Bad Oil, etc., Which may render the Best Machine Useless. The Singer

Company manufacture their own Needles, Silk and Twist; furnish Linen and Cotton Thread and Oil - all of Superior Quality but which can be relied on only when obtained through their Principal or Branch Offices.

HE SINGER COMPANY have, for the past three years, been unable to supply the demand for their machines, though much has been done to increase their manufacturing facilities. Much more is being done at home and abroad in enlarging their present manufactories, brilding new ones, availing of the best machinery, and the services of the most skillful artizans, in the hope of being able to accept propositions for agencies, where such are not already established, though they are now tolerably well represented throughout the civilized

Be Sure to get the Best. Before you Purchase be sure to see the "Singer" at the Central General Agency, Singer Sewing Machine Depot Z. C. M. I., EAST TEMPLE ST., second door South of Eagle Emporium, SALT LAKE CITY.

H. B. CLAWSON, Supt.